

Latin America Digital Transformation Report 2024



Readme.txt

Greatness is forged in trying conditions. Adversity breeds resilience.

LatAm is hard. Capital is costly, talent is thin, and bureaucracy is bountiful. Those able to command these scarce resources are disproportionately rewarded. Thriving in this arid terrain has empowered entrepreneurs to build some of the world's very best companies. Historically, those who win here win bigger and win for longer. Now history is rhyming for tech companies, and the same pattern explains why in some cases LatAm does it best.

In this fifth anniversary of the Latin America Digital Transformation Report, we discuss the conditions that gave rise to the **Triumphant Three**, the triad of Latin American companies that rank among the global best, and we explore the factors that can produce LatAm's next trio of outliers.

Market dynamics trump market size. An environment with constrained human and financial capital naturally limits the amount of competition. As a result, winners command higher returns on their capital and capture larger market shares, not only in their core market but also in adjacent ones. These dynamics produced the Triumphant Three: Mercado Libre is Latin America's most valuable company with an ecosystem that marries commerce, fintech, logistics and advertising in a way that is unique in the world. Nubank is the world's largest digital bank, serving over 100 million people and delivering one of the highest returns globally. iFood has built one of the world's best food delivery businesses in terms of growth, market penetration, and profitability.

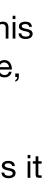
Despite the financial (and emotional) rollercoaster of the last few years, both founders and investors have strengthened their commitment to Latin America. Investors have reason for holding the line as historically Brazil has generated all-time highest returns for top firms in venture capital, growth, and private equity. In the last decade, local venture capital funds have far exceeded the returns of global peers and handily beat investment return benchmarks across asset classes and geographies.

While tech penetration has grown substantially since we began publishing this report, the long-term prize for catching up to peers continues to be immense, measured in the hundreds of billions of dollars.

Looking ahead, we believe value creation will continue to be concentrated as it often is in technology. In the US, the "Magnificent Seven" account for nearly ³/₄ of US tech company market capitalization. In LatAm, concentration of value among the Triumphant Three is even greater as the dynamics of tech are further compounded by the unique dynamics of LatAm.

Latin America's intensely digital population is at the forefront of adoption and usage of social platforms. Atop this legacy, new paradigms arise. Influencers are the new broadcasters. Online marketplaces the new shopping malls. WhatsApp the default platform for interaction. All has the potential to create, automate, and elevate communications, connections, decisions, and workflows. Pix's ubiquity married with Open Finance's innovation provokes founders' creativity. These tectonic shifts are "everything, everywhere, all at once" and pave the way for the next generation of entrepreneurial triumph.

In technology, not everything is bits and clouds. Sometimes innovation is manufactured with steel and concrete. Latin America is blessed with dense rainforests, rich mines, bright sunlight and voluminous rivers. The region has a right to win the race for the clean (and cheap) energy transition that will be required to train new models, move cars and power cities. Paradoxically, in a bureaucratically complex land, we have seen regulation act as a tailwind in the region's preeminence in fintech and we believe the same playbook can usher in a golden age of innovation in energy that stands not only to generate immense value but also safeguard our planet.







Atlantico is a leading early-stage venture capital fund investing in Latin America

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Our Research Partners

We are thankful for the help of these organizations and contributors who partnered with us on primary research, data collection, interviews and analyses

Research initiatives Research partners carta AtlasIntel National Opinions: AtlasIntel and Atlantico surveyed a representative population across Brazil Survey & data contributors preparo ▲ LATITUD CANARY \square **Atlantico Student Survey:** Preparo alongside Atlantico \mathbf{N} ΜΛΥΛ surveyed over 600 undergraduate NORTE CAPITAL students MAGMA

... and countless other experts and friends who we interviewed and shared on- and off-the-record data and insights. Thank you!







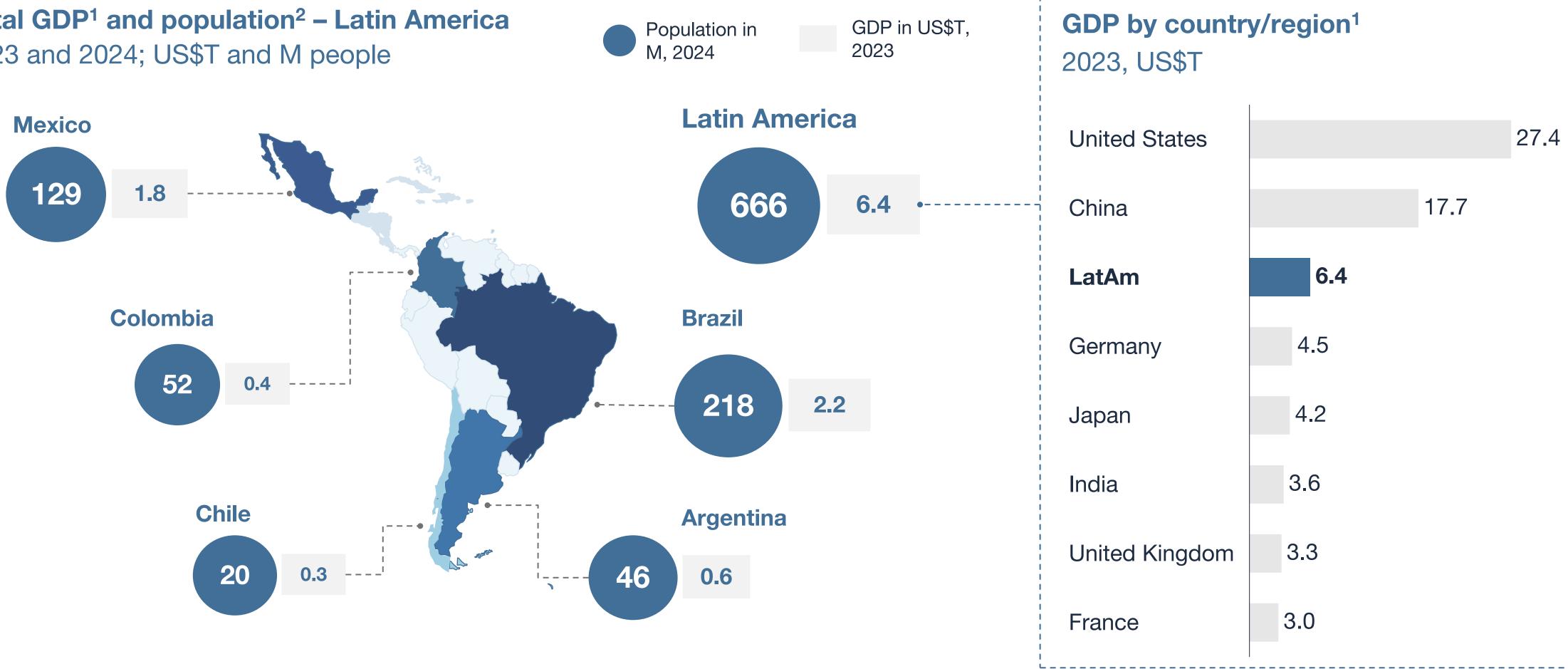
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Aerial View of São Paulo, Brazil | by Eric Bergeri



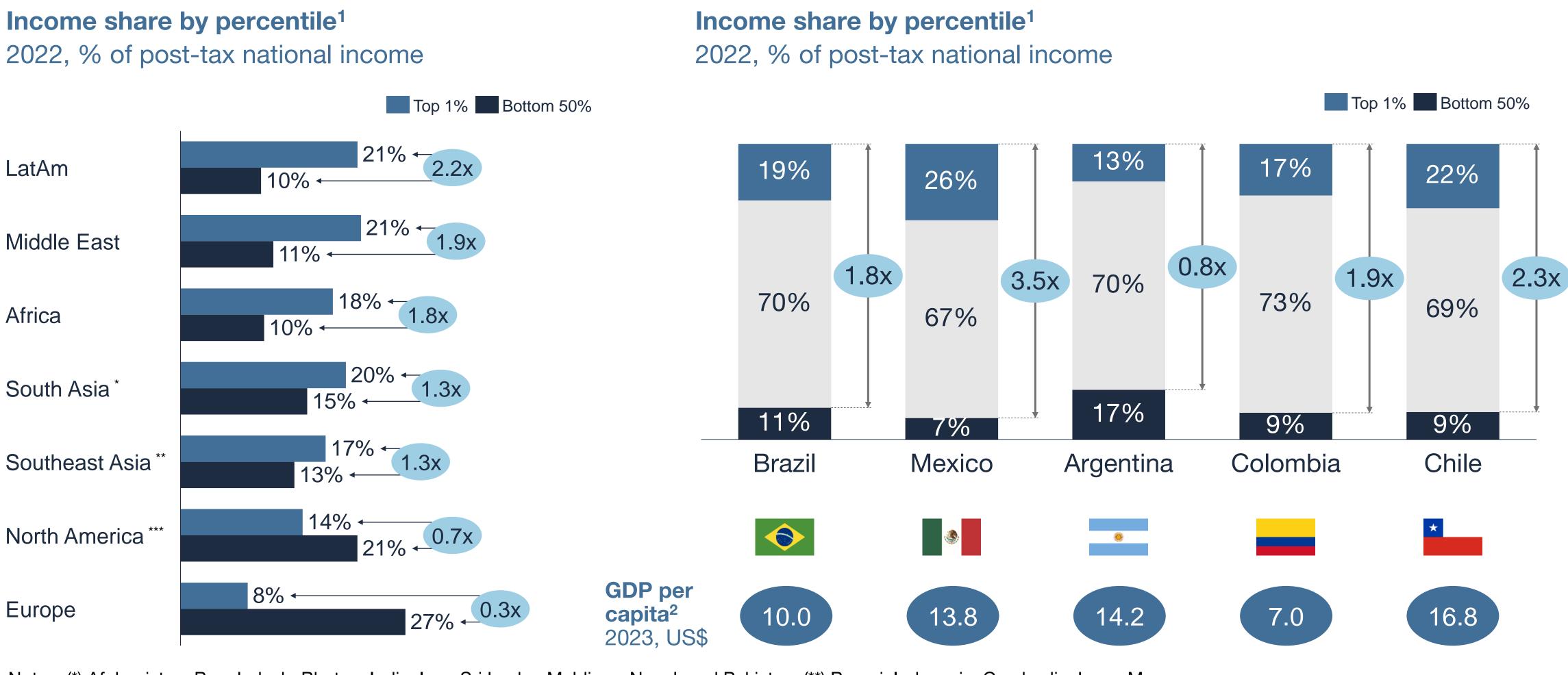
Latin America has a 666M population and a combined GDP that would make it the world's 3rd largest economy

Total GDP¹ and population² – Latin America 2023 and 2024; US\$T and M people





Latin America is the world's most economically unequal region, with expressive variation across countries

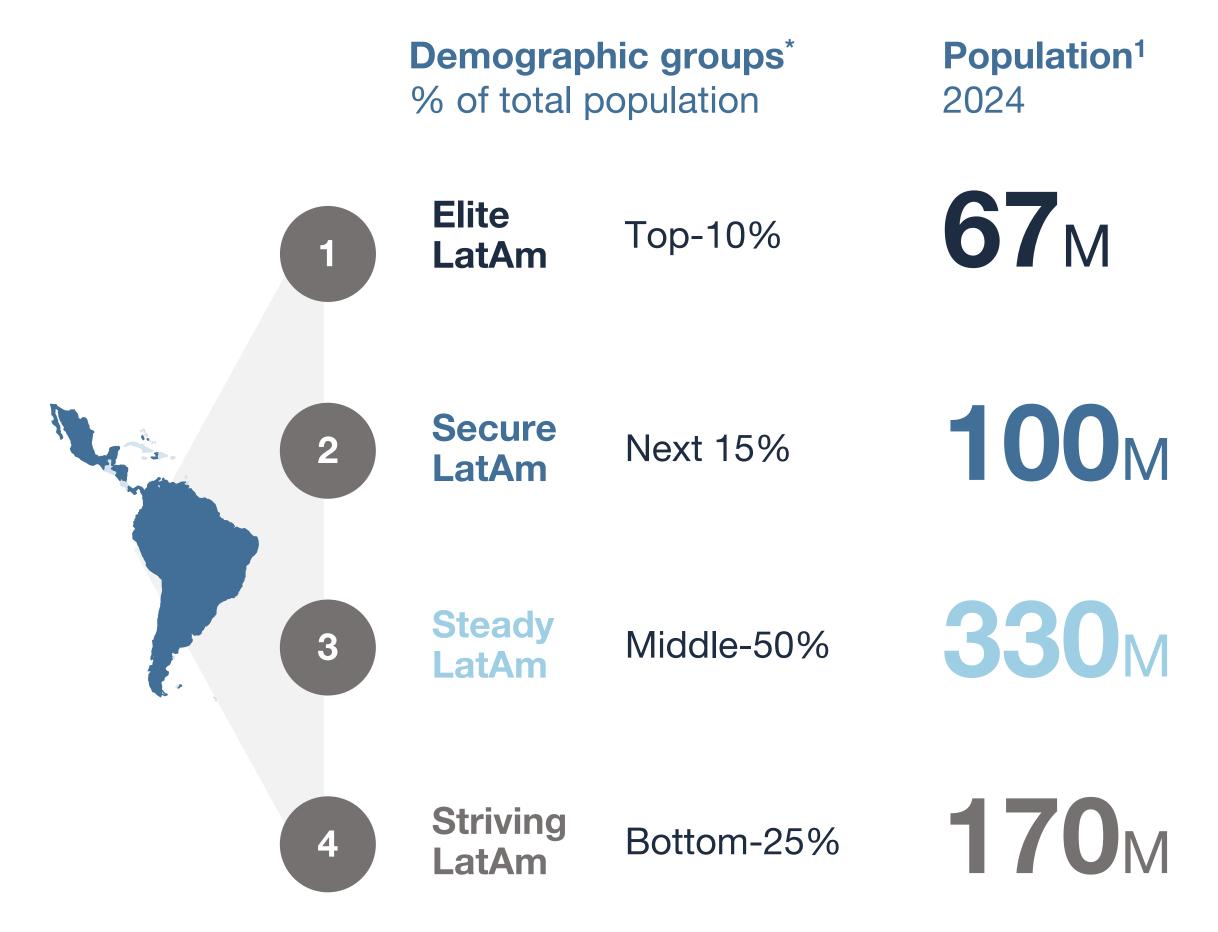


Notes: (*) Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Iran, Sri Lanka, Maldives, Nepal, and Pakistan; (**) Brunei, Indonesia, Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Timor-Leste, and Vietnam; (***) US and Canada, excluding Mexico Sources: (1) World Inequality Database; (2) World Bank

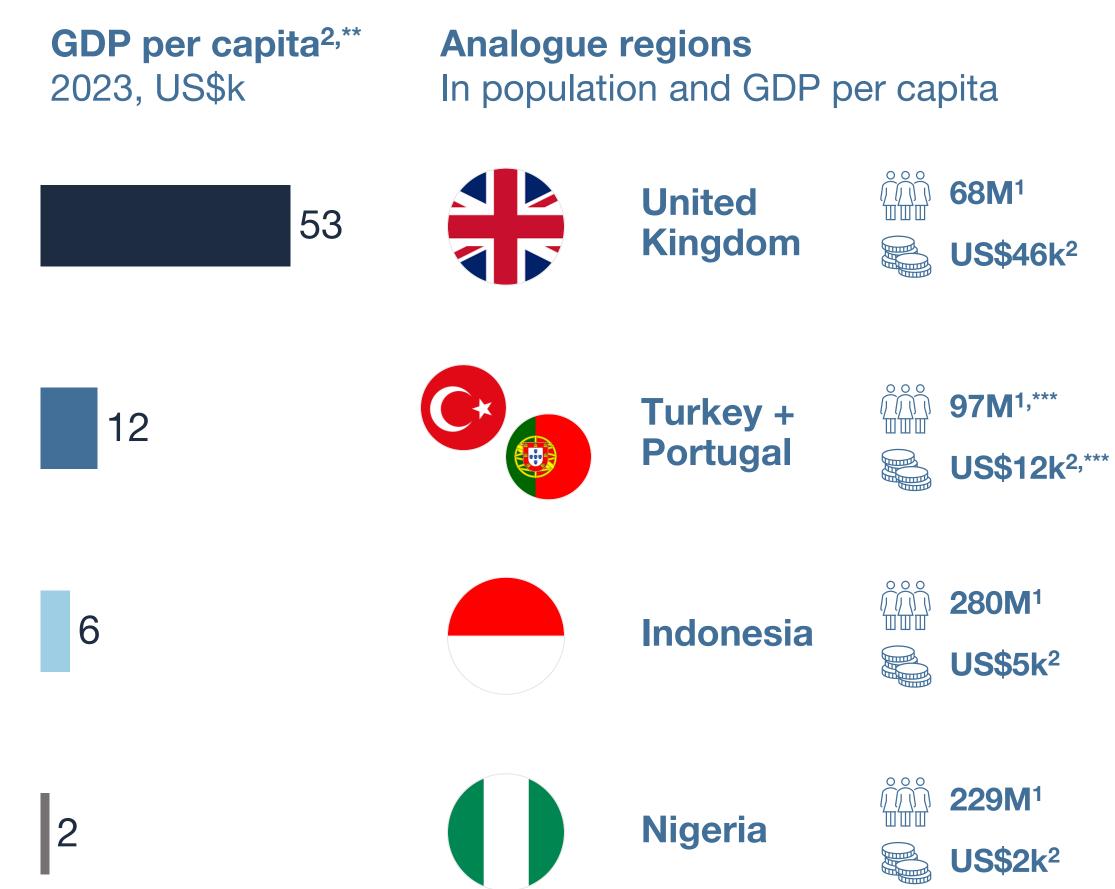




This inequality gives rise to multiple "Latin Americas" in the region, each with its unique socio-economic reality



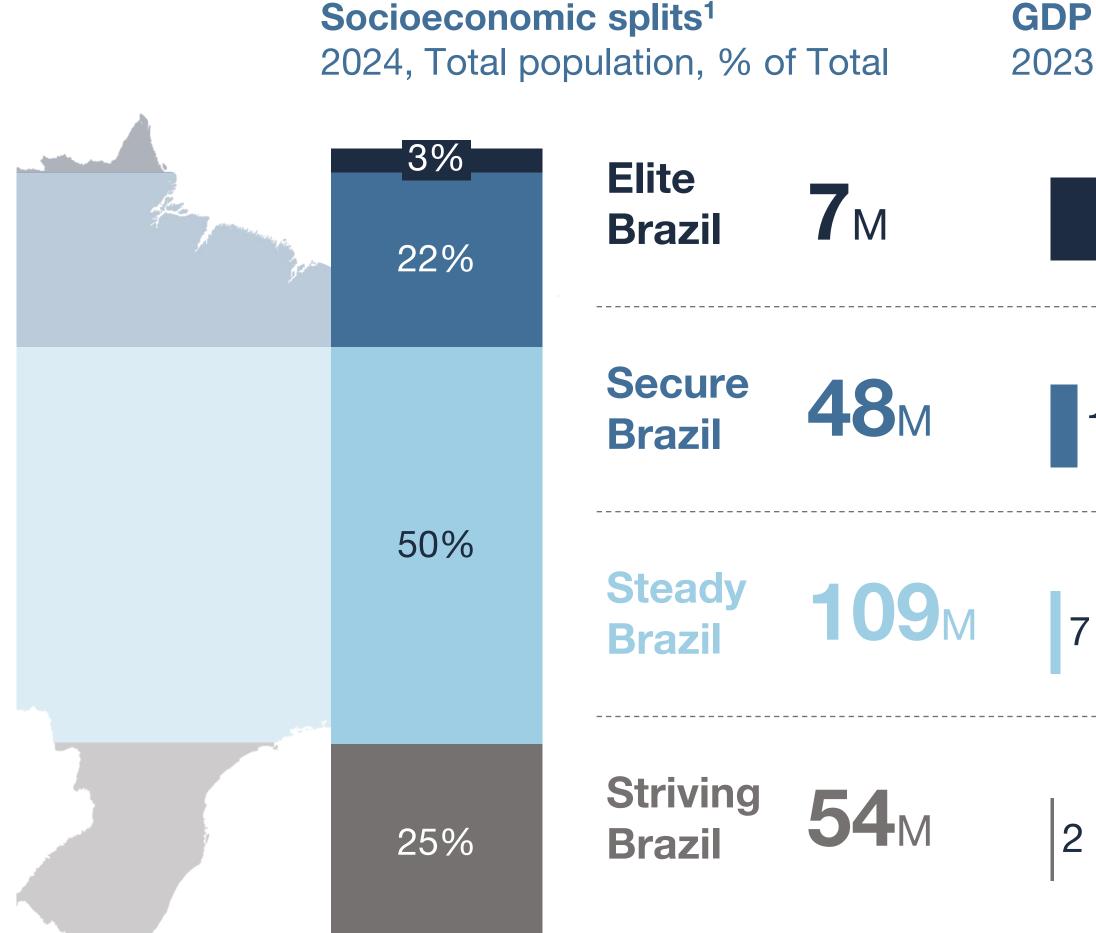
Notes: (*) Analysis inspired by the Indus Valley Annual Report 2024 by Blume Ventures; (**) GDP per capita proportionally split following post-tax national income percentiles from the World Inequality Database, 2022; (***) Turkey: 86M | US\$10.6k, Portugal: 10M | US\$25k Sources: (1) UN Population Portal; (2) World Bank







Brazil effectively illustrates these inequality splits, with different consumption patterns and regional distribution

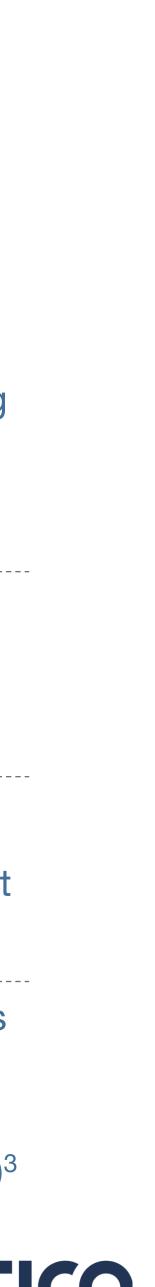


Note: (*) GDP per capita proportionally split following post-tax national income percentiles from the World Inequality Database, 2022 Sources: (1) IBGE; (2) World Bank; (3) CGI.br/NIC.br; (4) IPC Maps; (5) Think with Google; (6) Instituto Locomotiva; (7) Anbima/Datafolha; (8) Tendências Consultoria

per capita ^{2,*} , US\$k	Key characteristics Demographic groups			
112	 Fully penetrated³ in access to internet and banking Mostly prevalent in the southeast and south regions¹ 			
18	 Higher access to private healthcare and education, and investments Has most of the consumption potential (36%)⁴ 			
	 Represent 73% of newly digitized individuals⁵ Pressured financially (80% have debt⁶ balance), but increased access to investments⁷ 			
	 Highly reliant on social programs and benefits, has 80% of income used for essential goods⁸ More skewed to the north and northeast regions 			

• Lower access to internet (61%) and banking (68%)³





Mexico also demonstrates a significant difference across higher- and lower-income class profiles

	Socioeconomic splits¹ 2024, Total population, % of Total		GDP per capita ^{2,*} 2023, US\$k	Key characteristics Demographic groups
	7%	Elite Mexico 9M	111	 92% achieve professional or postgraduate education
				 Fully penetrated internet access
	27%	Secure Mexico 35M	19	 High consumption patterns (41% of homes have at least 3 bedrooms and 18% have at least 2 cars)
				 79% have at least secondary education or higher
	32%	Steady Mexico 41 _M	6	 51% achieve higher education, 57% have fixed internet access
				 42% of income spent on food
	34%	Striving Mexico 44M	2	 Most concentrated in rural areas (74%), only 17% of HH with fixed internet access
				 46% of income allocated to food
				 19% achieve higher education, avg. 8 years in school

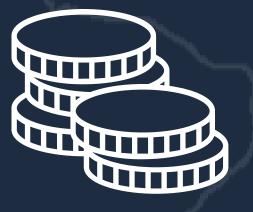
Note: (*) GDP per capita proportionally split following post-tax national income percentiles from the World Inequality Database, 2022 Sources: (1) INEGI, (2) AMAI Niveles Socioecónomicos







Talent Scarcity



High Cost of Capital





Infrastructure Gap

Tax Complexity

"Brazil is not for beginners"

...nor is LatAm

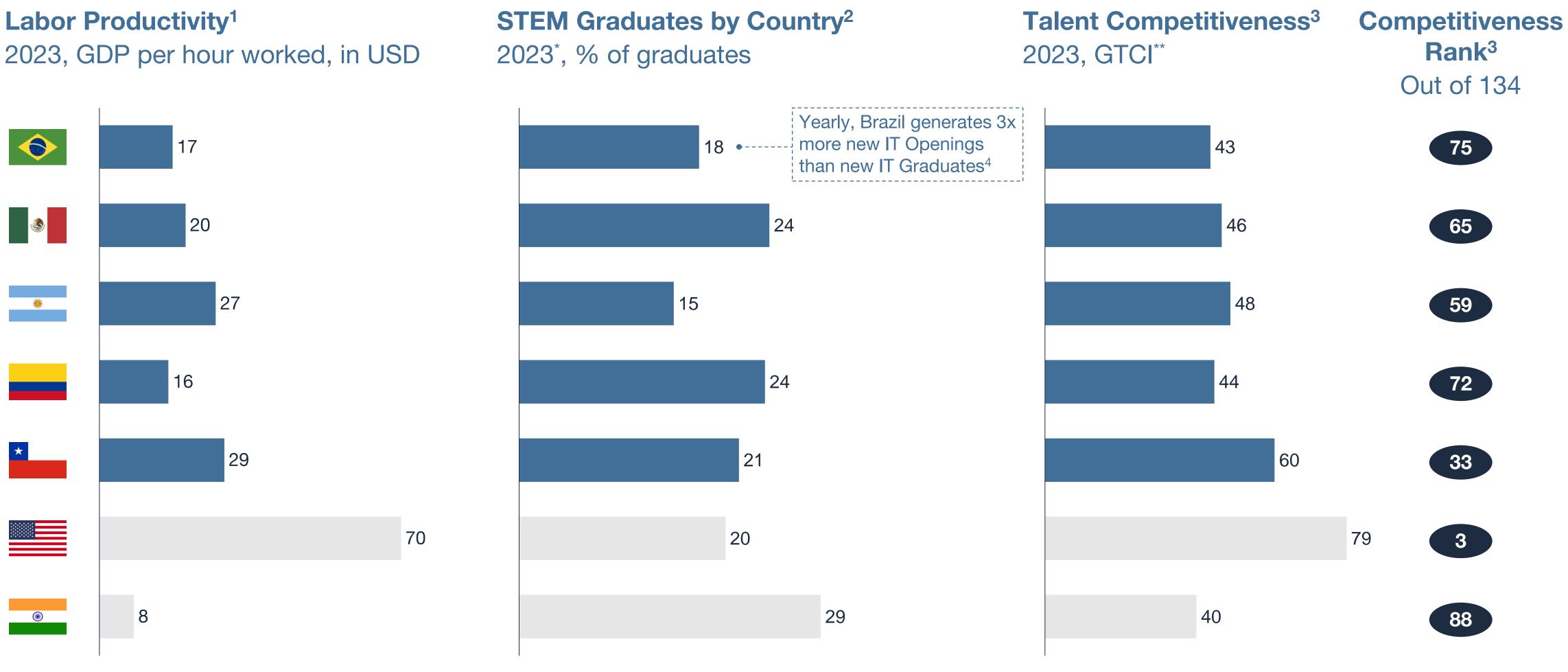
- Tom Jobim

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Talent: Latin America faces an ongoing battle against low labor productivity and low talent competitiveness



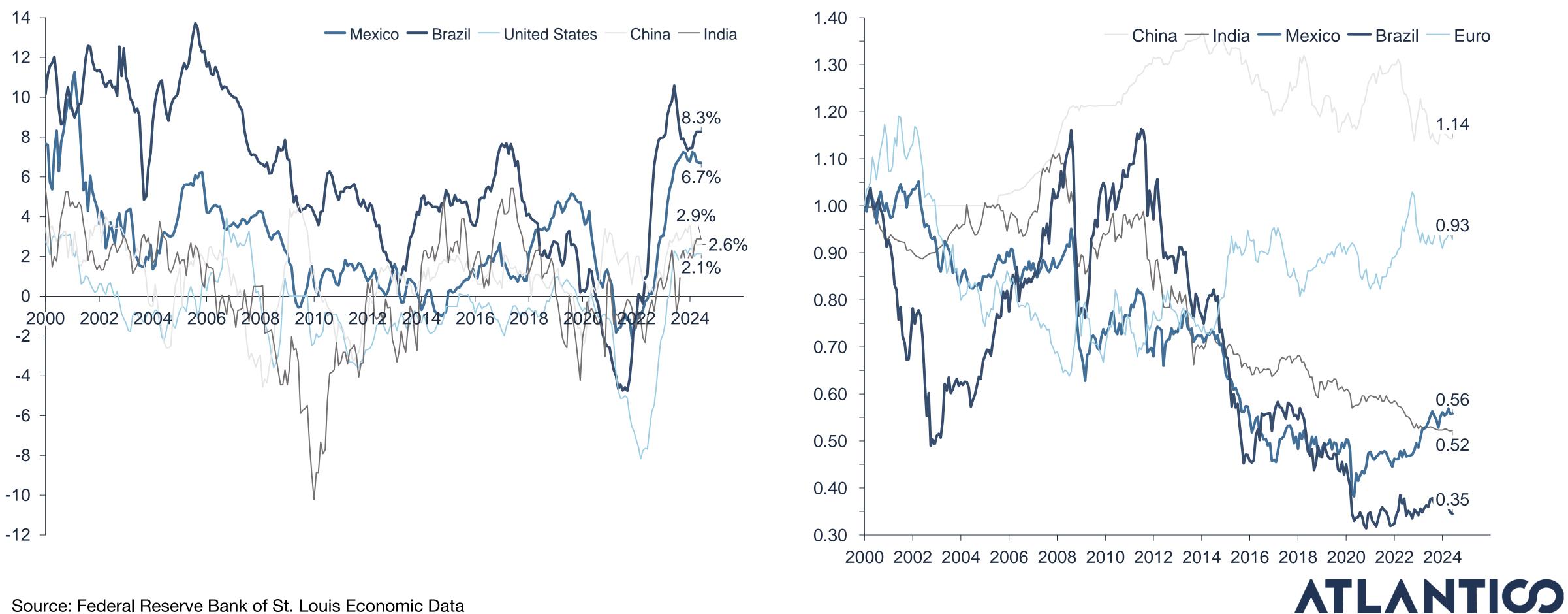
Notes: (*) Most recent year when 2023 data not available; (**) The Global Talent Competitiveness Index assesses a country's ability to support, attract, develop, and retain talent based on regulatory environments, openness, educational opportunities, and sustainability Sources: (1) International Labor Organization; (2) Unesco Institute for Statistics; (3) INSEAD Global Talent Competitiveness Index; (4) Brasscom Report



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High cost of capital: Latin America has historically suffered from high real interest rates and currency depreciation

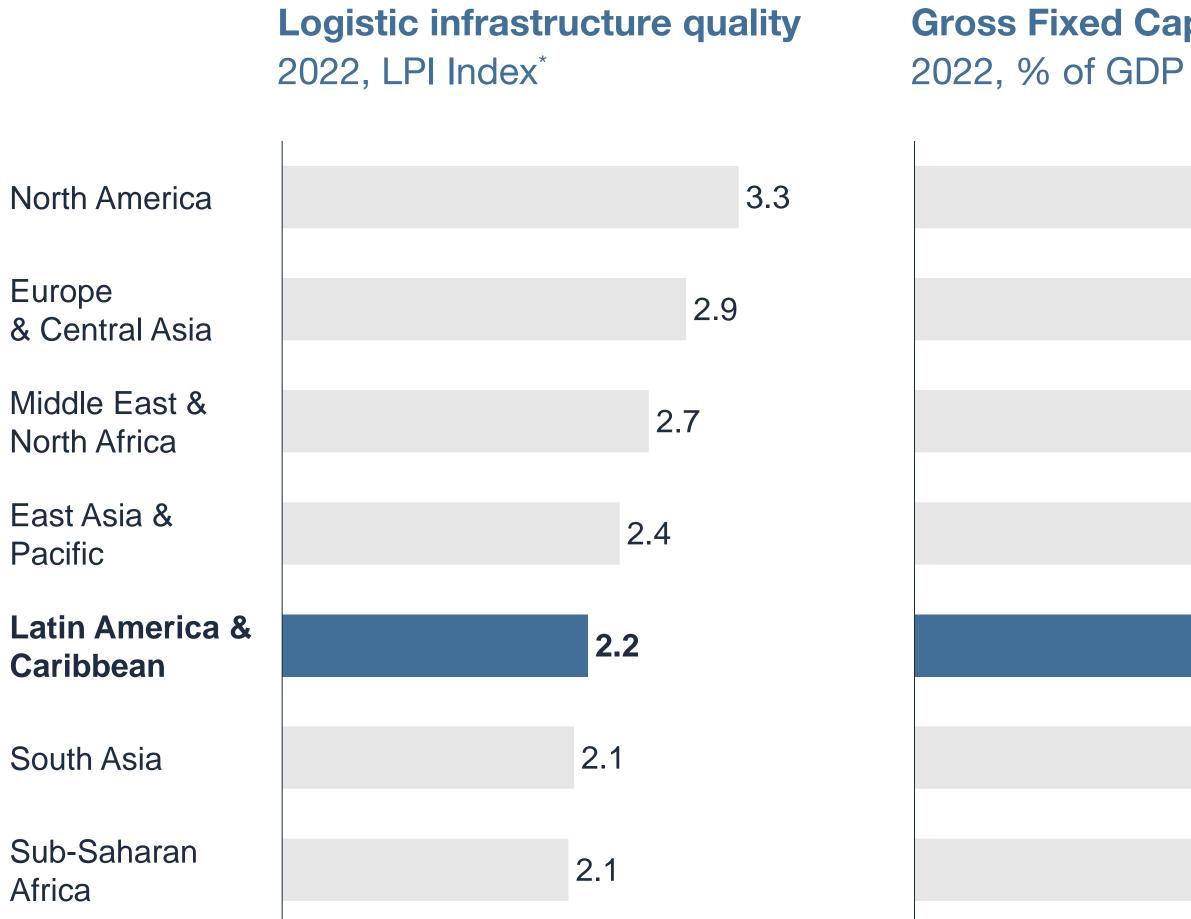
Real interest rate evolution Annual percentage





Exchange rates evolution US\$ to Local Currency, indexed at jan-2000

Infrastructure gap: LatAm lags in logistics quality and



Notes: (*) World Bank's Logistics Performance Index assesses countries' logistic infrastructure and processes in 6 key dimensions; (**) Gross Fixed Capital Formation measures the creation of productive assets and infrastructure of a country; (***) Countries with GDP higher than US\$200B (2022) Source: World Bank



Gross Fixed Capital Formation**

Gross Fixed 22% **Capital Formation** measures the Italy creation of productive assets 22% Peru and infrastructure by a country 22% 35% Chile 20% Brazil Israel 28% 22%

Top increases in Gross Fixed Capital Formation (% of GDP)*** Avg. 20-22, percentage points

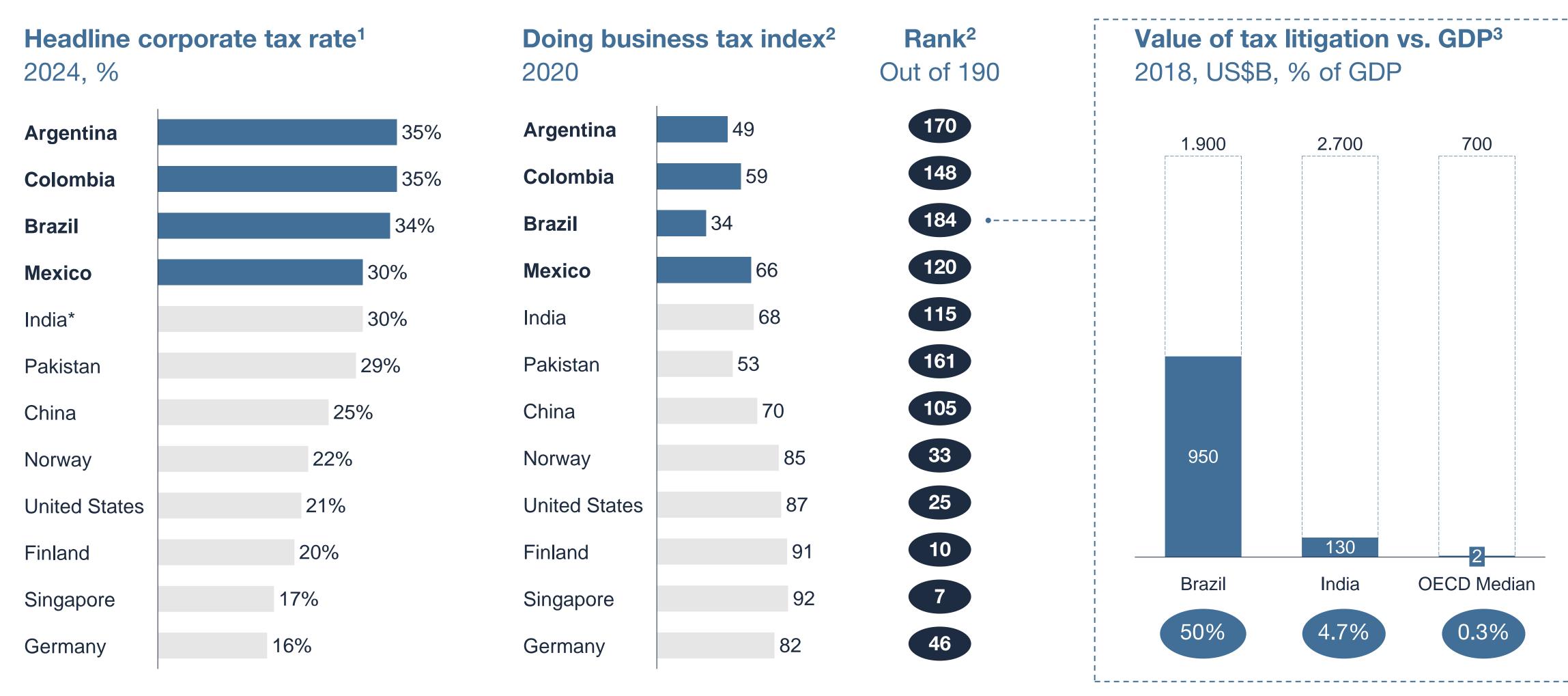








Tax complexity: Latin American countries suffer from a heavy tax burden and complicated corporate tax system



Note: (*) Exceptions apply for foreign corporations in India Sources: (1) PWC Worldwide Tax Summaries; (2) World Bank; (3) Economic Survey of India 2017-18, EY 2019 based on IBGE and RFB, INSPER Research









Brinta is reshaping tax compliance in Latin America, enabling companies to seamlessly manage taxes across jurisdictions

BRINT

Brinta is a one-stop-shop for tax compliance focused on the enterprise segment. Their platform streamlines and automates regional tax calculations, reporting, filing, and remittance across multiple countries and jurisdictions in Latin America, reducing companies' administrative burden and ensuring compliance.

Tax compliance in Latin America

%

Latin American companies spend between **0.3%-2.6%** of revenues on tax compliance¹

Brazilian companies spend between 0.2%-0.4% of Total Payment Volume on calculating taxes²

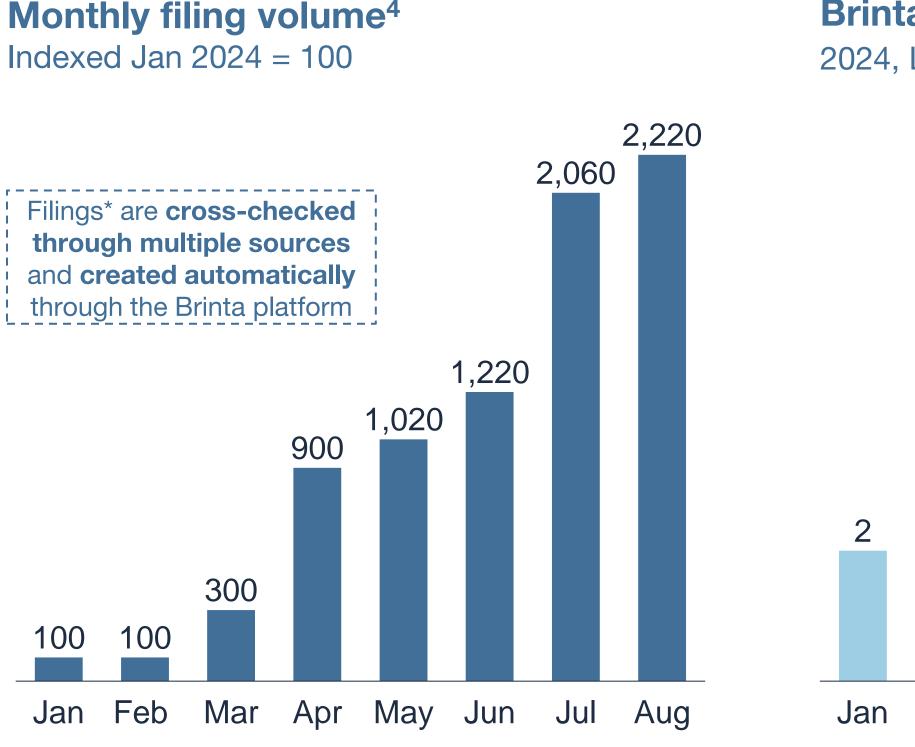
Filings* are cross-checked through multiple sources and created automatically through the Brinta platform



Latin American companies spend US\$2B a year in 'Big 4' tax compliance services³

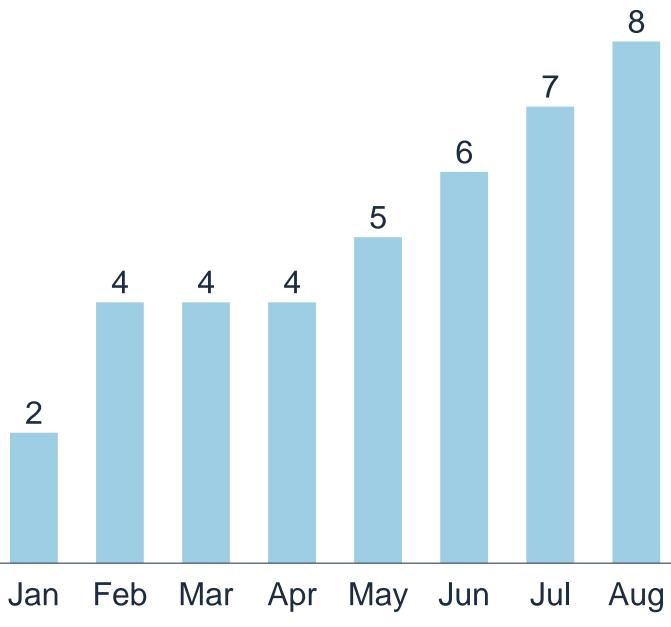
300 Jan Feb

Note: (*) A filing is a tax return package containing all required forms for a given customer and tax obligation Sources: (1) Brinta internal research with clients and prospects; (2) Brinta internal research on Brazilian tax software/services pricing; (3) Brinta internal research based on PwC, EY, KPMG and Deloitte public data; (4) Brinta internal data



Brinta geographic presence⁴

2024, LatAm countries where clients filed taxes











"It's not the size of the dog in the fight, but the size of the fight in the dog "

- Mark Twain

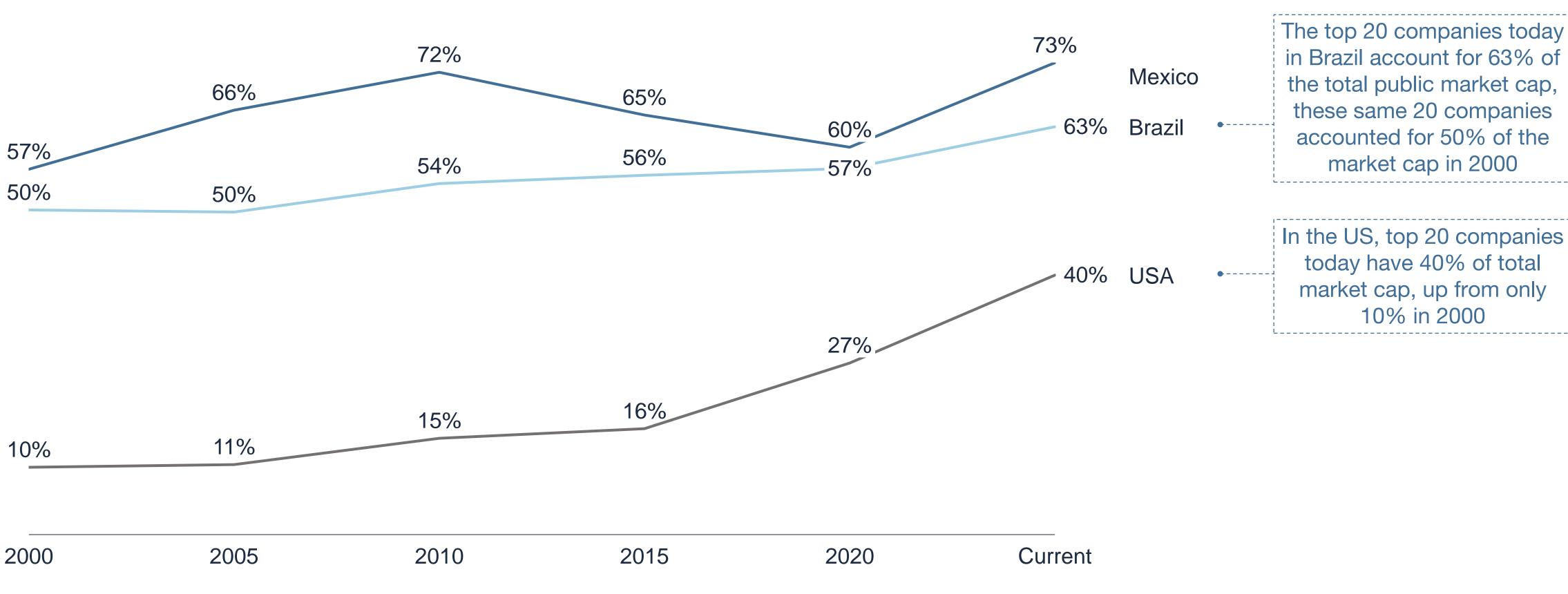
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LatAm winners win for longer: Companies that persevere through the region's adverse conditions thrive for decades

Market cap of current Top-20 companies over time¹ % of total market cap*



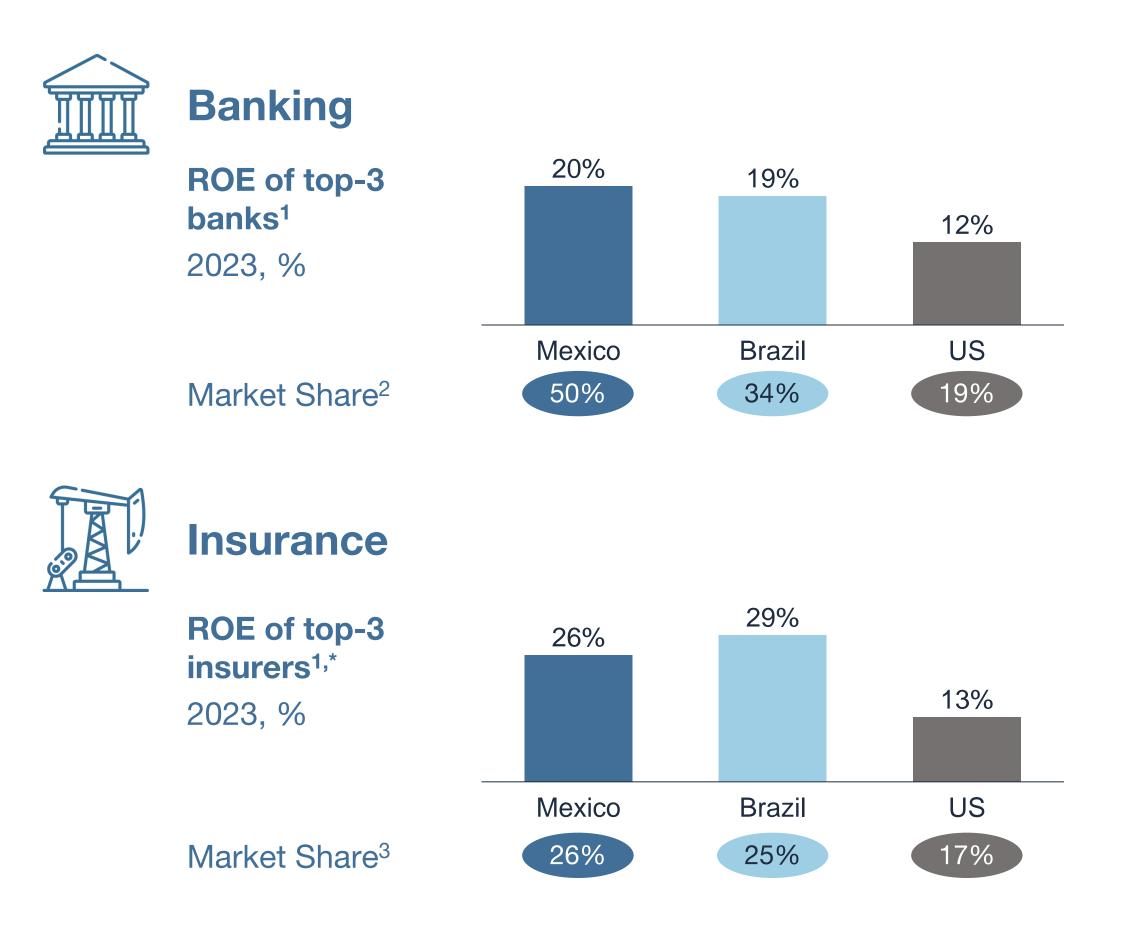
19 Note: (*) Market cap of the selected current Top-20 companies compared to total market cap for years behind Source: CapitalIQ



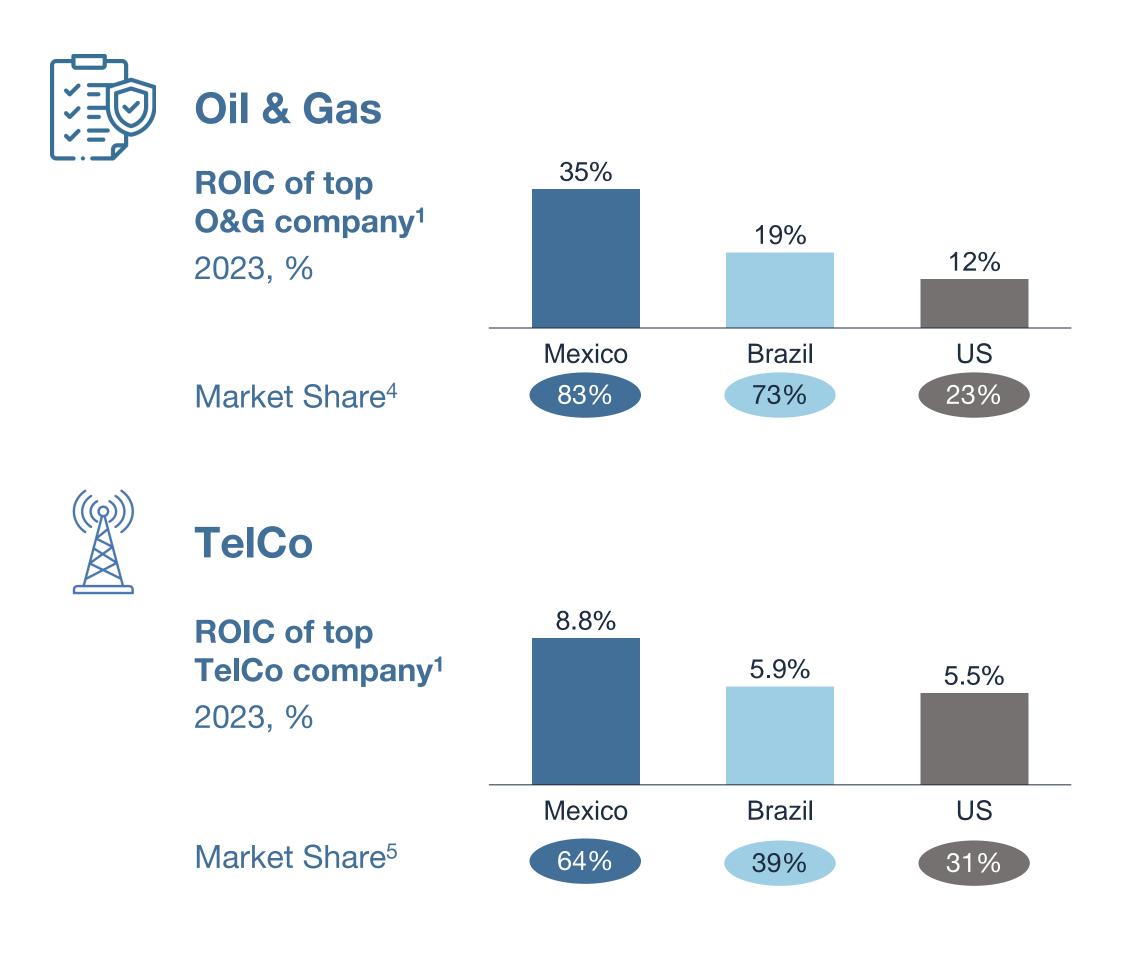




LatAm winners win bigger: Leaders in the region capture greater market share and disproportionate returns



Notes: (*) 3 of the top 5 insurers by premiums were selected for each country, covering both P&C and Life Sources: (1) CapitallQ; (2) Brazilian Central Bank, CNBV, FDIC; (3) SUSEP, NAIC, AMIS; (4) International Trade Organization, Bloomberg Linea, IBISWorld; (5) Fitch Ratings, America Tower, Strategy Analytics



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The history of Ambev shows how resilient companies bred in Latin America can grow into global leaders

Antarctica and Brahma were the largest players in Brazil's beer market in the end of the 80's



Market share (1988): 49% **EBITDA margin (1988):** 26%

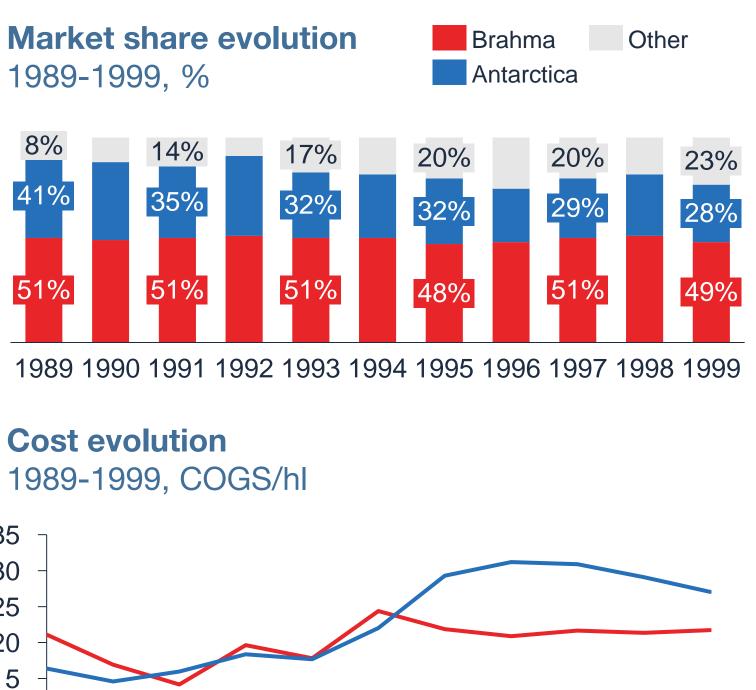


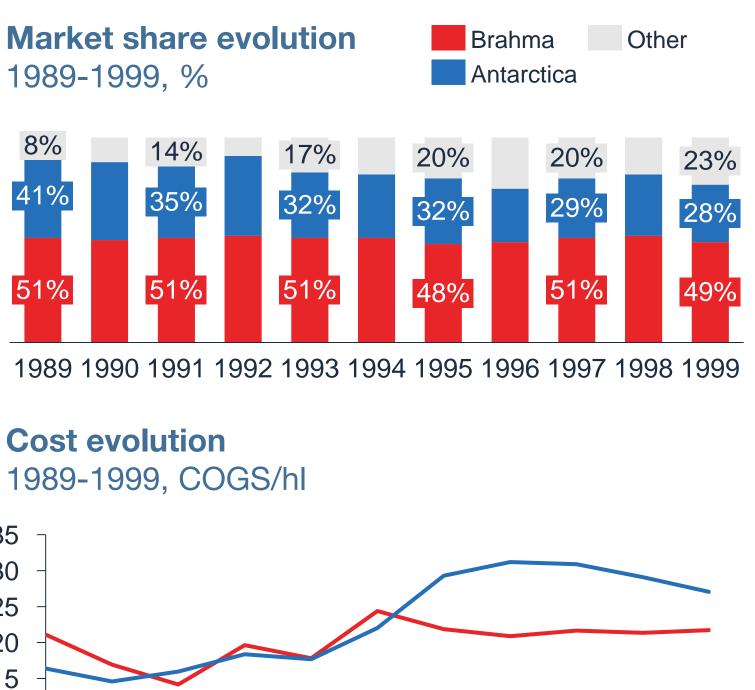
Market share (1988): 40% **EBITDA margin (1988):** 8%

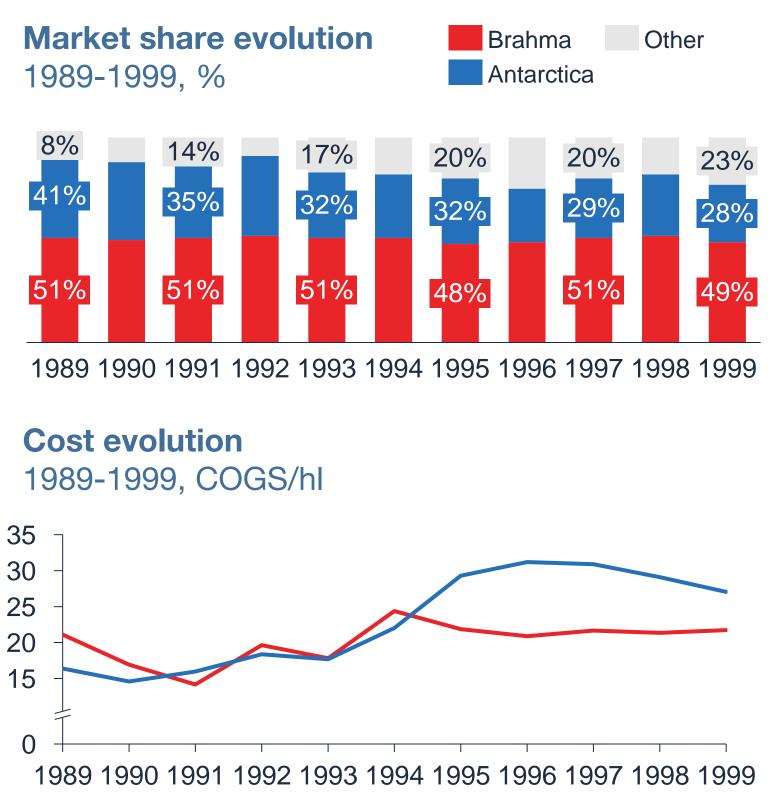
Starting in 1989, **new owners** led Brahma through initiatives to strengthen its efficiency and brand

- Operational efficiency, closing factories, downsizing, and investing in new technologies
- New sales policies focusing on larger, more professionalized distributors
- Stronger focus on its second brand, Skol, to tackle unpenetrated markets

Brahma's greater profitability allowed it to sustain its new leading position, while Antarctica, with soaring costs, lost market share

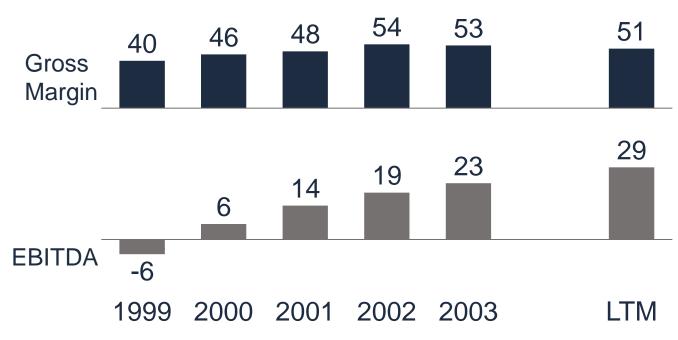






With 60% of its debt in USD, Antarctica met a currency crisis in 1999 and was acquired by Brahma, keeping 6% of the new company





From Brazil to the World

5 years after the merger, Ambev merged with Interbrew creating the world's largest beermaker. In 2008 the company bought Anheuser-Busch, creating one of the 5 largest consumer product companies globally and **a** company valued at over US\$125B









Market Dynamics Trump Market Size

While Latin America is nothing short of challenging, thriving in this environment has driven entrepreneurs to build some of the **world's very best companies**. Ambev exemplifies this among traditional businesses.

Now, tech companies are following suit, showing why, in some cases, LatAm does it best. We call the trio of leading Latin American tech companies that have thrived against all odds the "Triumphant Three."





LatAm's Triumphant Three





Mercado Libre



Nubank



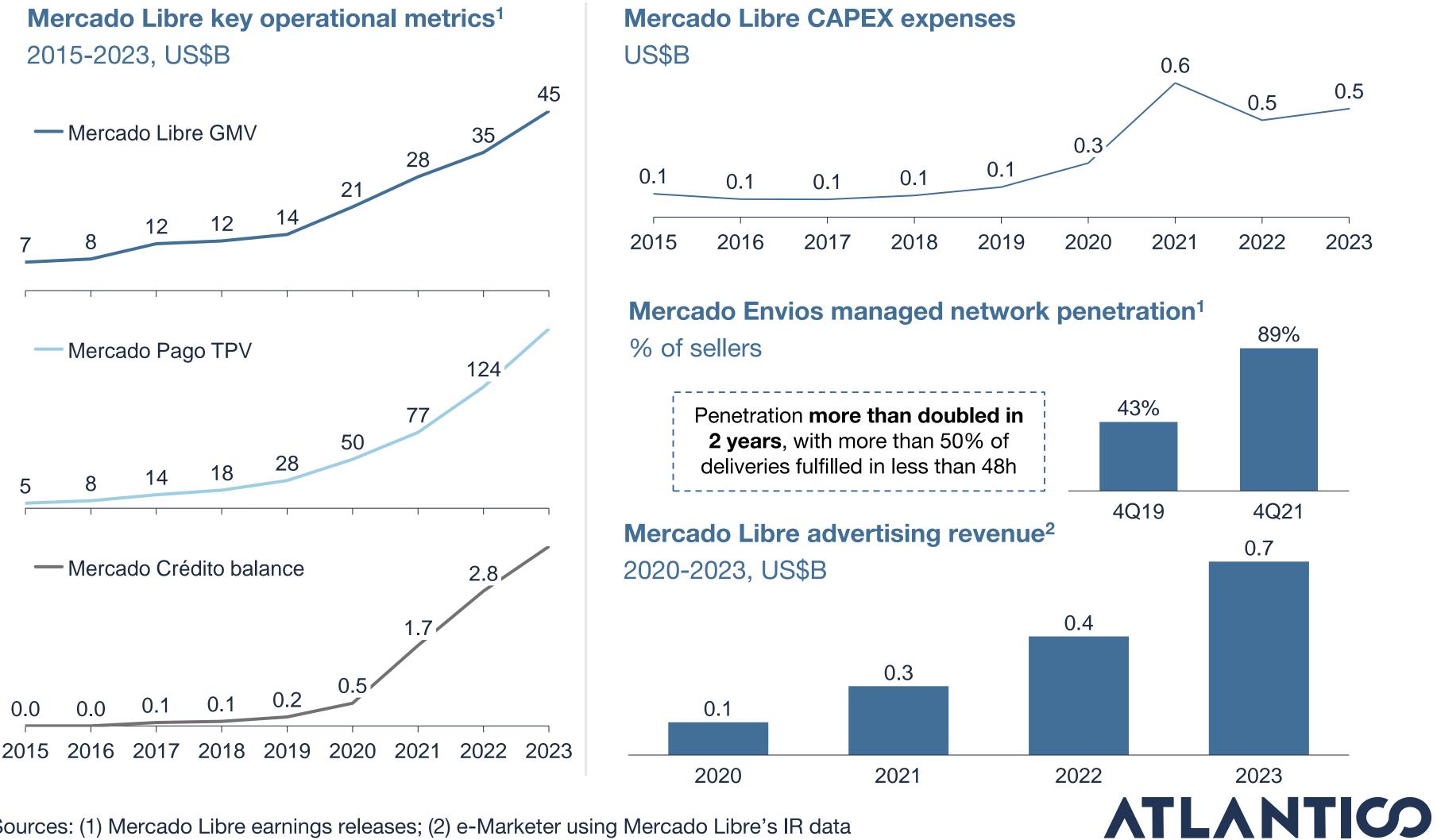
iFood





- Context: Latin American e- \bullet commerce was fragmented with limited infrastructure after the dotcom bust eliminated many players
- The Edge: Mercado Libre built a comprehensive ecosystem investing heavily in marketplace, logistics, and payment solutions that created a flywheel across all business lines
- **Results:** Mercado Libre \bullet became the largest company in all of Latin American, surpassing a US\$100 billion market cap

Mercado Libre created a unique ecosystem with commerce, fintech, ads, and logistics



Sources: (1) Mercado Libre earnings releases; (2) e-Marketer using Mercado Libre's IR data

- Context: Brazilian banking \bullet was dominated by few players with high margins, low accessibility and low customer satisfaction
- The Edge: Nubank • disrupted the market with a no-fee, user friendly, and widely available credit card, then expanded into banking. 34% of new credit cards and 50% of personal loans were to consumers that never had these services before
- **Results:** Nubank became \bullet the most valuable bank in LatAm and largest digital bank in the world

Nubank disrupted traditional banking with a fully-digital offering, starting with credit cards

Nubank Customers and Products¹ 2014-2024, Million customers

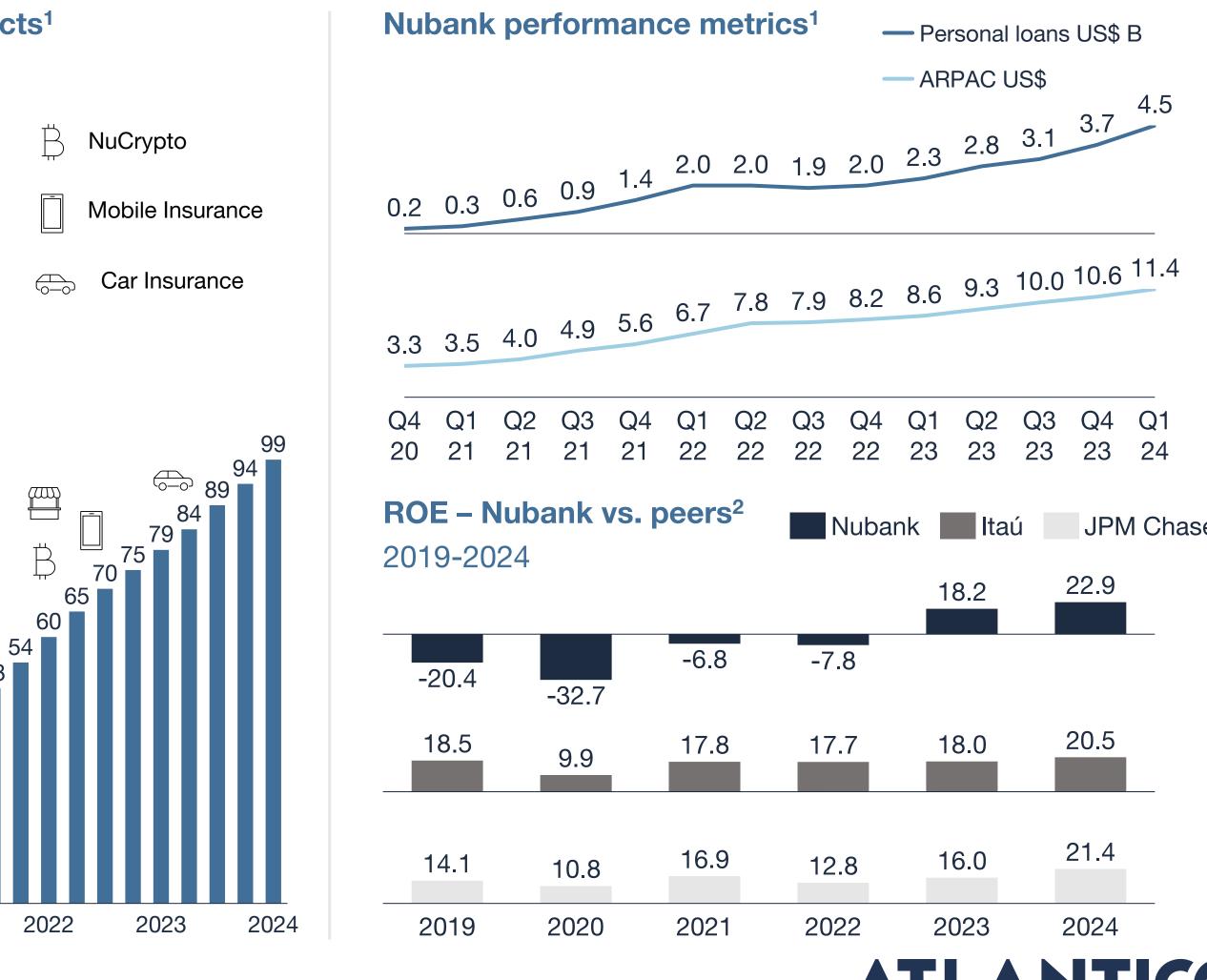
Prepaid Card $\left(= \right)$ FX SME Acc. Investments Life Insurance Marketplace

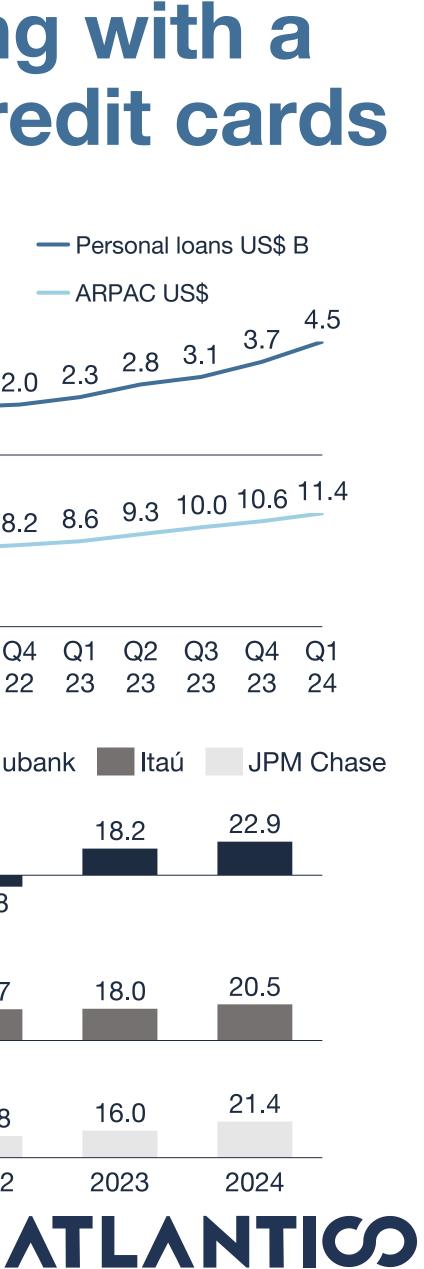
Nubank is main bank account of 60% of customers. On average, a customer consumes 4.1 products.

ŧ



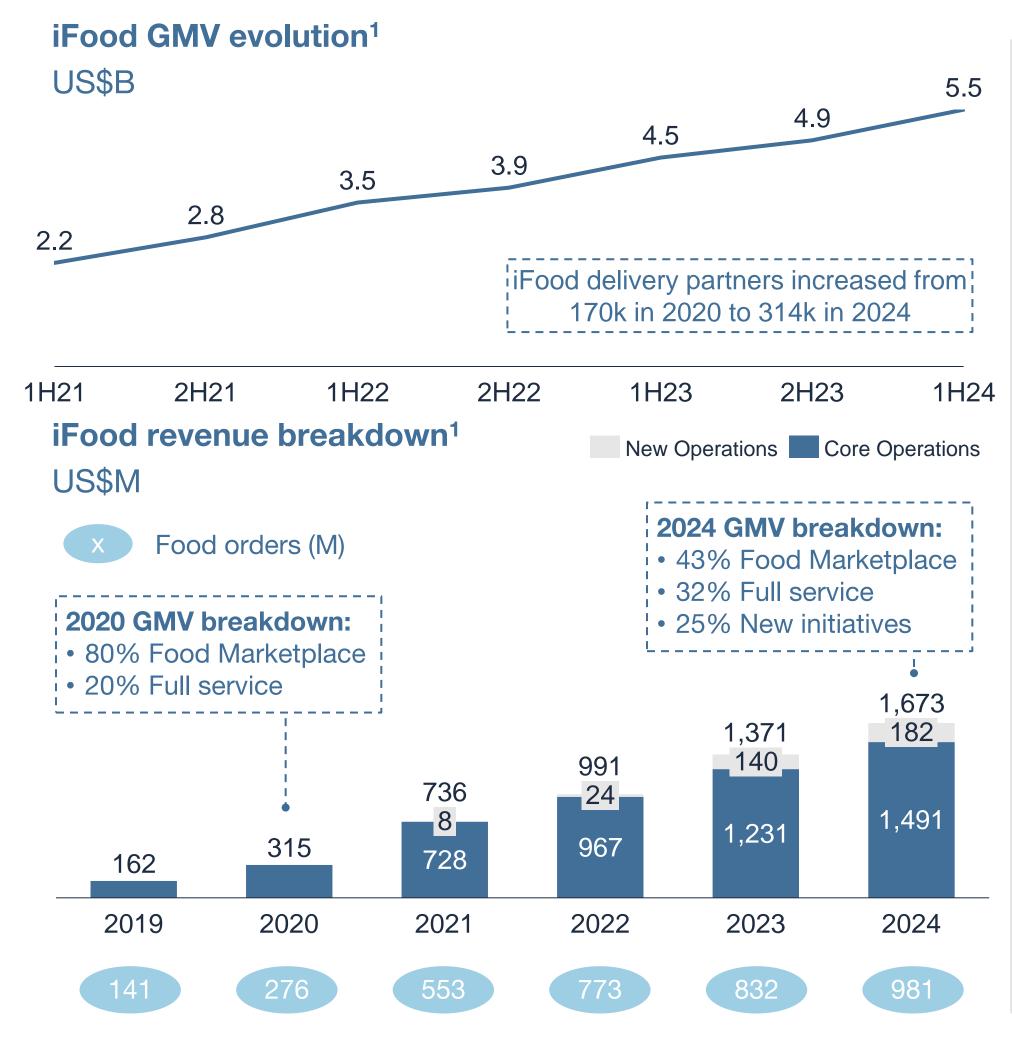
Sources: (1) Nubank IR Presentations; (2) Capital IQ





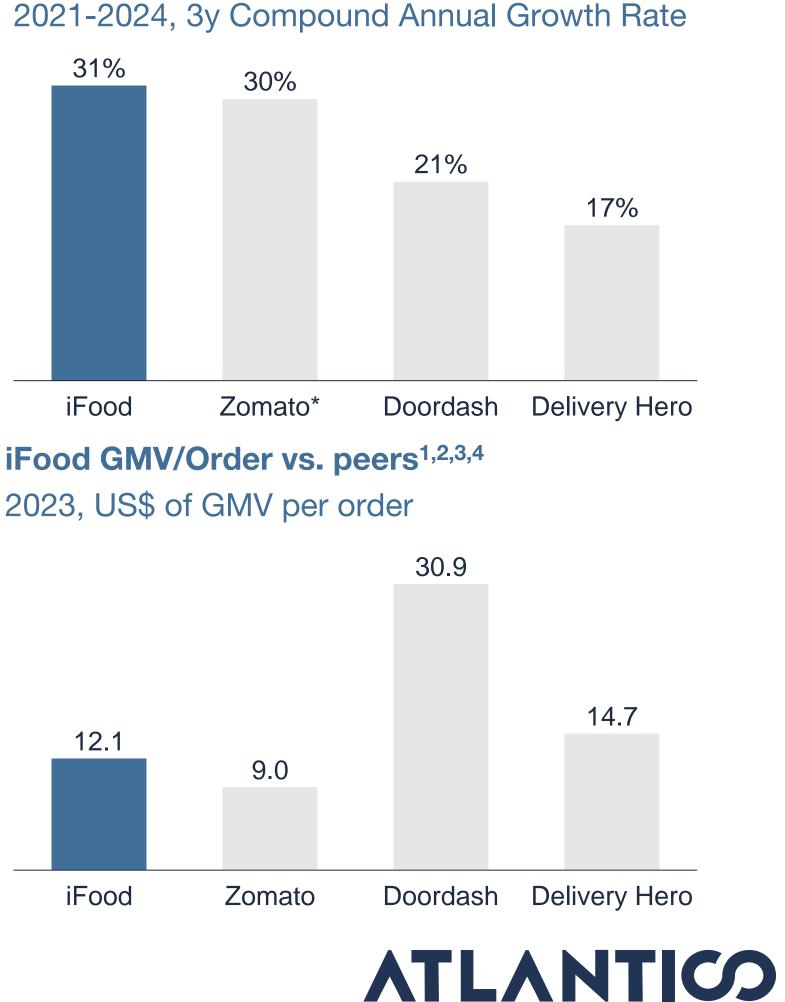
- Context: Brazil's food \bullet delivery market was underdeveloped, with fragmented operations using old technologies and business models
- The Edge: iFood's marketplace model leveraged structural aspects of the gig economy and national income disparity to scale a delivery platform that then expanded into adjacent business opportunities
- **Results:** Value add from \bullet iFood's ecosystem represents over 0.5% of Brazilian GDP, with more room for growth

iFood leverages aspects of the informal economy to reach large scale impact



Note: (*) Zomato CAGR calculated using 5y of data Sources: (1) Prosus FY2024 Results presentation; (2) Capital IQ; (3) Zomato IR; (4) Doordash IR

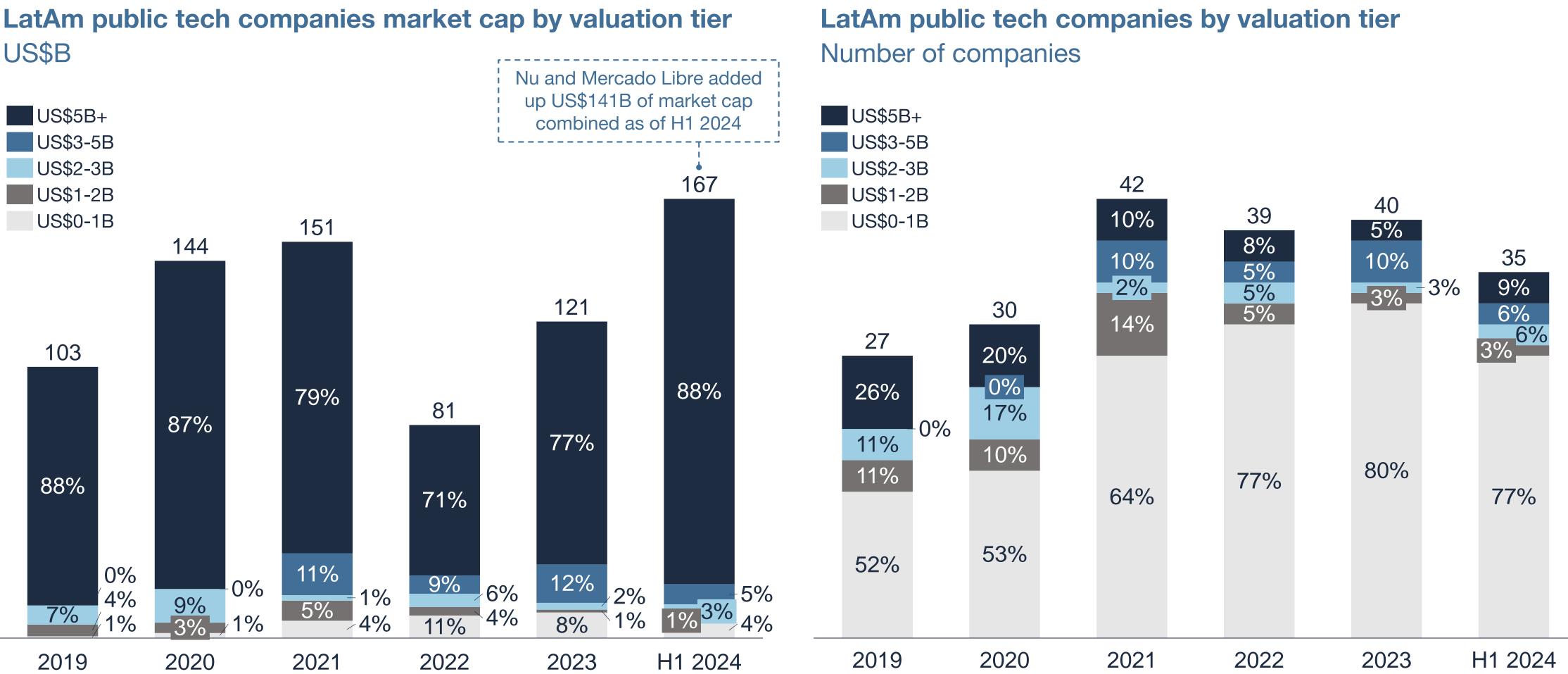
iFood GMV growth vs. peers^{1,2}





Nu and Mercado Libre have driven public tech company market cap growth while iFood has remained private*

LatAm public tech companies market cap by valuation tier US\$B



Note: (*) iFood is not publicly listed but majority owned by Prosus which is publicly listed in Holland Sources: Atlantico analysis; Capital IQ

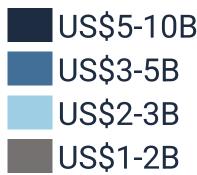


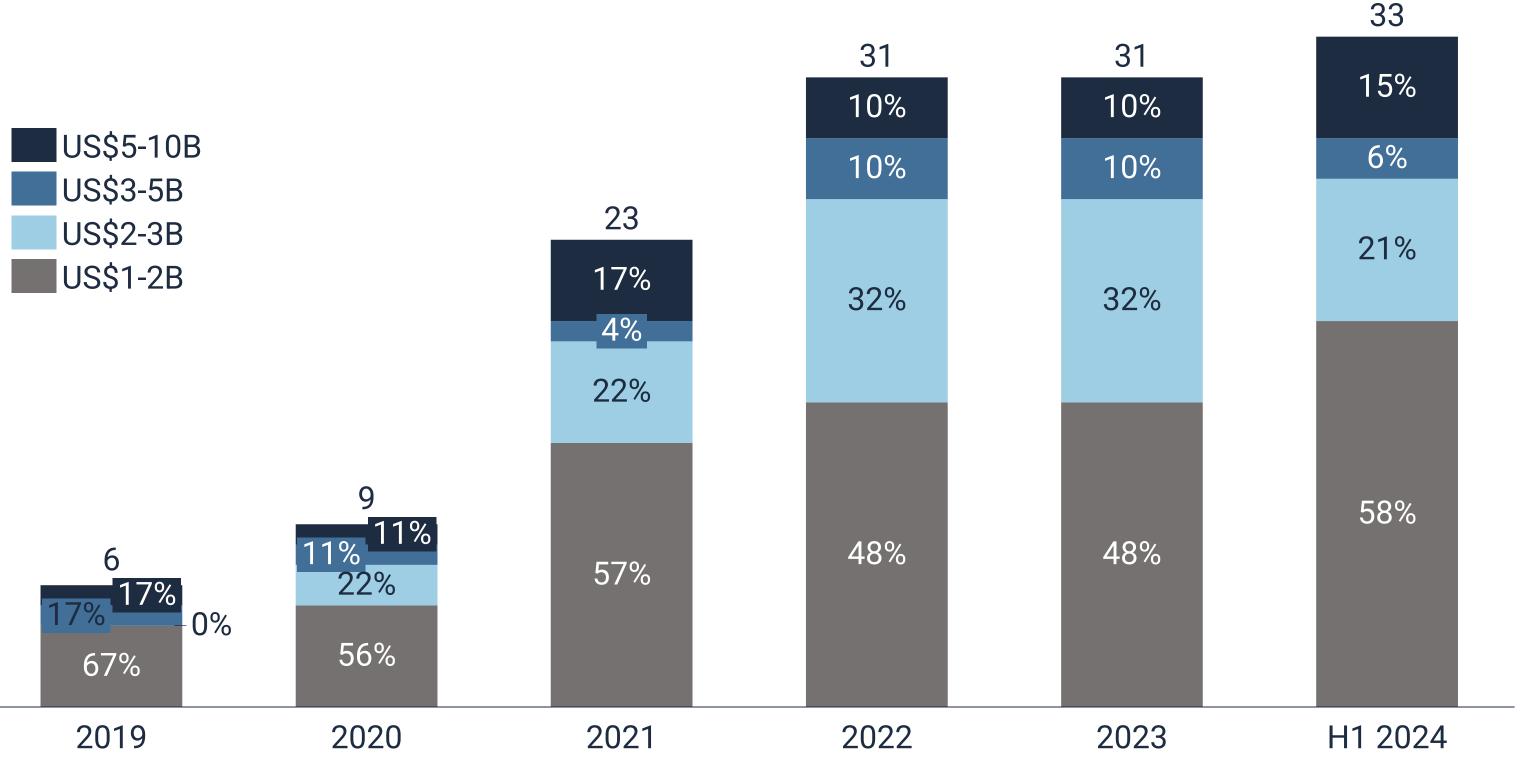


Next in line for triumph

Latin America's number of unicorns has been stable, with two new additions this year

Latin America unicorn companies by valuation tier Number of companies*





Note: (*) Analysis use public and private data, but some valuations still reflect multiples from 2020 and 2021. While arbitrary adjustments are avoided, we believe actual values are much lower than the "headline prices," though this may take time to show. Sources: Atlantico analysis; Crunchbase





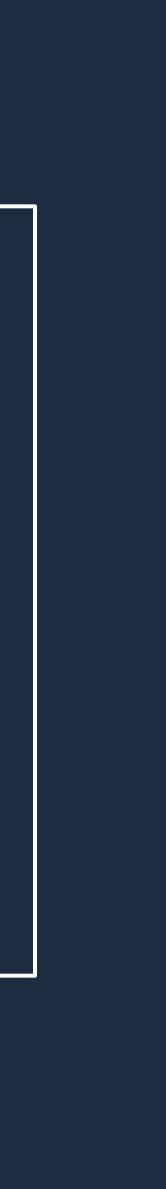


"If you can make it there, you can make it anywhere"

- Frank Sinatra

"





LatAm to the World: companies are increasingly aiming for global markets and are experiencing early success

GLOBAL FROM DAY 1¹

Mobile gaming studio. Used free, games to reach a global audience from the start



Hired Global CTO in 2012 to lead an international products team

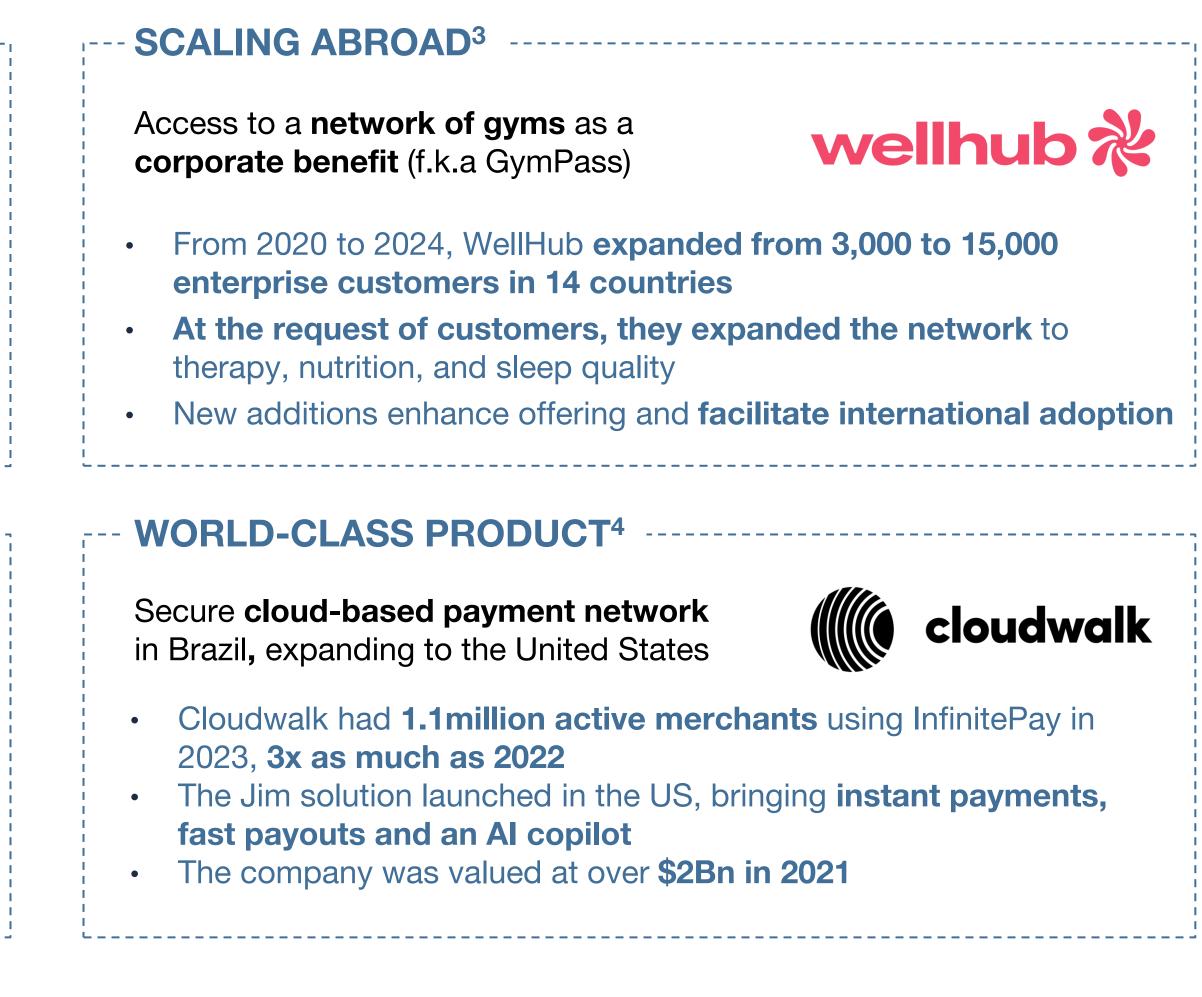
- Launched free games when most were paid
- Widespread distribution led to **3 billion downloads**
- Current reported valuation above \$3Bn

EXPORTING CREATIVITY²

Online platform that allows creators to sell and scale digital products



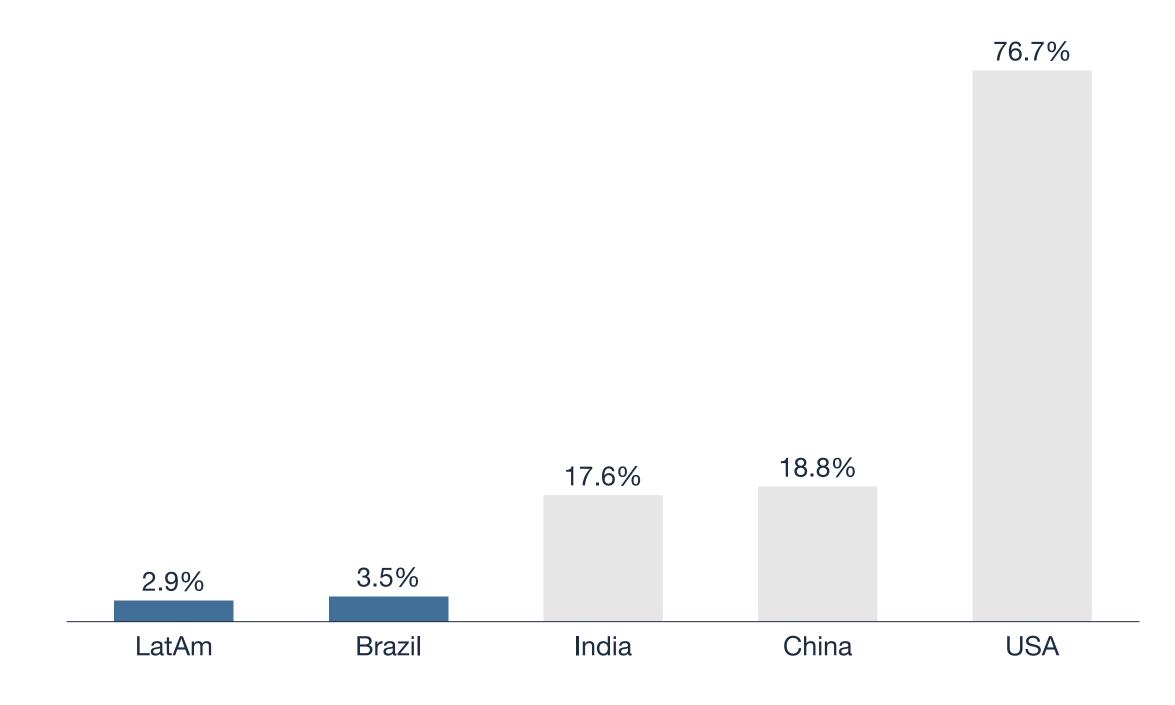
- Hosts over 580k products and generates sales in 188 countries
- Number of new international buyers increased **4x from 2021-2023**
- **15% of creator revenue** in 2023 coming from international sales
- Company surpassed unicorn status in 2020





Trillions to be captured: Latin America presents enormous potential value to be created as region catches up to peers

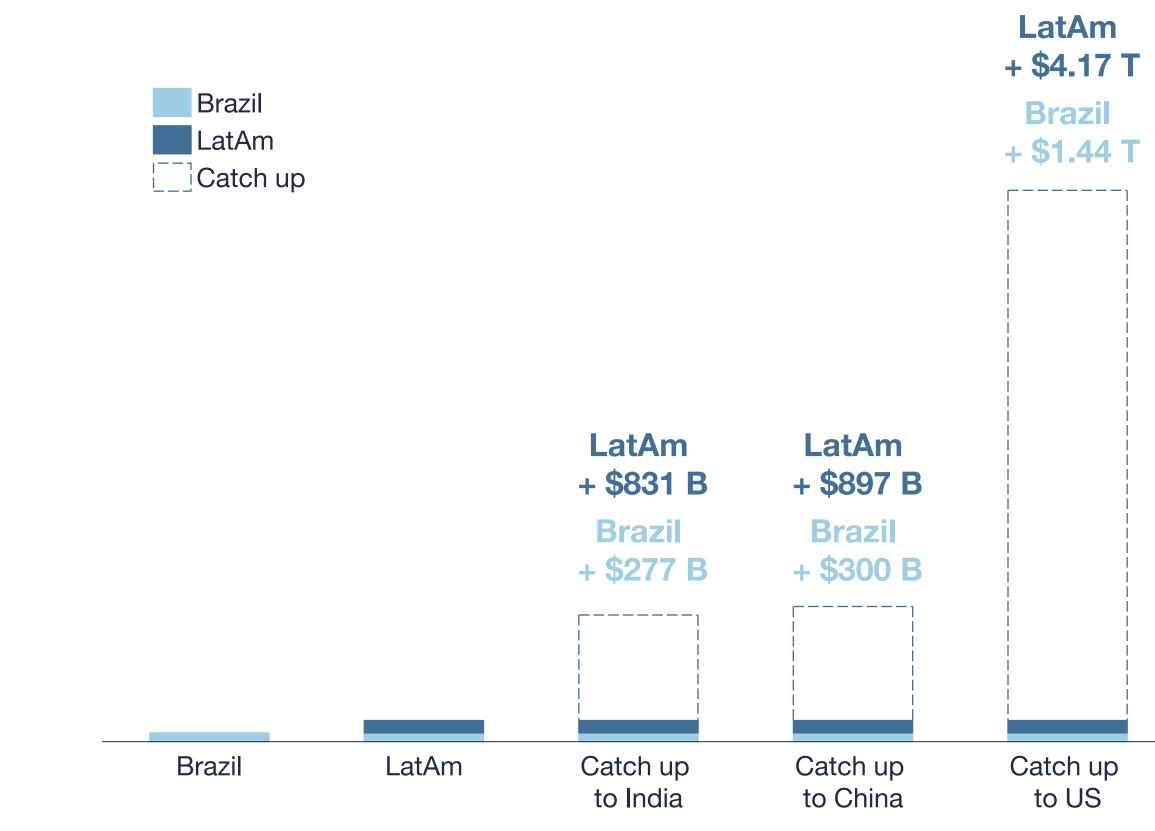
Atlantico Digital Transformation Index^{1,2,3} Q2 2024, tech company market cap as % of GDP



Note: HQ location was used to define company region; for all countries we used the average of the respective year's quarters to calculate GDP and market cap; market cap as of June 30, 2024

Sources: (1) Capital IQ; (2) OECD; (3) Atlantico Analysis

Latin America Tech Value Creation Catch-up Potential^{1,2,3} Q2 2024, US\$B

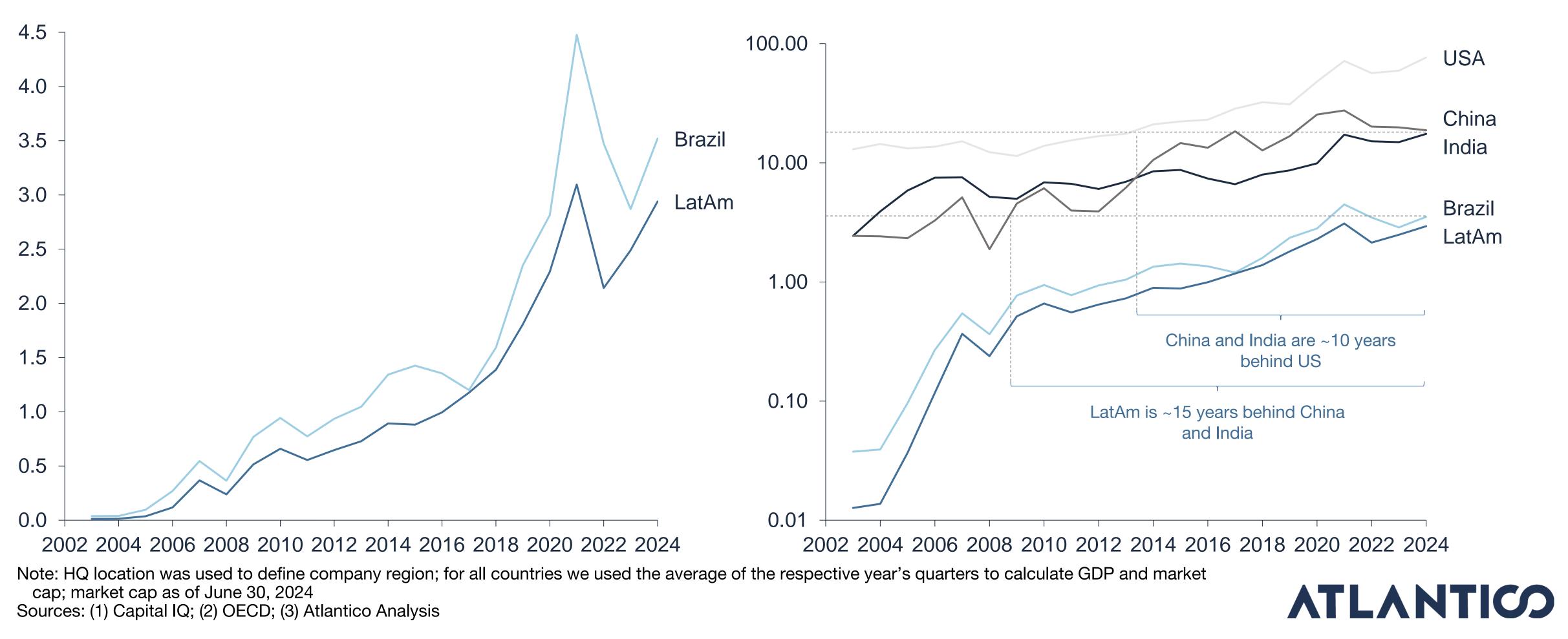






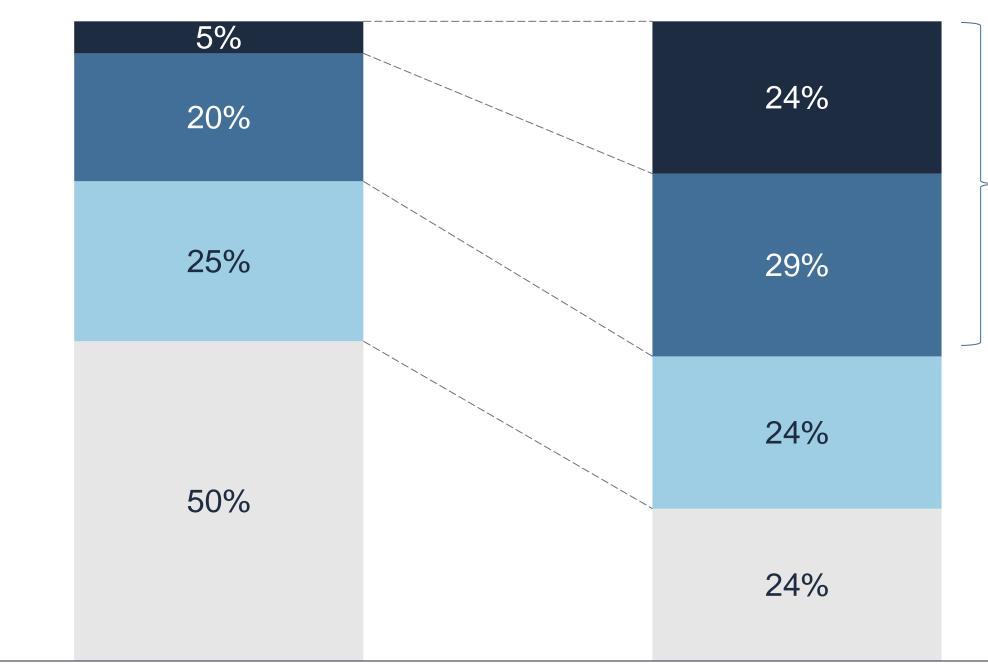
A Long-Term Horizon: The rewards in Latin America will compound over the next decades

Atlantico Digital Transformation Index – Brazil and LatAm^{1,2,3}Atlantico Digital Transformation Index^{1,2,3}Tech company market cap as % of GDP, Linear scaleTech company market cap as % of GDP, Log-scale



World Class Returns: LatAm VC funds disproportionately rank among the top quintile and quartile of funds globally

Distribution of LatAm Venture Capital funds versus global return benchmarks % of 2012-2022 vintage funds placing within global return benchmark percentiles*



Global distribution of venture capital funds

Notes: (*) Average USD TVPI benchmark percentiles by vintage year from Burgiss and Cambridge Associates as of 12/31/2023; (**) More recent vintages (2018 to 2022) are even more distinctive, with 27% within the top 5% and 64% within the top quartile Source: Atlantico analysis, using data from 42 Latin American venture capital funds (from 2012 to 2022 vintages) anonymously provided by Spectra Investments. Performance as of December 31, 2023

95th - 100th percentile 75th - 95th percentile 50th - 75th percentile Bottom 50%

52% of LatAm venture capital funds are within the top quartile, with 24% of them along the top 5% returns*

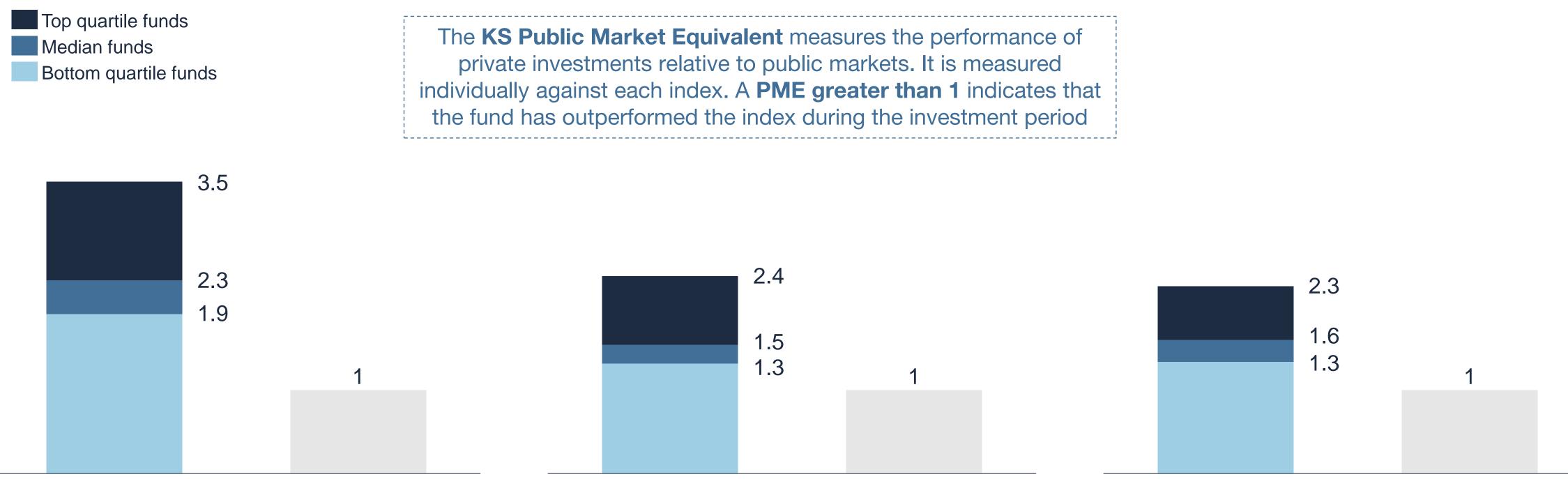
Distribution of Latin American venture capital funds





Latin American venture funds have consistently beaten public investment benchmarks over the past decade

Public Market Equivalent (PME) of LatAm VC funds against selected indexes KS PME, Average from 2012 - 2022 vintage years by tier of fund



LatAm VC Funds vs. Brazilian interbank fixed income rate, CDI (USD)

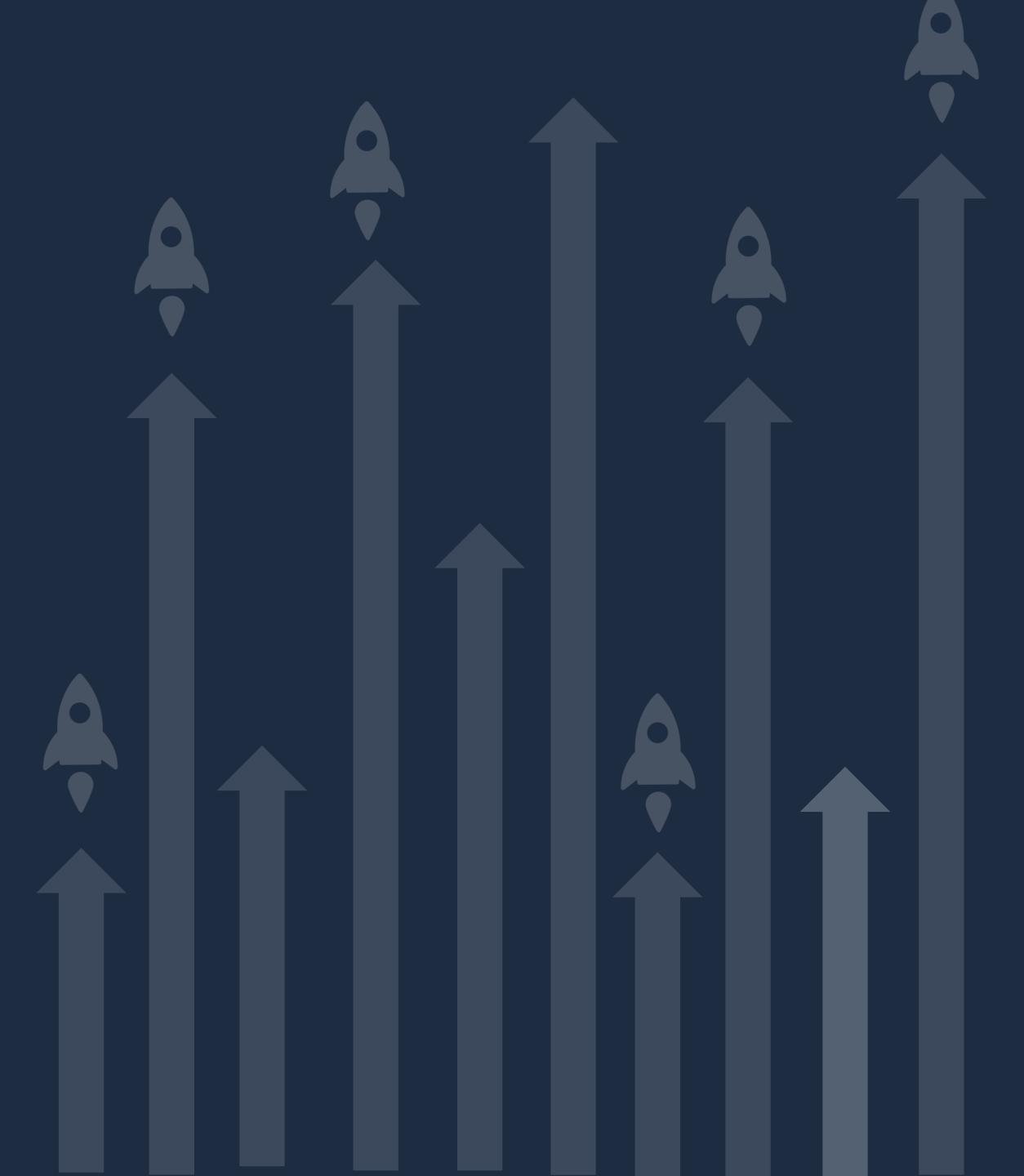
LatAm VC Funds vs Bovespa (USD)

LatAm VC Funds vs. S&P 500 (USD)









The New Normal -

Uncertainty has given way to stability. Following a long period of volatility, both founders and investors seem to be finally embracing the new normal.

Countering the prevalent narrative of "tourist capital", foreign investors have remained consistently active.

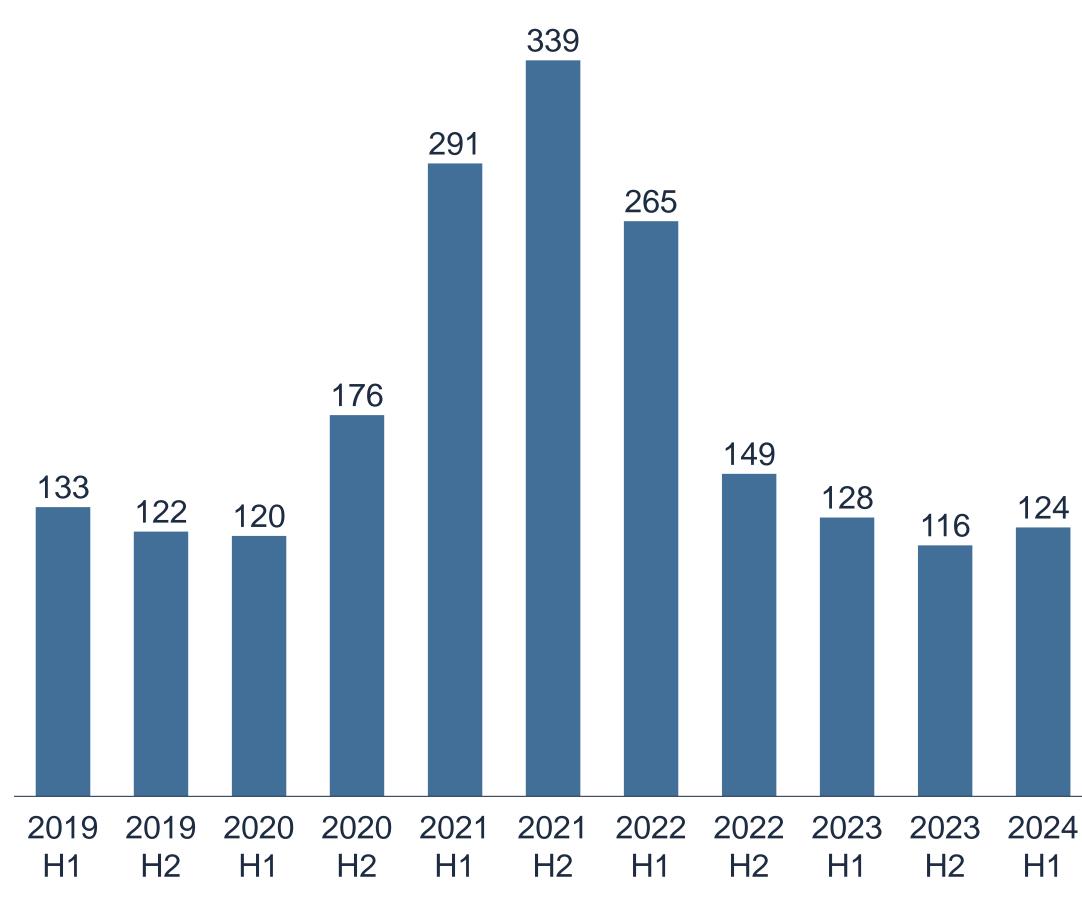
The opportunity remains vast. With Latin America having generated some of the best venture capital returns of alltime for top global funds, we expect innovation capital to continue to flow in.





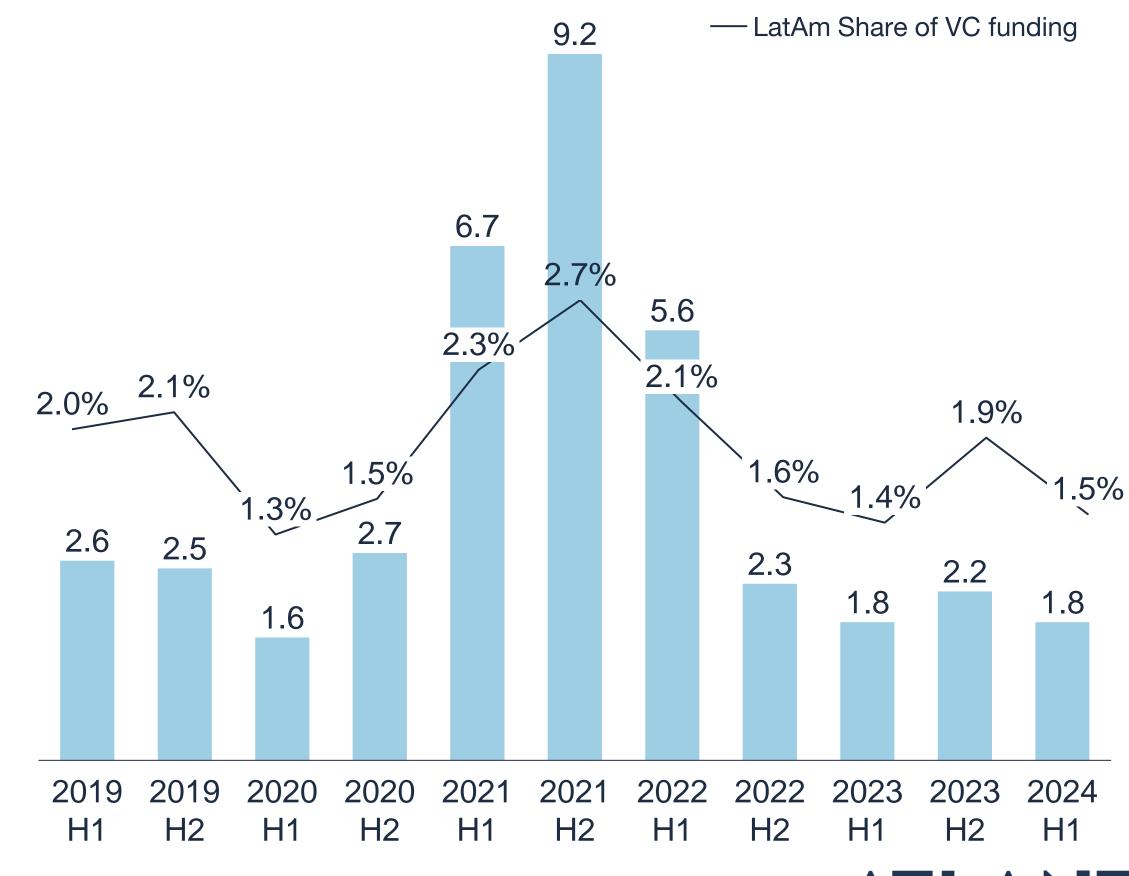
Global venture funding returns to pre-pandemic levels with steady quarterly trends and LatAm growth potential

Global venture capital investment activity¹ US\$B



Sources: (1) CB Insights, "State of Venture Q2 2023"; (2) LAVCA

Venture capital investment activity in Latin America² US\$B

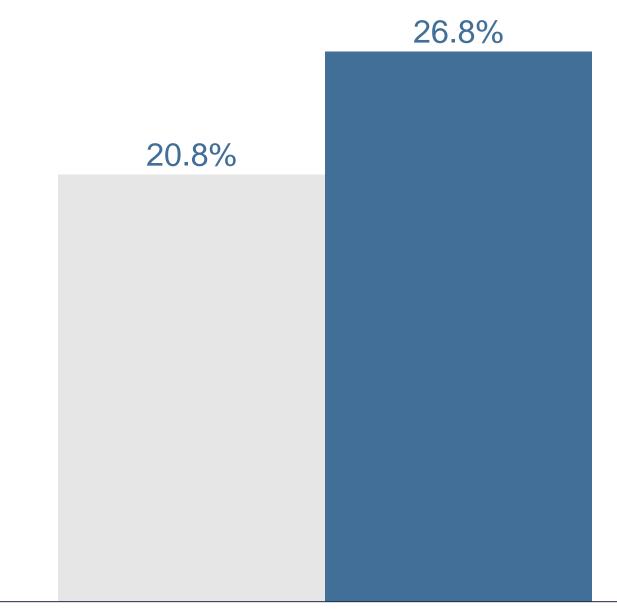


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Latin American family offices increased their allocation in both alternative and venture capital investments

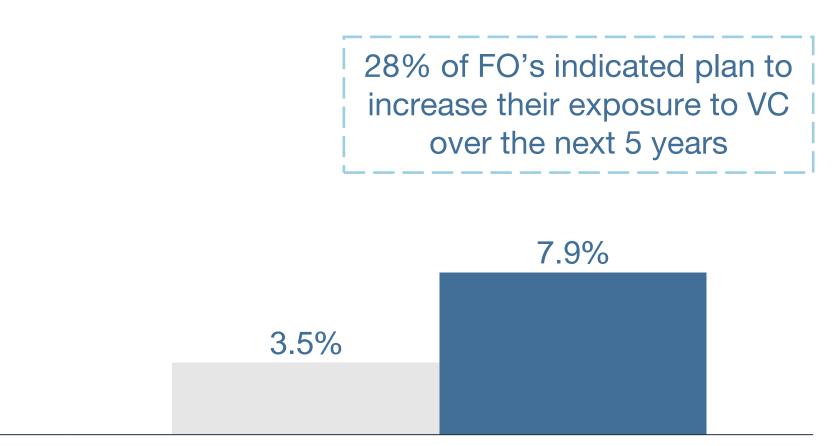
Allocation by Asset Class - Latin America Family Offices^{*} Share of respondent family offices



Alternatives

Notes: (*) The 2024 Atlantico Family Office Radar draws on data collected from 43 family offices during November and December 2023. These groups collectively manage over USD \$110 billion in assets under management (AUM); (**) 2021 figures: Alternatives = 18.3% | Venture Capital = 3.8% Sources: 2024 Atlantico Family Office Radar, 2020 Altantico Family Office Radar





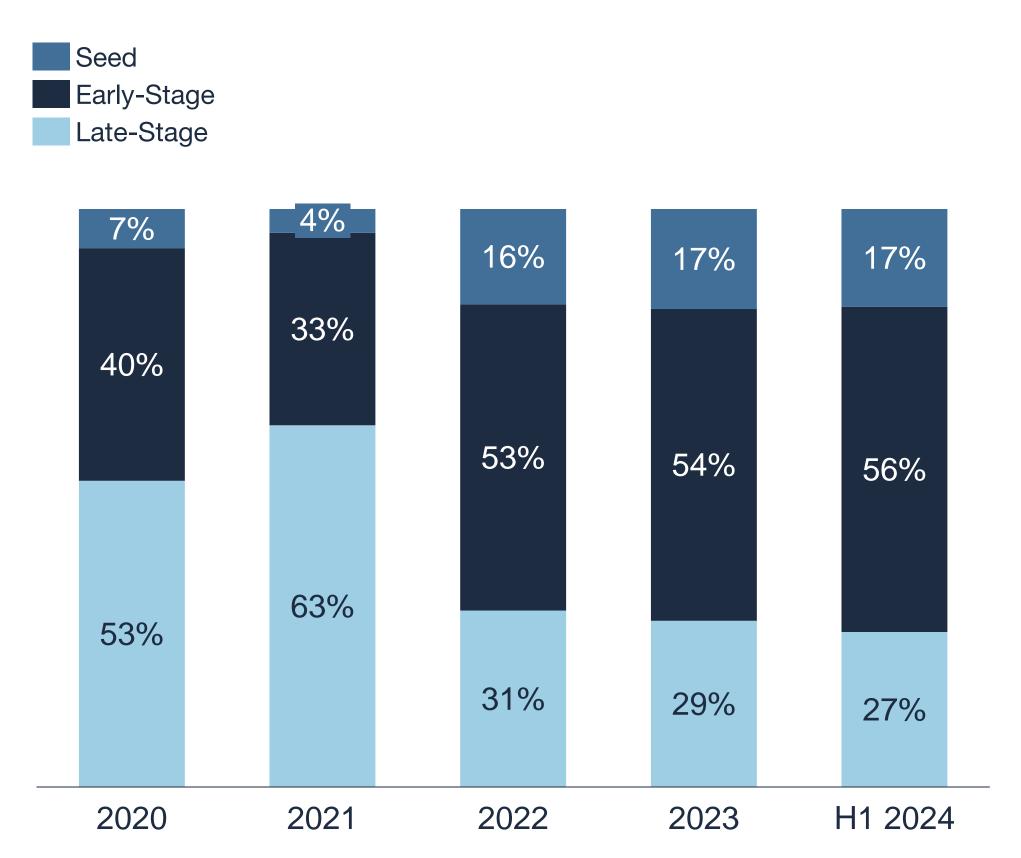






Venture funding in Latin America has remained stable across stages, with continued presence of global investors

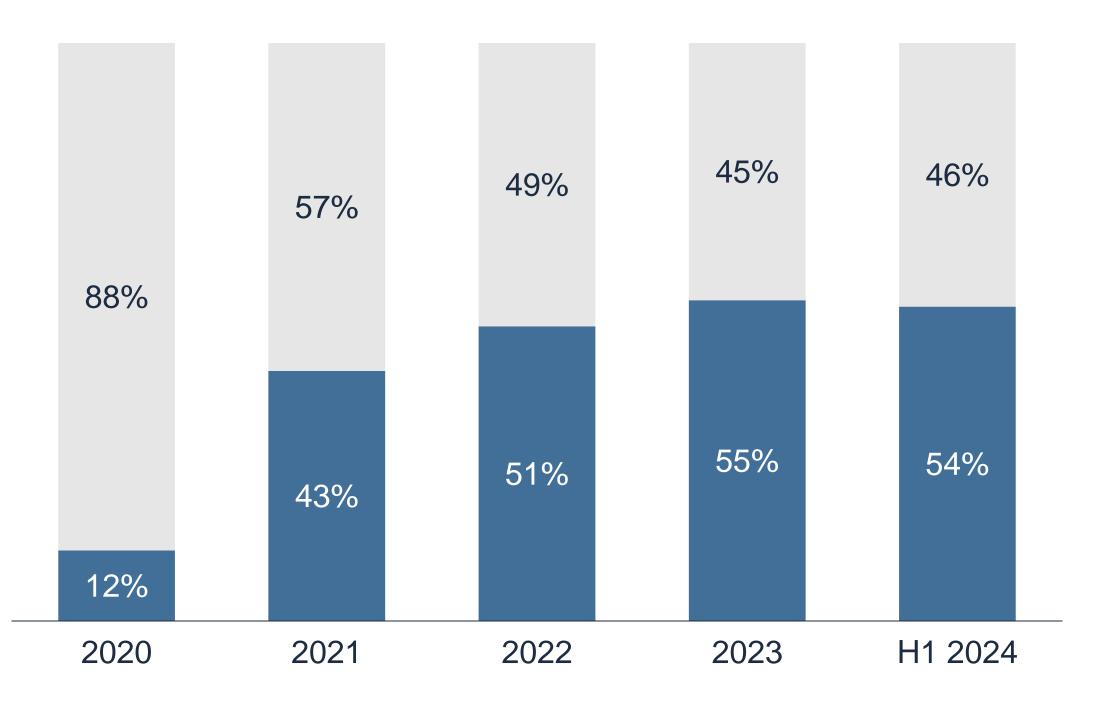
Latin America venture funding by investment stage^{*,**} US\$M



Notes: (*) Early stage includes Series A and Series B rounds; Late stage includes Series C+ rounds; (**) Venture debt not included; (***) LatAm-only investors were considered to be those whose primary HQ is located in Latin America Source: LAVCA Industry Data and Analysis Q2 2024

Latin America venture funding by investor geography % of number of deals

> LatAm-only investors^{***} International/Mixed investors

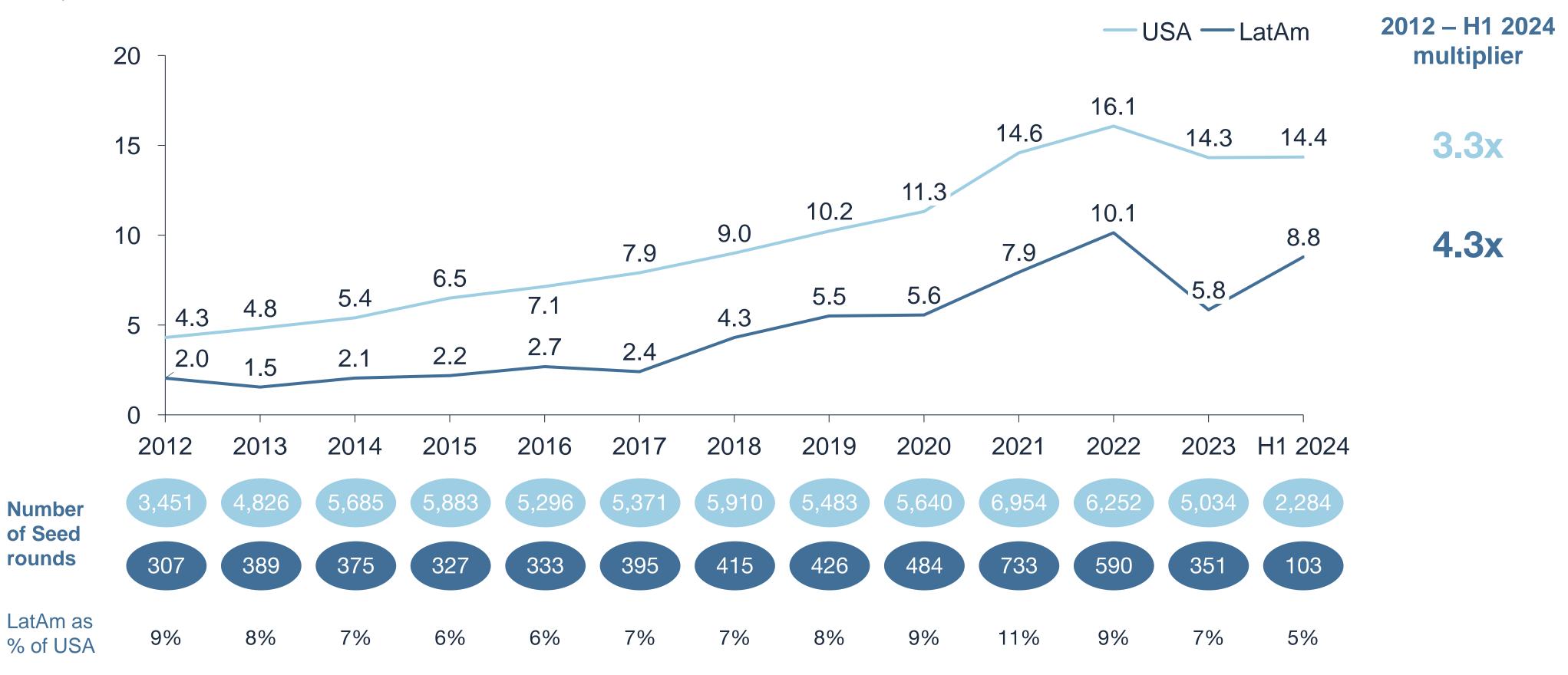






LatAm and US round sizes have increased over time, but with LatAm much smaller in both round size and number

Evolution of median cash raised* for Seed + Series A rounds¹ US\$M



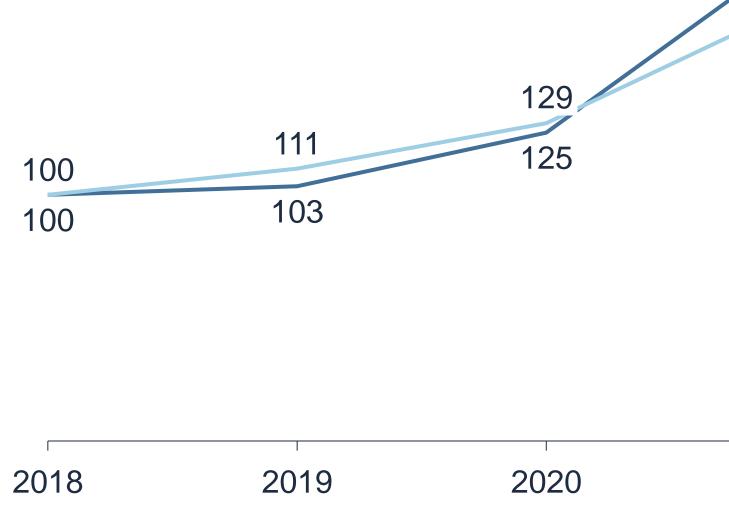
Note: (*) Median Seed cash raised + Median Series A cash raised for disclosed investments Sources: Atlantico analysis; Crunchbase

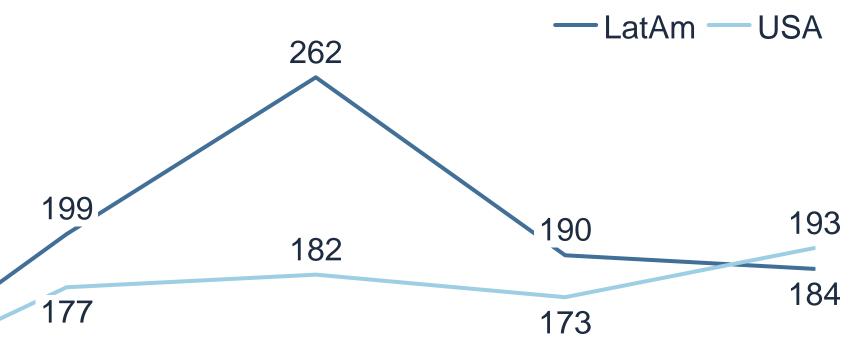




LatAm early-stage valuations have slightly dropped, in the face of US appreciation, even after 2022 valuation spike

Evolution of Latin America median valuations for Seed and Series A rounds 2018 median valuation = Index 100



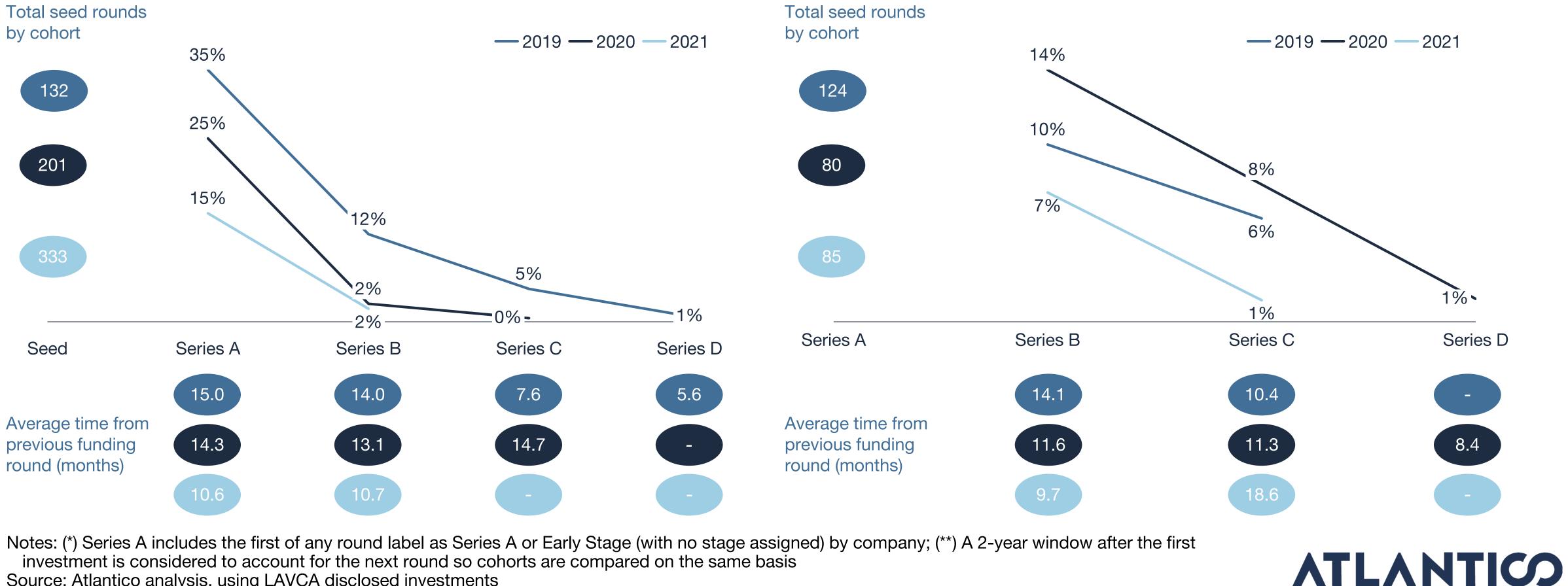






Steep decline in graduation rates reveals adjustment period following capital contraction in Latin America

Graduation rate for Seed startups by year of investment 2019-2021 cohorts, % of total Seed companies in cohort^{*,**}



investment is considered to account for the next round so cohorts are compared on the same basis Source: Atlantico analysis, using LAVCA disclosed investments

Graduation rate for Series A startups by year of investment 2019-2021 cohorts, % of total Series A companies in cohort^{*,**}

View From The Arena

"Optimism is a moral duty"

- Edwin Land



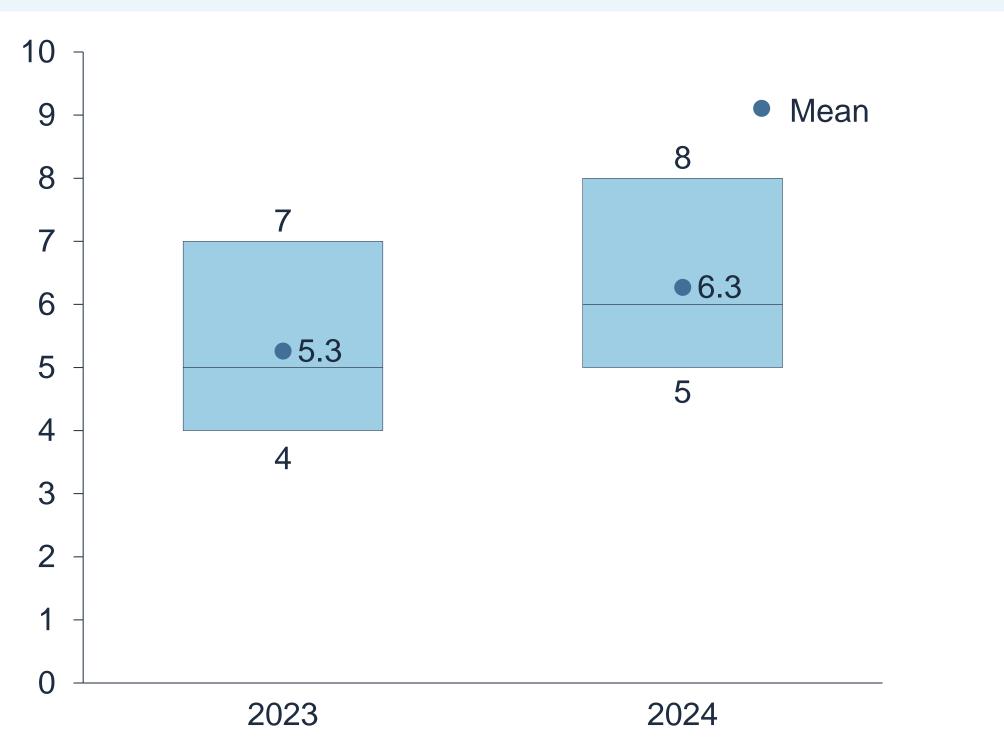




Founder's market sentiment has shifted towards more optimism than past year, aligned with investors' view

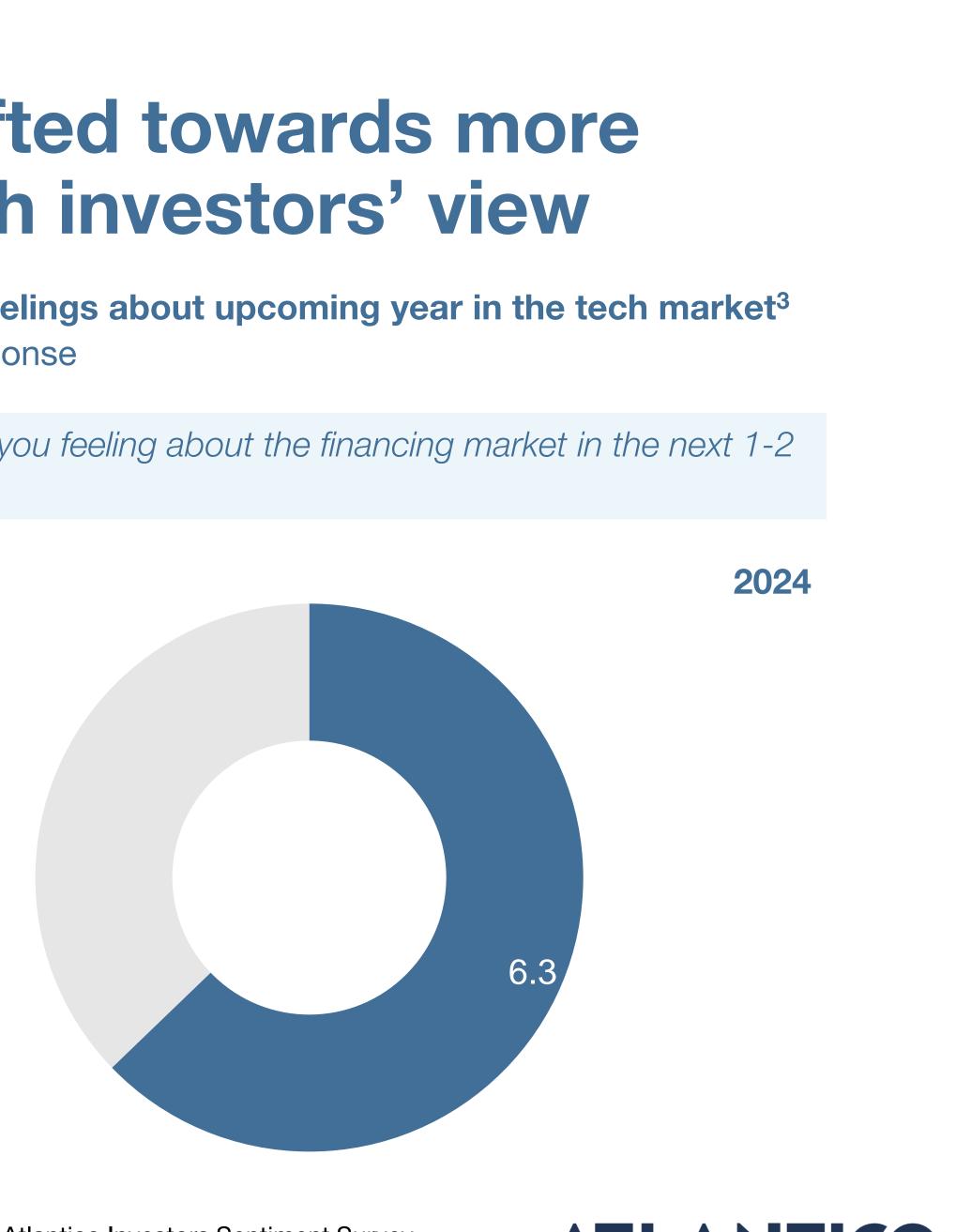
Founders' feelings about upcoming year in the tech market^{1,2} Distribution of responses

On a scale of 1 to 10, where 10 is very optimistic and 1 is very pessimistic, how are you feeling about the financing market in the next 1-2 years?



Source: (1) Atlantico Founder Sentiment Survey 2023 (n=113); (2) Atlantico Tech Sentiment Survey 2024 (n=132); (3) Atlantico Investors Sentiment Survey 2024 (n= 25)

Investors' feelings about upcoming year in the tech market³ Average response





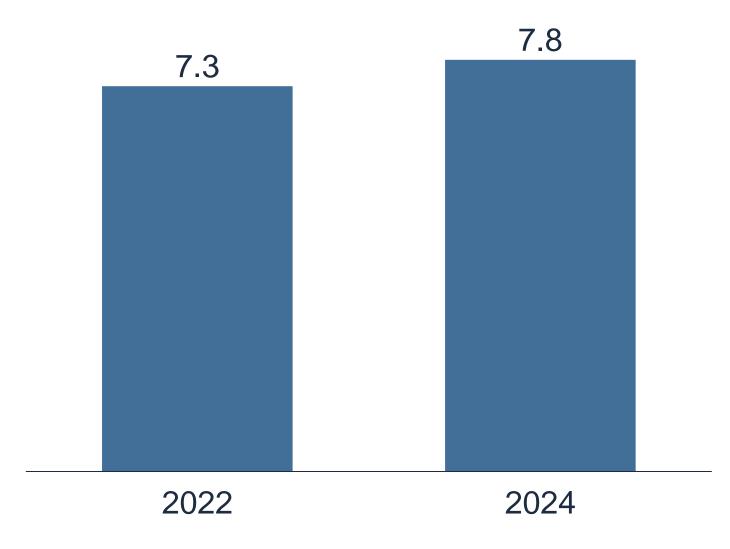
Unicorn founders remain more optimistic than the average founder, with a strong shift towards financial stability



Atlantico's Good View Summit is an annual gathering for all Brazilian Unicorn founders and CEOs with the goal to promote industry discussion and invest in a network with highest tech leadership

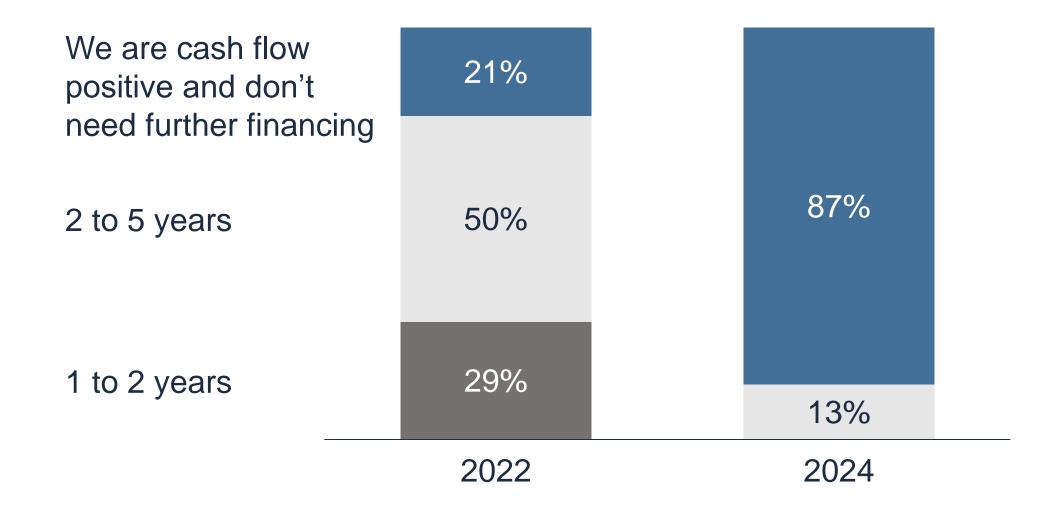
Unicorn founders' sentiment Average of respondents

Please describe how you feel about the next 2 years, on a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means fear and 10 means excitement



45 Source: Atlantico Survey with founders of 17 (2022) and 15 (2024) Brazilian unicorn startups Unicorn's runway and funding plans % of respondents

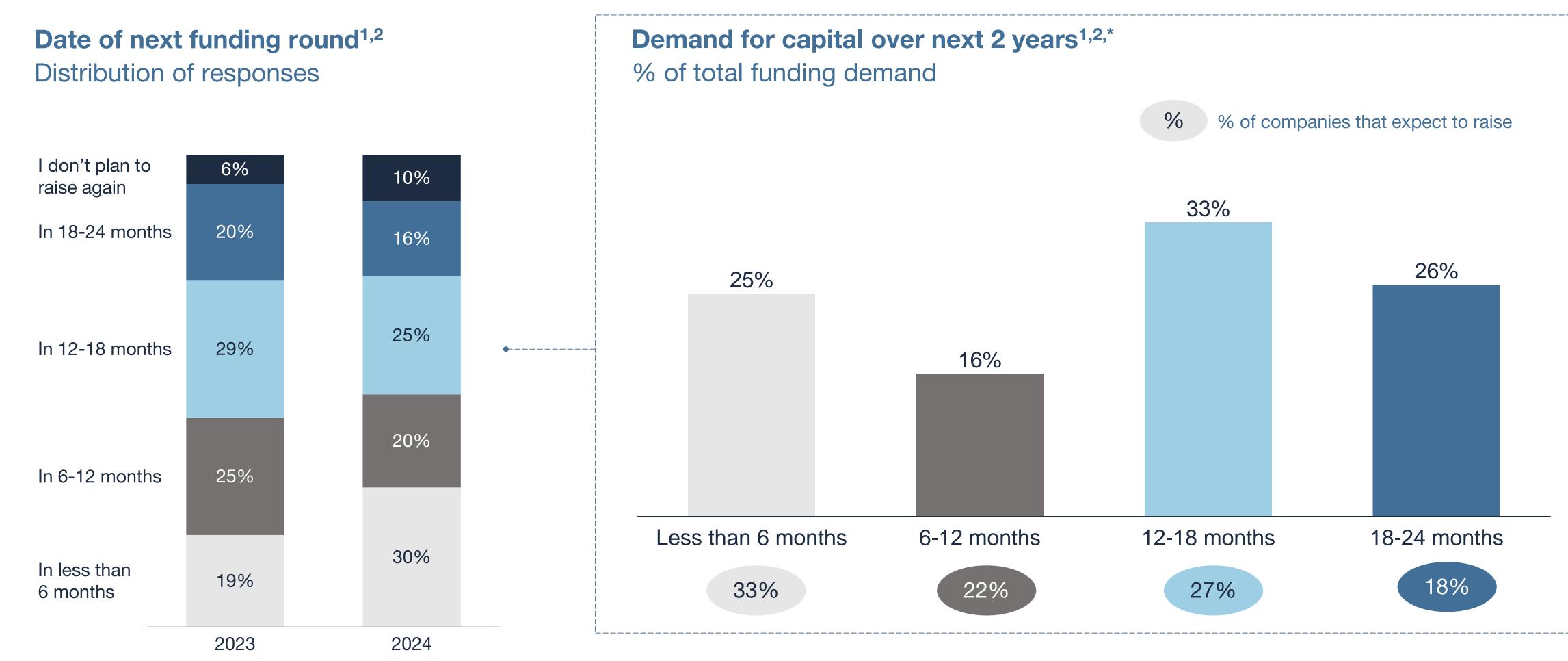
What is your company's current runway?







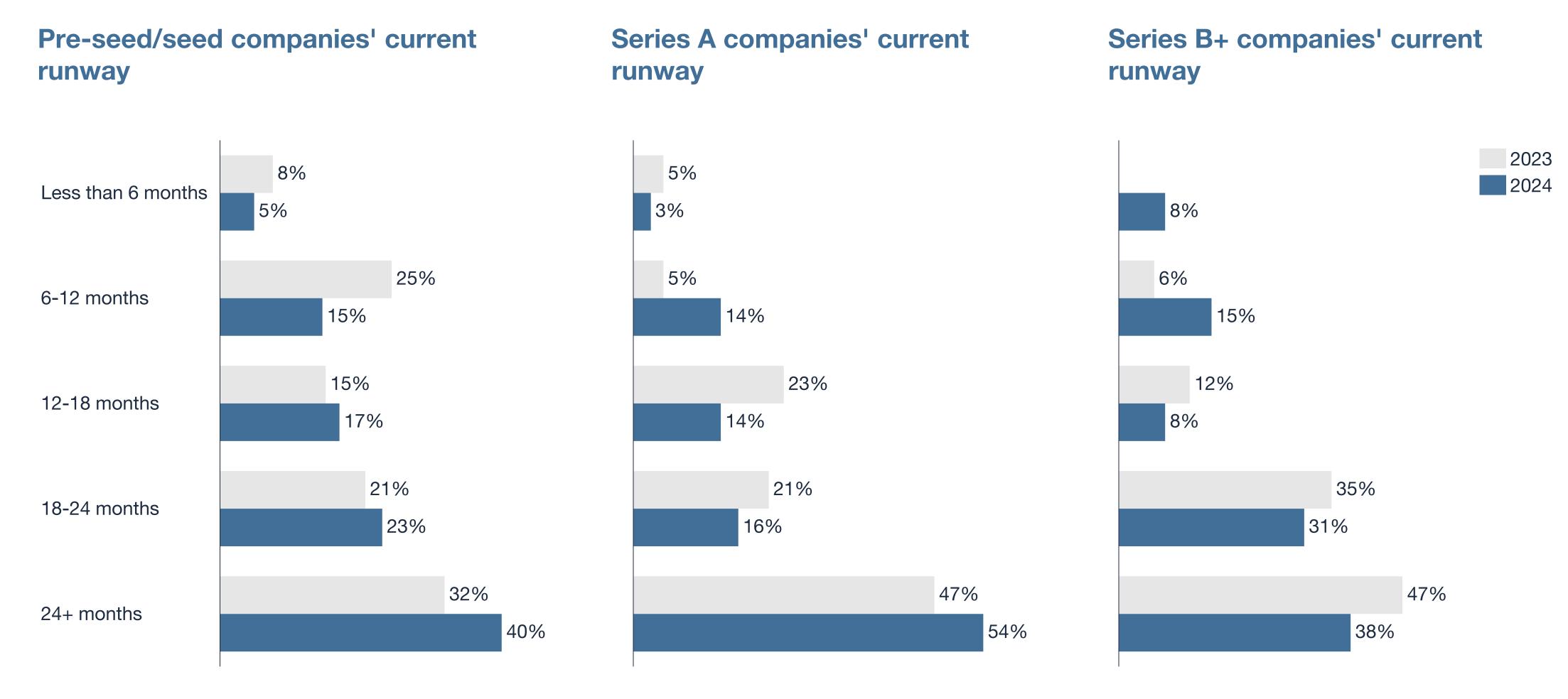
Companies are accelerating their funding plans in 2024, mostly from companies that raised earlier than 2022



Note: (*) Demand was estimated on ranges of expected capital to be raised in the upcoming round Sources: (1) Atlantico Founder Sentiment Survey 2023 (n=113); (2) Atlantico Tech Sentiment Survey 2024 (n=132)



Early-stage companies are mostly seeing longer runway than 2023, while late-stagers have a tighter horizon

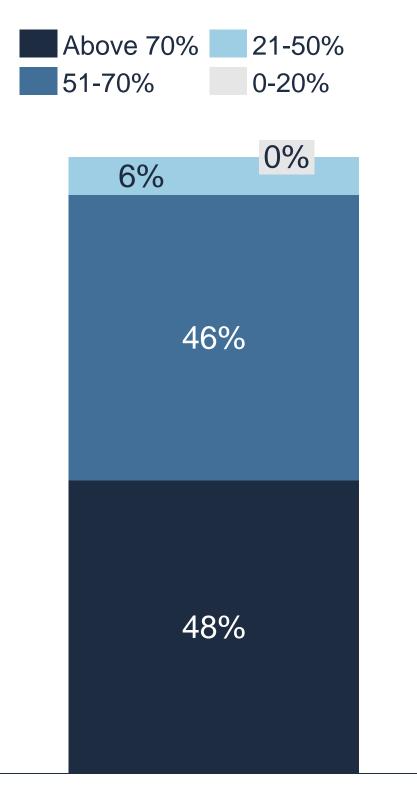




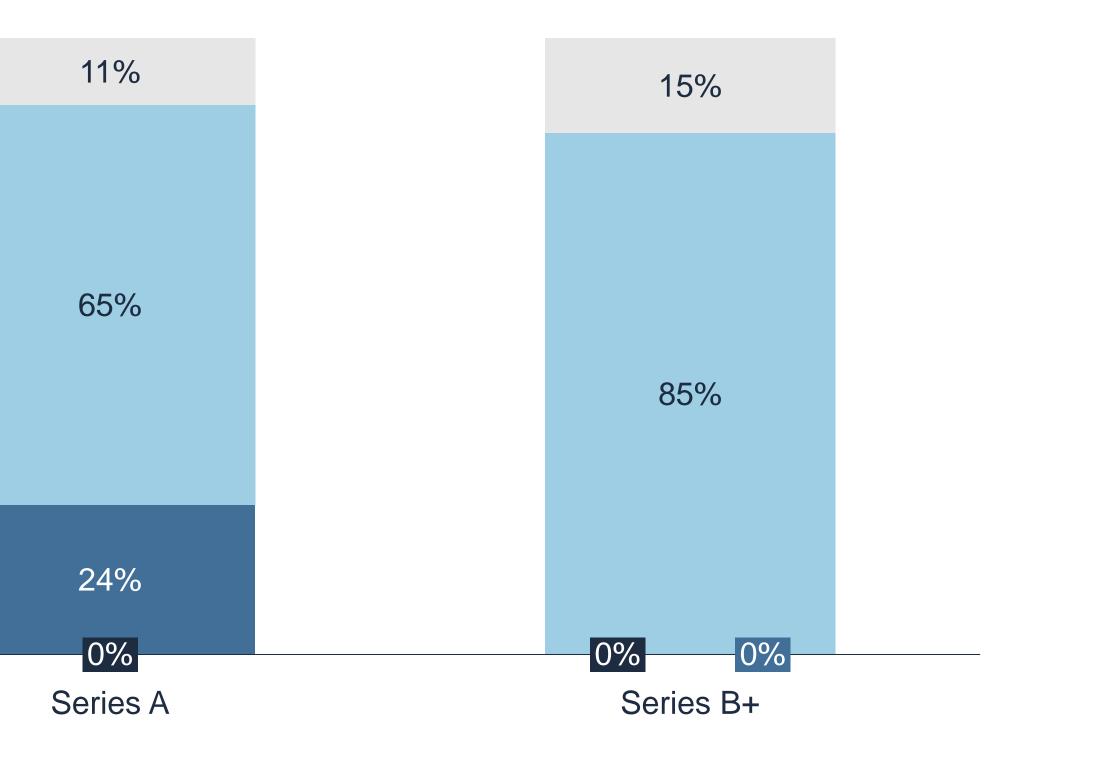


Founders' ownership dilutes significantly across funding rounds, with the majority owning 21-50% by late stage

Founder's ownership by funding round of company % of respondents



Pre-seed/Seed





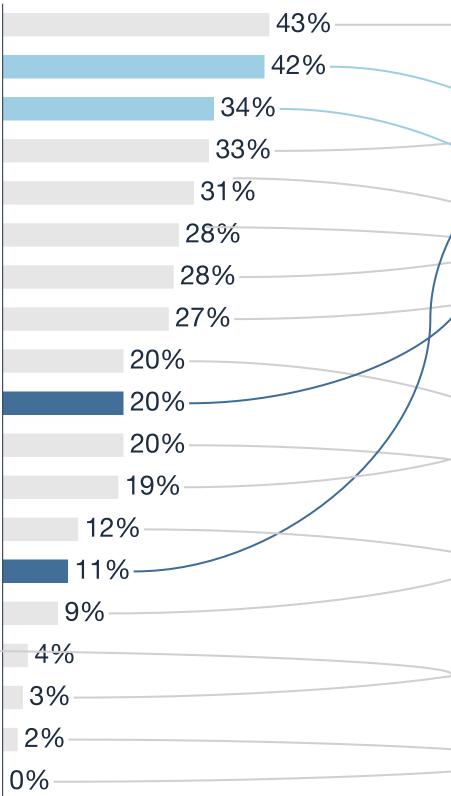


While strength of reputation is a shared priority, founders and investors disagree on key factors for partnering up

What are the most important considerations when selecting an investor to lead your next round?

Founder's perspective¹

Strength of reputation Alignment of vision / purpose Access to a relevant network References from other founders Chemistry with founder Ability to follow-on in future rounds Industry or thematic expertise Track record Valuation Speed of conviction / decisiveness Flexibility on round terms Prior founder experience International expansion support Building relationship with the founding team early 9% Access to operational support Commitment to social and sustainability impact 4% 3% Affinity to brand Diverse investment team 2% Firm-wide engagement model from VC 0%



Note: Analysis inspired by Atomico State of European Tech Report 2023 Sources: (1) Atlantico Founders' Sentiment Survey; (2) Atlantico Investors' Survey

Over the past 12 months, and thinking generally about the market, what in your opinion have been the most decisive factors to win a competitive deal situation?

52%	Strength c
44%	Building re
40%	Reference
40%	Speed of a
28%	Industry o
28%	Track reco
24%	Ability to f
24%	Chemistry
24%	Prior found
20%	Alignment
20%	Access to
16%	Access to
12%	Flexibility
12%	Valuation
8%	Affinity to
4%	Internation
0%	Commitme
0%	Firm-wide
0%	Diverse inv

Investor's perspective²

of reputation elationship with the founding team early es from other founders conviction / decisiveness or thematic expertise ord follow-on in future rounds with founder der experience of vision / purpose a relevant network operational support on round terms brand nal expansion support ent to social and sustainability impact engagement model from VC vestment team ATLANTICO

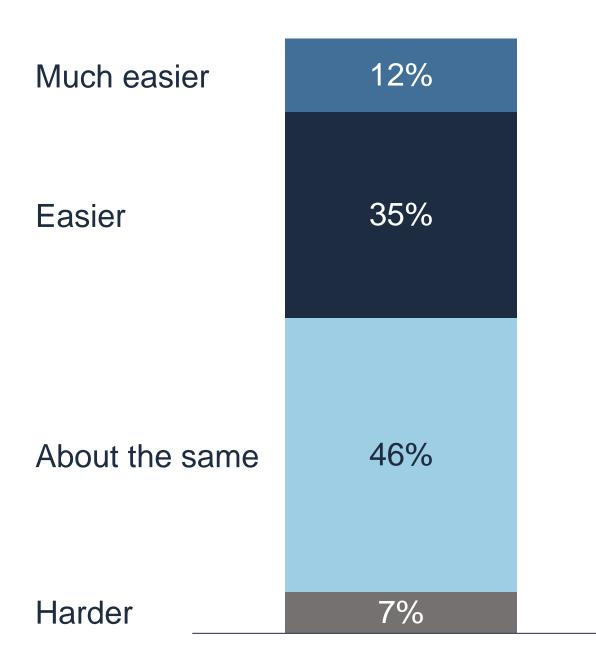




Founders are seeking to increase their team sizes following an easier year of recruiting

Founders' recruiting plans for next 12 months Founders' perception on talent attraction over the past year % of total respondents % of total respondents

How difficult has talent attraction/recruiting been over the past year when compared to the prior year?



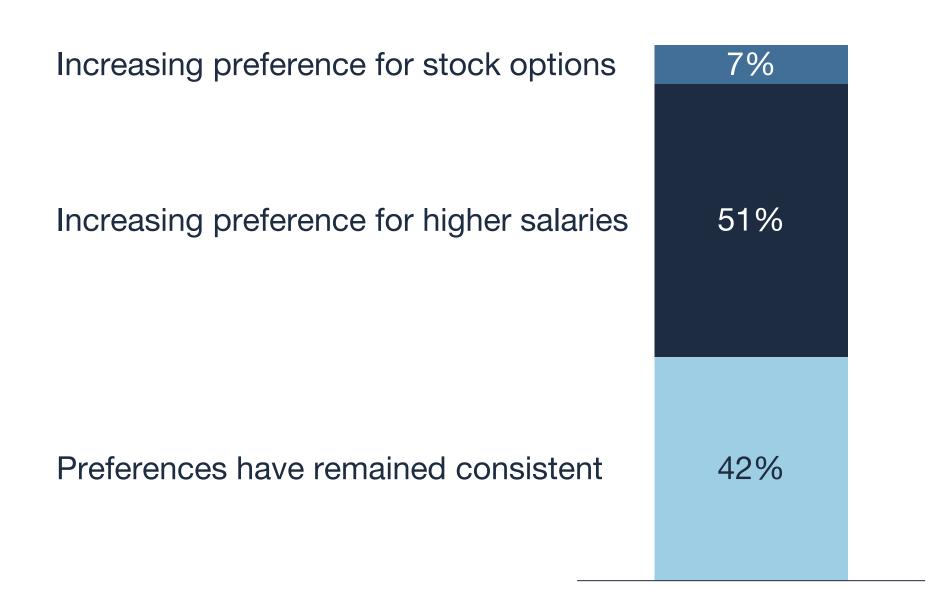
50 Source: Atlantico 2024 Founder's Survey (n=132) Thinking about the next 12 months, what are your recruiting plans (considering total headcount)?



Founders are seeing significant increase in compensation preferences and expect shifts in their cultures

Founders' perception on compensation alternatives % of total respondents

When recruiting for your company, how have talents' preferences for stock options versus salary compensation evolved over the last 2 years?



Founders' agreement with selected statements % of total respondents

Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree Work will gradually but consistently transition 13% 25% 20% 7% 35% back to being primarily in-office **ESG** is something 18% 15% 37% 27% startups should take into account **Diversity, equity, and** inclusion should be 12% 15% 18% 27% 28% an important factor for startups hiring









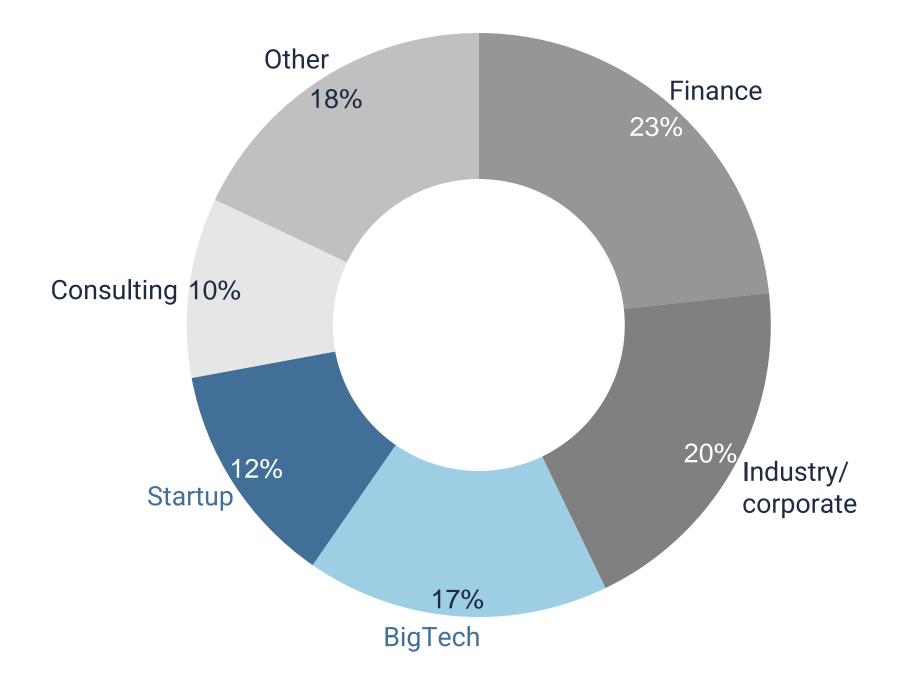




29% of students aim to work in tech in the short term, while interest in entrepreneurship continues to be on the rise

Short term preferred areas of work 2024, % of respondents

In what area do you see yourself working in the short term (i.e. right after graduation)?

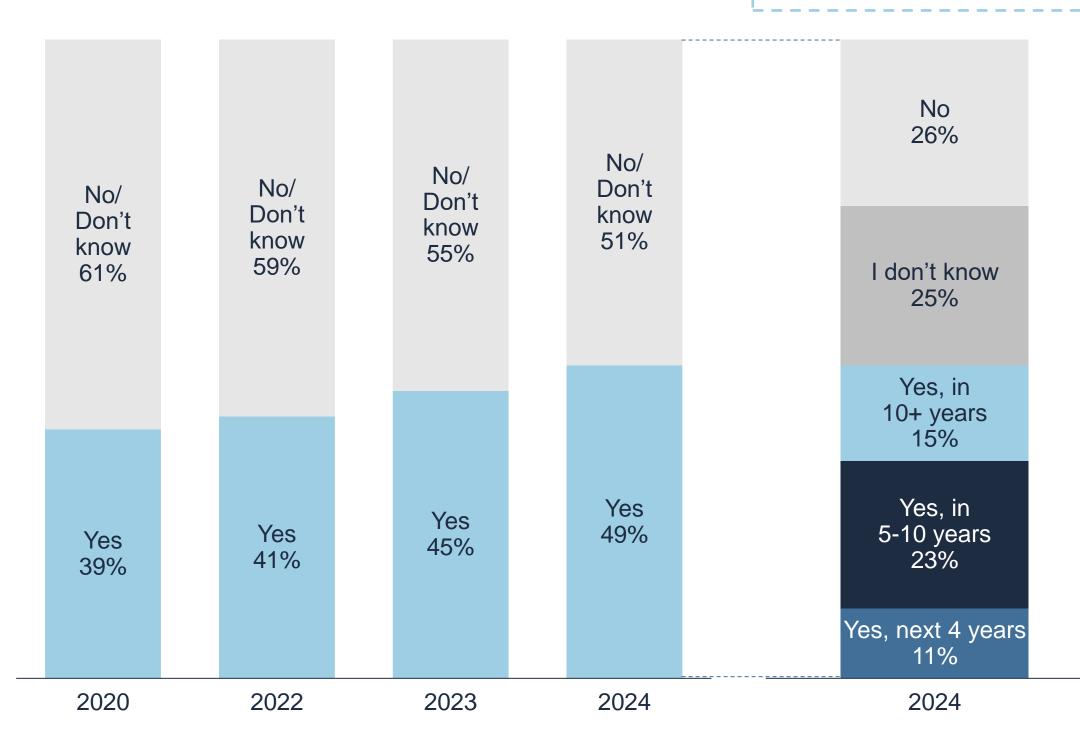


Sources: Preparo and Atlantico Survey 2024 (n=602); Preparo and Atlantico Survey 2023 (n=404); Atlantico Survey 2022 (n=279); Atlantico Survey 2020 (n=1,682)

Rising interest in entrepreneurship 2020-2024, % of respondents

Do you have plans to found a company in the future?

Students are adopting more conservative timelines: in 2022, 20% wanted to found companies in up to 4 years, and only 9% in 5-10 years







03 Everything, Everywhere, Allat Once

Avenida Paulista Towers in São Paulo, Braz





Tech Tectonics

Latin America remains at the forefront of digital adoption, boasting the highest e-commerce growth worldwide in the past year.

As AI uptake accelerates, talent and capital are fueling new and creative applications.

Meanwhile, digital creators became major forces of consumption, and WhatsApp has reached ubiquity across individuals and businesses alike.

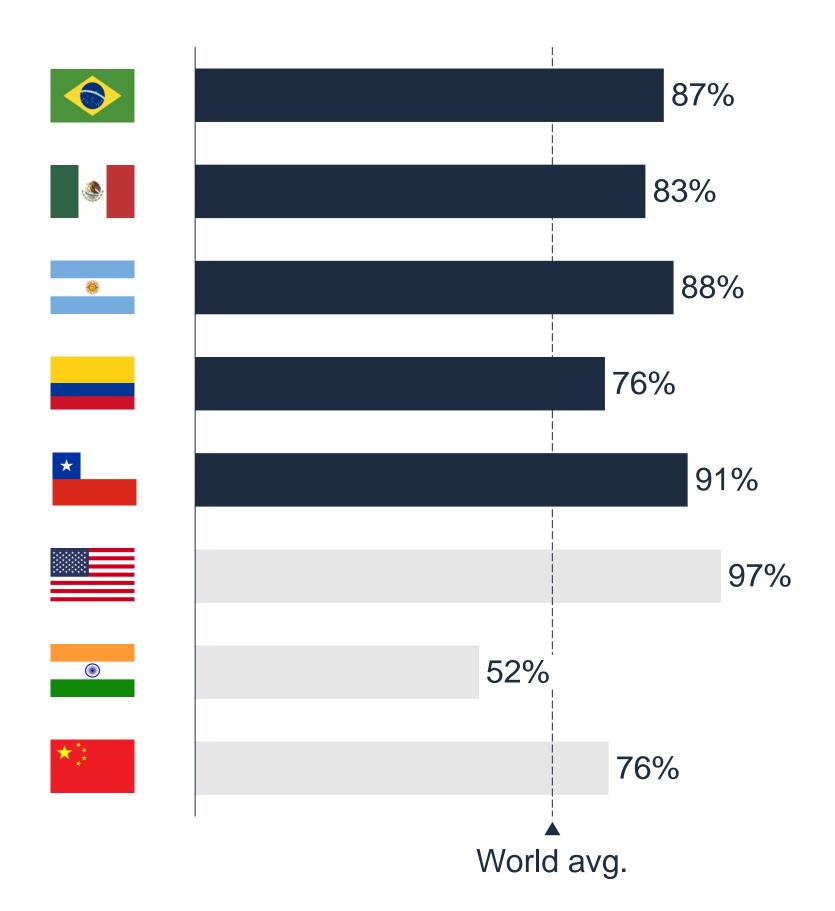
The next decade promises to be one of sweeping digital change: everything, everywhere, all at once.





Latin America has digitalization rates comparable to those of the US and China and ahead of other developing economies

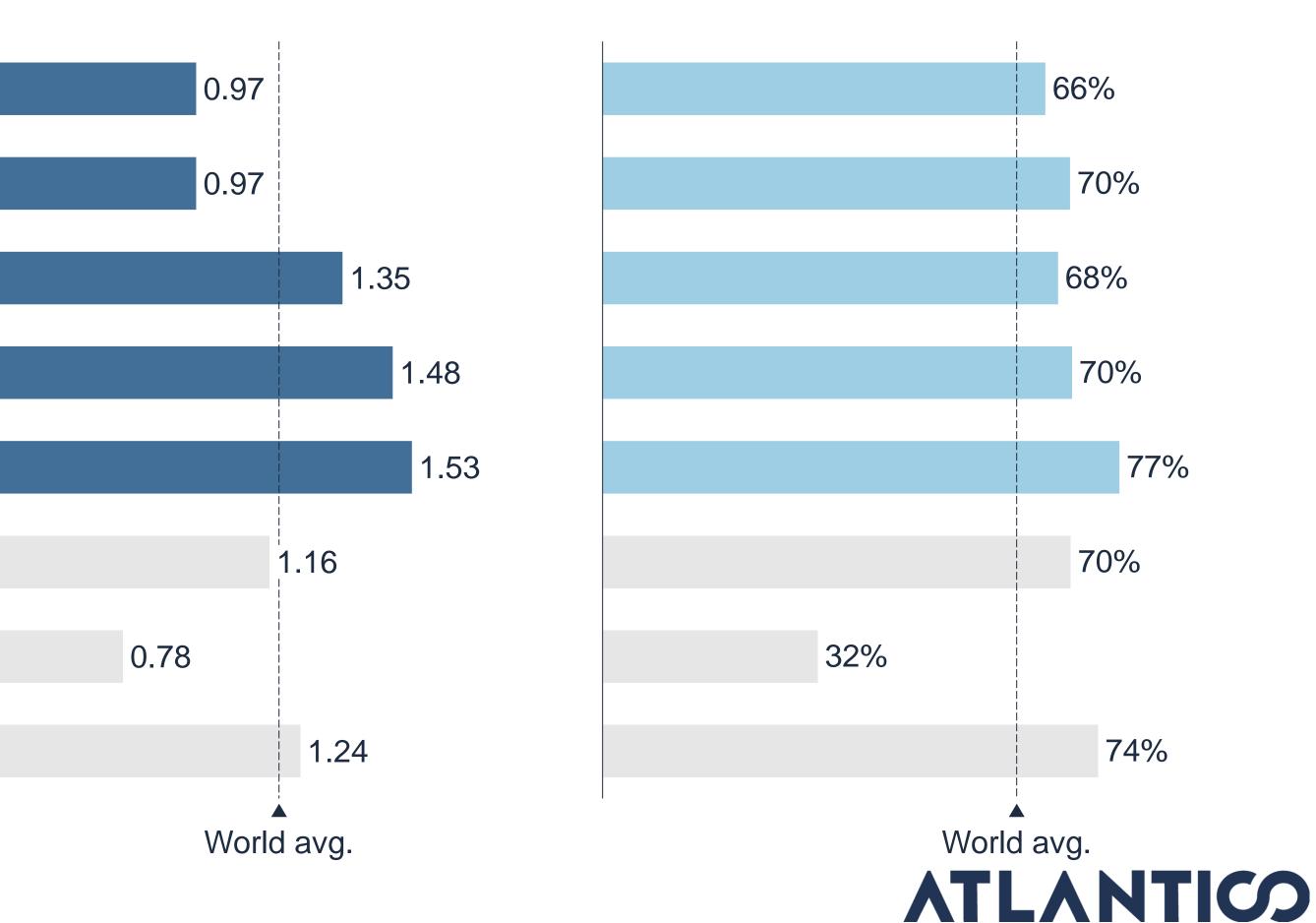
Internet penetration 2024, % of population 2024, per capita



55 Source: We Are Social DataReportal Digital 2024

Cellular mobile connections

Social media users 2024, % of population

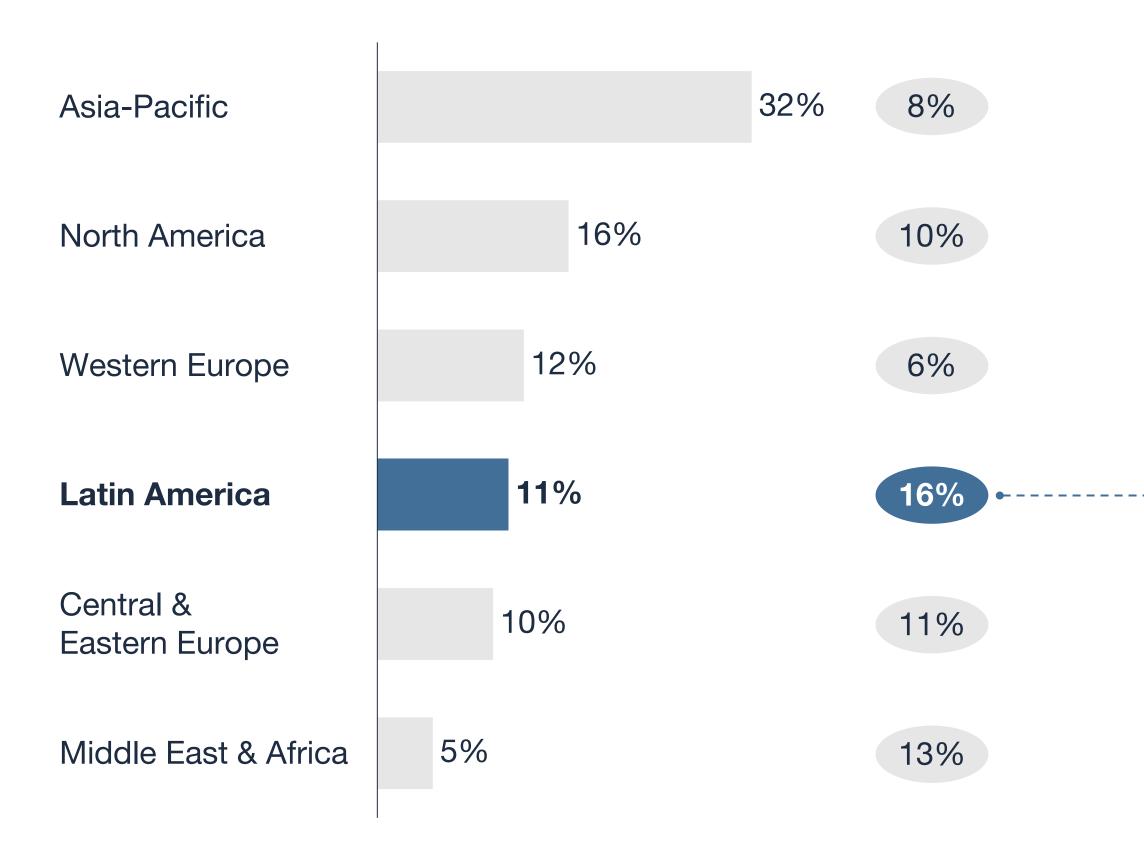


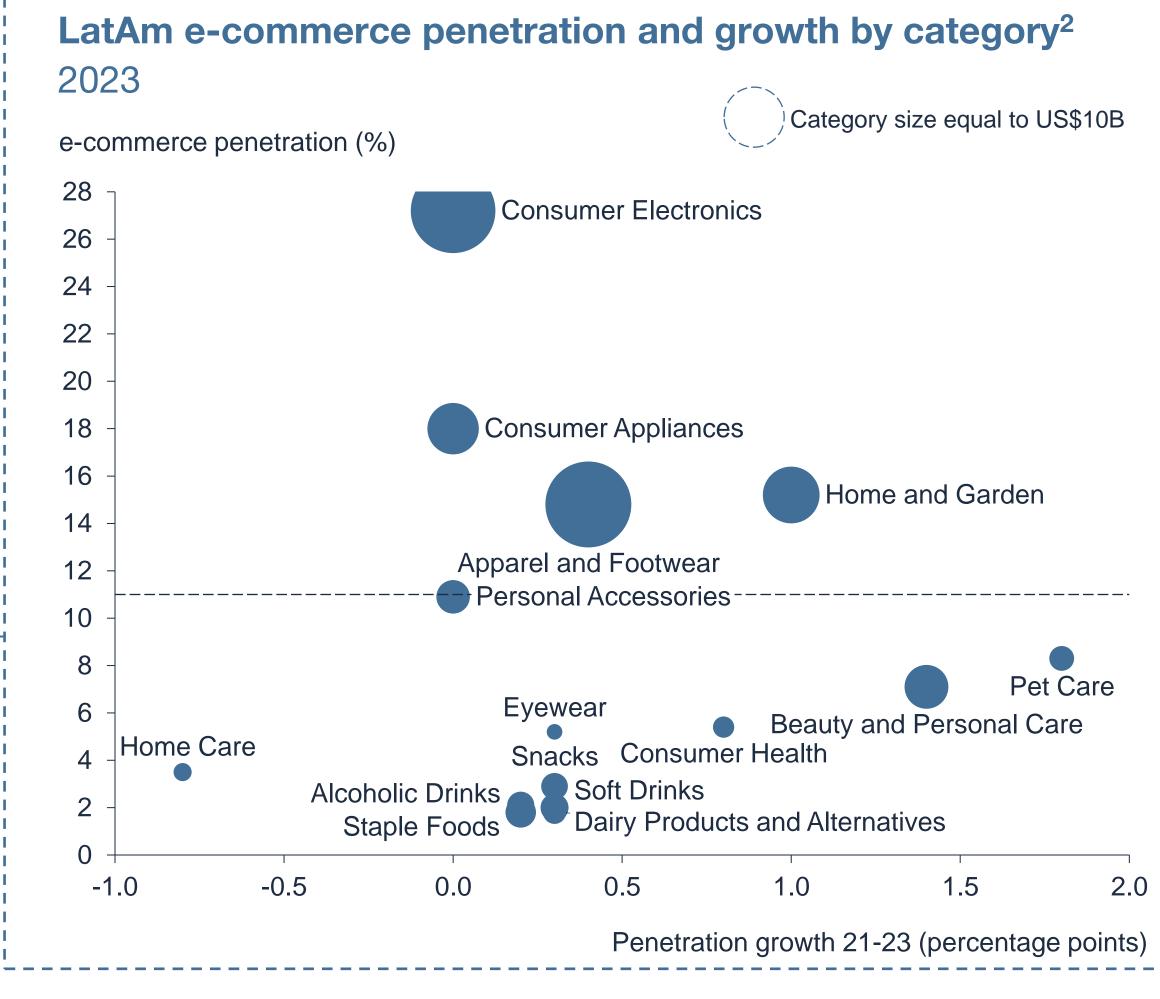


In the past year, LatAm saw the highest e-commerce growth, narrowing the gap with more developed regions

Retail e-commerce sales penetration¹ 2024, % of total retail sales

YoY growth e-commerce sales







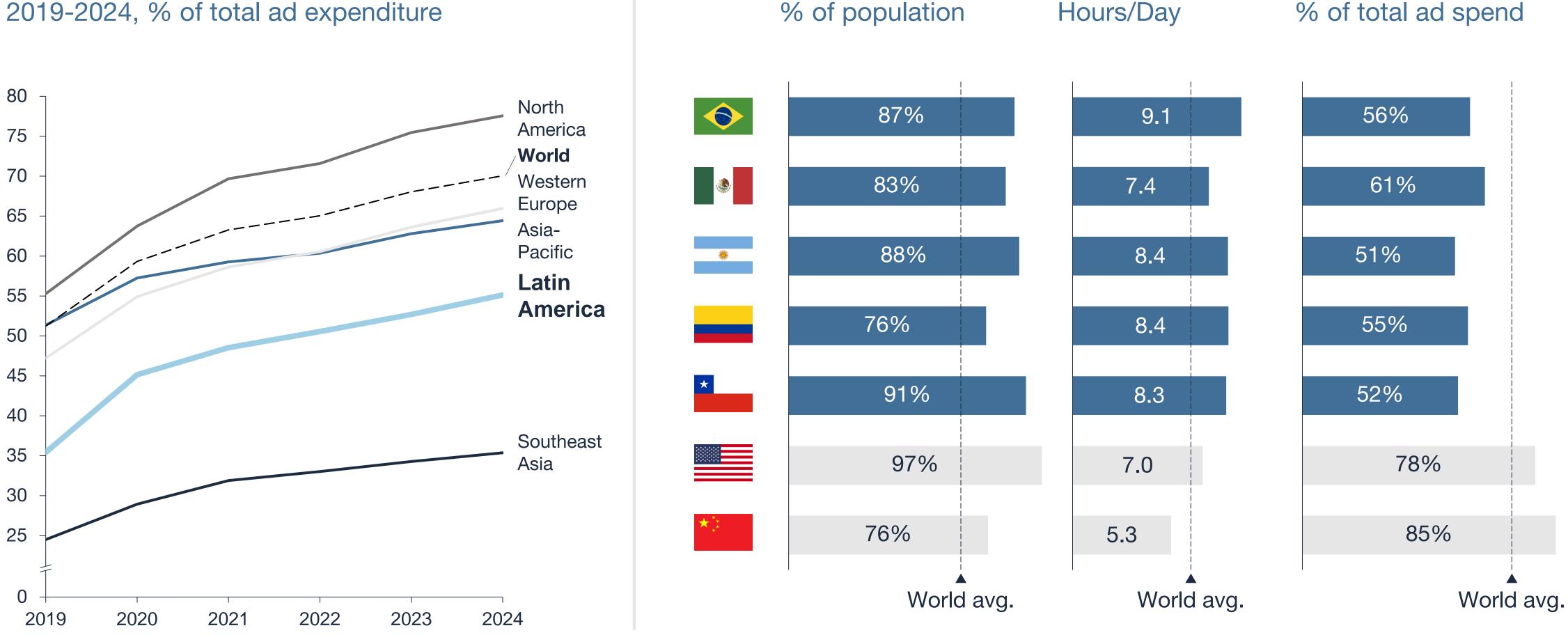




While digital ads penetration in LatAm is rising, it still lags that of the US and China, despite similar internet usage

Internet penetration² Time on internet²

Digital advertising spending penetration¹ 2019-2024, % of total ad expenditure





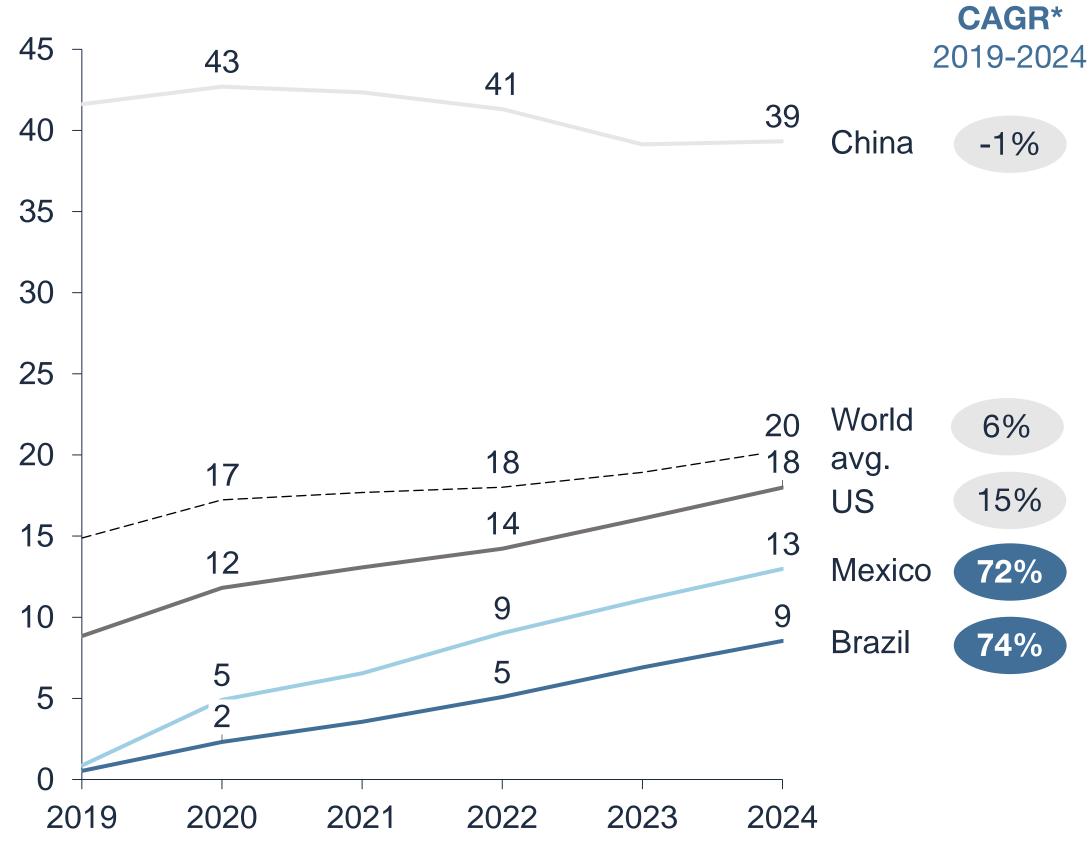
Digital ad penetration¹



Retail media relevance in Latin America is growing rapidly, with Mercado Libre and Amazon leading in spending share

Retail media ad spending penetration

2019-2024, % of total ad expenditure



Note: (*) Compound Annual Growth Rate Source: eMarketer Forecast

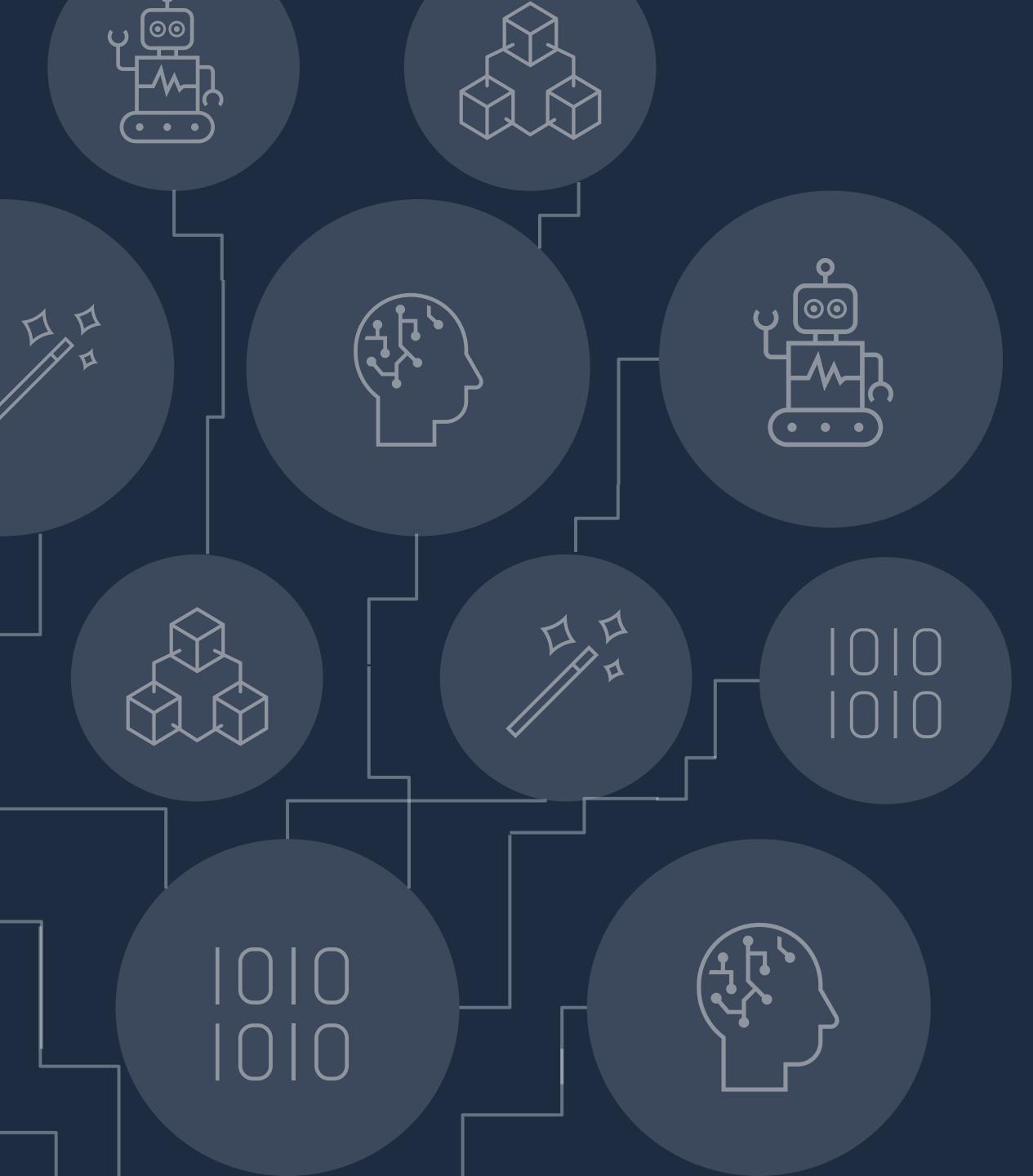
Retail media ad spending share by company 2019-2024, % of total ad expenditure

 				Mercado Lib	ore Amazo	on Other
	62%	63%	64%	65%	66%	67%
	22%	20%	17%	16%	13%	12%
I —	16%	17%	18%	19%	21%	21%
l l	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	27%	31%	35%	37%	39%	41%
	59%	54%	48%	45%	42%	39%
	15%	16%	17%	18%	19%	20%
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
	81%	81%	82%	80%	78%	77%
I I	19%	19%	18%	20%	22%	23%
 	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024





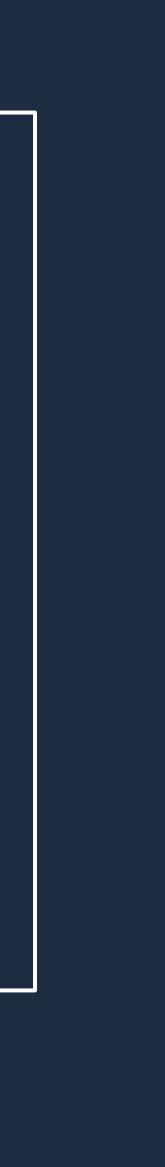




"Any sufficiently advanced technology is indistinguishable from magic"

- Arthur C. Clarke

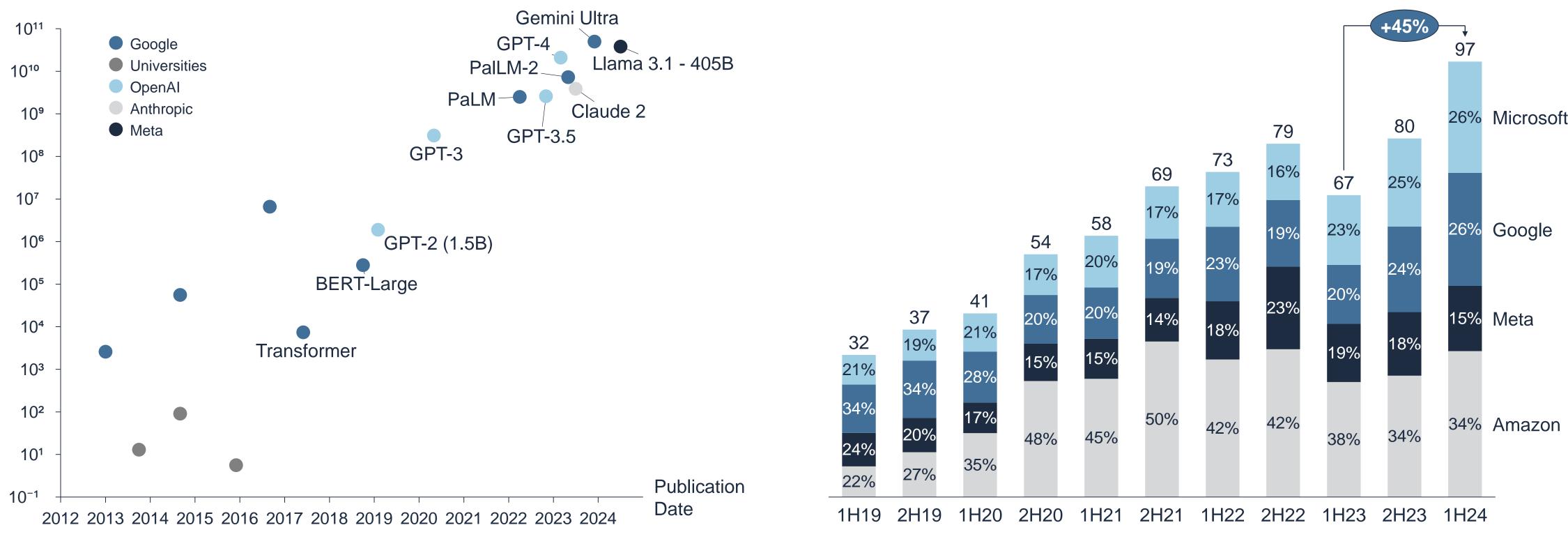






Al, the next digital paradigm, has continued to advance exponentially, with big techs ramping up investments

Training compute evolution for language models¹ Total petaFLOPs* used for training, log scale



Note: (*) a petaFLOP is a unit of computing speed equal to one quadrillion floating-point operations per second Sources: (1) Epoch AI; (2) Companies Data

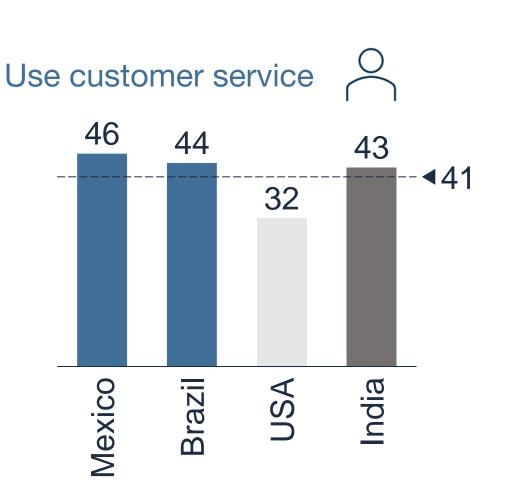
CAPEX evolution in AI model-developing Big Techs² US\$B





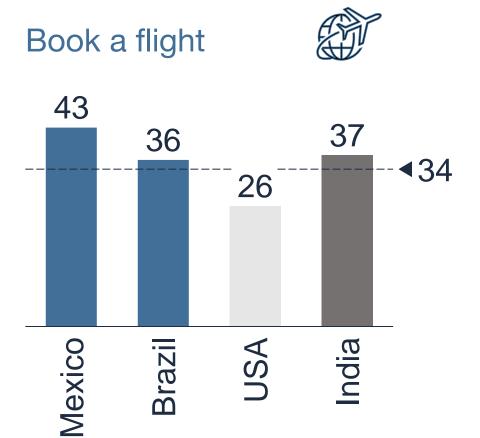


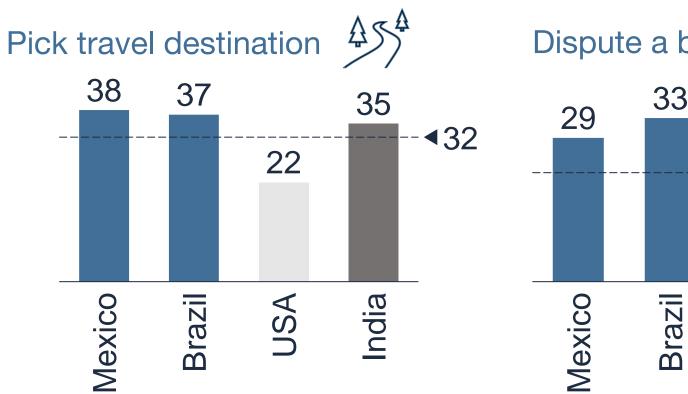
Latin American citizens are willing to experiment with AI, with a more positive perception compared to most regions

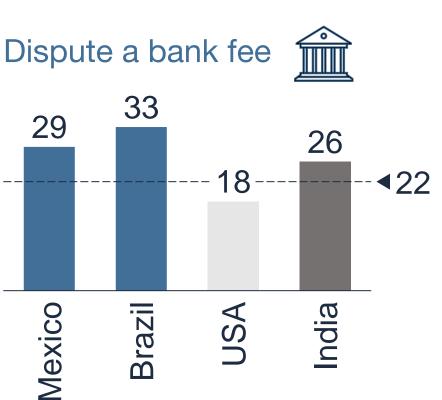


2023, % of respondents

Willingness to use AI for selected activities

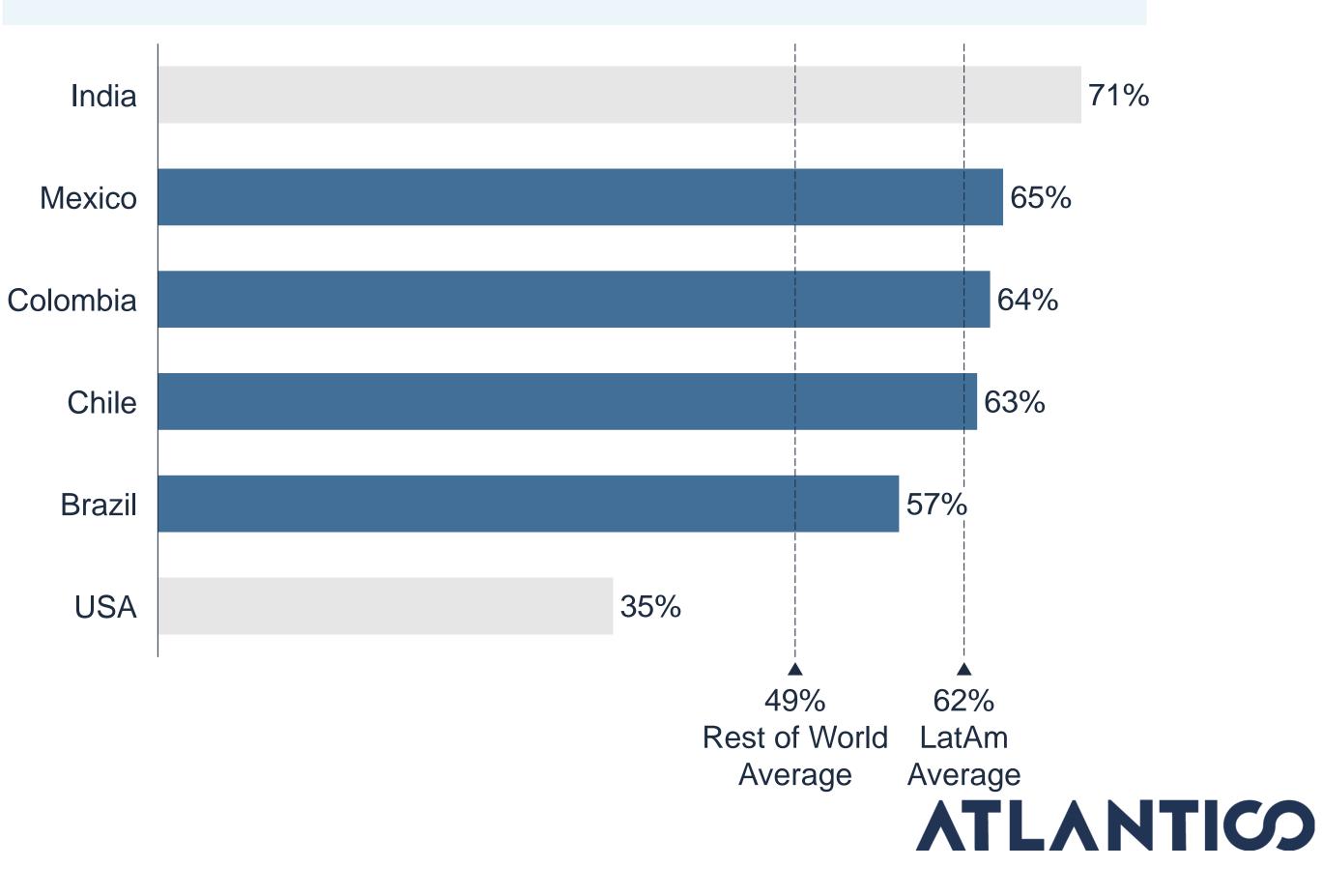






Public perception on AI benefits and drawbacks 2023, % of respondents who agree with statement

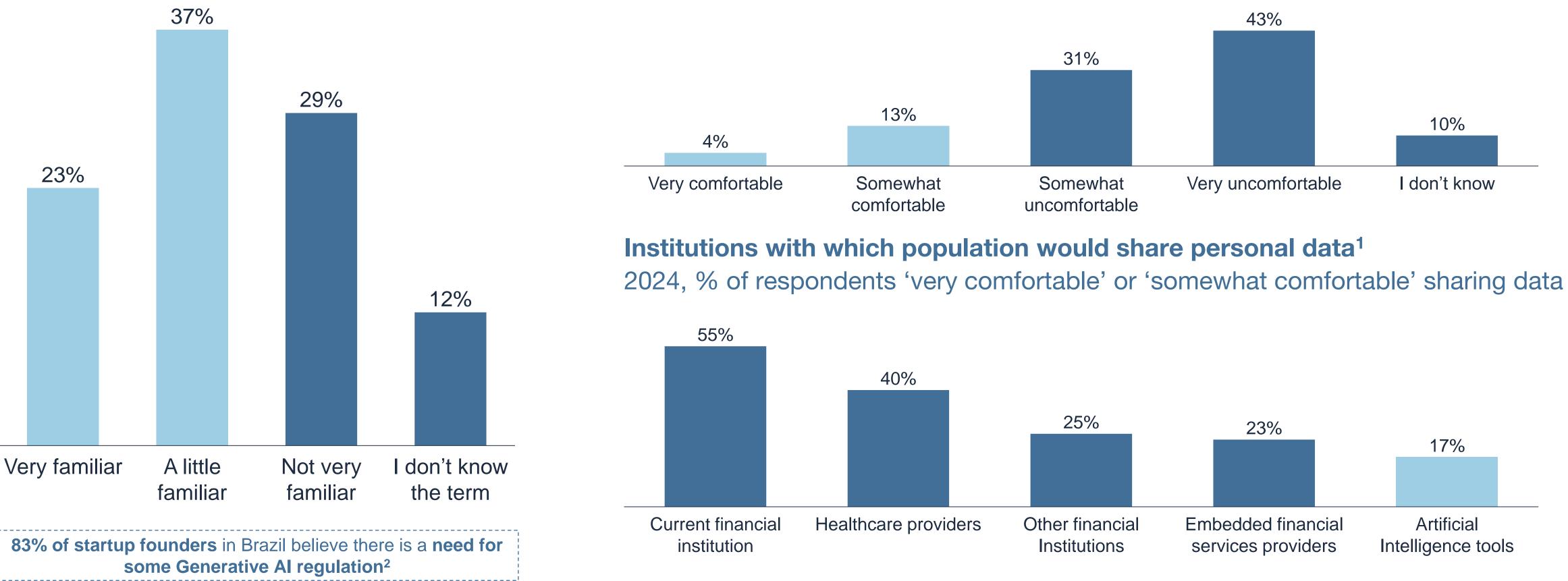
Products and services using AI have more benefits than drawbacks





Yet, low levels of awareness and lack of openness to share personal data pose a challenge for further AI use in Brazil





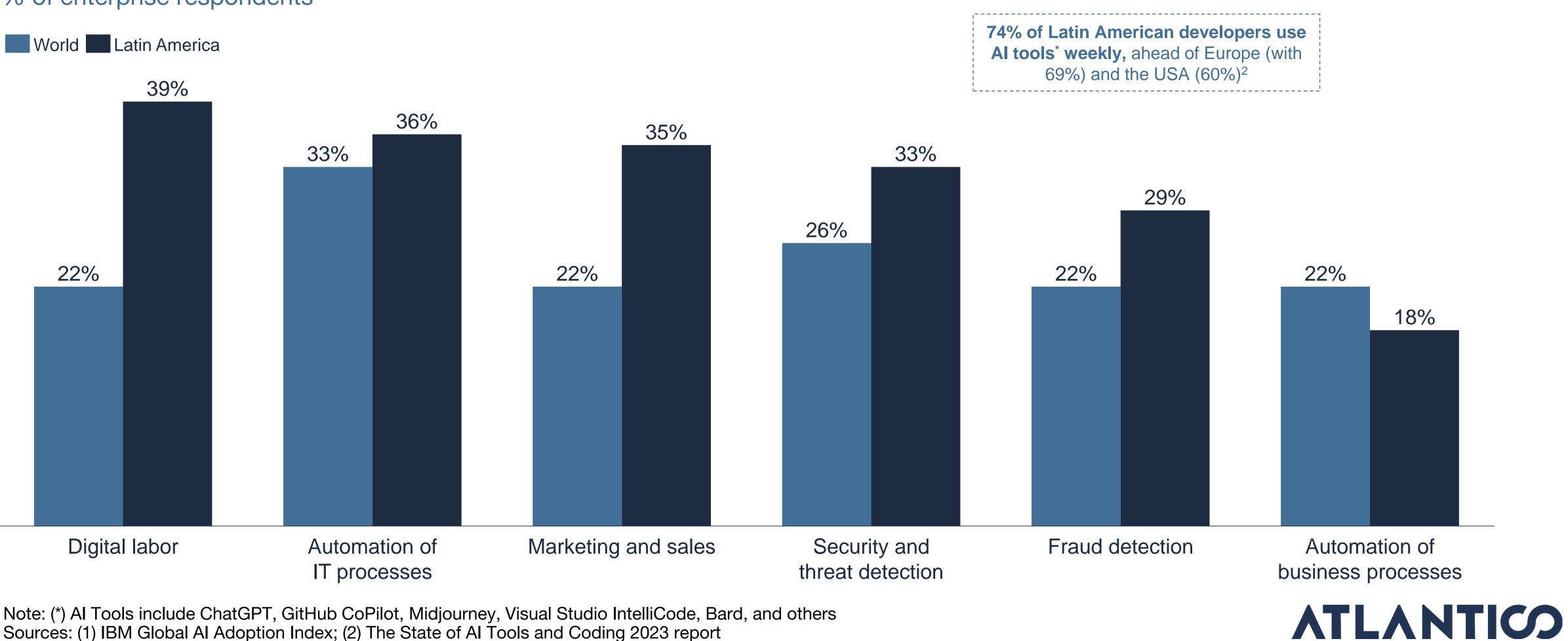
Sources: (1) Atlantico and AtlasIntel survey, (2) Google for Startups GenAl Report

Population willingness to share personal data with AI tools¹ 2024, % of respondents



Latin American tech communities have been using Artificial Intelligence tools at a higher rate than the global average

Enterprise adoption of Artificial Intelligence use cases¹ % of enterprise respondents

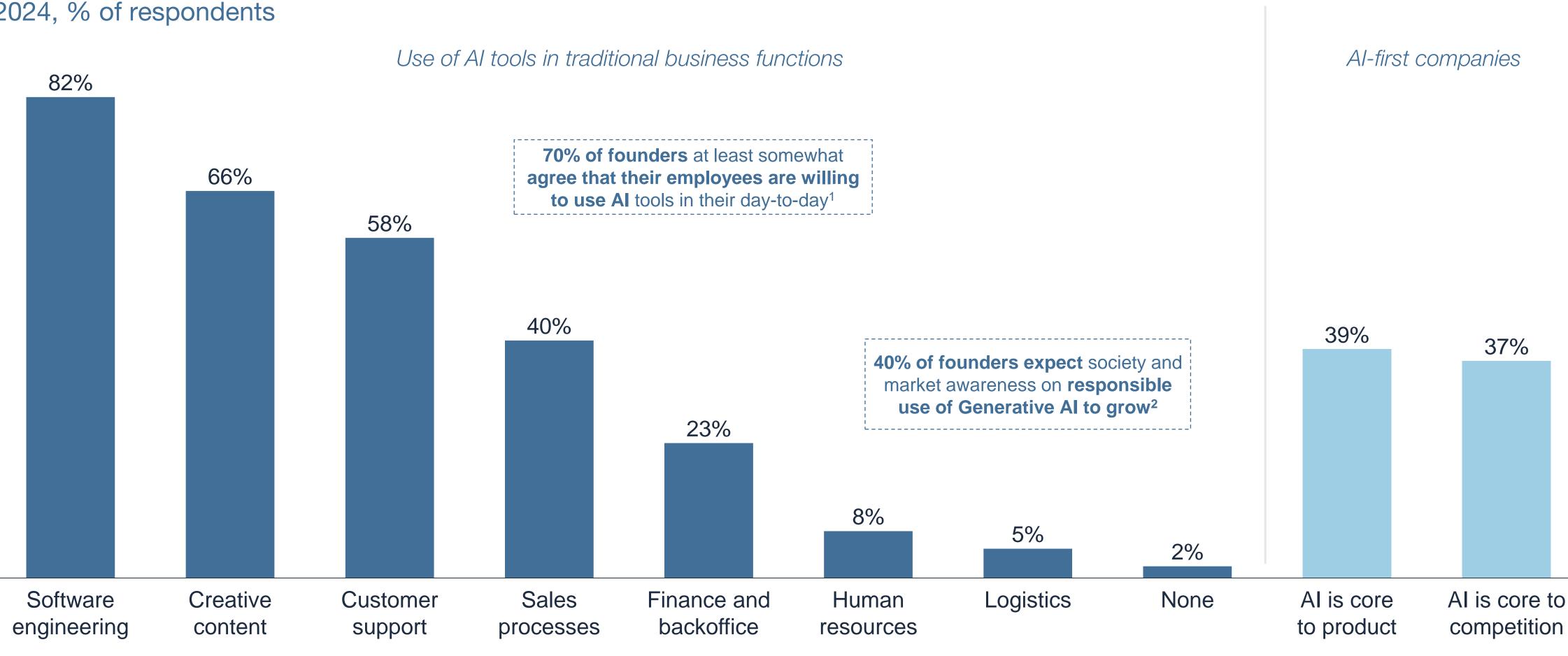


Sources: (1) IBM Global AI Adoption Index; (2) The State of AI Tools and Coding 2023 report



Most LatAm founders are leveraging Al for operational efficiency, while ~40% made it a core part of their business

Al tool adoption by business use case¹ 2024, % of respondents

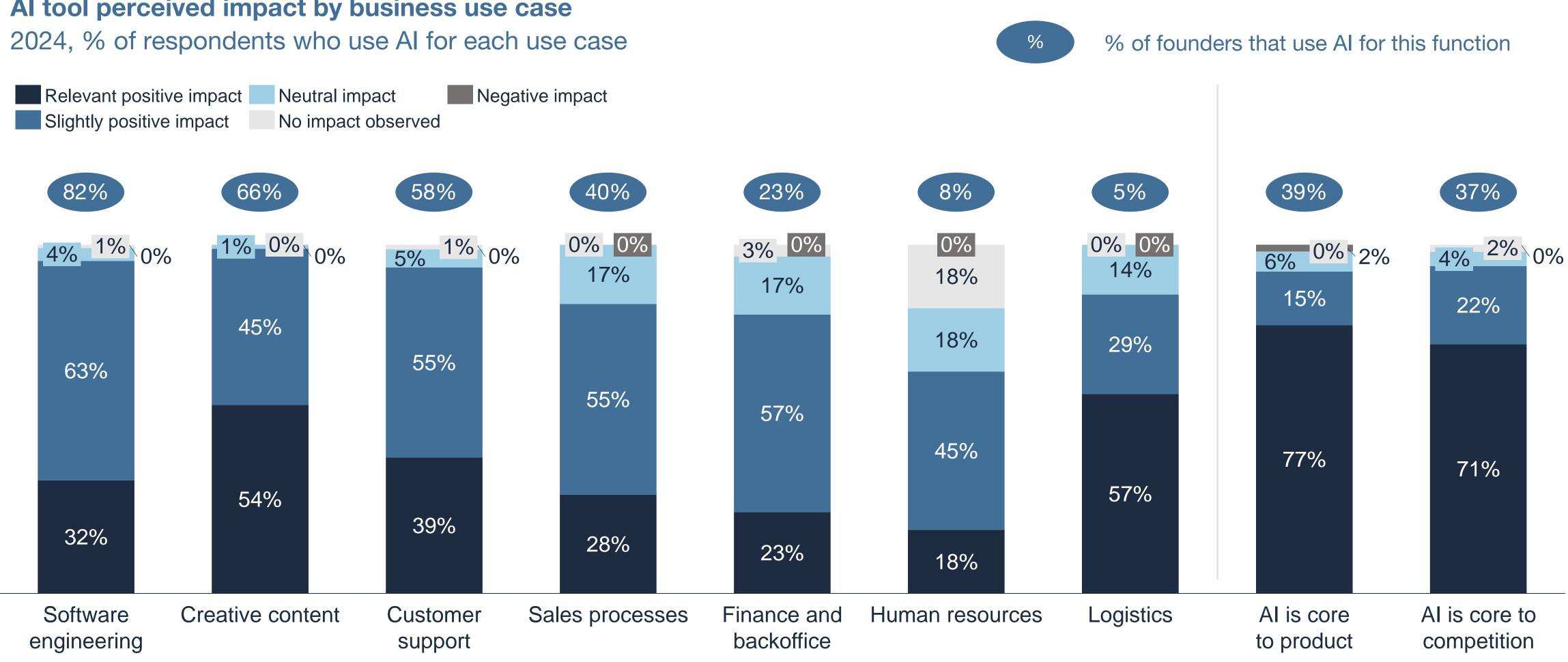






Founders in the region don't always perceive the most frequently adopted AI initiatives as the most impactful

Al tool perceived impact by business use case

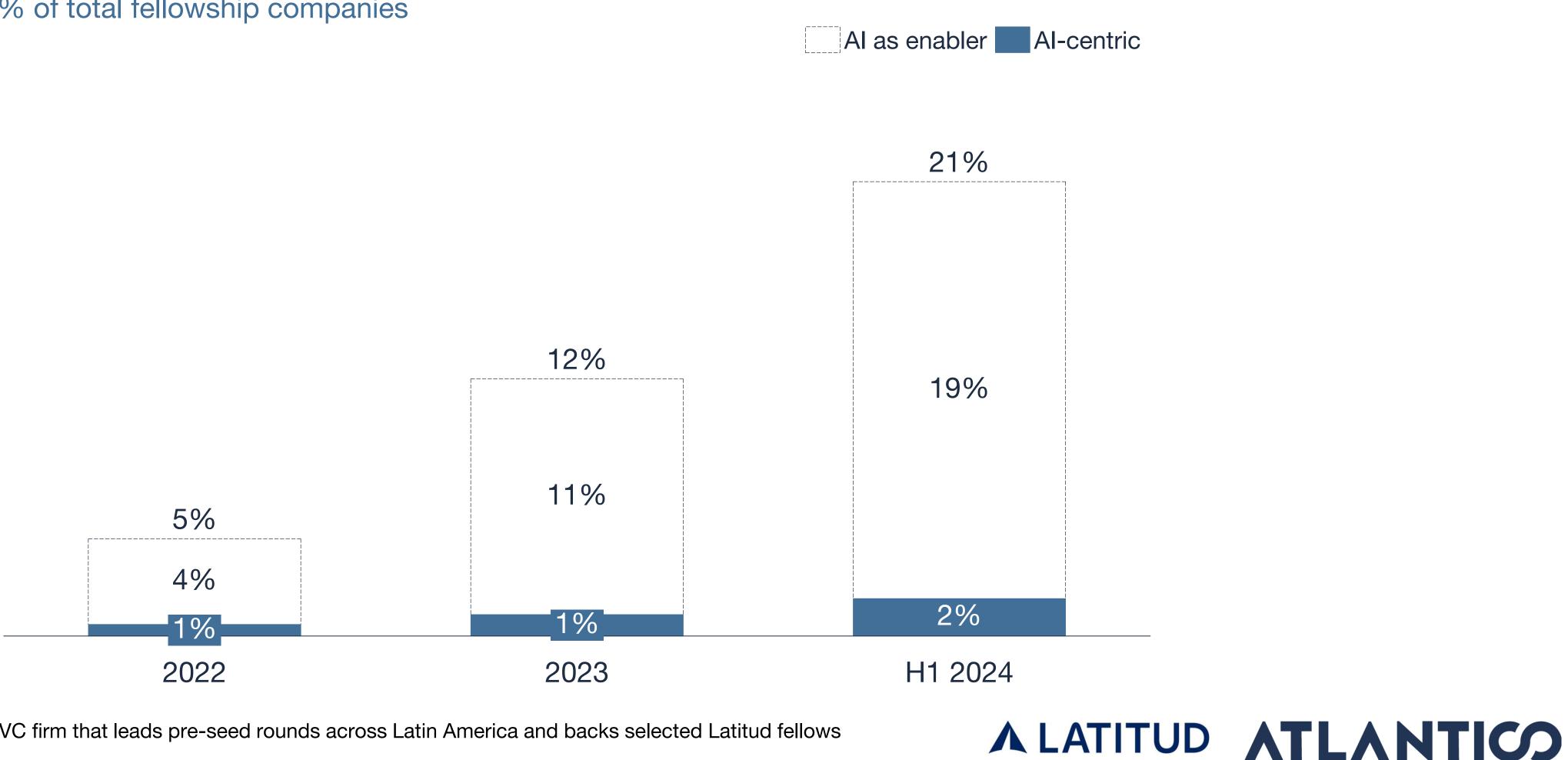






Artificial Intelligence acts as a central or enabling factor for 1 in every 5 new companies getting funded in Latin America

Latitud AI fellowships % of total fellowship companies

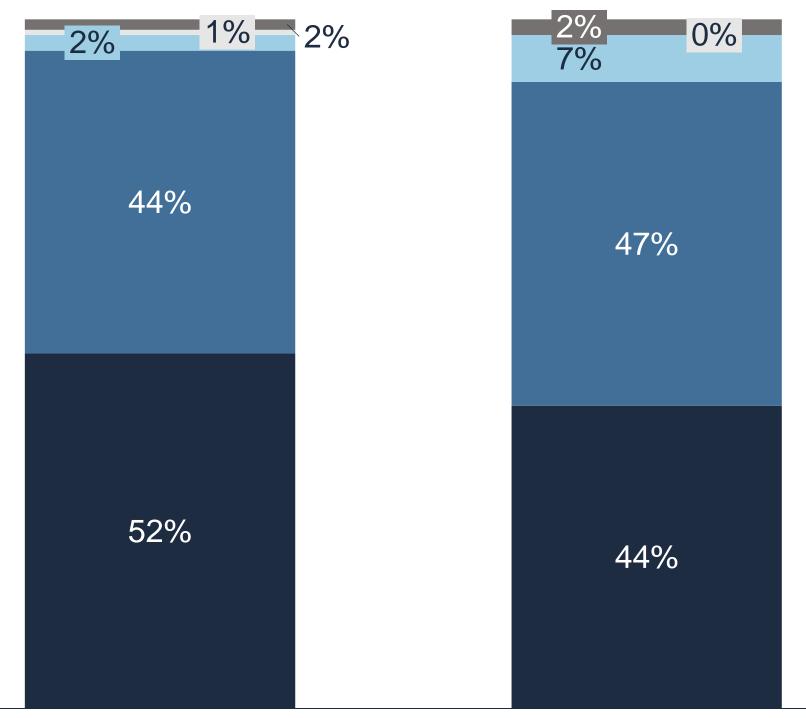


Note: Latitud Ventures is the VC firm that leads pre-seed rounds across Latin America and backs selected Latitud fellows Source: Latitud internal data



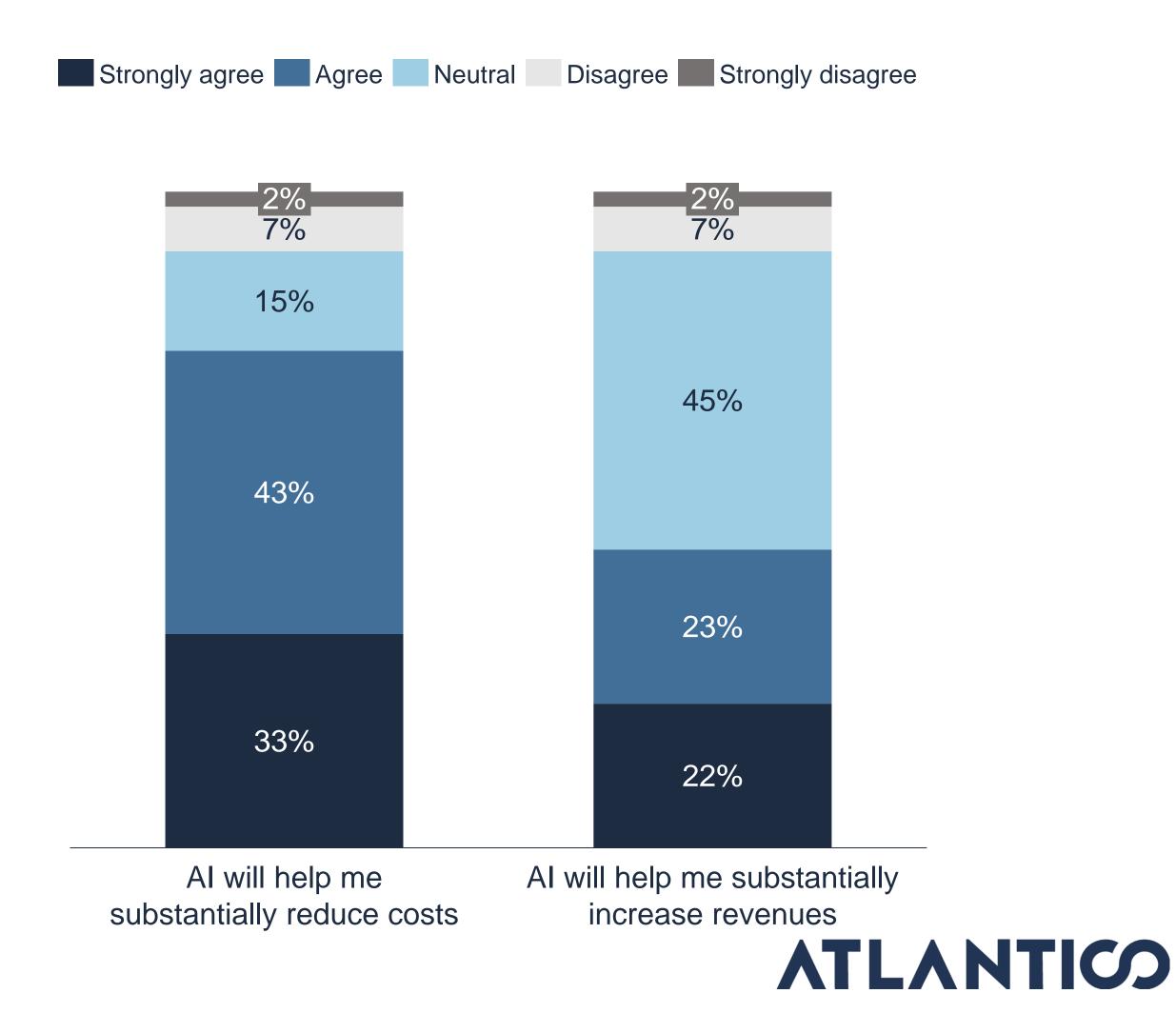
Founders believe in Al's overall transformative power, but remain uncertain on how it will directly impact businesses

Founders who agree with statements about Al 2024, % of respondents



AI will be a transformative force for businesses

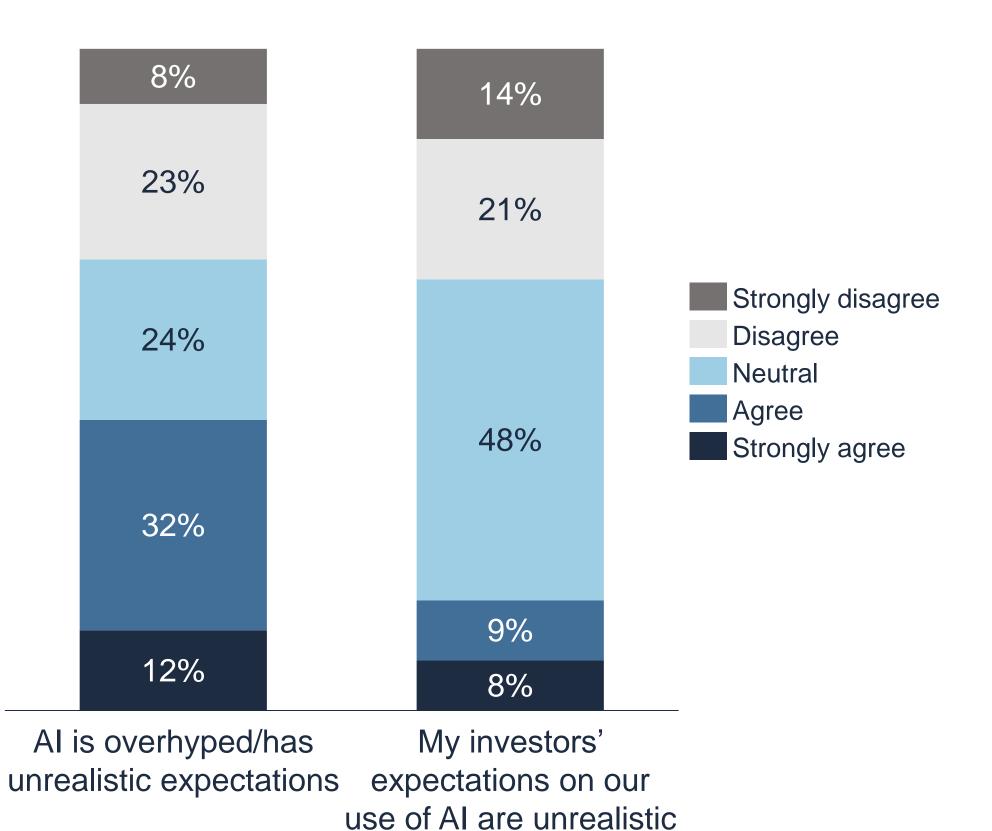
Al will be a transformative force for society





Most founders believe that market and investor expectations around the impact of AI exceed reality

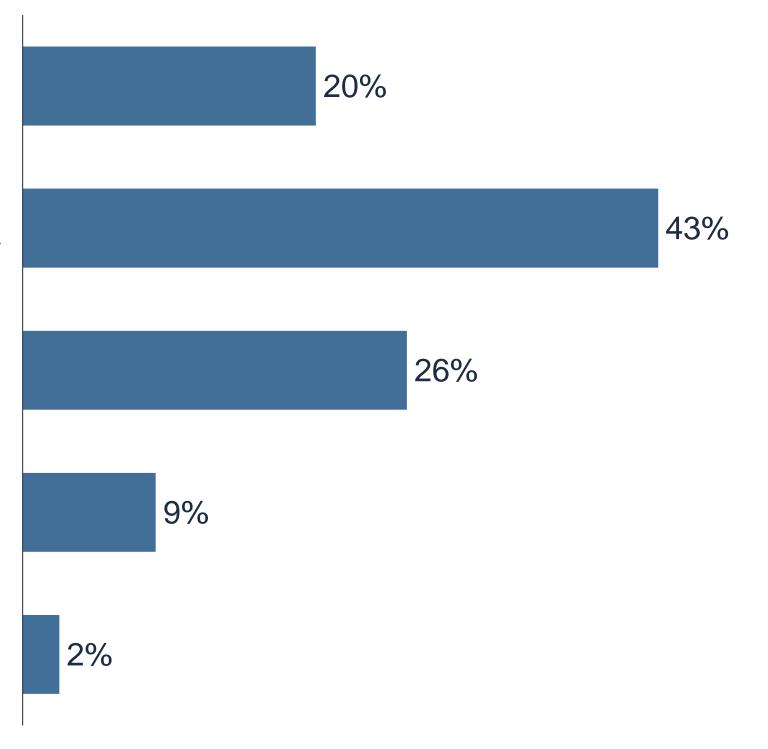
Founders who agree with statements about Al 2024, % of respondents



Source: Atlantico and AtlasIntel Survey

Founders perception on AI market expectations 2024, % of respondents

- Market expectations are much higher than the actual reality
- Market expectations are higher than the actual reality
- Market expectations are in line with the actual reality
- Market expectations are below the actual reality
- Market expectations are significantly below the actual reality



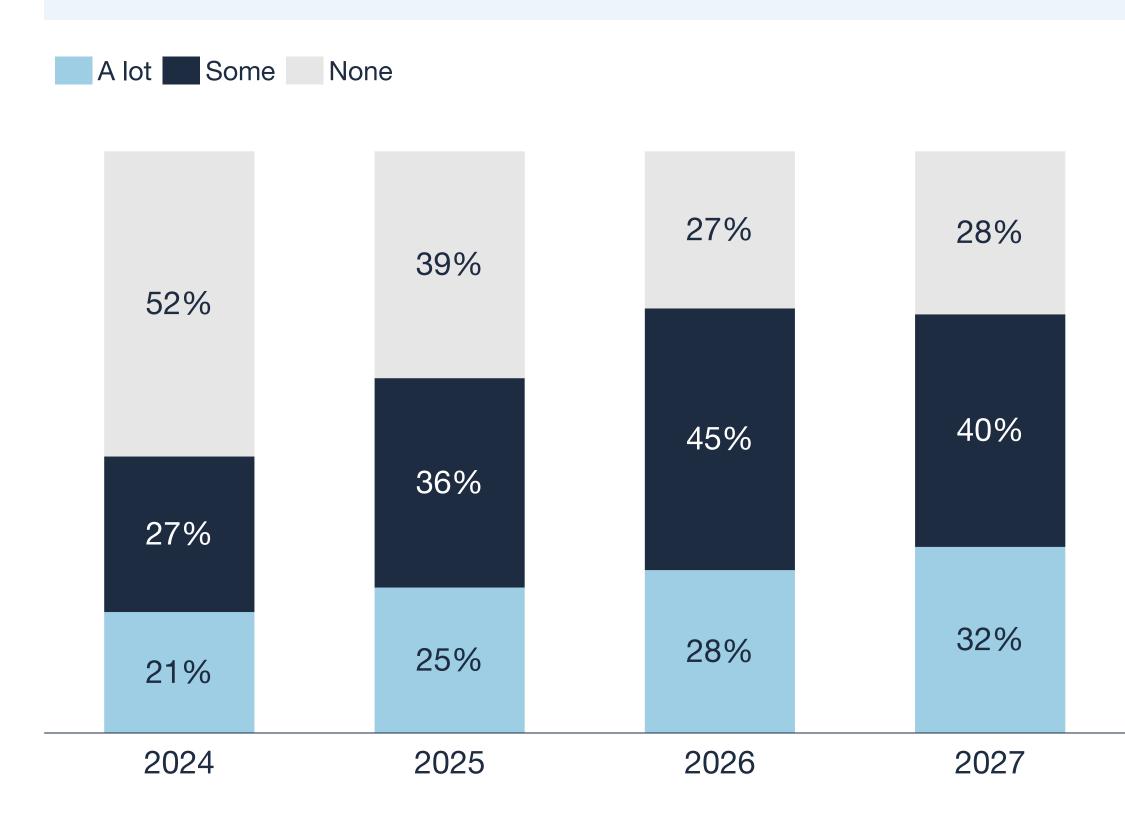




Al has been top of mind for many incoming undergraduate students when thinking about their careers

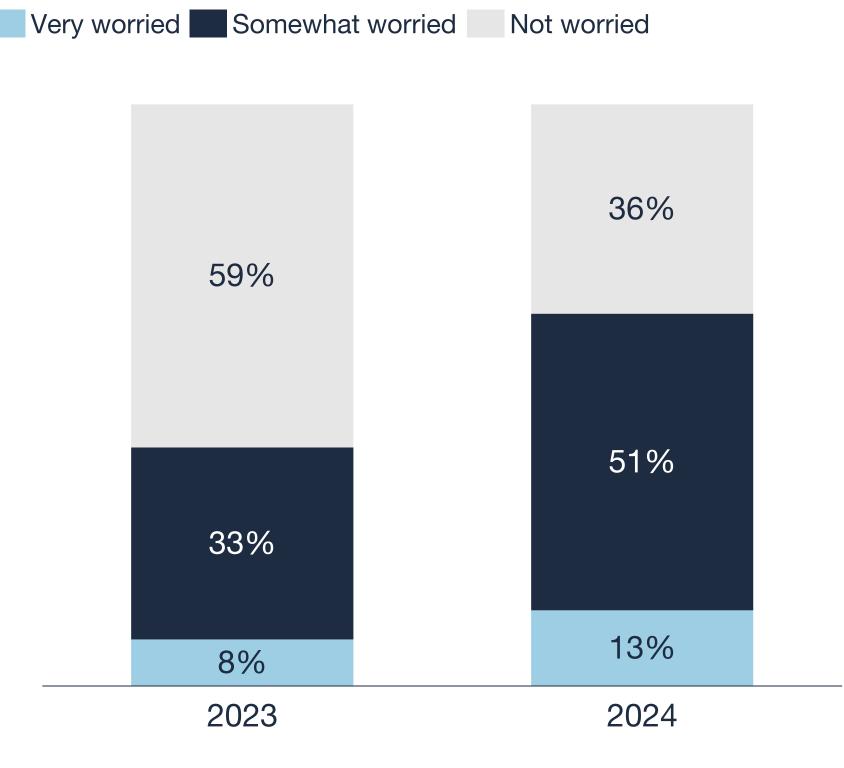
Al Impact on undergraduates' major choice 2024, % of students by graduation year

What impact have recent advances in AI had on your choice of major?



Concerns about the impact of AI on career¹ 2023 vs. 2024, % of students

To what extent are you concerned about the implications that Artificial Intelligence will have on your career?







Al-related discussions online continue to grow, mostly related to Technology, Financial Services, and Education

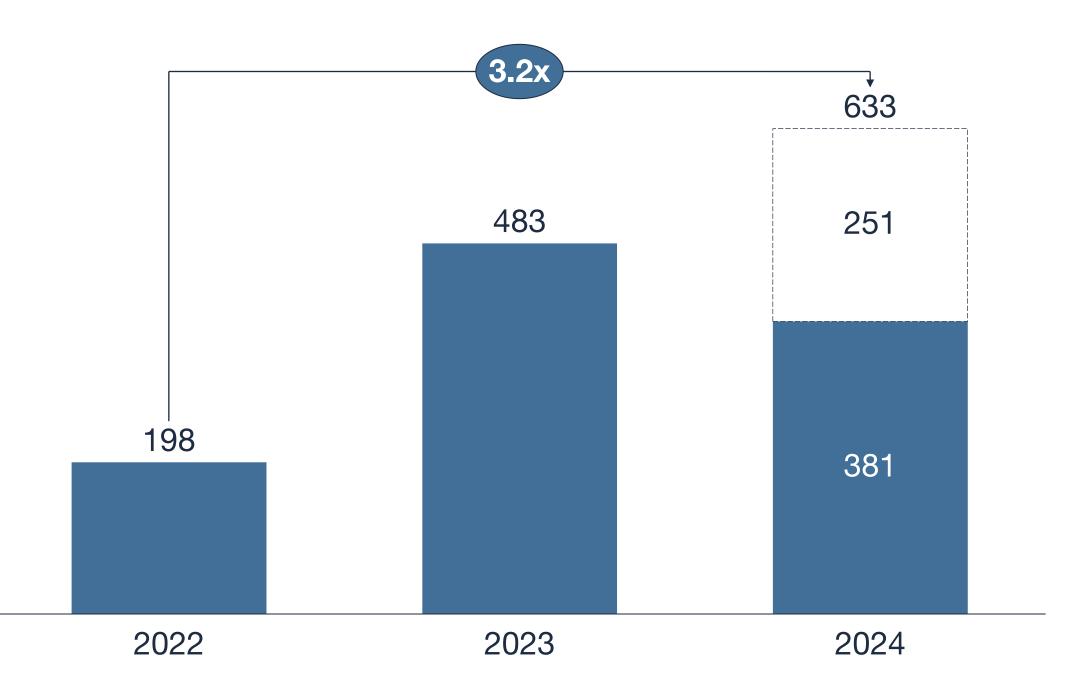


Stilingue is an Al-powered platform that provides real-time data analysis from digital conversations, helping STILINGUE companies monitor trends and online discussions across social media, news outlets, and other digital sources

Number of Al-related discussions online

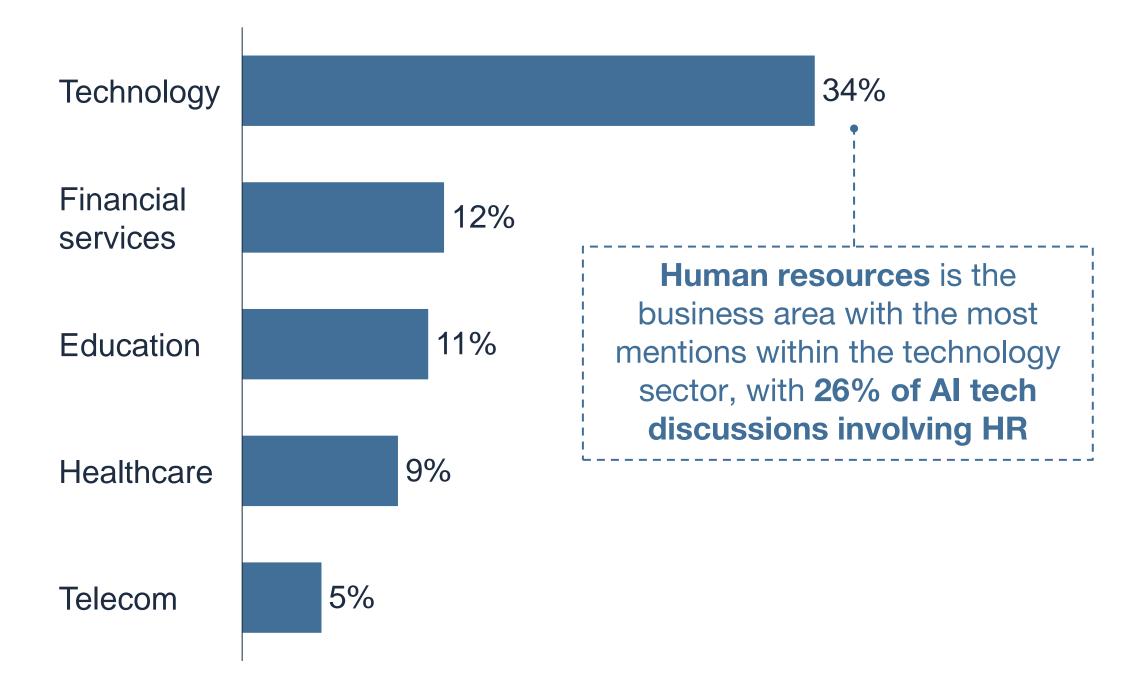
Jan 2022 - Aug 2024, Millions of posts

Al posts Forecast*



Note: (*) Annualized forecast using year-to-date data as of August 9th, 2024 Source: Stilingue by Blip – Analysis from news portals, blogs, and social media (Twitter, Facebook, Instagram), January 2022 to August 2024

Distribution of AI-related discussions online by sector Jan 2022 - Aug 2024, % of discussions





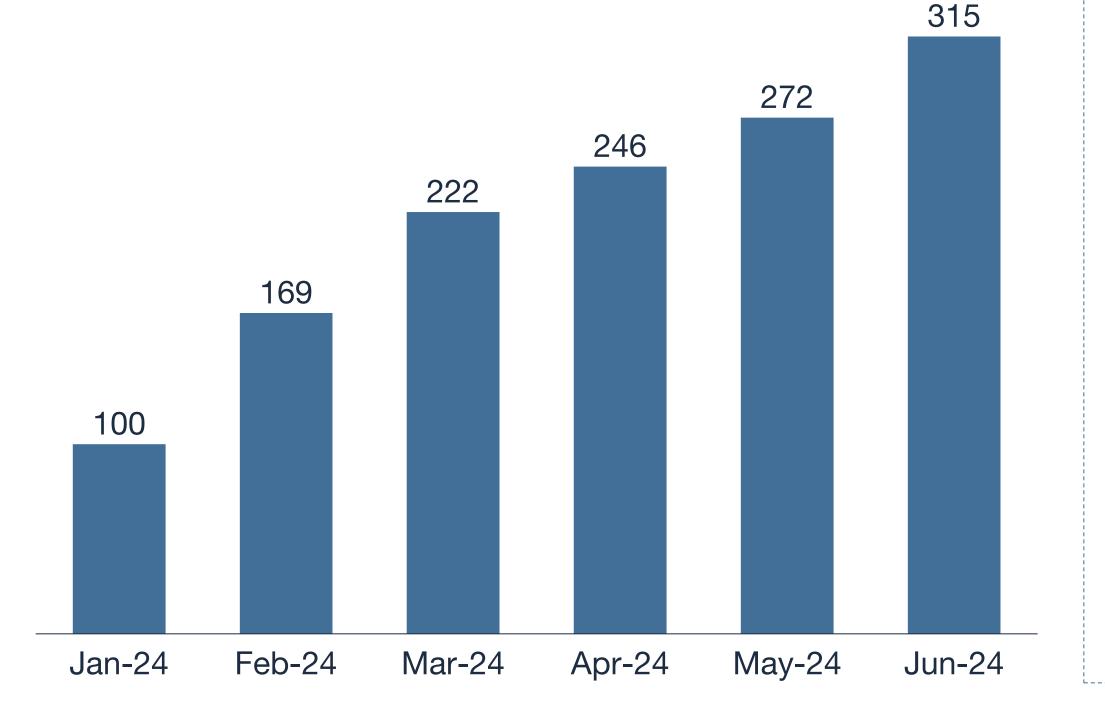


Through its Al lawyer, Talisman empowers enterprises to answer lawsuits more quickly and assertively

Talisman Al

Talisman Al uses artificial intelligence to provide hyper-customized lawsuit answers at scale. Its Al models perform exhaustive and detailed analysis of evidence, generate lawsuit responses in seconds and identify nuisance or fraudulent claims

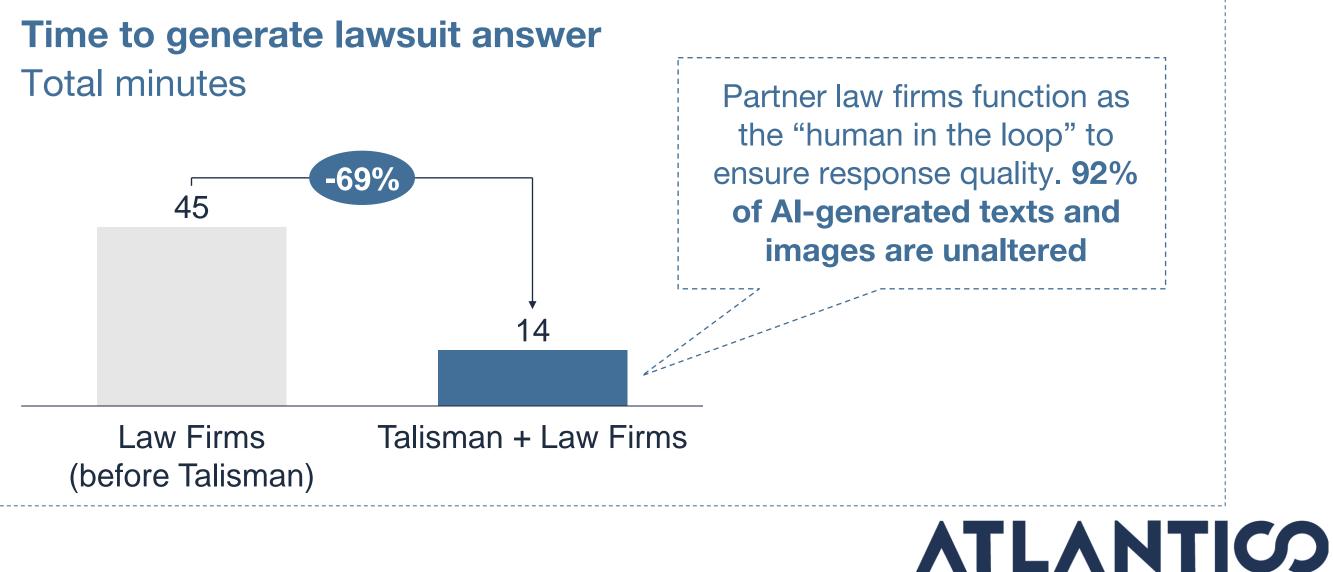
Volume of lawsuit answers written by Talisman's Al Indexed Jan 2024 = 100

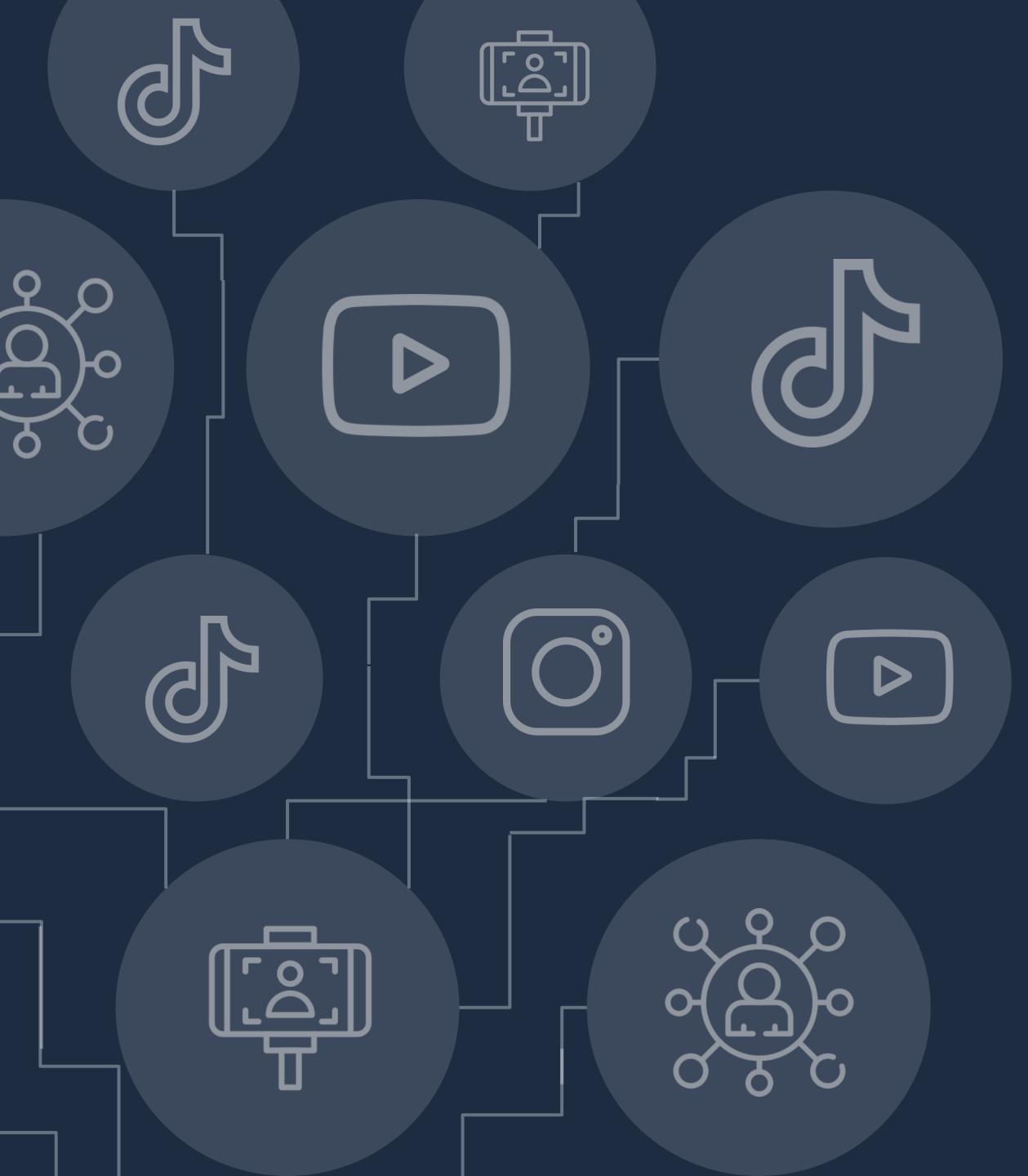


Lawsuit responses for a publicly-traded bank in Brazil

Talisman's AI analyzes the bank's internal documents and proposes the best responses, which are validated by the bank's 11 partner law firms

Over 2,000 lawsuit answers were generated, with a 15% increase in lawsuit win rate and a 35% reduction in total time spent per lawsuit





"In the future everyone will be world famous for 15 minutes"

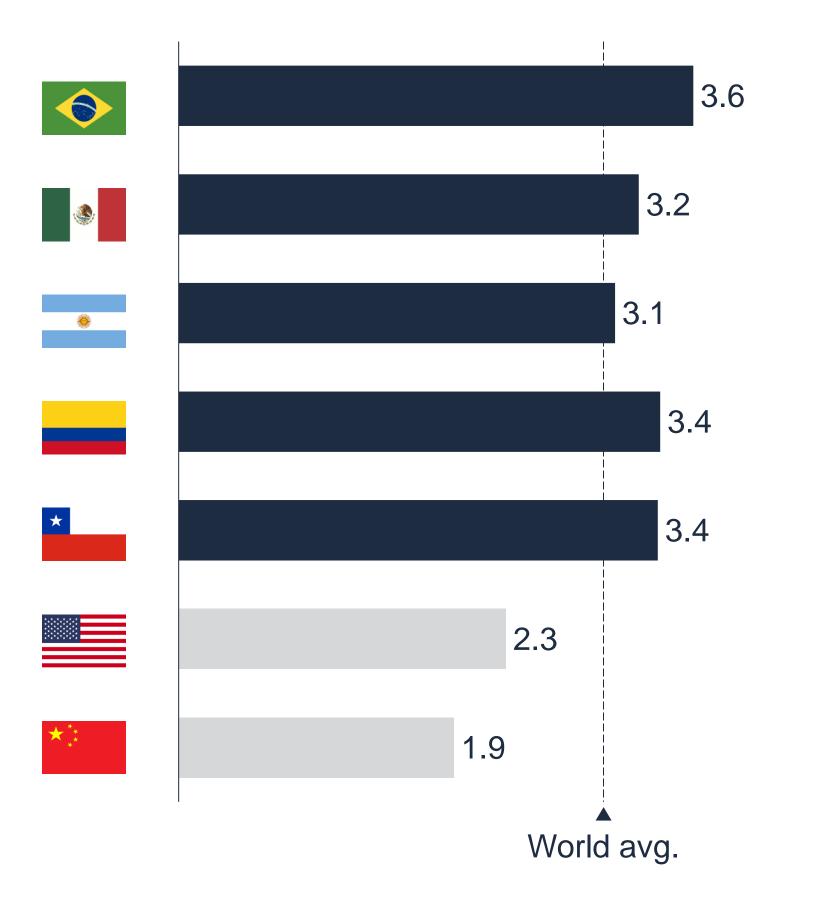
- Andy Warhol

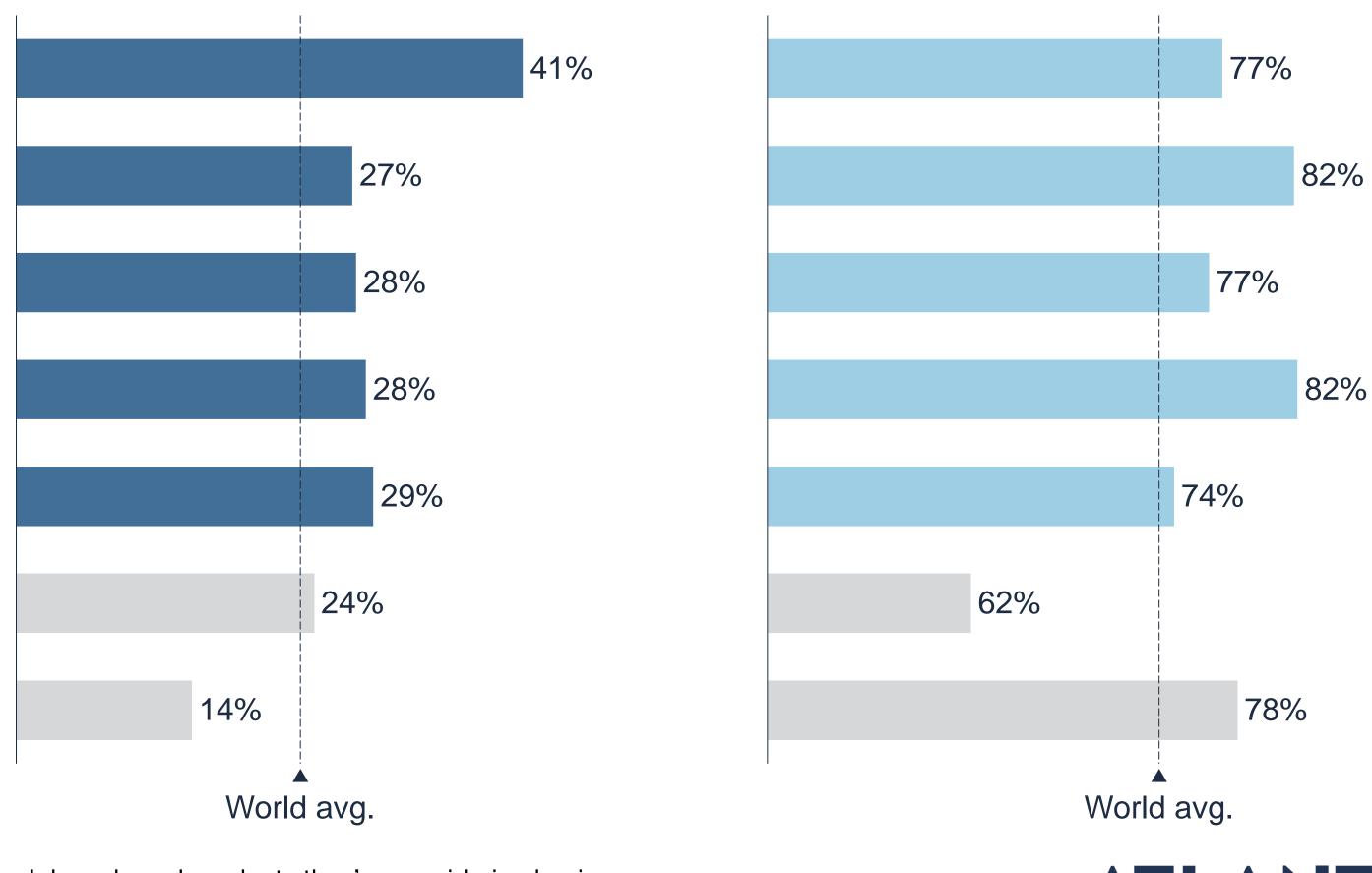




Latin Americans lead in social media usage, particularly for following influencers and researching potential purchases

Average time spent on social media 2024, hours per day





Note: (*) Percentage of social media users who use social media to research brands and products they're considering buying Source: We Are Social DataReportal Digital 2024 (broad survey of internet users aged 16 to 64)

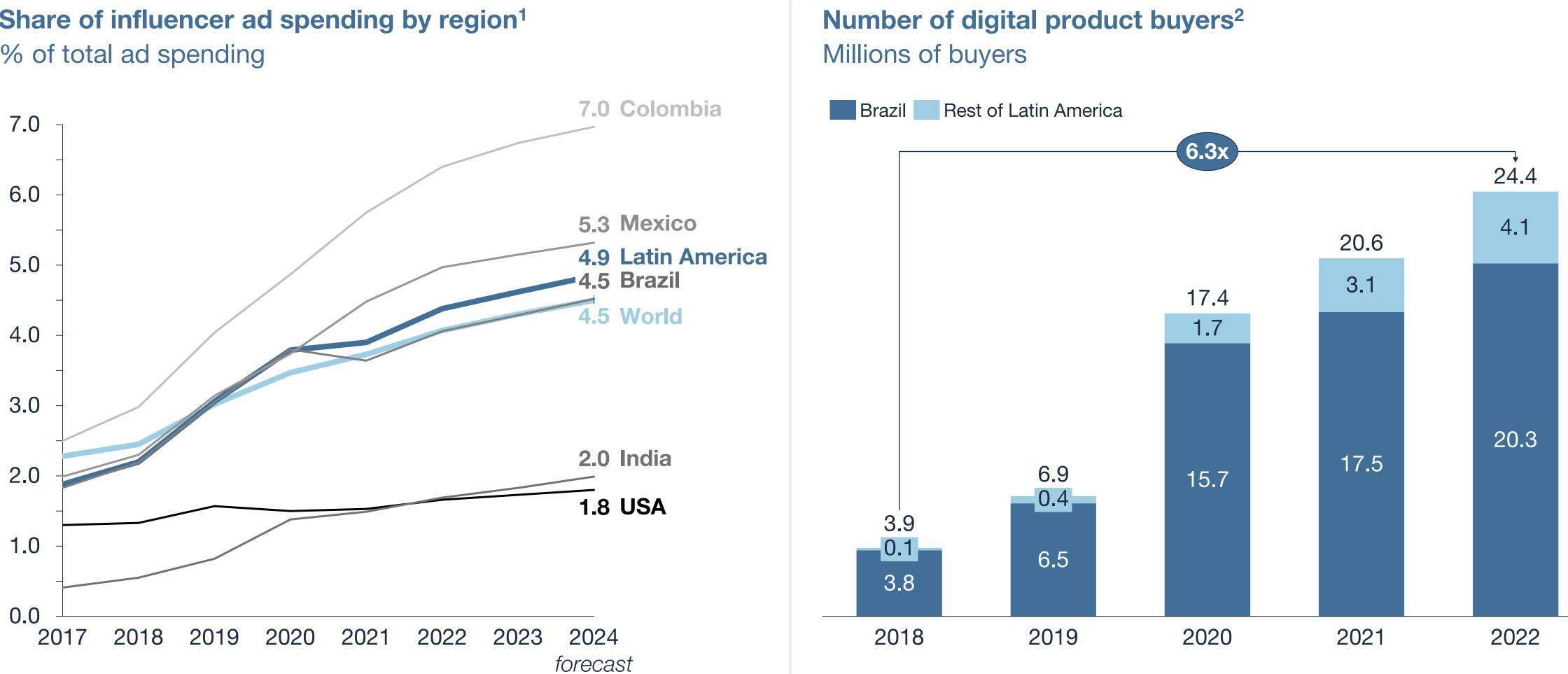
Population following influencers 2024, % of social media users

Social media for brand research* 2024, % of internet users



Influencer marketing spend has massively accelerated in the region, along with growing demand for digital products

Share of influencer ad spending by region¹ % of total ad spending

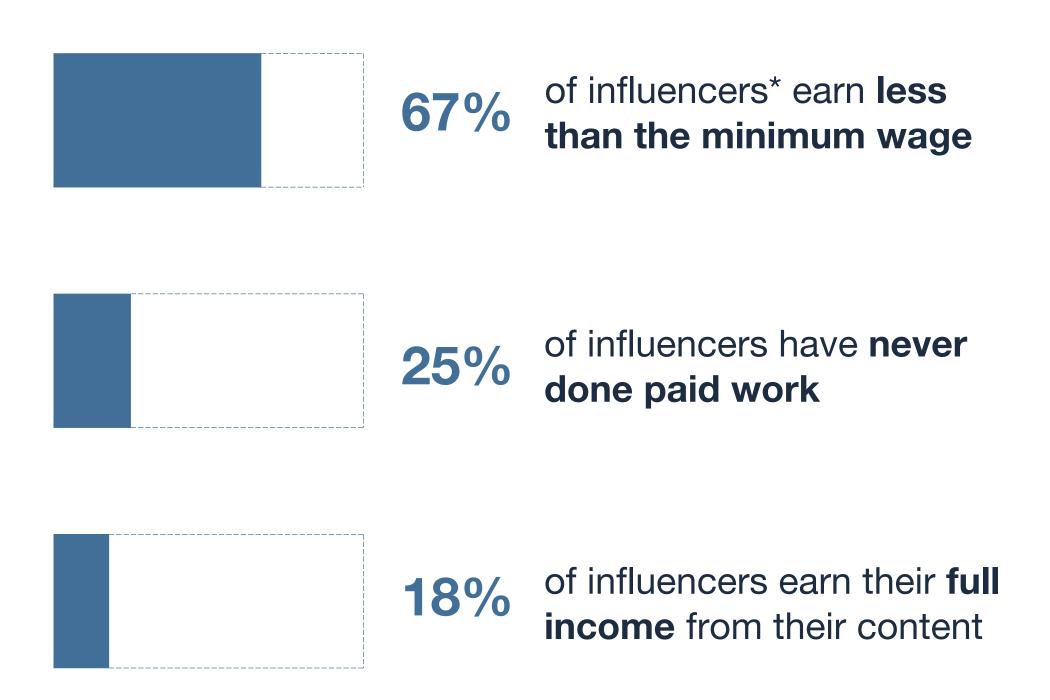






Monetization remains a challenge for creators, who are still mostly rewarded with free merch and unpaid partnerships

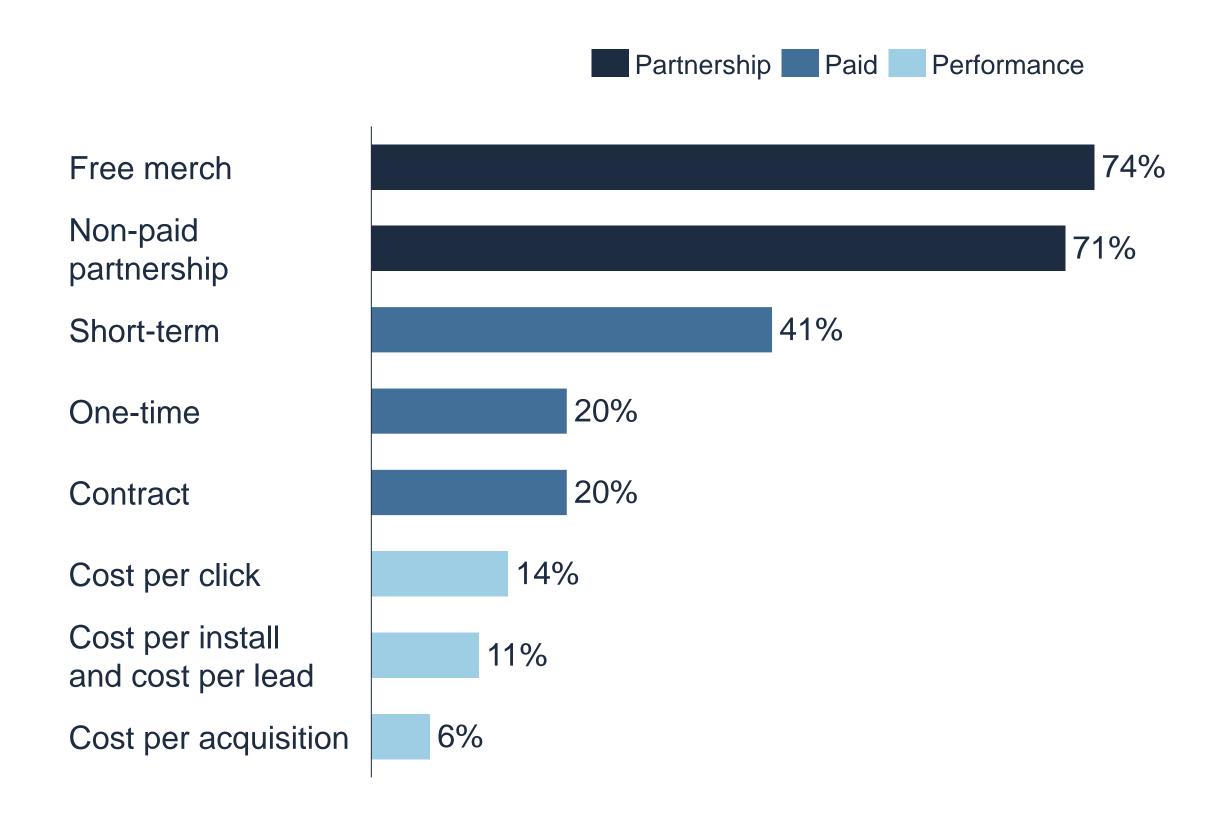
Brazil content creation by numbers 2023, % of respondents



Note: (*) An influencer, or creator, is defined as a person who has specialized in creating content in the digital environment, attracting an audience that identifies, consumes, and engages with their content. Source: Squid Content Creator Census 2023 (over 4,500 content creator respondents around Brazil)

75

Types of compensation received by creators* - Brazil 2023, % of respondents

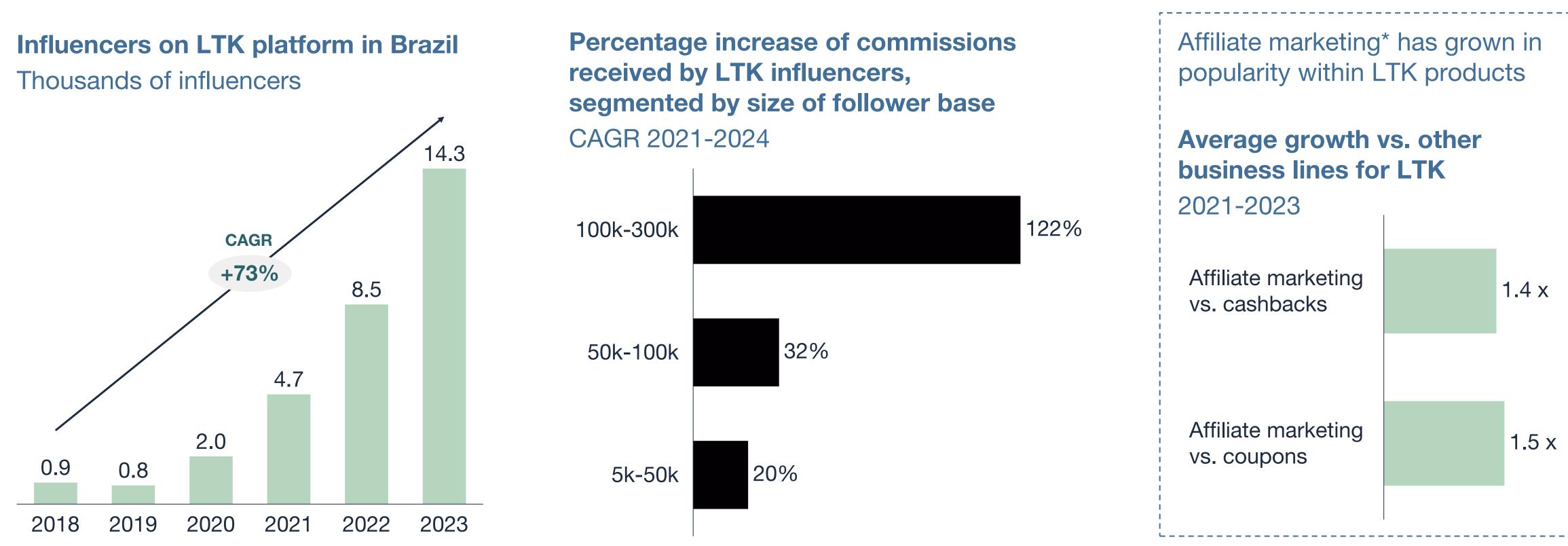






LTK is reshaping influencer marketing and e-commerce by integrating social media content with direct shopping





Notes: (*) Affiliate marketing is a performance-based marketing strategy where businesses reward affiliates (partners) for driving traffic or sales through the affiliate's promotional efforts, typically through links or ads Sources: LTK internal data

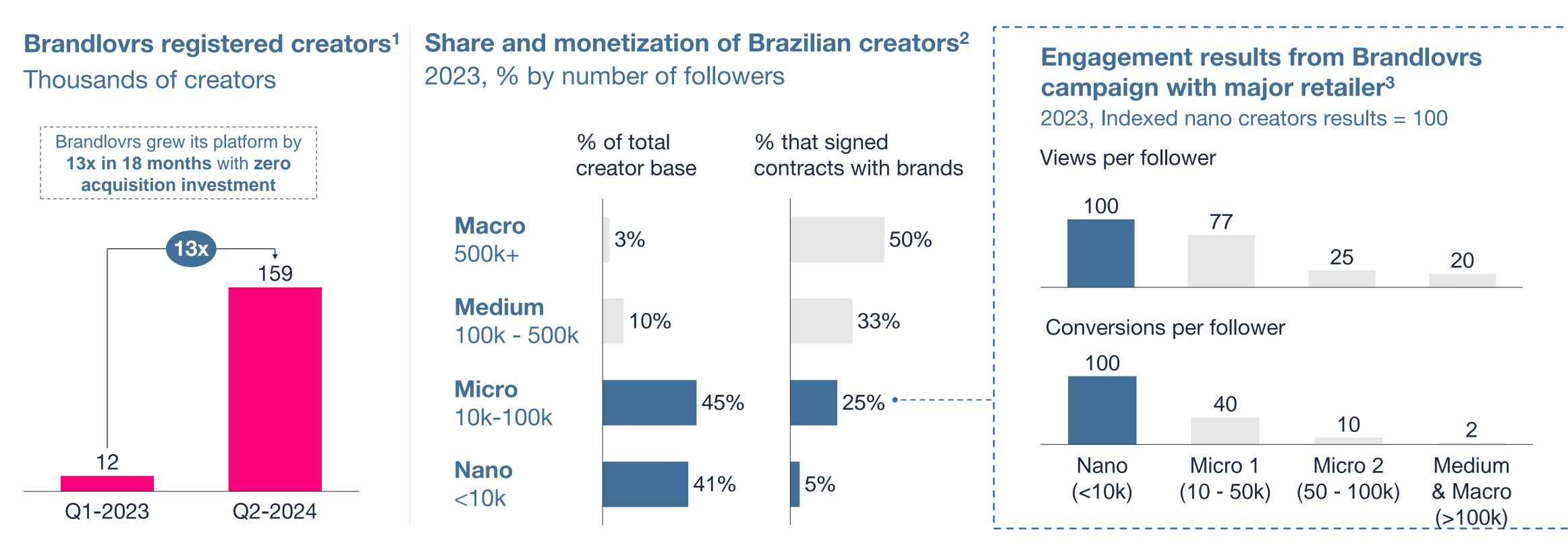
LTK is a US-based consumer platform that integrates social media and e-commerce by allowing users to purchase products directly from posts with influencer-curated content, streamlining their shopping experience



Brandlovrs addresses the monetization gap by helping smaller creators meaningfully engage with brands

BrandLovrs

BrandLovrs connects brands with micro and nano* creators in Brazil, focusing on authentic engagements and efficient campaign management. The platform promotes transparency and narrows the monetization gap in the industry.



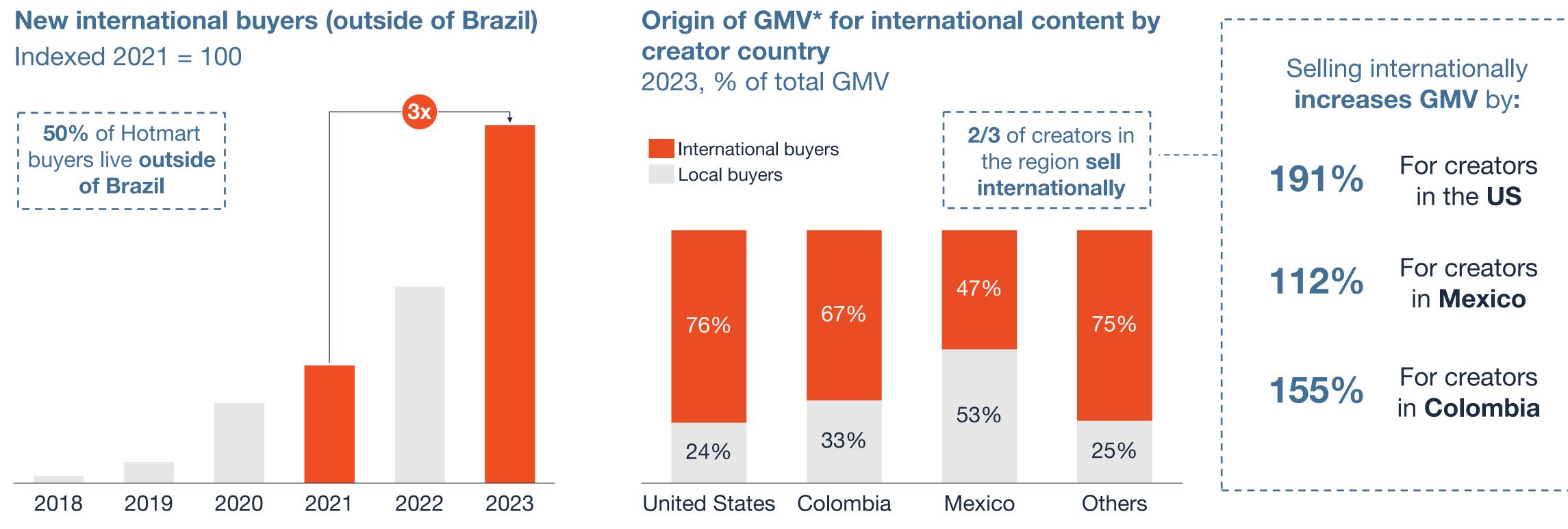
Note: (*) Micro influencers are categorized as having between 10k-100k social media followers while nano influencers are those with up to 10k Sources: (1) Brandlovrs internal data; (2) Squid Content Creator Census 2023; (3) Brandlovrs internal data: campaign with a major Brazilian retailer, which worked with 50 nano and micro creators alongside two celebrities, each with 1.5 million followers



Hotmart is boosting the creator economy by enabling distribution and monetization of digital products globally



Hotmart is a Brazilian-founded commerce enablement platform that allows creators to sell and scale digital products such as courses, memberships, and e-books. The platform serves creators across Latin America, Europe, and the United States. With Hotmart, creators can sell in 188 countries with +40 payment methods and 22 currencies

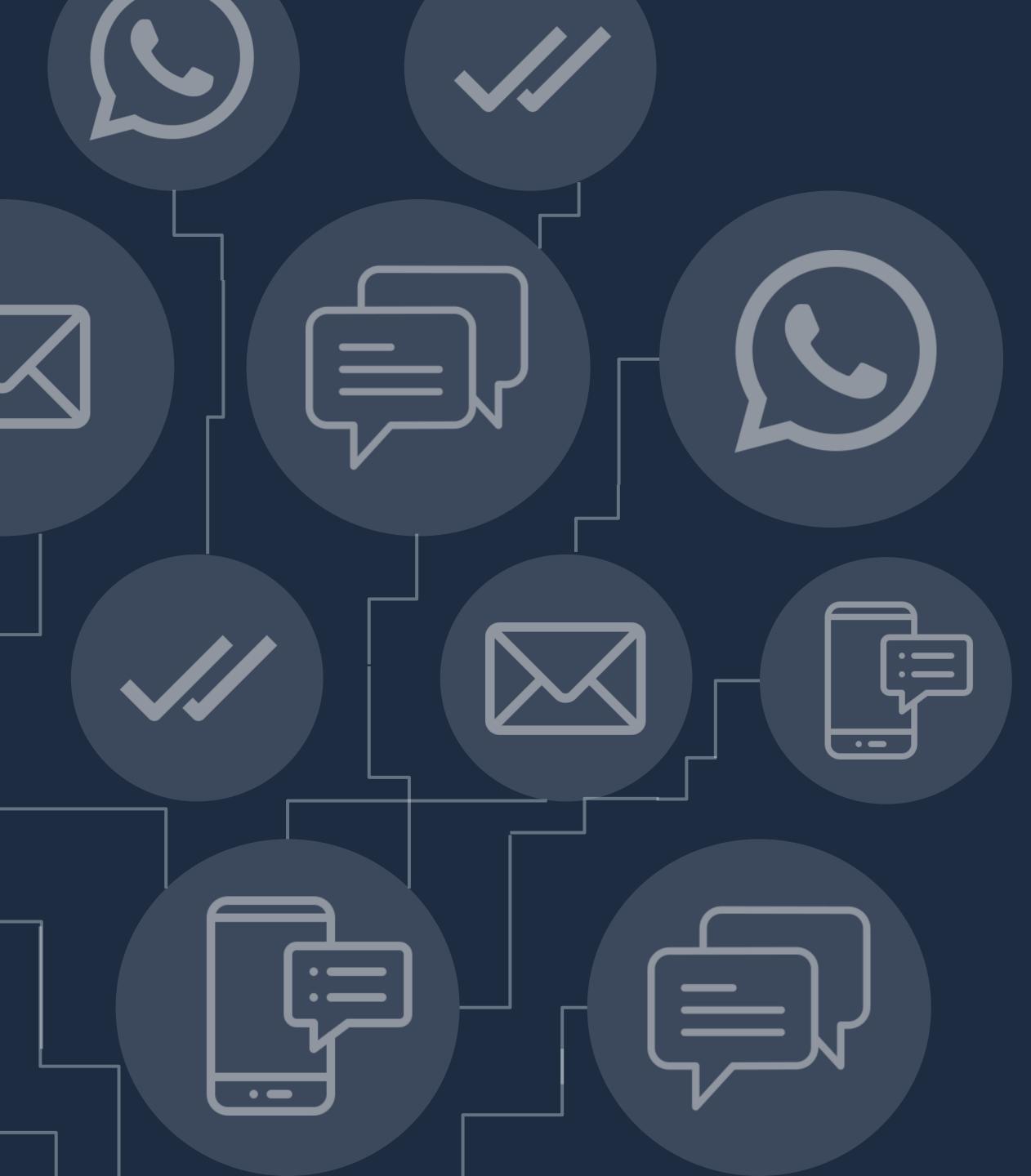


Notes: (*) Gross Merchandise Volume Source: Hotmart internal data







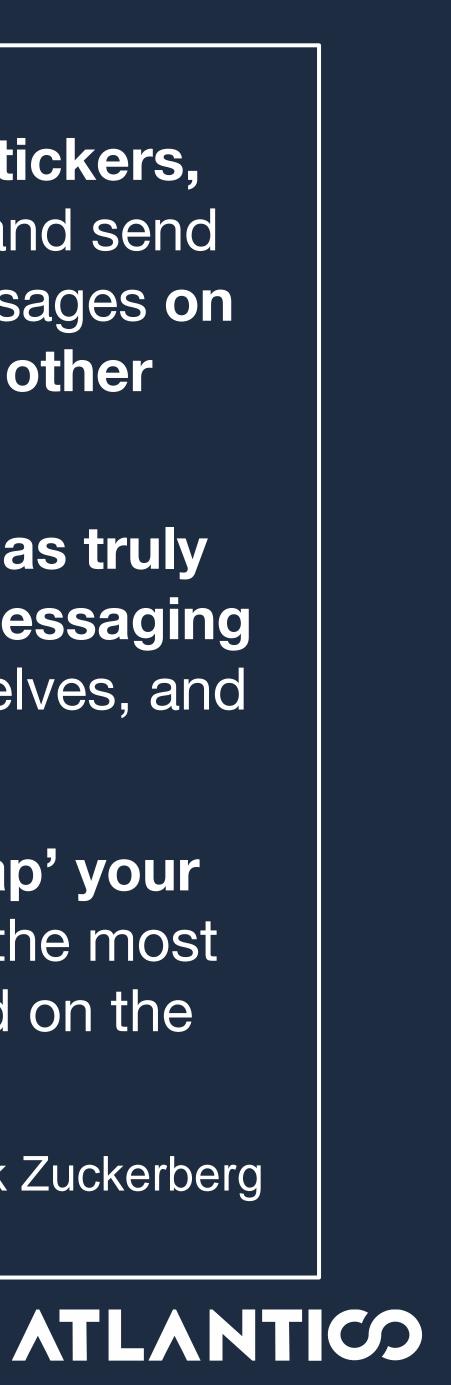


"Brazilians send more stickers, participate more in polls, and send four times more voice messages on WhatsApp than in any other country.

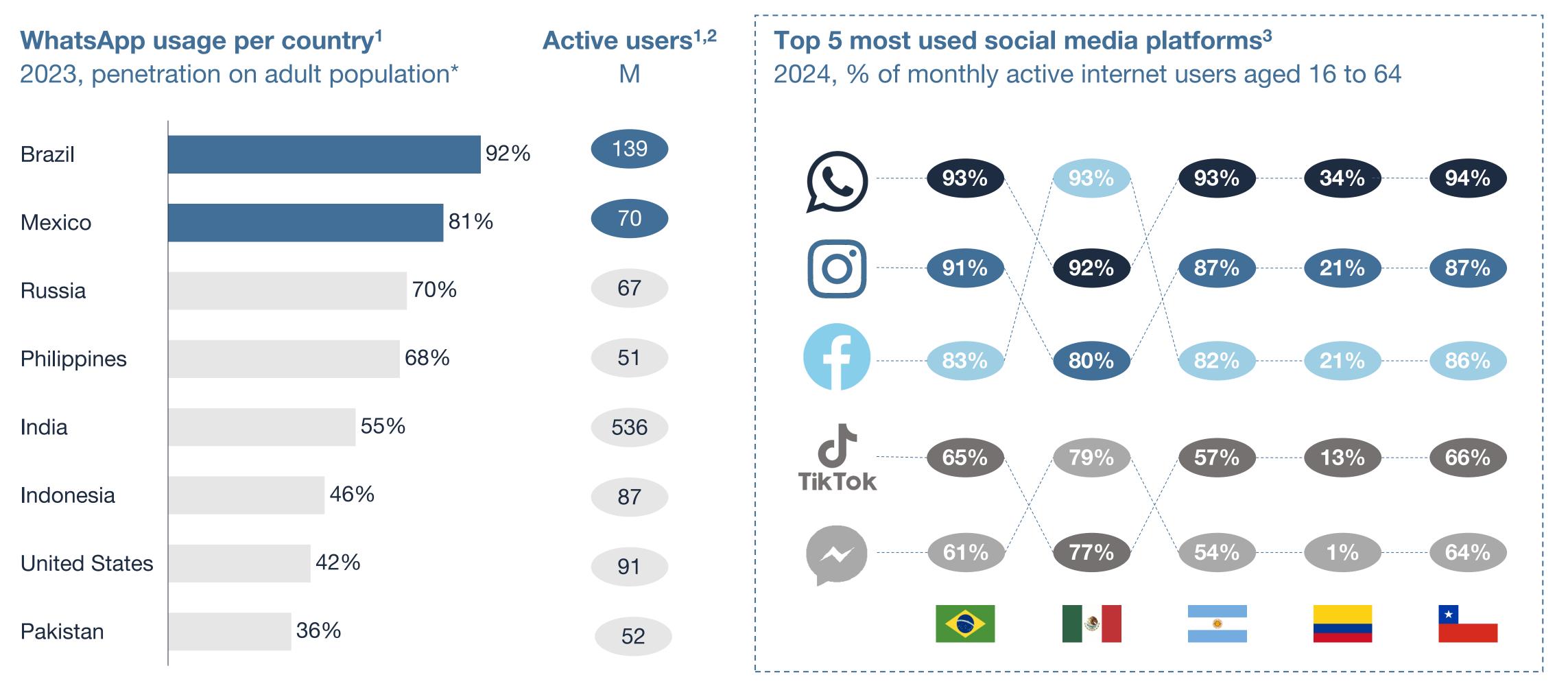
Brazil is a country that has truly embraced the power of messaging to connect, express themselves, and do business.

You have made 'Zap Zap' your own, and you are among the most active people in the world on the app'

- Mark Zuckerberg



Latin America boasts some of the highest WhatsApp usage rates in the world, with Brazil and Mexico among leaders



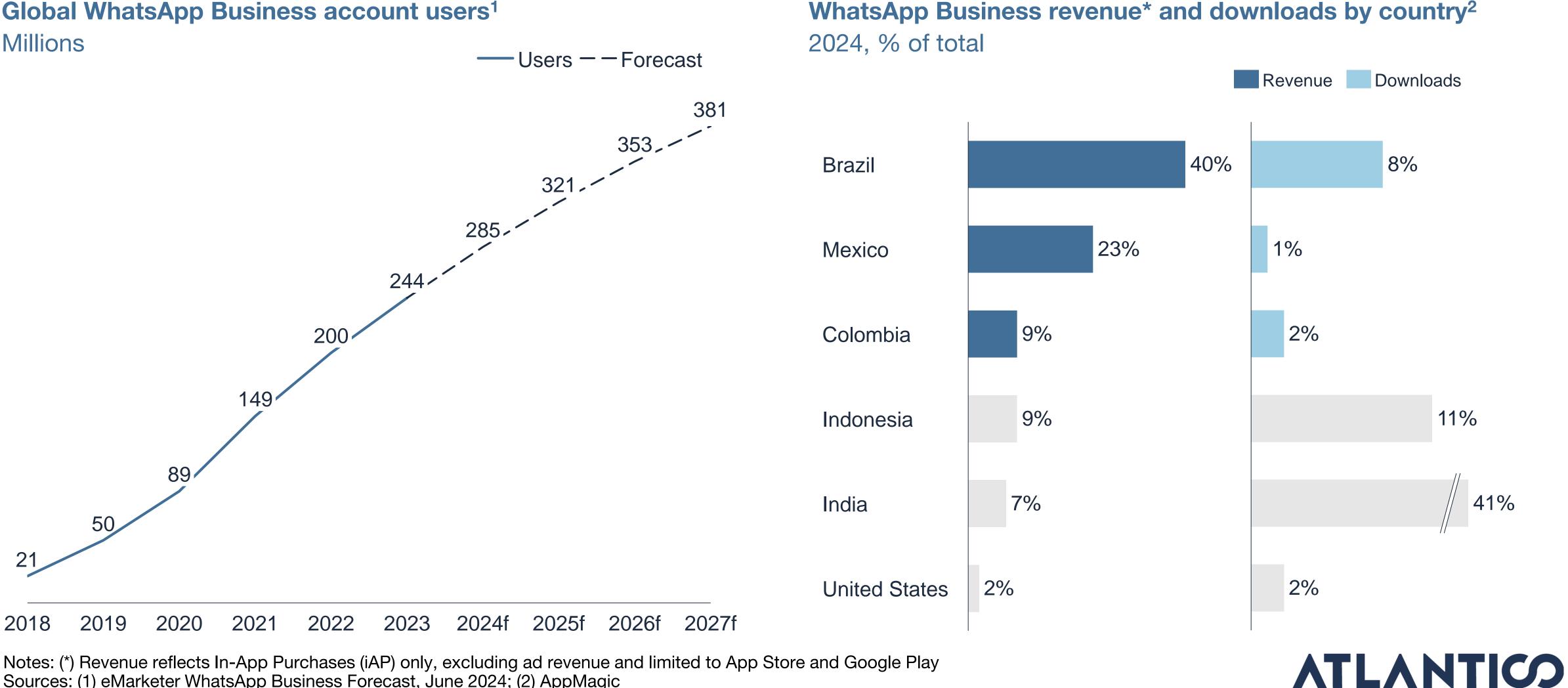
Notes: (*) When considering only the population with internet access, Brazil still leads with 76%, followed by India with 71%, and Mexico in third with 65% Sources: (1) World Population Review; (2) Population World Banks Data Portal; (3) We Are Social DataReportal Digital 2024





WhatsApp Business is growing across the world, becoming a vital platform and tool for businesses

Global WhatsApp Business account users¹ Millions



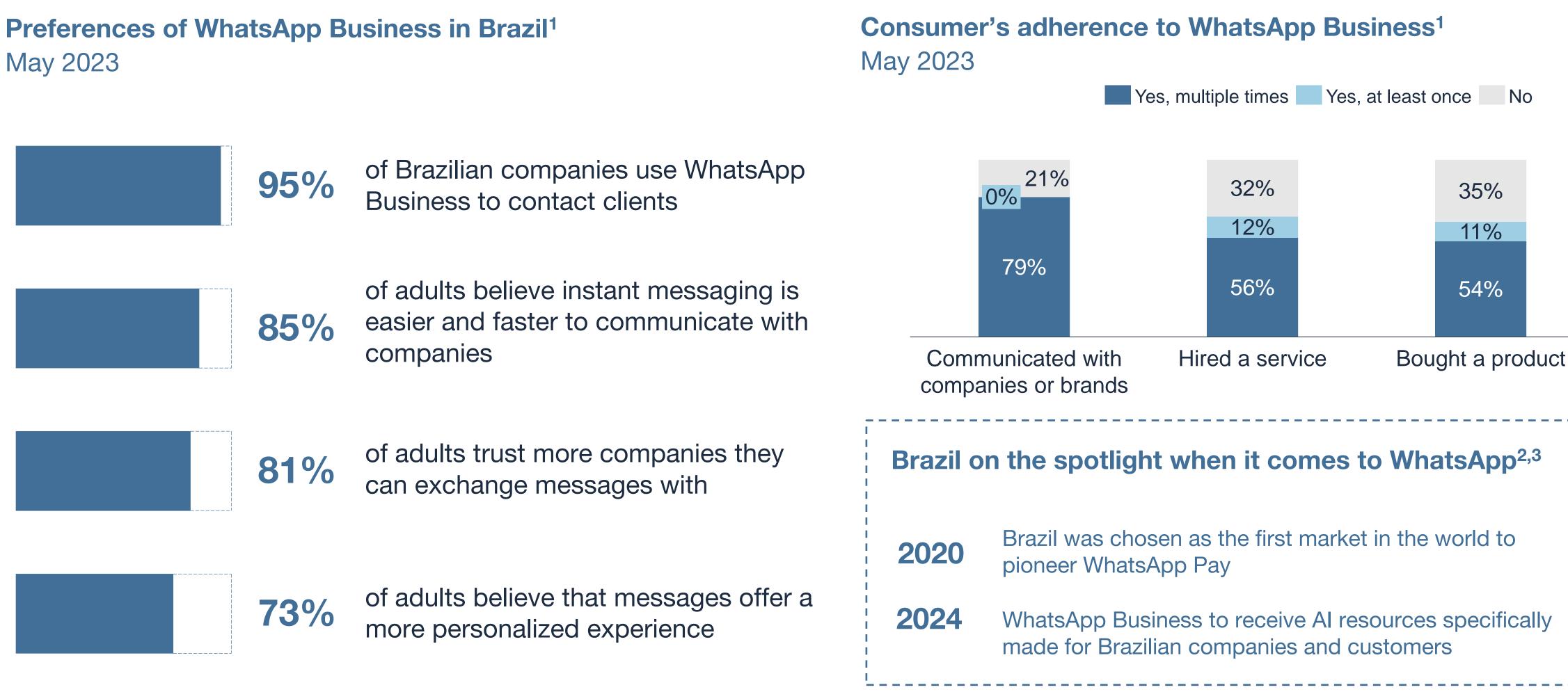
Sources: (1) eMarketer WhatsApp Business Forecast, June 2024; (2) AppMagic



41%



In Brazil, companies and customers choose WhatsApp **Business for marketing, sales, and customer support**

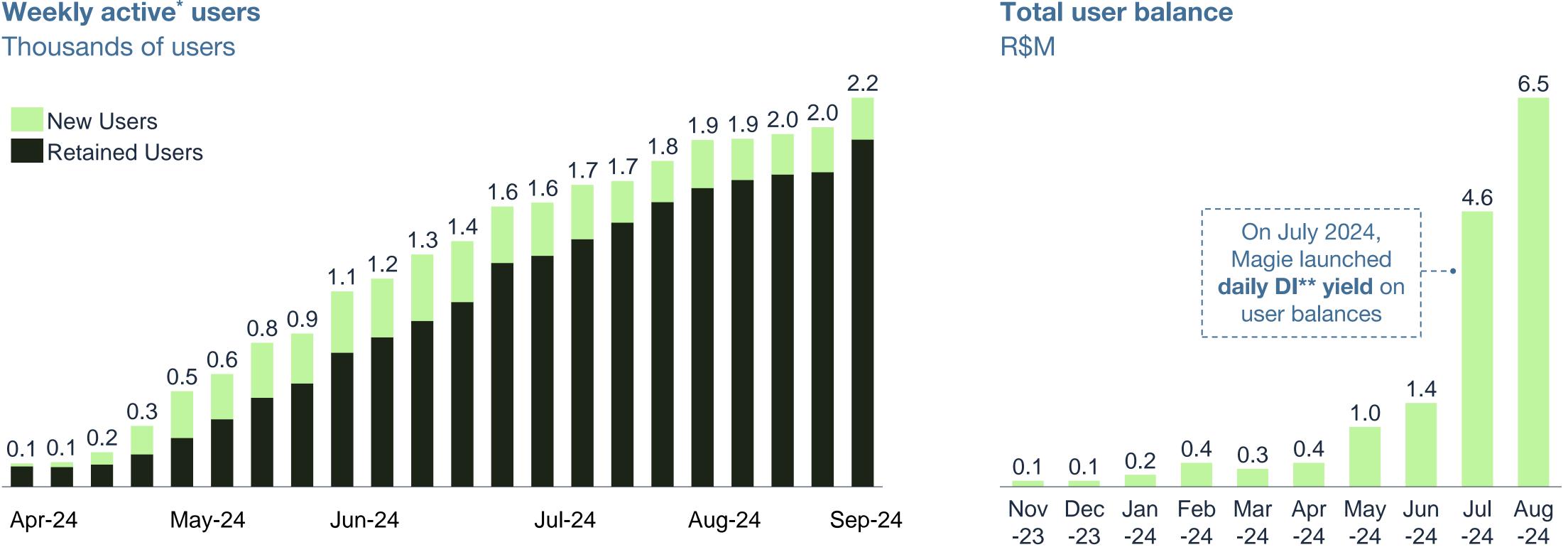




Magie is building on WhatsApp to offer Al-powered financial services such as Pix and savings through a chat-based agent



Magie



Notes: (*) A user must do a payment of at least R\$1 to be considered active; (**) DI stands for Interbank Deposit and serves as a market benchmark for return rates in Brazil Source: Magie internal data

Magie is an Al-powered assistant for financial transaction management on WhatsApp, allowing users to transact, schedule payment reminders, track open invoices and more, directly through chat





Félix has grown 15x over the last year by making crossborder remittances "as easy as sending a WhatsApp"

Félix simplifies remittances to Mexico and Central America, allowing users to transact through WhatsApp chat. Félix is integrated with many of the largest Latin American remittance chains, enabling easy in-store pickups

Félix reduces cost and complexity in remittances

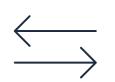
- Félix

Félix uses stablecoins to make remittances faster and cheaper, abstracting this back-end crypto complexity for end-users

Félix revenue Indexed Jan 2023 = 100



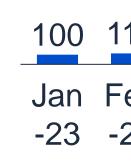
Clients interact and transact with Félix on WhatsApp, instead of waiting in long physical branch lines

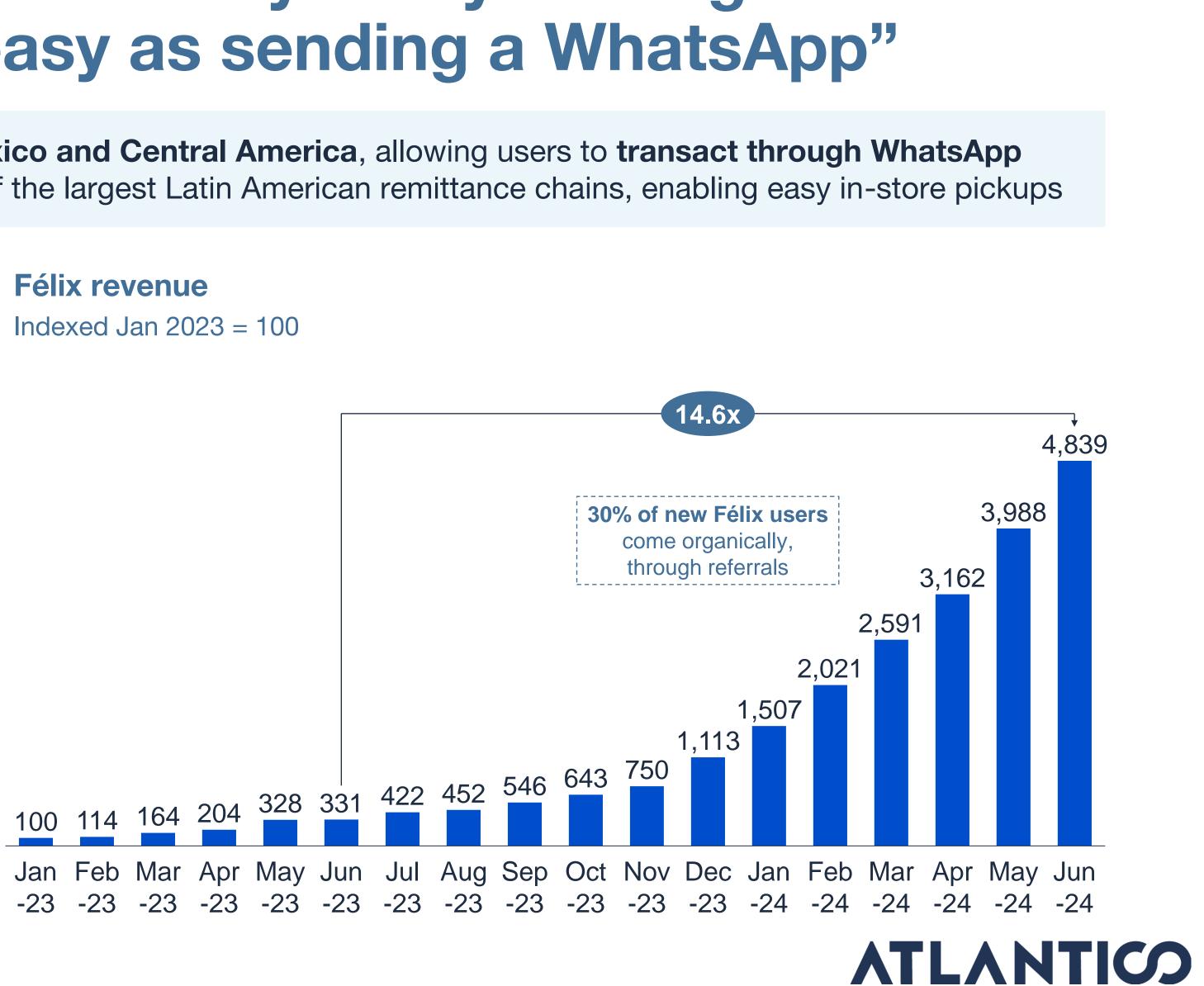


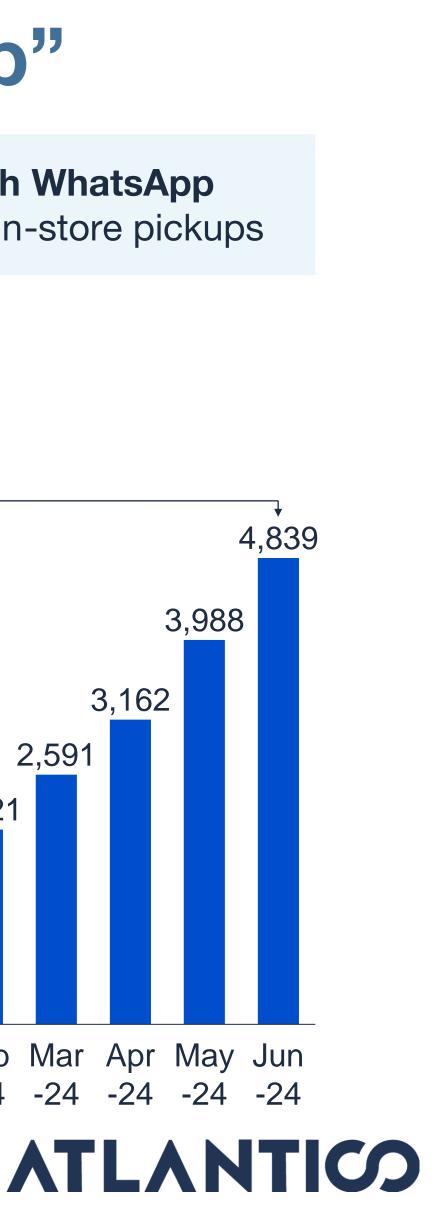
Remittances from the US to Latin America amounted to **US\$155B** in 2023



Félix has achieved a 90 Net Promoter Score with their users







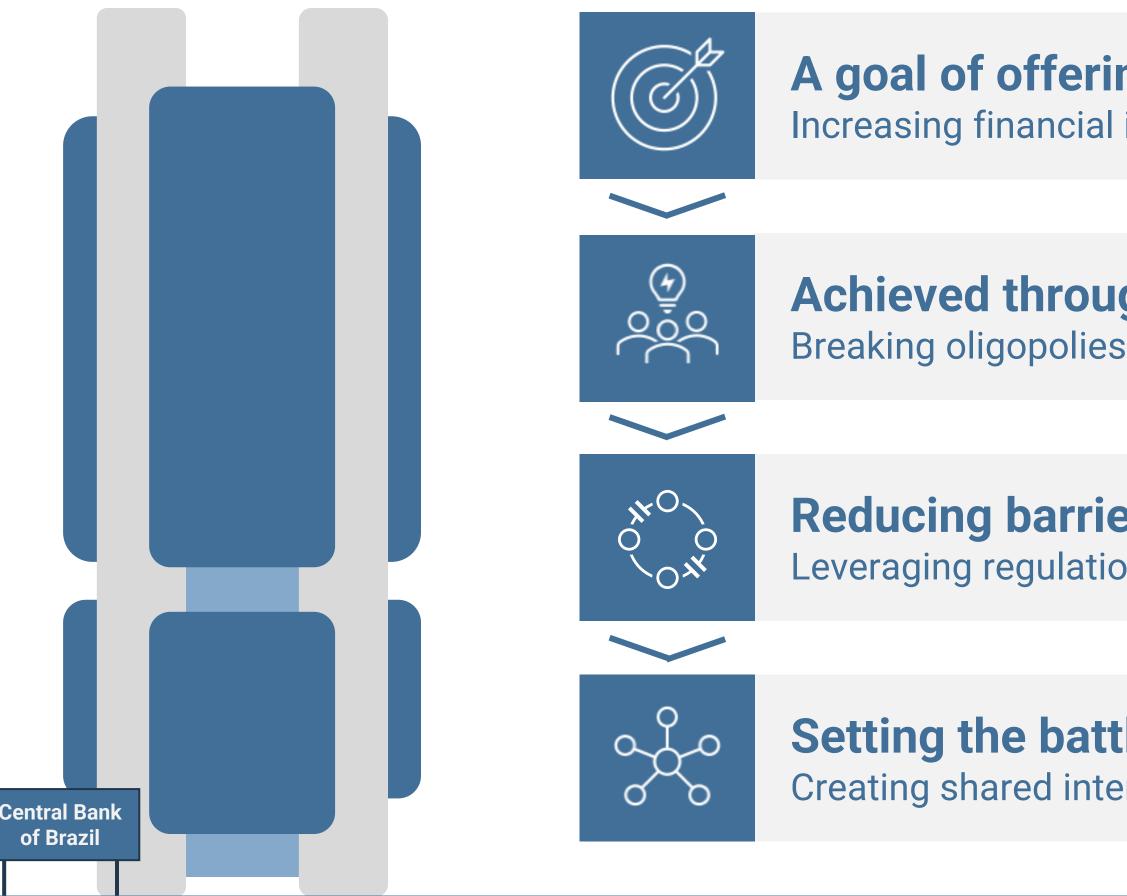
⁰⁴ At the Vanguard: A Fintech Story

Brazilian Central Bank building in Brasilia, Brazil | by Daniel Marenco

Card L



The Tailwinds of Regulation: Brazil's unique history of financial innovation, competition, and shared infrastructure



A goal of offering better products for more people

Increasing financial inclusion and efficiency in the financial system

Achieved through more competition

Breaking oligopolies and welcoming new players and business models

Reducing barriers to entry for sustained innovation

Leveraging regulation and technology to break barriers to entry

Setting the battleground for the future

Creating shared interoperable systems for long-lasting competition and innovation





Stabilizing inflation and restructuring the financial system laid the foundation for the Central Bank to foster competition

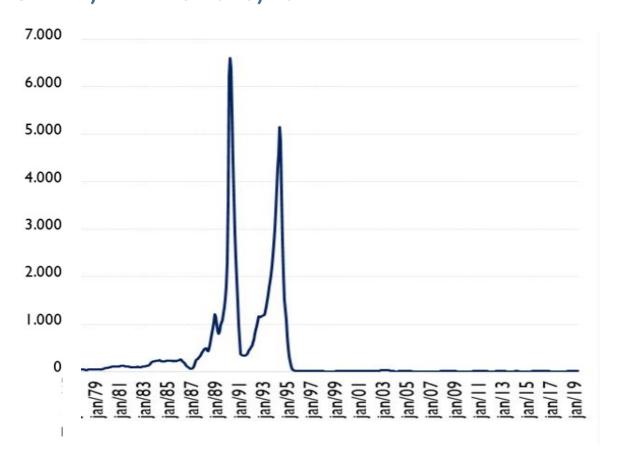
1980s

1990s

Hyperinflation

Hyperinflation dominates, reaching its peak in the late 80s and early 90s. After 5 failed financial plans, in 1994, teams from the Ministry of Finance, the Brazilian Central Bank (BCB) and the Mint implement the successful "Real Plan," stabilizing the economy

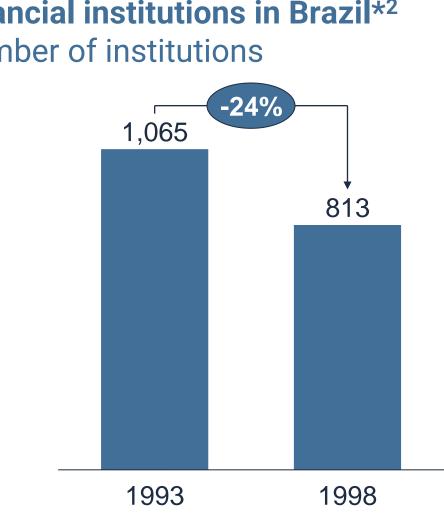
Inflation rate in Brazil¹ IGP-DI, 12 months, %



Consolidation and Restructuring

BCB oversees the **consolidation** of institutions unable to adapt to monetary stability. In 2002, it restructures the Brazilian Payments System (SPB), enabling the realtime settlement of interbank transfers, reducing systemic risk

Financial institutions in Brazil*2 Number of institutions



Note: (*) Excluding credit cooperatives

Sources: (1) FGV; (2) Central Bank of Brazil "The National Financial System and the Real Plan"

2000s

2010s

Breaking barriers

BCB begins **looking into** retail: it fosters competition and efficiency by **removing** barriers to entry across a range of services, only made possible by technology

Sample Services

Acquiring



Accounts







2020s

Future battleground

"BC#" agenda continues to push for innovation, creating shared interoperable networks that allow competition to happen at the product offering level

Pillars



Pix Instant payments



Open finance Sharing of financial data



Drex Tokenization of assets

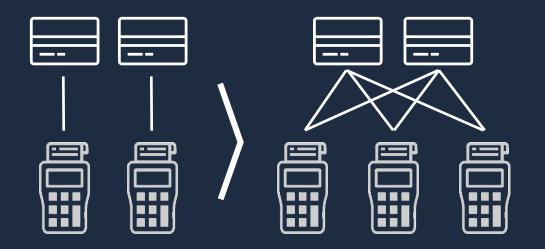




2010: Acquiring

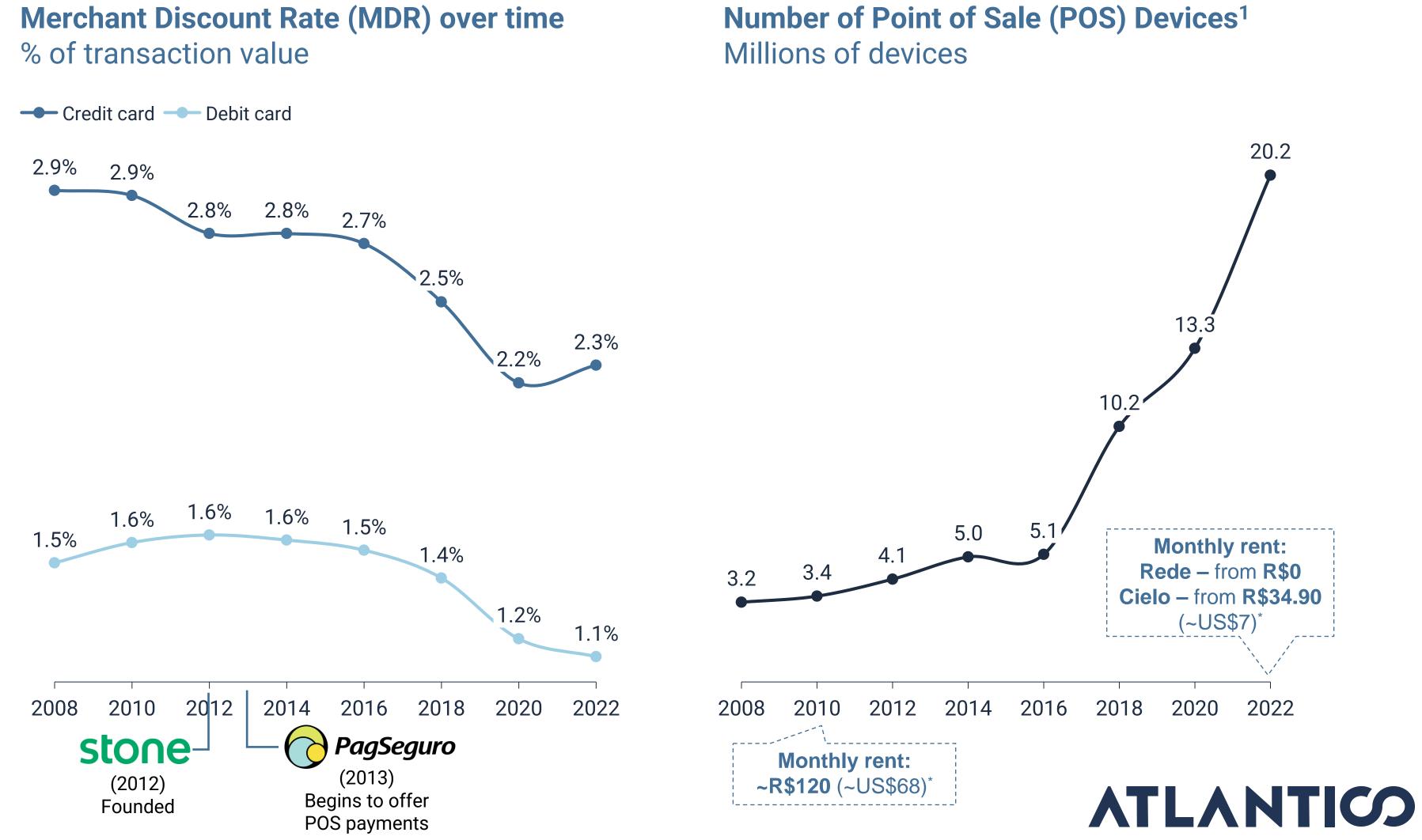
Before: Duopoly of acquirers, as Rede (formerly Redecard) and Cielo (formerly Visanet) had exclusivity contracts with Mastercard and Visa, respectively. This resulted in high costs for merchants in POS rent and discount rates

New regulation: Based on Brazil's Central Bank studies, CADE (antitrust agency), releases a resolution to end exclusivity contracts, opening the market to new entrants to foster competition



Note: (*) Avg. FX rate for 2010 and 2022 Source: Central Bank of Brazil

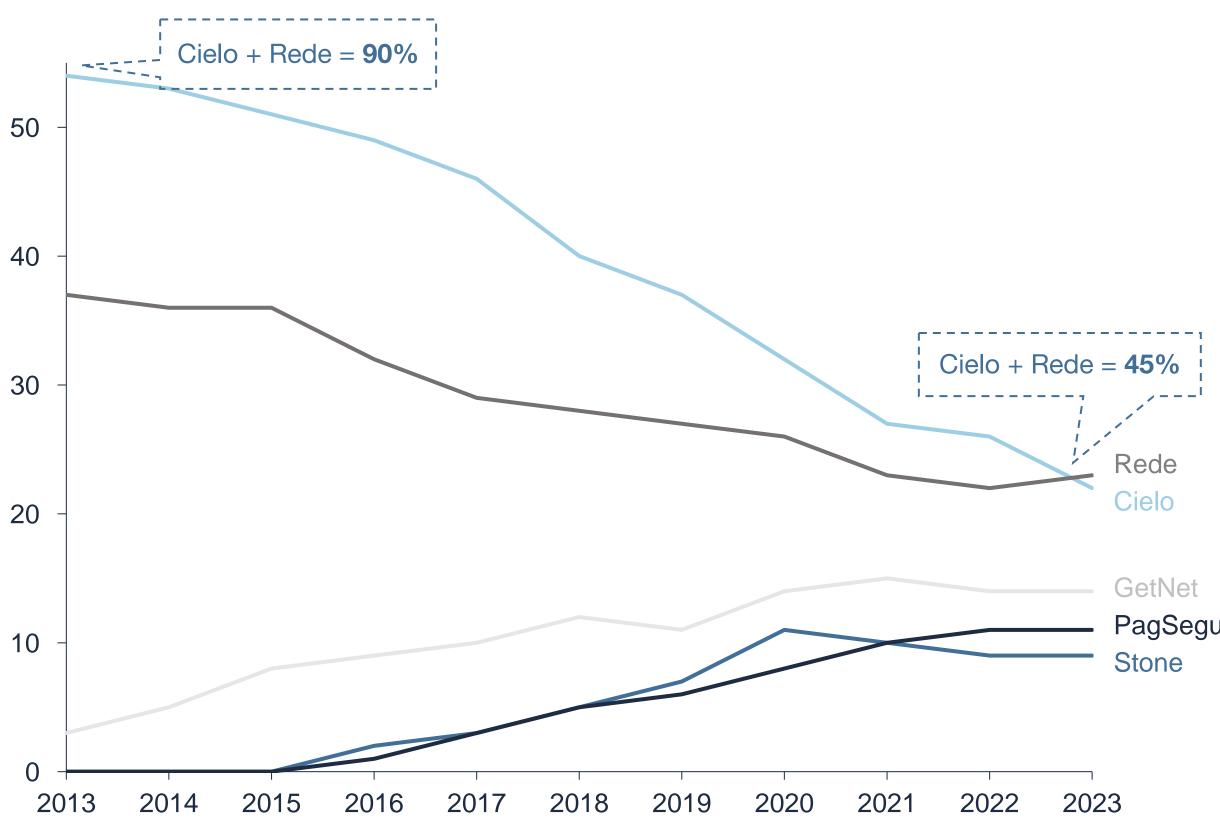
End of acquirer duopoly led to a decrease in discount rates and increase in POS access



New players grew by targeting neglected market segments; incumbents were slow to respond, bleeding share as a result

Market share of acquirers in Brazil (TPV)

% of market revenue



stone

The strategy: Stone grew fast by **targeting small &** medium businesses, traditionally negleted by market leaders. Their hub-based field sales operation and inhouse customer support allowed them to achieve industry-high customer satisfaction.

PagSeguro



The strategy: PagSeguro decided to enter the micromerchant market by selling POS terminals, while others rented – too high of a fixed cost for these microbusinesses. They unlocked an untapped market segment, leveraging their parent company's media power to strengthen customer acquisition.







2013: Payment Institutions

Before: The payments market was dominated by traditional banking institutions

New regulation: Law 12,865 enables the Central Bank to regulate payments and it, in turn, creates "Payments Institutions" (IPs): non-bank entities that can provide payment services and maintain payment accounts under a lighter license. IPs didn't need to be authorized by the Central Bank until they reached ~US\$100M in annual transactions



With a lighter regulatory burden for offering accounts and payments, new players emerged

Types of Payment Institutions¹

Electronic Money Issuer	Can manage prep enable payment t currency in that a funds into physic
Postpaid Payment Instrument Issuer	Can manage pos t and enable paym that same accour
Acquirer	Without managin (i) enable the acc instruments issue and (ii) participat as a creditor vis-à
Payment Initiator	Can initiate paym client but cannot passwords to exe behalf

active institutions in the country

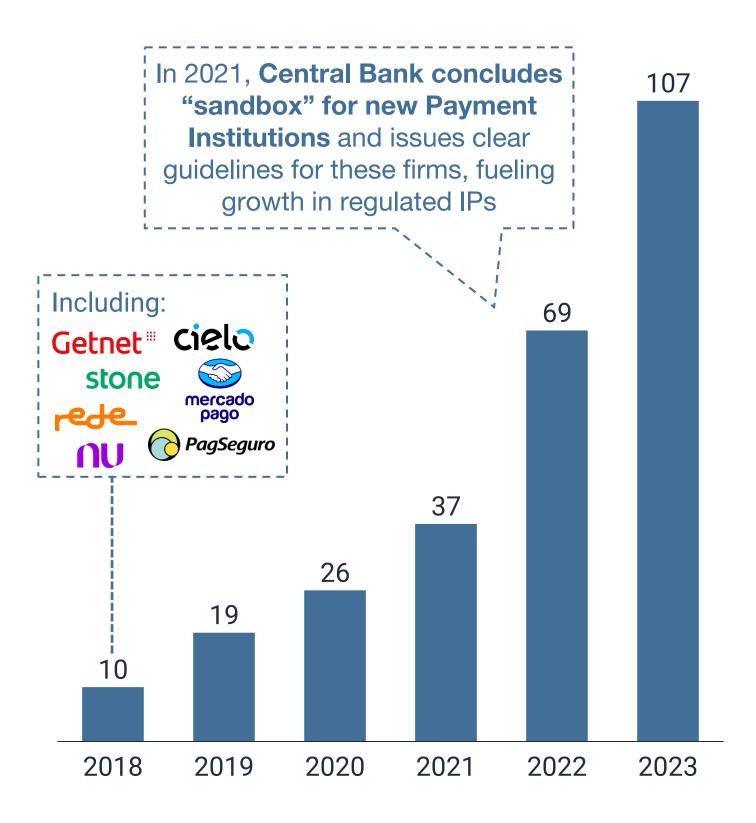
Regulated Payment Institutions (IPs)² Number of institutions

paid payment accounts and transactions based on the account. Can also convert cal or scriptural currency

stpaid payment accounts nent transactions based on nt

ig payment accounts, can: ceptance of payment led by financial institutions; te in the **settlement process** à-vis the issuer

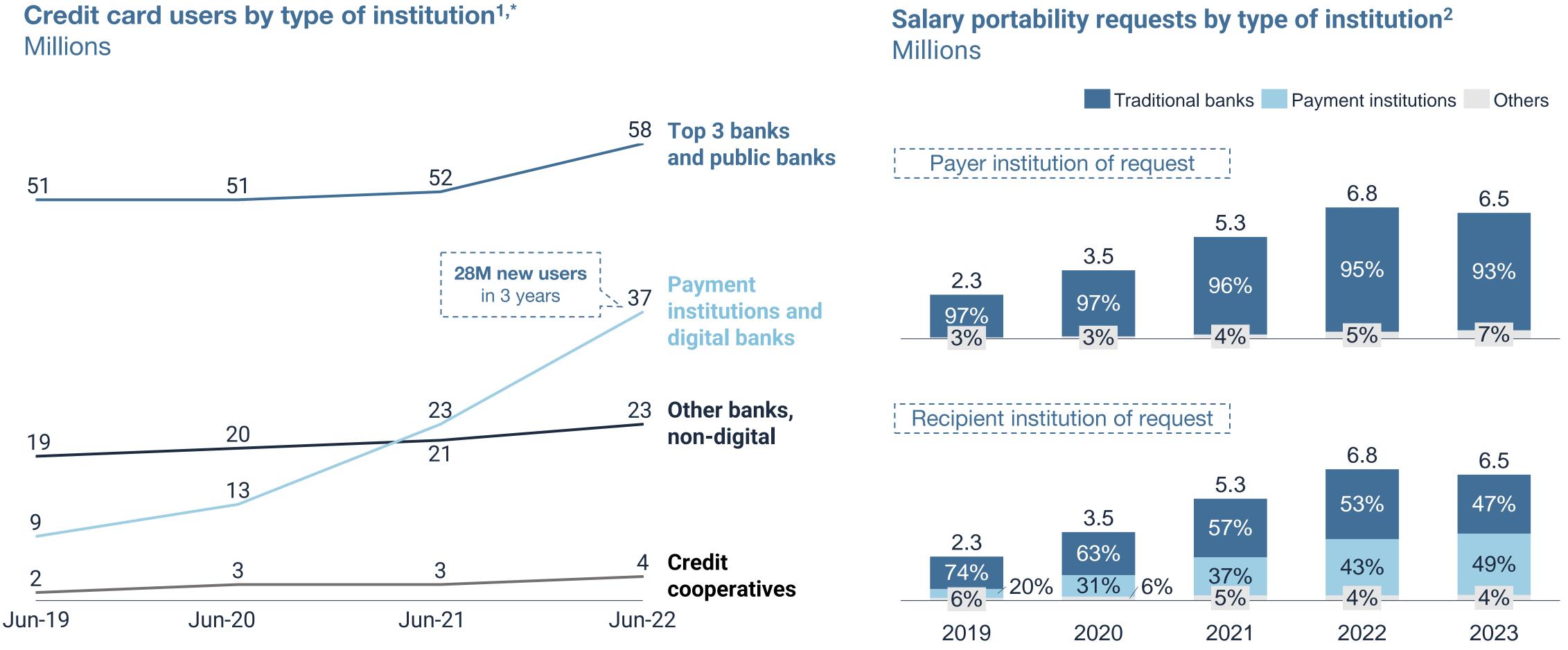
nents upon the request of a touch the money nor keep ecute payments on their







Payment institutions and digital banks continue to drive growth of credit card users and battle for their share of wallet



Notes: (*) If individual holds cards in more than one type of institution, he will be accounted for on both Sources: (1) Central Bank of Brazil "Banking economics report 2022 – Credit card usage profile in Brazil"; (2) Central Bank of Brazil time series ATLANTICO







2016: Opening accounts digitally

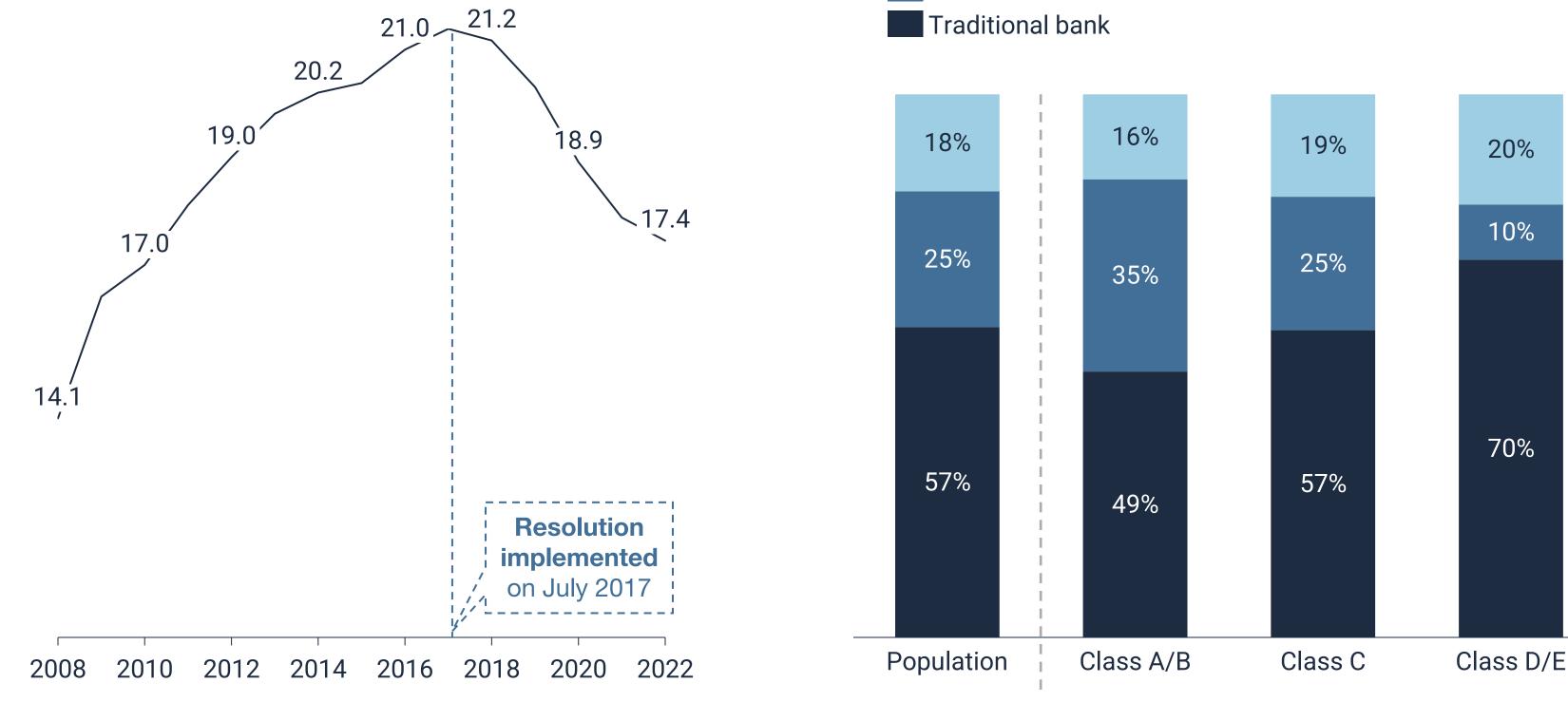
Before: Opening a bank account required customers to visit a branch in person and exchange physical documents

New regulation: Resolution number 4480 allows customers to open and close bank accounts digitally. This removed physical access barriers, streamlined banking processes, and allowed the creation of fully digital banks



Digital growth surged with 43% of people having a digital account while incumbents cut branches

Physical branches of financial institutions in Brazil¹ Thousands



Sources: (1) BCB time series; (2) Survey – Anbima Brazilian Investor X Ray (N=5.818)

Survey with individuals - Institutions where average respondent holds an account² 2022, % of respondents

Digital bank / Payment institution Both

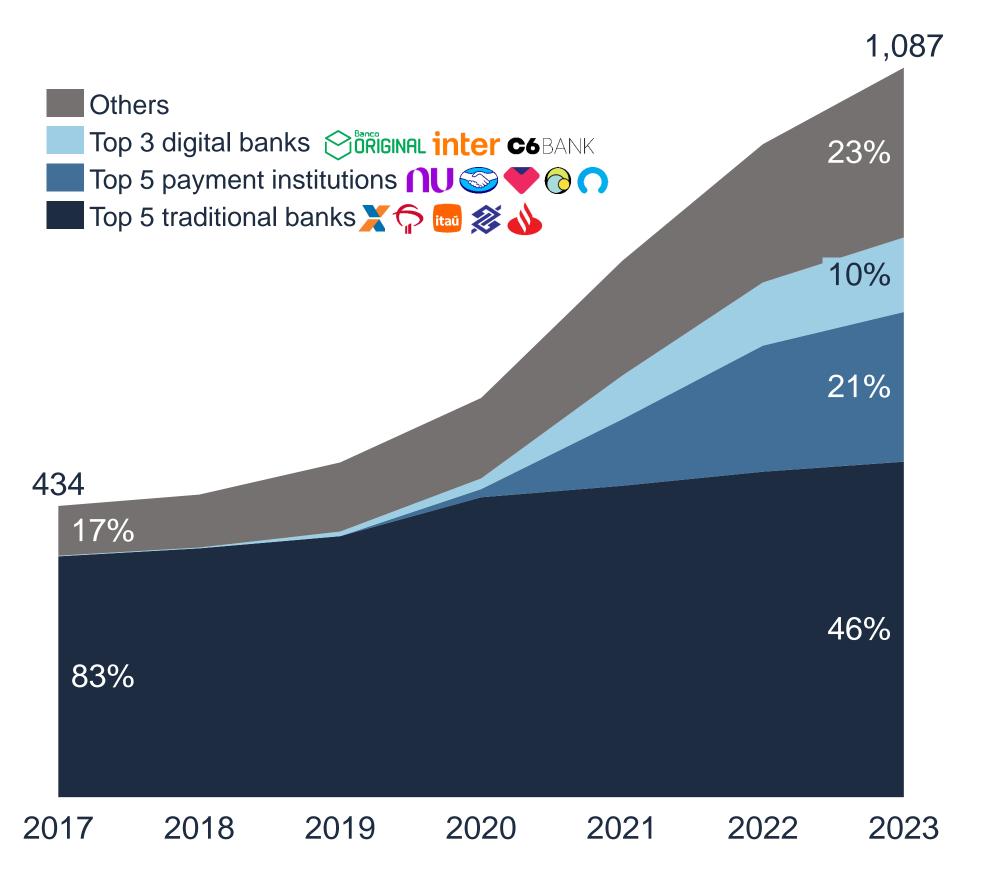






As people opened accounts with digital banks, significant growth came from those having multiple bank relationships

Number of customers^{*} by type of institution Millions



Notes: (*) Total number of clients in the National Financial System's Client Register (CCS) and the Credit Information System (SCR); include individuals (~90%) and corporations (~10%); clients can be present in more than one institution, but only once in each institution Source: Central Bank of Brazil - Complaints Ranking

Number of unique banking customers and number of relationships per customer Millions of customers, average number of relationships — Unique customers (individuals and businesses) -Banking relationships per customer 214 206 197 193 177 170 5.1 165 4.7 4.1 3.1 2.8 2.7 2.6 2021 2022 2017 2018 2019 2020 2023





2017: Segmentation of Financial Institutions

Before: The regulatory framework treated all financial institutions similarly, regardless of their size

New regulation: Through resolution 4553, the Central Bank introduces a segmentation system for financial institutions, applying regulation proportional to their size and risk profile and removing the regulatory burden from smaller institutions



Simpler regulation enabled smaller players to grow and capture ~30% of total assets

Financial institutions (FI) segmentation¹

Segment	Size* (% of GDP)	Proportionality in Prudential Regulation	Example Institution
S1	Banks >10% (or relevant international activity)	Full alignment with Basel recommendations	Itaú
S2	Banks 1-10% Other Fl >1%	Full alignment with Basel recommendations, with specific exceptions	Safra
S3	Banks / Other Fl 0.1-1.0%	Simplified rules for market risk and interest rate variation, risk coverage, and transparency and access to information	Nubank
S4	Banks / Other Fl <0.1%	Further simplification in prudential requirements, risk management structure, and transparency and access to information	PagSeguro
S5	Other FI with simplified risk profile <0.1%	Simplified management structure and methodology for calculating minimum prudential requirements	Small credit corporatives

Notes: (*) The size of the institutions is measured by the ratio of total exposure or total assets relative to the GDP Sources: (1) Central Bank of Brazil – Prudential Regulation; (2) Central Bank of Brazil – IF Data

Number of institutions and total assets by segment² mar/23, number of institutions and R\$T S2 S3 S4 S5 Number of institutions Trillions of assets 1,267 14 2 2 843 10 358 6 54







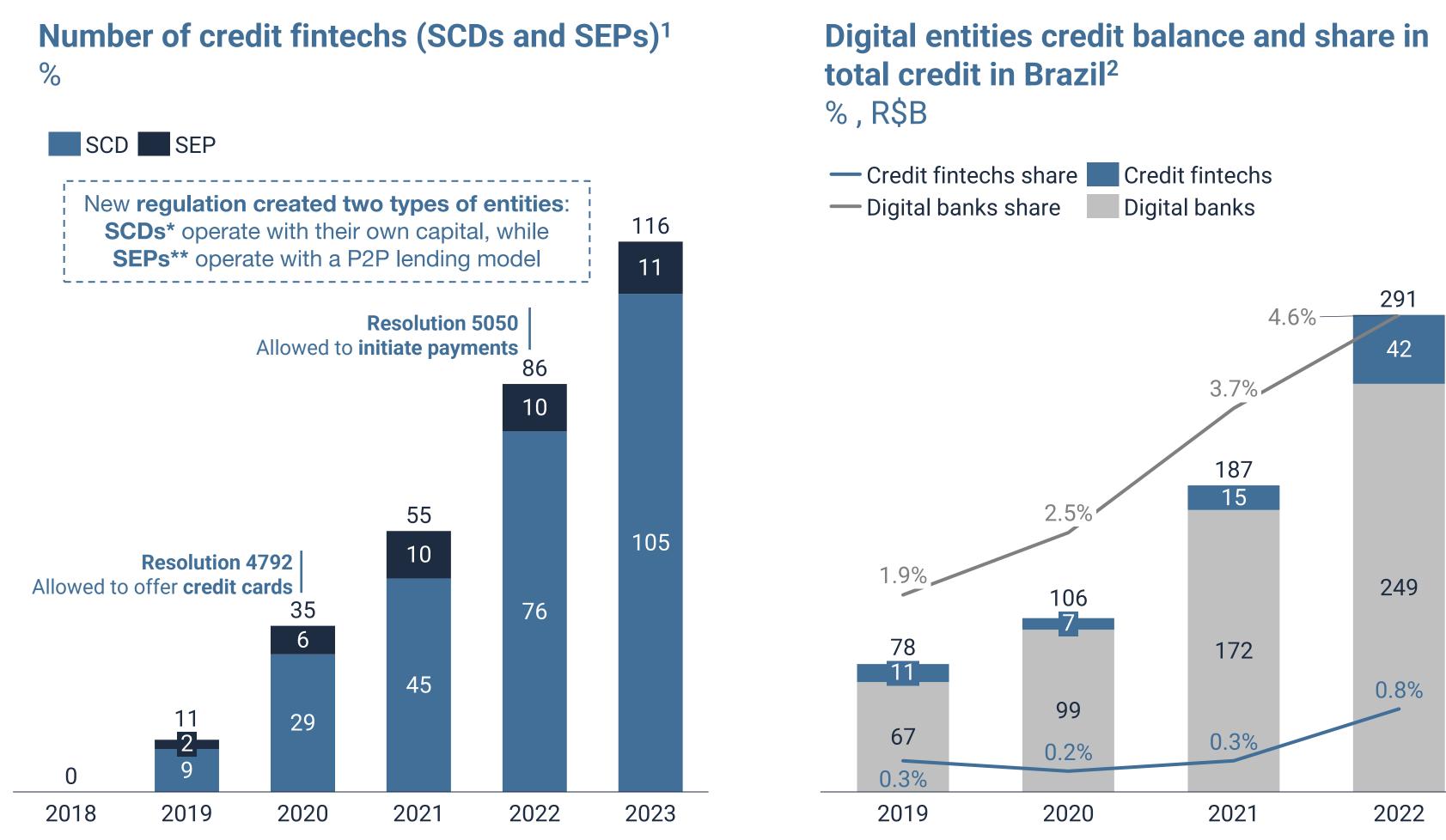
2018: Credit fintechs

Before: Credit could only be offered by banks or institutions that had formal partnerships with banks

New regulation: Resolution 4656 allows fintechs to offer credit through digital platforms, remove the need for bank partnerships and establish a minimum capital of only R\$ 1M. This aimed to increase access to credit and reduce the cost of credit for the consumer



Credit fintechs have more than doubled market share but still represent <1% of credit in Brazil



Notes: (*) Direct Credit Society; (**) Society of Loans Between People Sources: (1) Central Bank of Brazil - list of active institutions in the country; (2) Central Bank of Brazil "Banking economics report 2022 - Profile and Evolution of Digital Entities in the National Financial System"

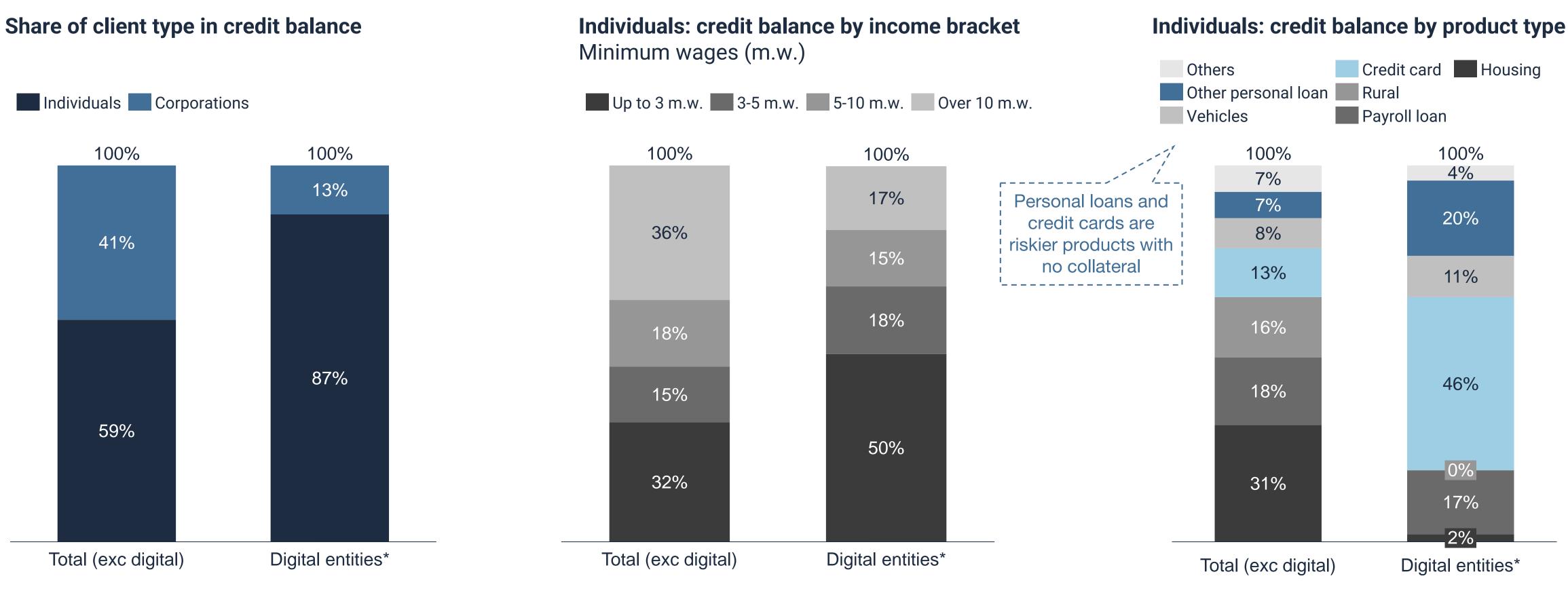






Digital credit entities have broadened access to credit for lower income individuals, offering riskier lending products

Profile of digital entities^{1,*} December 2022



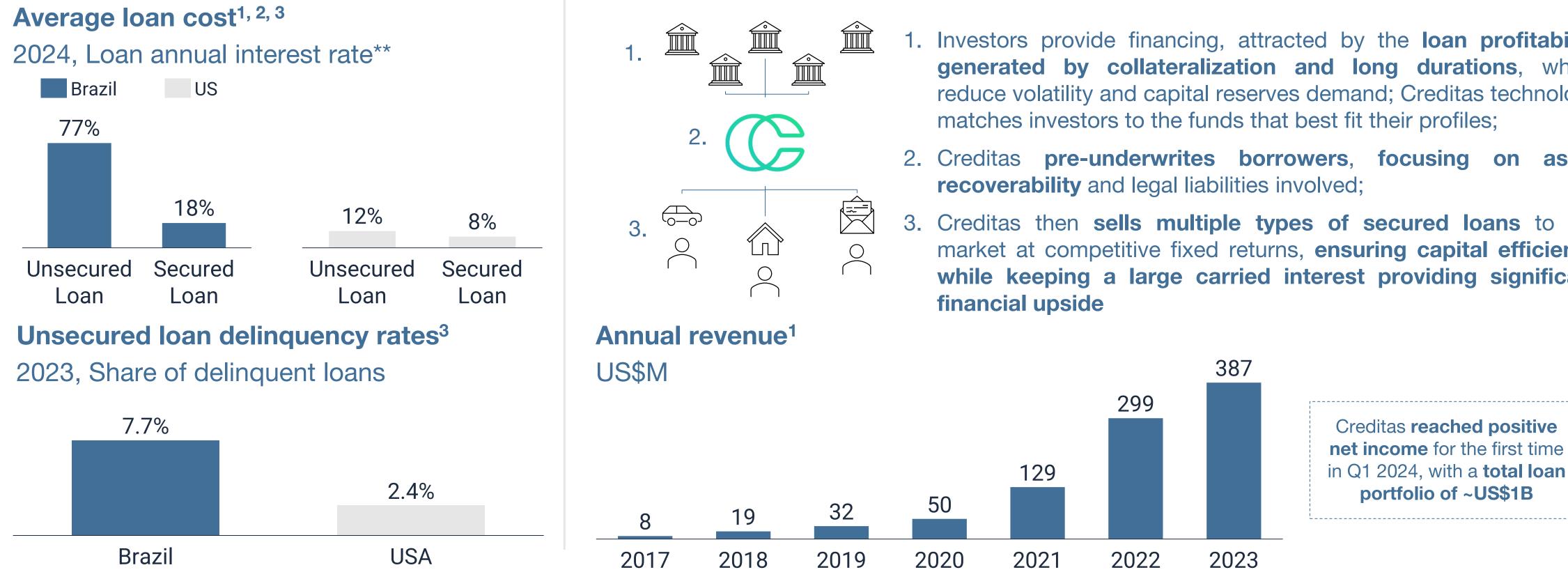
Note: (*) Digital entities include digital banks and credit fintechs (SCDs and SEPs) Sources: (1) Central Bank of Brazil "Banking economics report 2022 - Profile and Evolution of Digital Entities in the National Financial System"





Creditas is leveraging collateralization and a capital efficient business model to build a dominant financial ecosystem

Creditas is building a financial solutions ecosystem upon a core foundation of collateralized lending. They C creditas excel in asset recoverability in underwriting, and are growing in insurance, consumer solutions, and investments



Notes: (*) SCD is a 'Direct Credit Society'; (**) Unsecured Loan rate based on Personal Loan, Secured Loan rate is average of Car and Home Equity Loan Source: (1) Creditas – annual revenue converted to USD, (2) Valor Investe – Crédito, (3) Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.

- 1. Investors provide financing, attracted by the loan profitability generated by collateralization and long durations, which reduce volatility and capital reserves demand; Creditas technology matches investors to the funds that best fit their profiles;
- 2. Creditas pre-underwrites borrowers, focusing on asset **recoverability** and legal liabilities involved;
- 3. Creditas then sells multiple types of secured loans to the market at competitive fixed returns, ensuring capital efficiency while keeping a large carried interest providing significant



Creditas reached positive

portfolio of ~US\$1B

ATLANTICO

2019: Positive credit scoring

Before: Credit scoring systems primarily focused on negative credit events, and individuals had to "opt-in" to have positive data registered

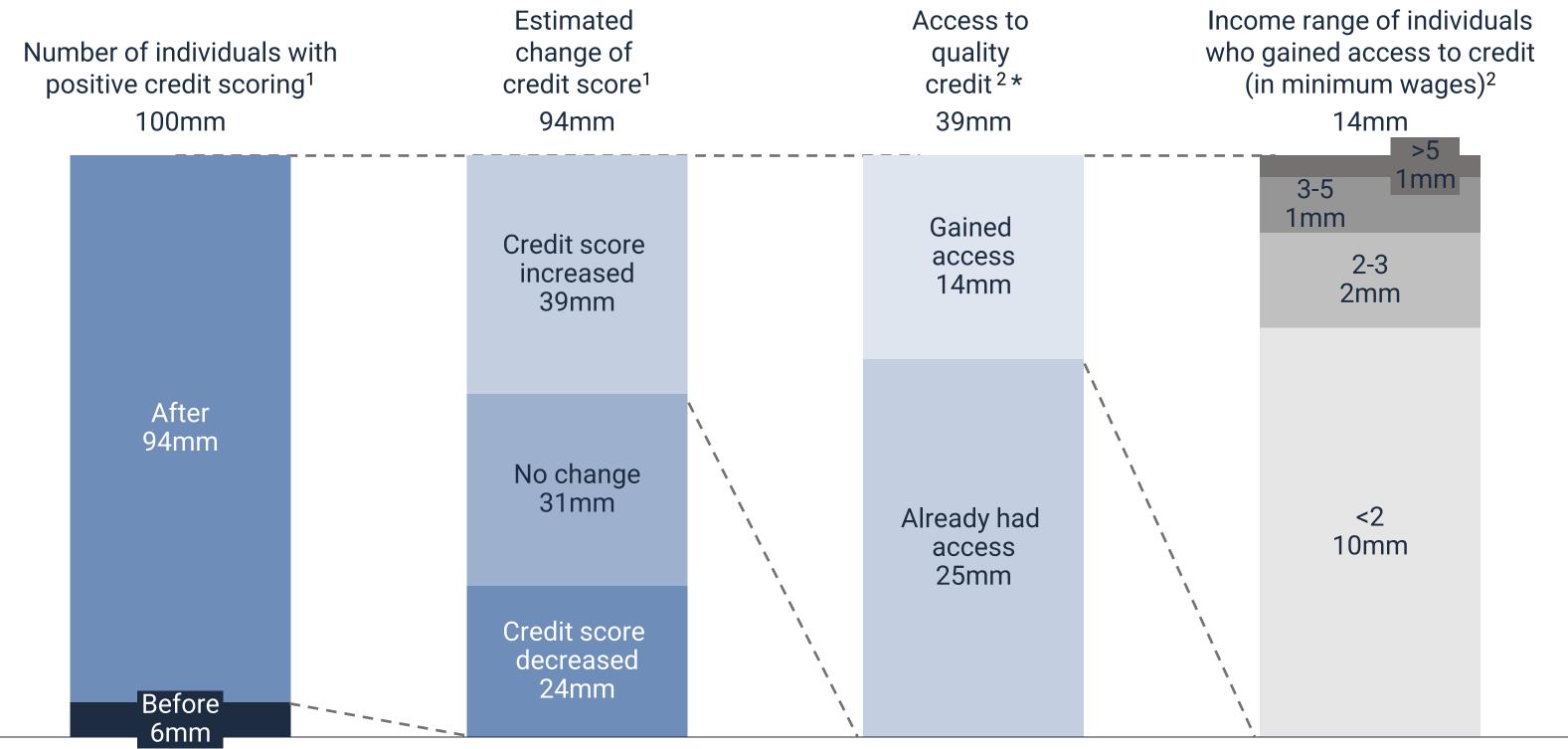
New regulation: Law 12,414 and resolution 4737 introduce automatic positive credit scoring ("opt-out" basis). The inclusion of positive credit information in consumers' credit histories allow for fairer credit assessments, potentially lowering interest rates and encouraging responsible financial behavior



Through positive credit scoring, more than 14 million people gained access to credit

2023, number of people

positive credit scoring¹ 100mm



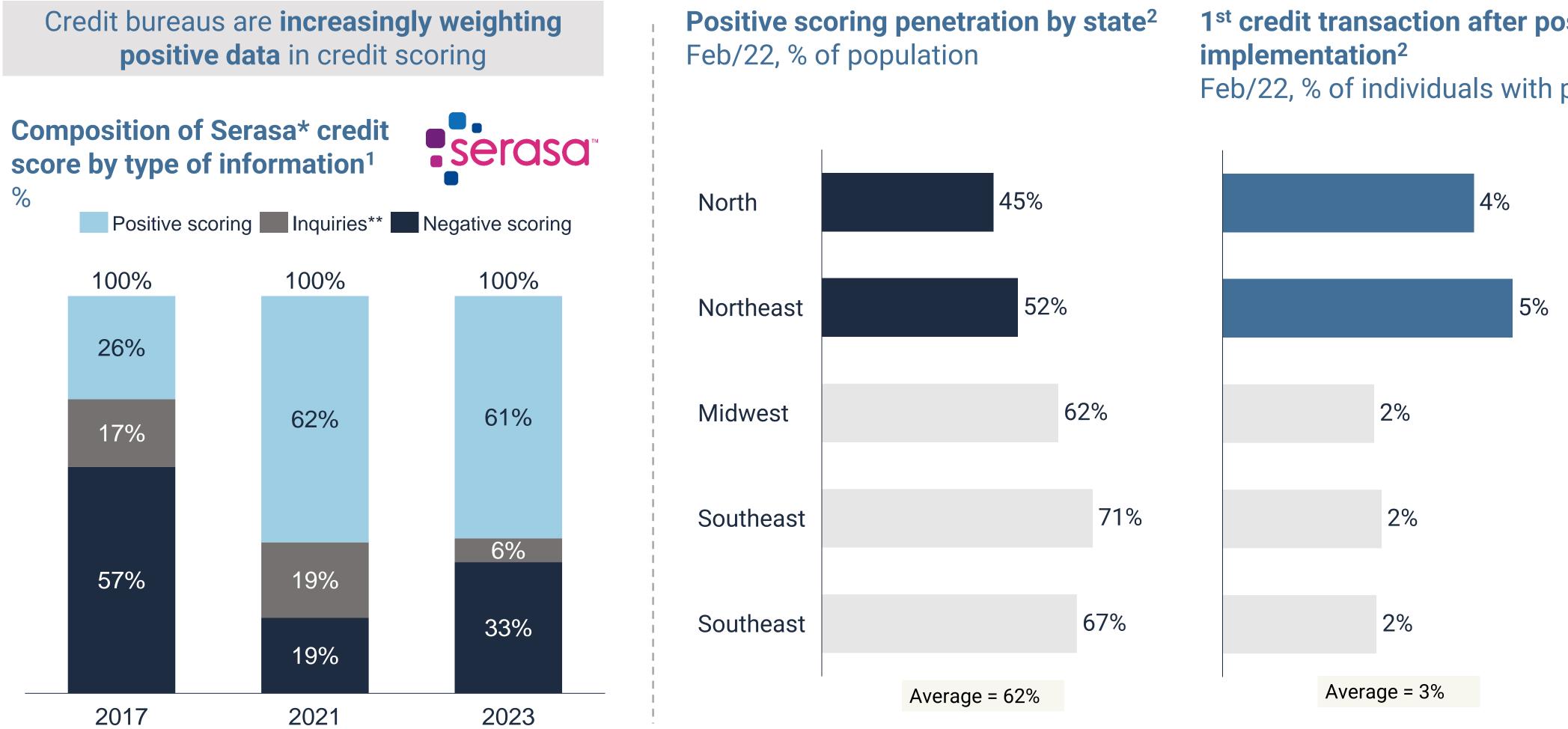
Notes: (*) "Quality credit" defined by Serasa as Serasa Score > 500 ("good" or "excellent") Sources: (1) Central Bank of Brazil – "Analysis of the effects of positive credit scoring" (2021); (2) Serasa study (July 2023)

Impact of automatic positive scoring in access to credit^{1,2}





Financial institutions are relying more heavily on positive scoring, especially impacting access in lower income regions



Notes: (*) Serasa is a credit bureau in Brazil; (**) Financial institutions inquiries on individual's credit score Sources: (1) Serasa website; (2) National Association of Credit Bureaus (ANBC)

1st credit transaction after positive scoring

Feb/22, % of individuals with positive scoring





2019: Receivables registries

Before: Merchants' receivables were tied to their respective acquirers, who held exclusive rights to negotiate them

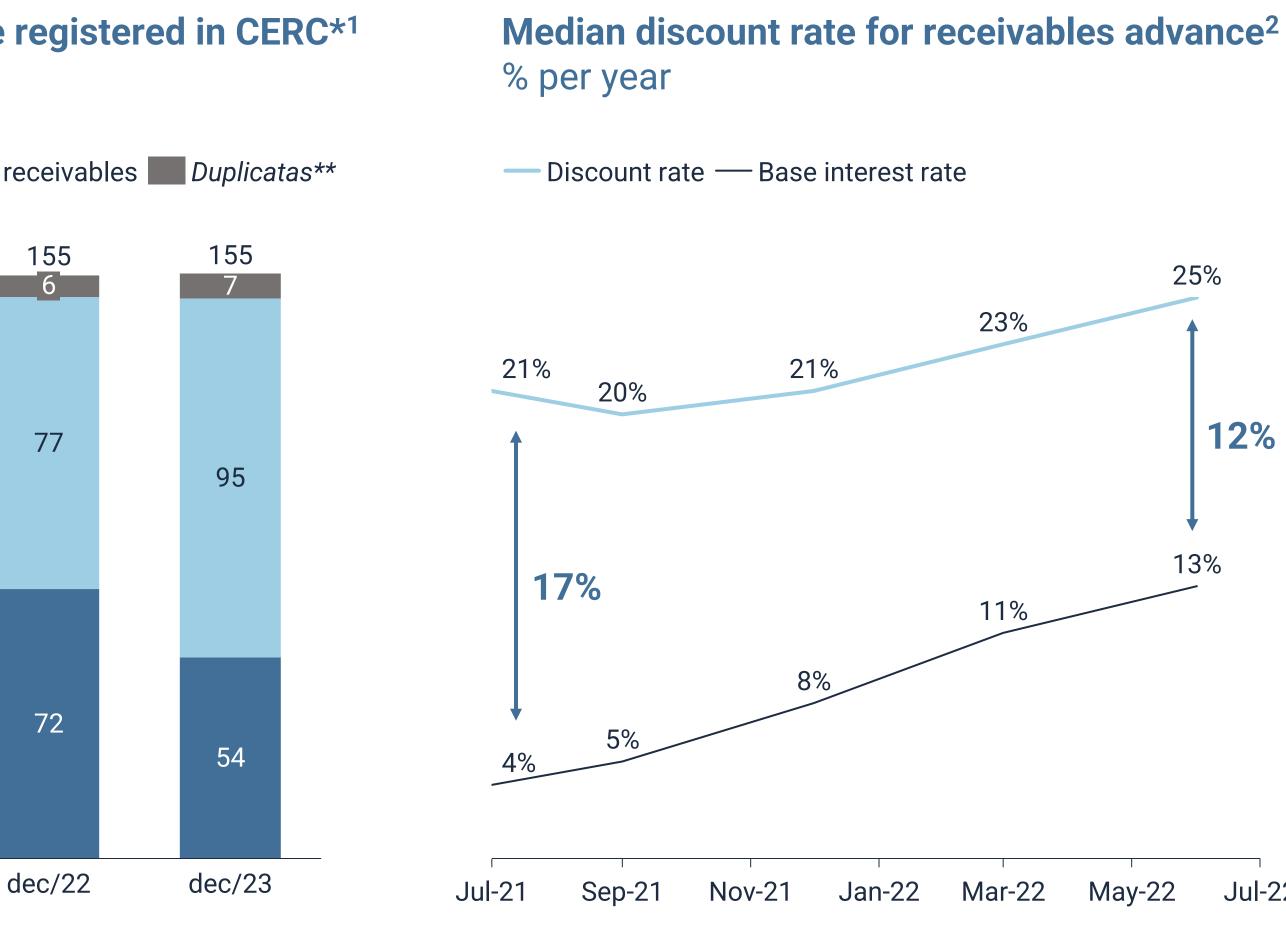
New regulation: Resolution 4734 determines that acquirers no longer own merchants' receivables. Instead, receivables are registered in one of four Central Bank-authorized registries and are accessible to other credit grantors. This allows merchants to either advance or leverage their receivables as colateral with a credit provider of their choice



Public infrastructure for registering receivables helped reduce merchants' discount rate

Monthly financial volume registered in CERC*¹ R\$B Other financial assets Card receivables Duplicatas** 140 54 The registry system began operating in June 2021 78 28 0 25 dec/20 dec/21

Notes: (*) CERC is one of the four Central Bank-authorized receivables registries; (**) Duplicatas are credit securities of an installment transaction Sources: (1) CERC "Estatísticas de Ativos"; (2) CERC + Pinheiro Neto webinar on credit card receivables (jul/22) and Brazil's Central Bank "Taxa Selic"







12%

Jul-22



2023: **Electronic Trade** Receivables

Before: Trade receivables were managed directly by issuing company, often involving complex analog processes for negotiation and discounting.

New regulation: Resolution 5094 requires that electronic trade receivables be registered in a centralized system. This standardization increases transparency and allows financial institutions to access and offer financing options based on these receivables, giving businesses greater flexibility

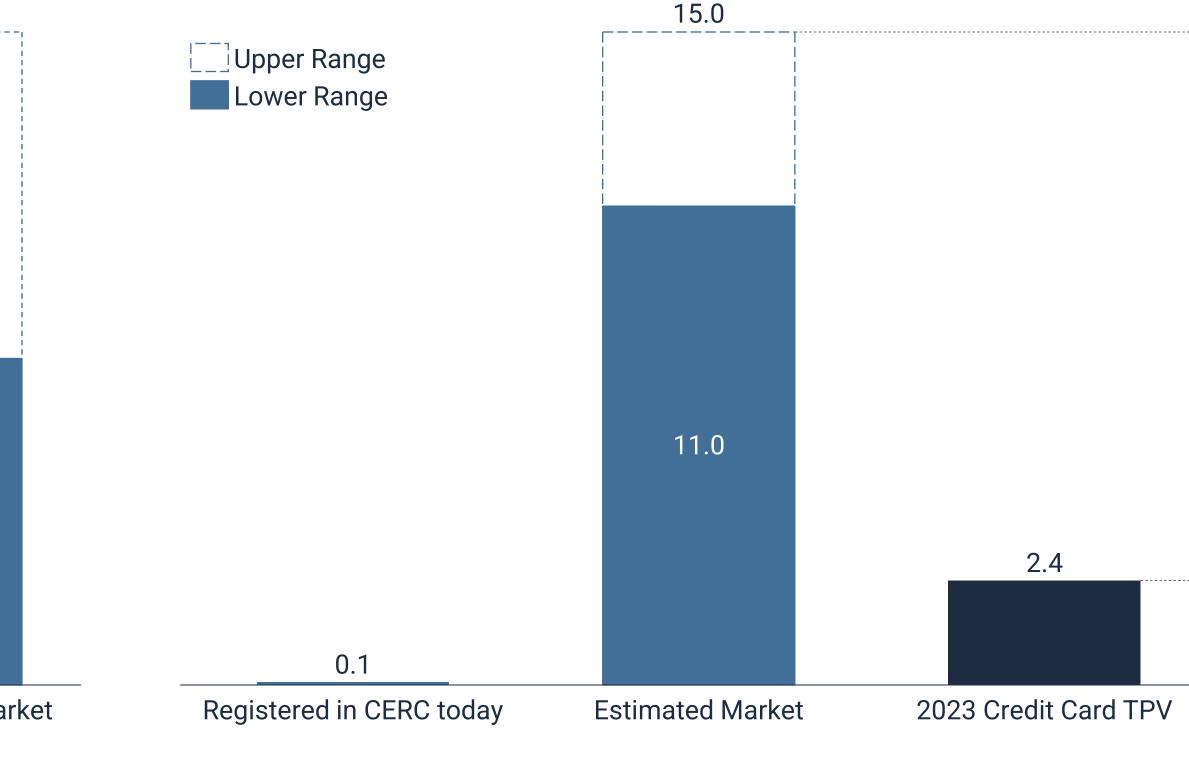


The new frontier – registry of trade receivables could unlock a market 5x the size of credit cards

Estimated number of other trade receivables **Millions** 1000 Upper Range Lower Range 500 13 Registered in **Estimated Market CERC** today

Sources: Brazilian Association of Credit Card Companies and Services (ABECS); CERC; Valor Econômico

Estimated financial volume of other trade receivables vs. **Credit card annual TPV in Brazil** R\$T



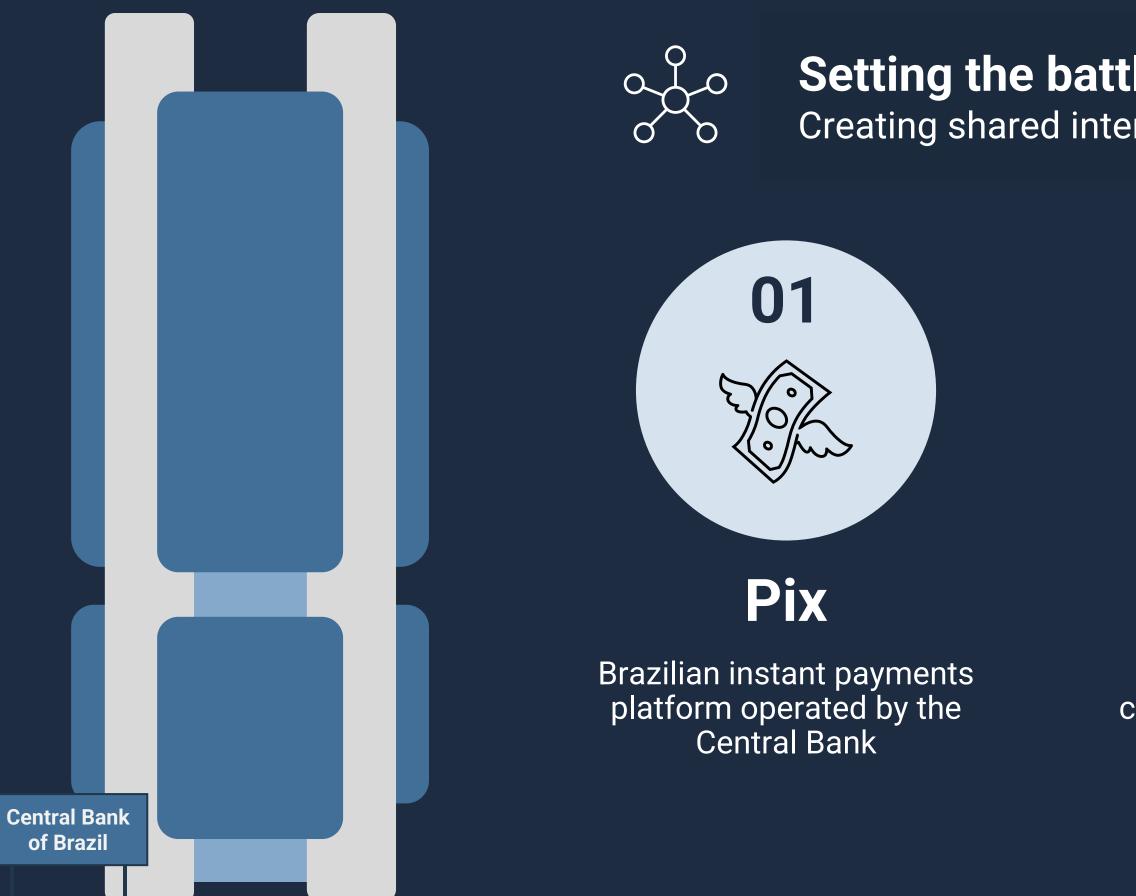








The 2019 "BC#" agenda is increasing efficiency, competition and access through regulatory change and infrastructure



Setting the battleground for the future

Creating shared interoperable systems for long-lasting competition and innovation



Open Finance

Regulatory framework for customers to share their financial data between institutions

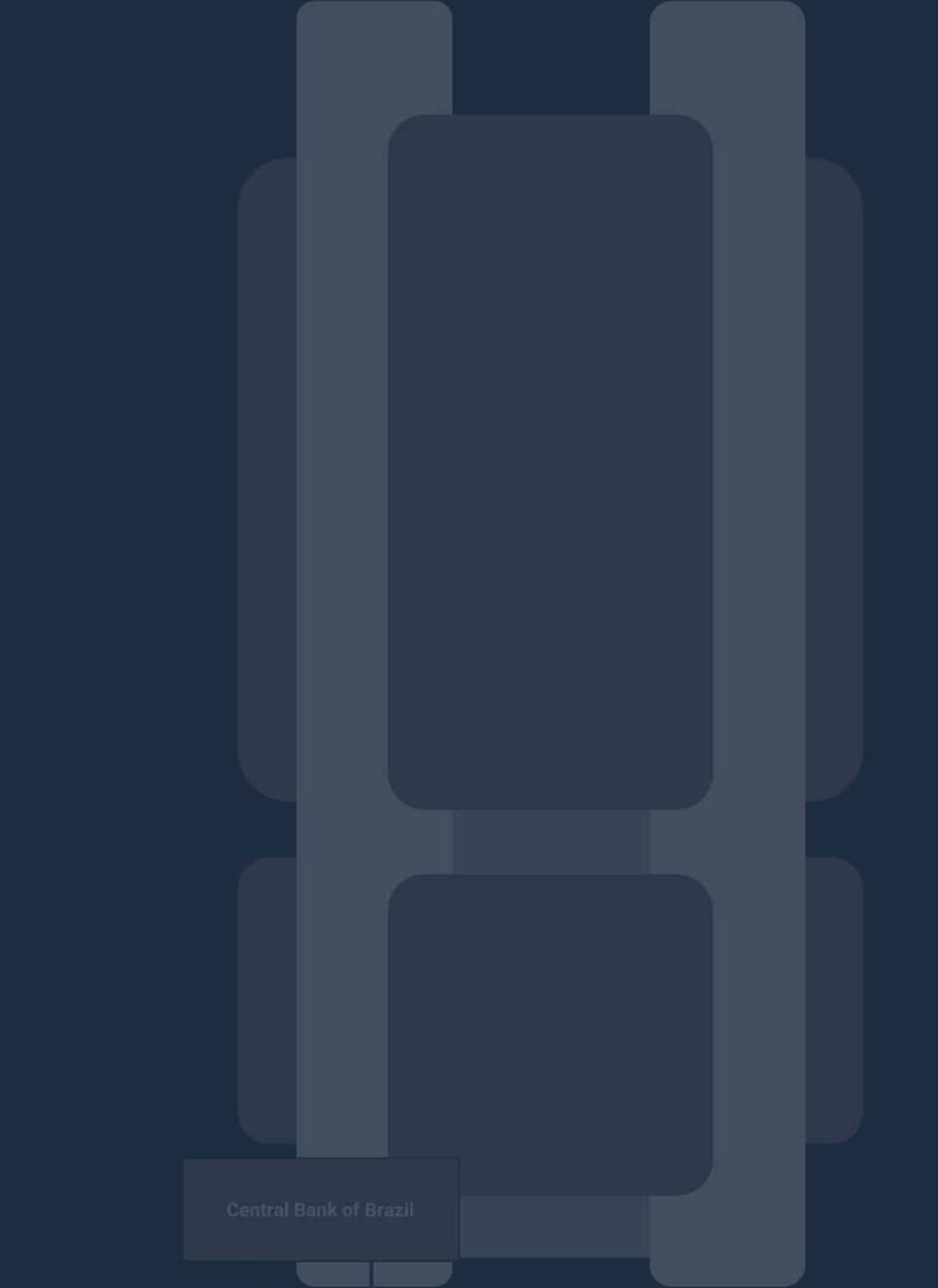


Drex

Brazil's Central Bank Digital Currency (CBDC) and tokenization of financial assets









Pix

Brazilian instant payments platform operated by the Central Bank







Since launch, continual improvements and new features are fueling Pix's ability to replace traditional payment methods

Pre-launch (2020)



Infrastructure

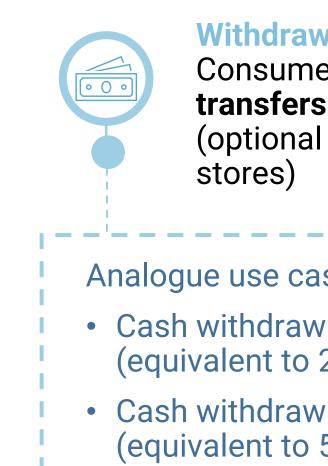
[Jun] BCB Establishes the Instant Payment System (SPI) and its regulations to support real-time financial transactions in Brazil





Pre-registration

[Oct] Users are invited to **pre**register their Pix keys, leading to a marketing race between banks, boosting Pix adoption





Launch

[Nov] **Pix is officially launched**,

offering instant, 24/7 payments, every day of the year, through registered financial institutions

Notes: (*) Boletos are a popular cash-based post-pay method in Brazil. They are a type of invoice (printed or virtual) containing a unique barcode, payment details and customer information; (**) Figures for 1Q 2024 Sources: Central Bank of Brazil

Post-Launch (2021-2024)

UX improvements

Gradual improvements occur, such as integration with user's contact list, limit management, shortcut to customer support



Payment initiation

As part of the **Open Finance** roadmap, institutions with transactional accounts can offer payment initiation with Pix

Withdrawal and change

Consumers can **exchange Pix** transfers for cash at stores (optional participation from

Analogue use case: Cash Withdrawal

 Cash withdrawal transactions: 280 M (equivalent to 2% of Pix transactions)**

• Cash withdrawal volume: **BRL 288 Bn** (equivalent to 5% of Pix volume)**



Pix collection

Enables businesses to issue QR codes for **billing and** collection purposes, potentially replacing boletos*

Analogue use case: **Boletos***

- Boletos transactions: **1.3 Bn** (equivalent to 10% of Pix transactions)**
- Boletos volume: **BRL 1.9 T** (equivalent to 35% of Pix volume)**

ATLANTICO

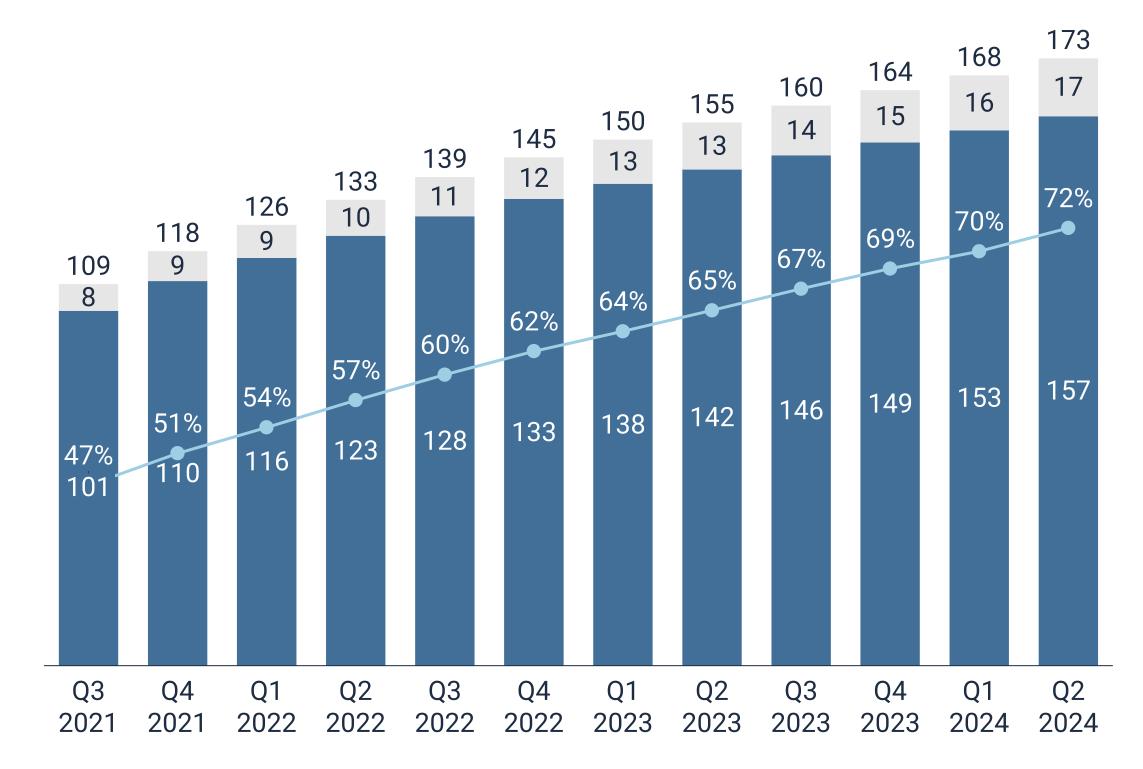


The new normal: Pix achieved 72% adoption for individuals, recently surpassing cards as the preferred payment method

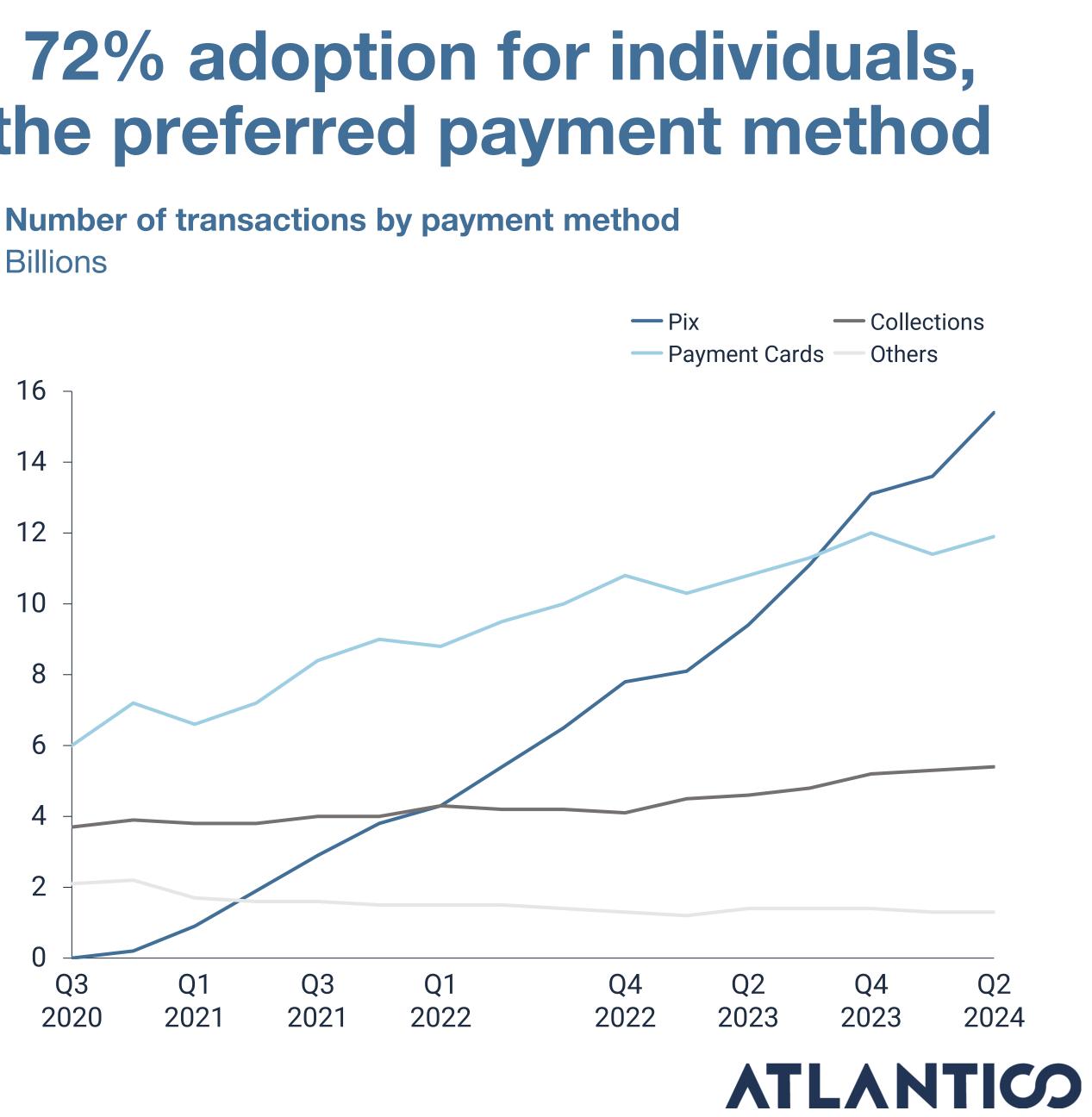
Number of Pix users by type Millions, % of total population

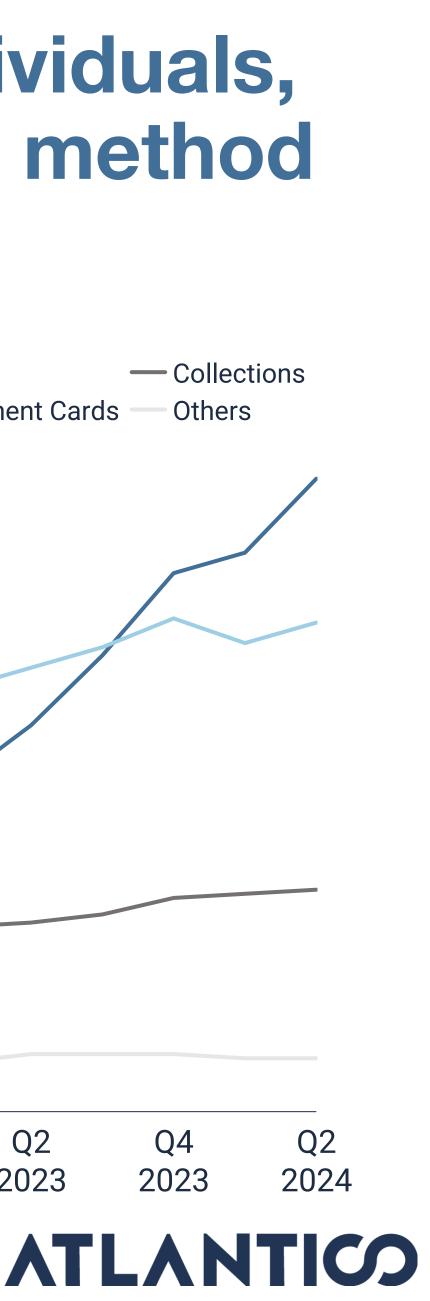
Individuals* — % of Population

Companies



Note: (*) Individuals represent unique users (CPFs), not Pix keys Source: Central Bank of Brazil – Instant Payment System Statistics Billions

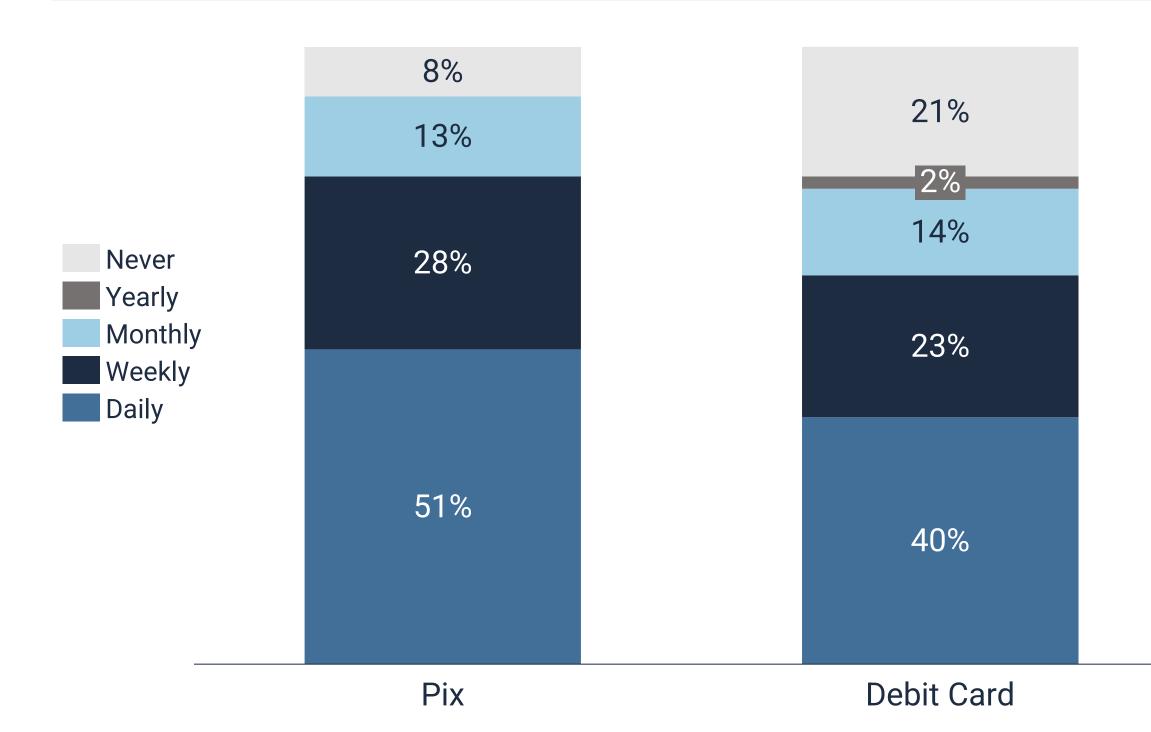




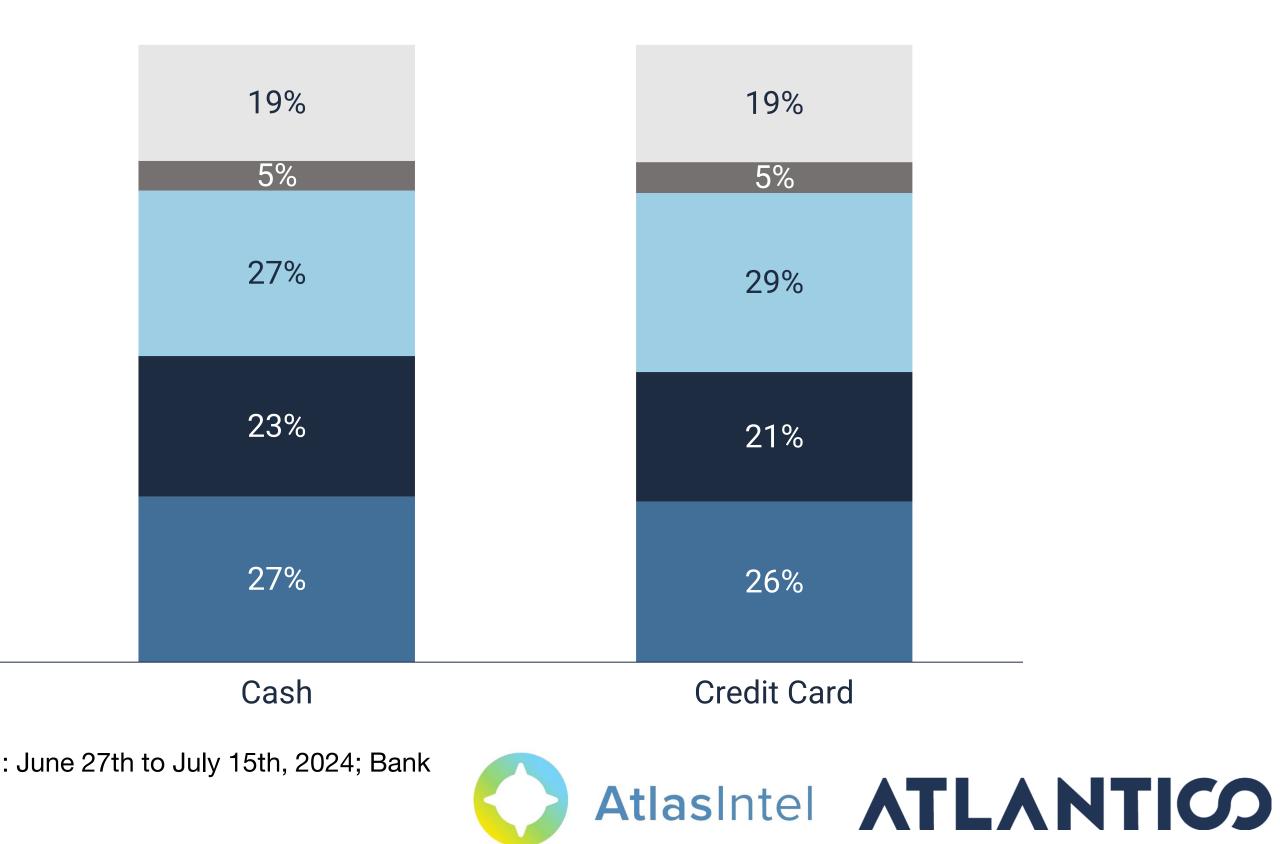
In Brazil, Pix has skyrocketed to become the most used payment method

Frequency of use of select payment methods¹ 2024, % of respondents in Brazil

How frequently do you use each of the following payment methods?



Notes: Margin of Error: ± 2 percentage points; Confidence Level: 95% Data Collection Period: June 27th to July 15th, 2024; Bank Transfers had 14% of daily users and Payment Apps had 7% of daily users Source: (1) Atlantico and AtlasIntel Survey 2024 (n=1,619)

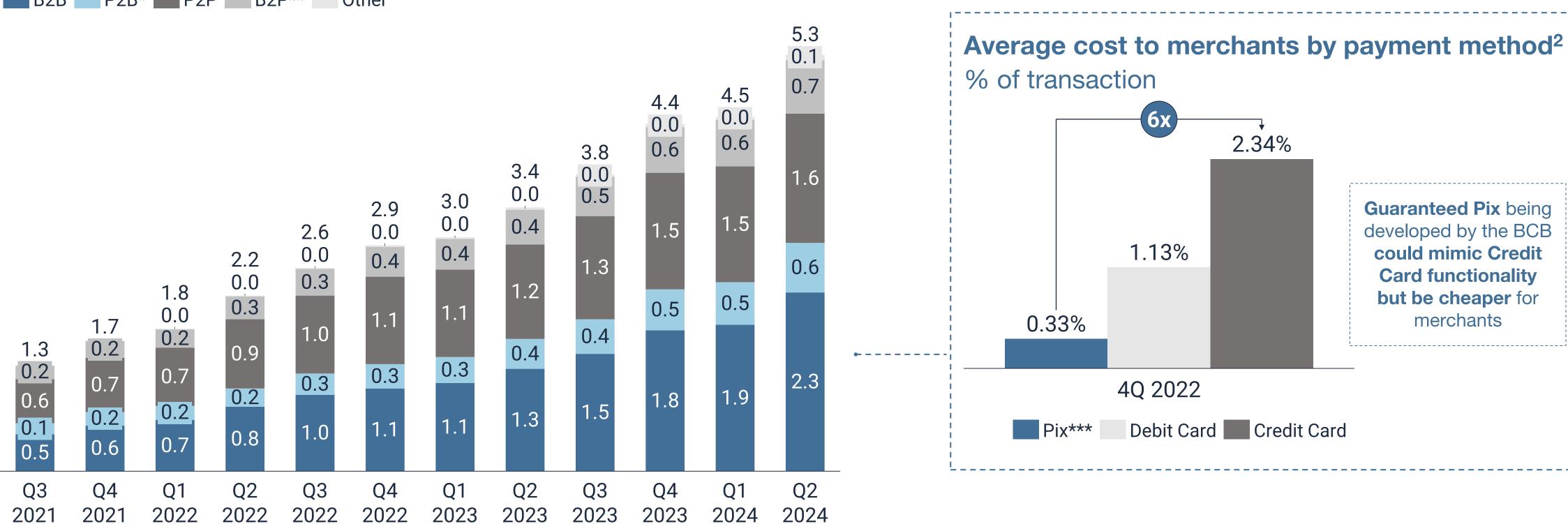




Pix business transactions continue to grow in relevance, as cost-benefit for merchants become increasingly evident

Total Pix transacted volume by segment¹ R\$T





Notes: (*) P2B: Individuals to businesses; (**) B2P: Businesses to individuals; (***) Calculated based on the ratio between revenue from fees on Pix transactions received by companies and the total volume of these transactions Sources: (1) Central Bank of Brazil – Instant Payment System Statistics; (2) Central Bank of Brazil – Relatório de Gestão do Pix 2022





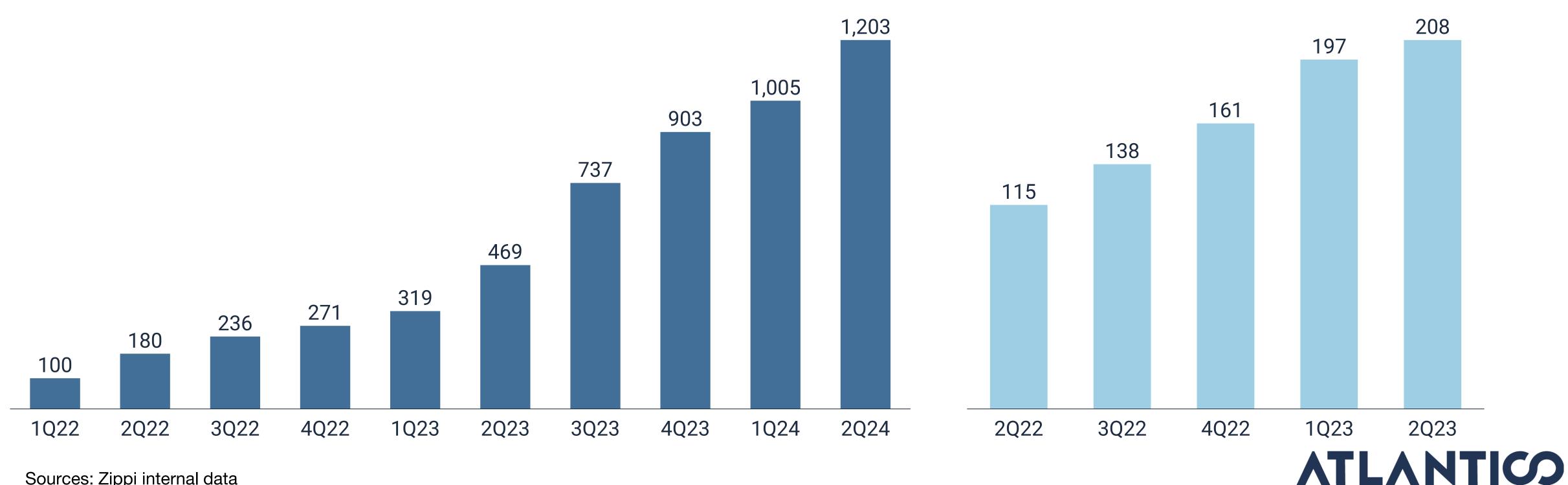


Zippi is leveraging Pix to tackle the small business credit gap with short-term revolving credit

zippi

Zippi provides credit for micro and small businesses in Brazil, offering up to 2-week payment terms in Pix transfers. Zippi leverages the Pix payment rail to serve their customers with revolving credit lines for working capital

Total payment volume (TPV) Indexed Q1 2022 = 100

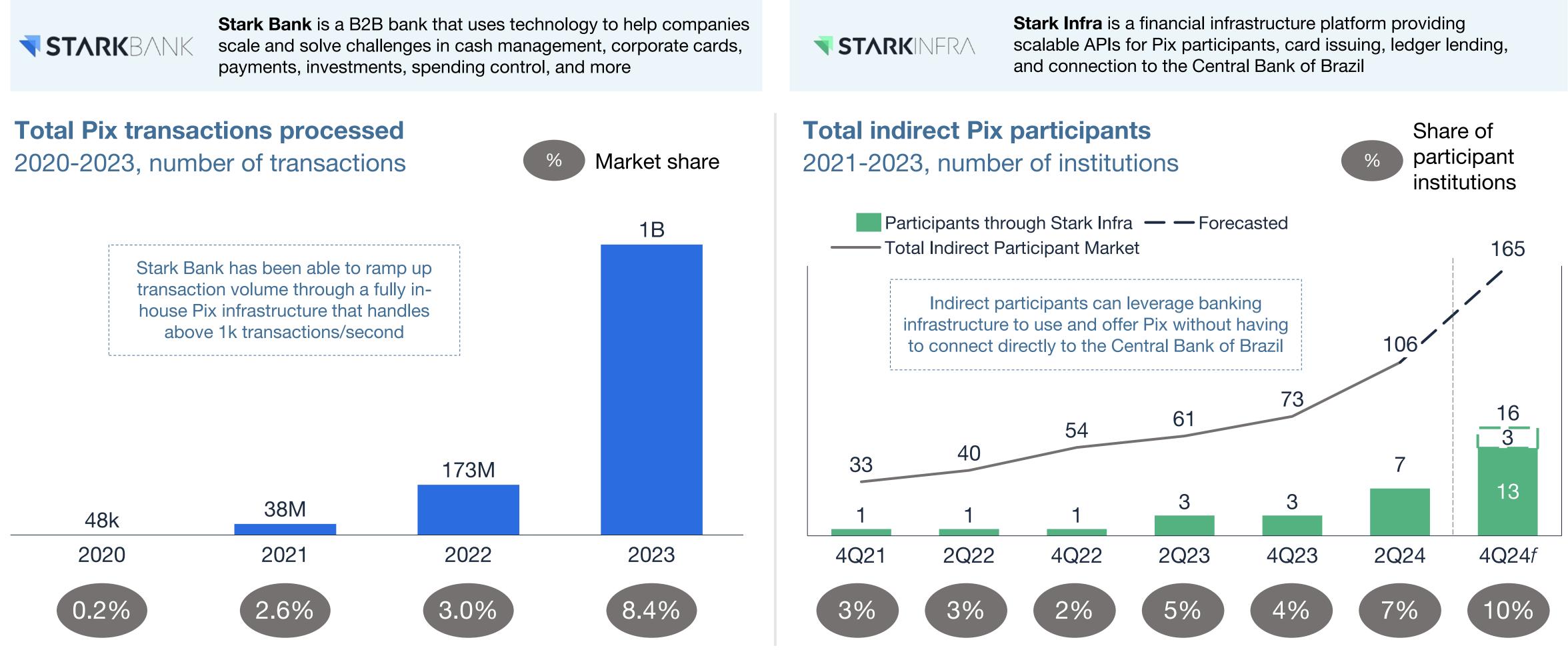


1-Year TPV retention

Per cohort, M12 vs. M1



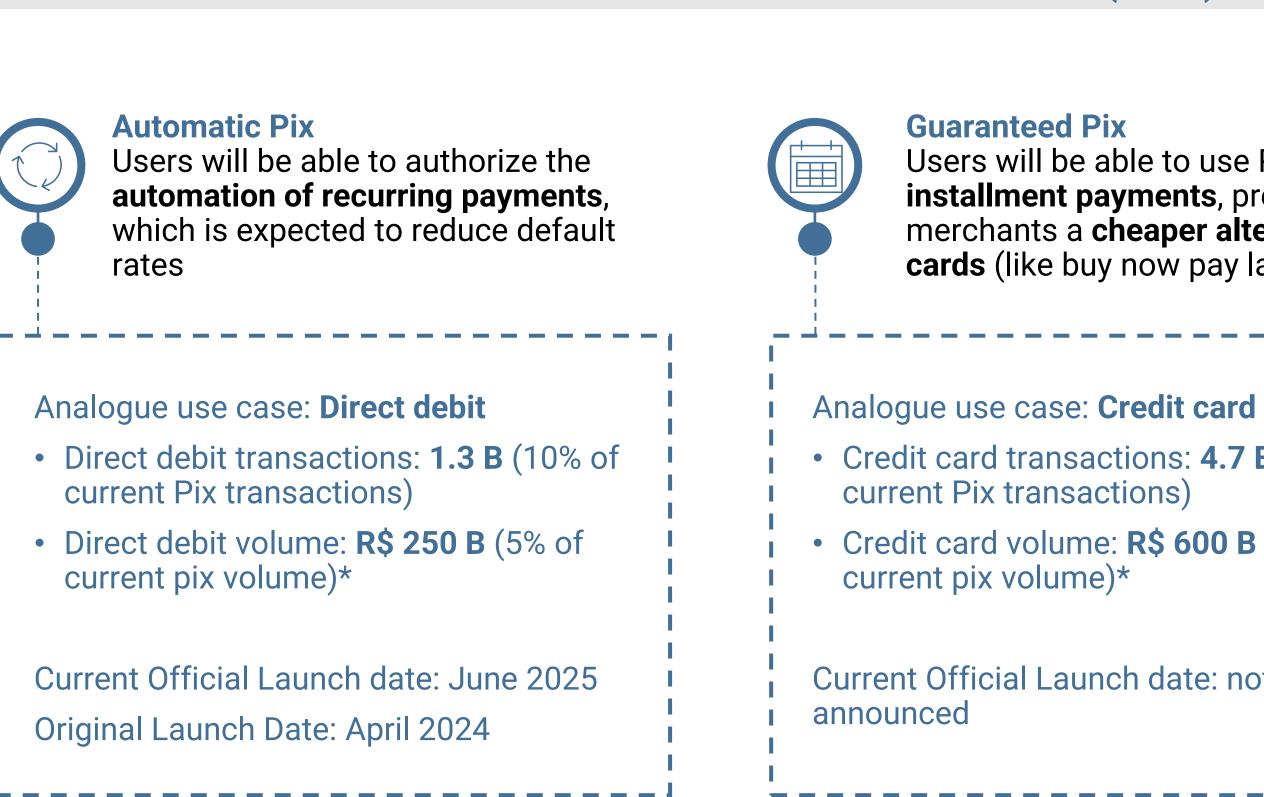
Stark Infra is leveraging proprietary Pix tech built at Stark Bank to serve the growing market of indirect Pix participants



109 Sources: Banco Central do Brasil (P2B, B2P, and B2B transactions); Stark Bank, Stark Infra ATLANTICO



Despite recent delays, the Pix roadmap promises to further disrupt payment methods by introducing novel use cases



Future (2025-)

Users will be able to use Pix for installment payments, presenting to merchants a **cheaper alternative to cards** (like buy now pay later)



Payer QR code

Will introduce payer-generated QR codes, enabling users to pay with Pix while offline, something that is already possible with cards today

- Credit card transactions: **4.7 B** (35% of
- Credit card volume: **R\$ 600 B** (11% of
- Current Official Launch date: not officially



New forms of initiation

Will allow other forms of Pix initiation, such as NFC, RFID and facial **recognition**, closing the gap between Pix's and cards' UX



International Pix

Will enable transactions to be carried out between global bank accounts instantly and free of charge





Other Latin American countries are making reforms to develop their own instant payment systems

Colombia 🕳 Immediate Low-Value Payment System (Bre-B)¹

Chile 🦶 Peru Financial Instruments Clearing & Interbank Real-Time (IRT/LBTR)² Settlement System (SSI)³

Creation

The Bre-B system has been under development since 2022 by the Central Bank of Colombia, along with public and private financial actors

Architecture & Operating System

- The Central Bank of Colombia leads the consolidation of Bre-B. It will use a Centralized Clearing House Directory
- Bre-B promises payment settlement in up to 20 seconds. Participant institutions have to display the Bre-B brand on all their channels
- Banks can choose whether they charge consumers for transactions
- The Central Bank of Colombia will officially launch Bre-B in H1 2025⁶

Creation

The IRT/LBTR was created in 2000 by the Central Bank of Peru (BCRP) and was designed to process and settle interbank transactions immediately

Architecture & Operating System

- The IRT/LBTR is managed by the BCRP, which oversees operations to ensure integrity and reliability
- The LBTR is used for significant • financial transactions, including corporate payments, government transfers, and financial market dealings
- Financial institutions must integrate with the LBTR infrastructure to use system
- Adoption: 22 financial institutions and banks participate in the LBTR²

Sources: (1) Banco de la República de Colombia; (2) Banco Central de Reserva del Perú Sistema de Liquidación Bruta en Tiempo Real; (3) Banco Central de Chile Sistema de Liquidación y Compensación de Instrumentos Financieros; (4) Banco Central de México Sistema de Pagos Electrónicos Interbancarios; (5) Forbes Mexico: Transferencias por SPEI cumplen 20 años con 6 de cada 10 mexicanos como usuarios; (6) La Republica

Creation

	 The SSI (Sistema de Liquidación y Compensación de Instrumentos Financieros) was created in 2009 and began operations in August 2010
	Architecture & Operating System
	 The SSI is overseen by the Central Bank, which determines rules and regulations for the system's operation
	 SSI was designed to enhance the efficiency, security, and reliability of financial transactions within the country.
	 It handles the clearing and settlement of payments and securities transactions in real-time, reducing counterparty risk
	 Adoption: In 2023, ~447k payments were made using SSI in Chile³

México (*) Interbank Electronic Payment System (SPEI)⁴

Creation

The SPEI payment system was created in 2004 to facilitate real-time interbank transfers and improve payment efficiency

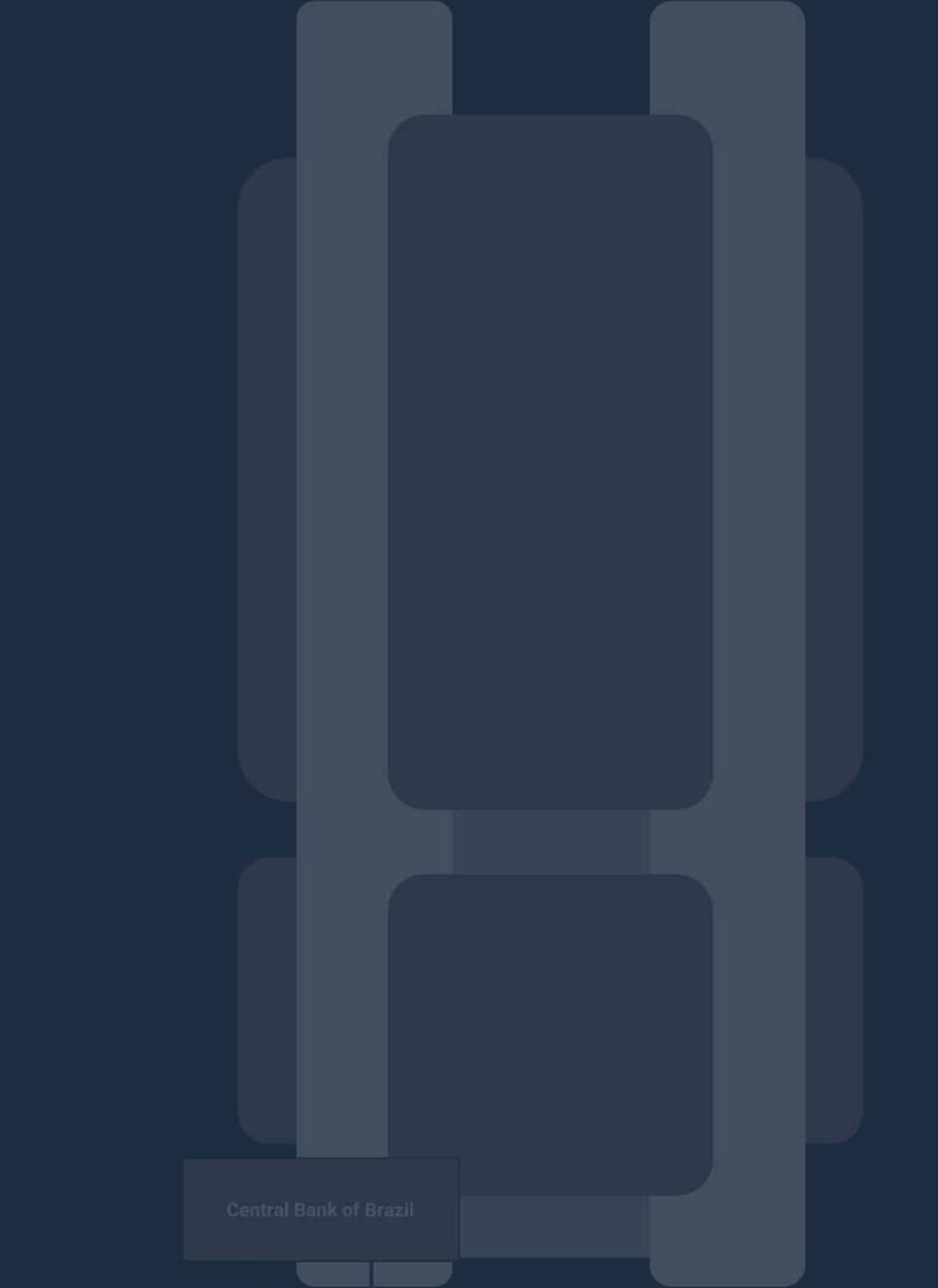
Architecture & Operating System

- **SPEI** operates as a centralized system managed by the Bank of **Mexico**, with a focus on security
- SPEI was designed for high availability and reliability to ensure continuous operation.
- The system employs advanced security measures to protect transaction data and mitigate fraud
- Adoption: 6 out of every 10 Mexican citizens use SPEI⁵

ATLANTICO









Open Finance

Regulatory framework for customers to share their financial data between institutions





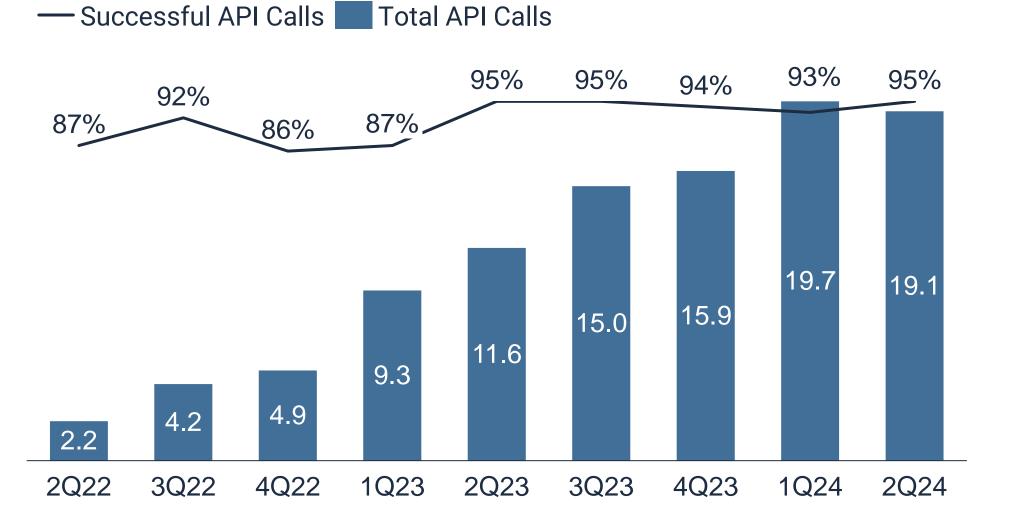


Brazil's Open Finance agenda is seeing steady adoption from financial institutions, but consents remain limited

Feb.2021	Aug.2021	Oct.20
Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase
Data on Participating Institutions	Customer Data	Open F
Participating financial institutions	Customers can now consent to	Custome
must share standardized	financial institutions having	services
information on banking products ,	access to registration and	Compan
services and channels	transactional data	become

Banking API calls in Brazil¹

%, Billions



Notes: (*) Total individuals = total adult population according to Brazil Central Bank Source: (1) Central Bank of Brazil Open Finance Dashboard

021

se 3 **Finance meets Pix**

ners gain access to financial es outside financial institutions. nies from different sectors can e payment initiators

Oct.2023

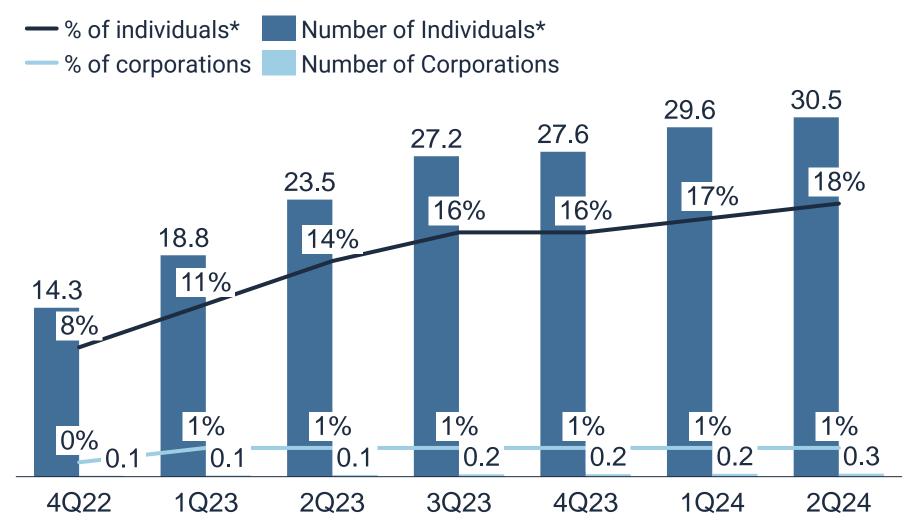
Phase 4 **Data Expansion**

Additional customer information

can be shared: foreign exchange, accreditation, insurance, investments, and pensions

Active individual consents and share of population¹



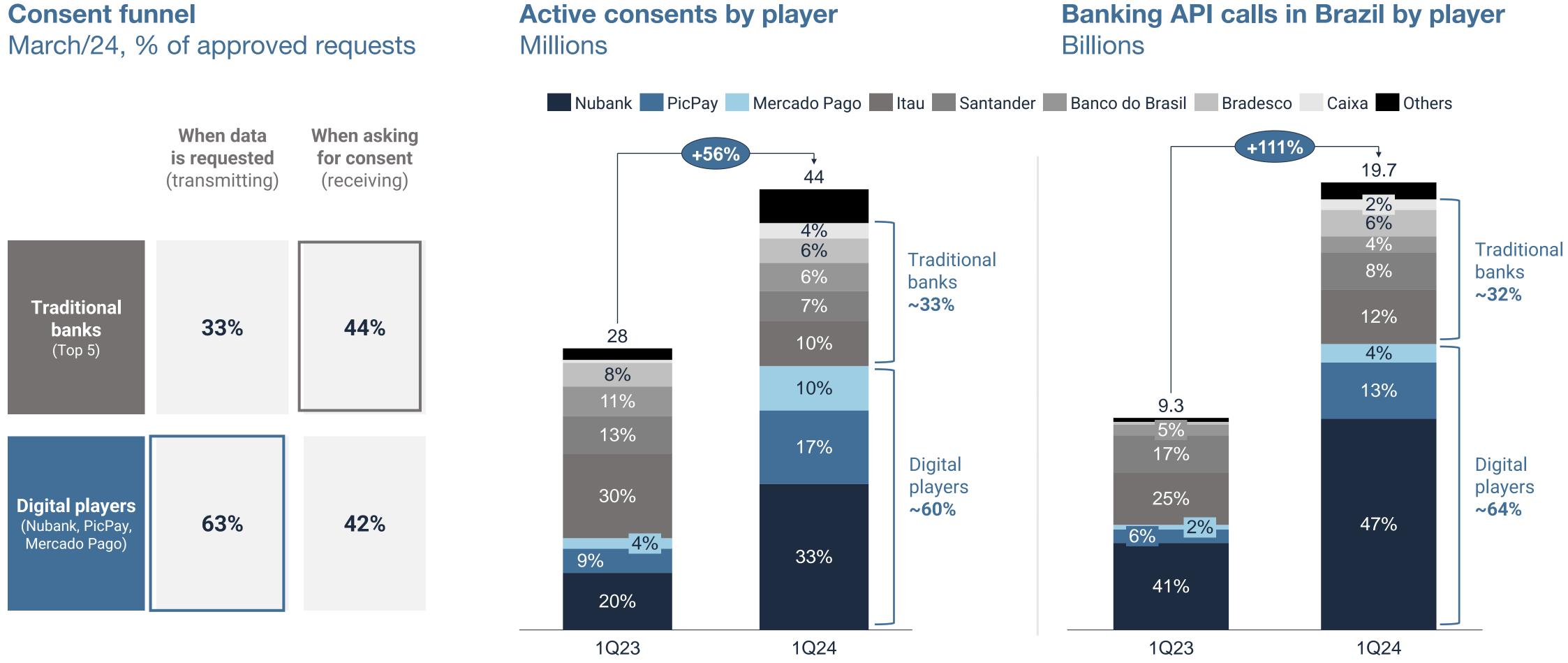








Digital players are adapting faster compared to incumbents, representing the majority of consents and API calls

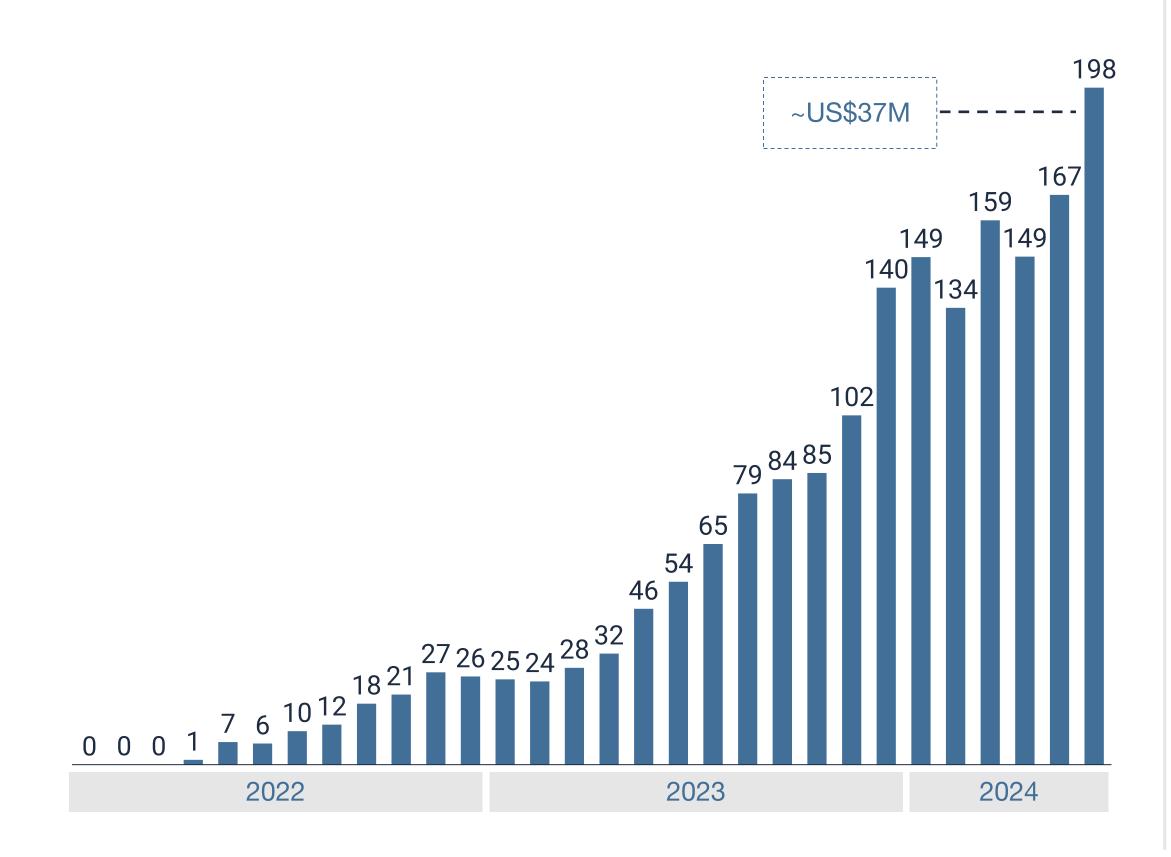






The creation of payment initiators offers a clear path for non-financial institutions to leverage the Pix interface

Total Pix volume initiated by payments initiation institution Jan/22 – Aug/24, R\$M



Open Finance payment initiation initiative

Payment initiators currently can...

Execute a single transaction with user consent through **one-time initiation**, primarily used for cash-in on platforms like gaming and e-commerce;

Use a single user consent to schedule up to 60 same-value transactions through **recurrent payments** for up to two years;

Execute multiple transfers within same-ownership accounts through intelligent transfers; users can set tailored rules and integrate with personal finance solutions

- And soon will be able to... --

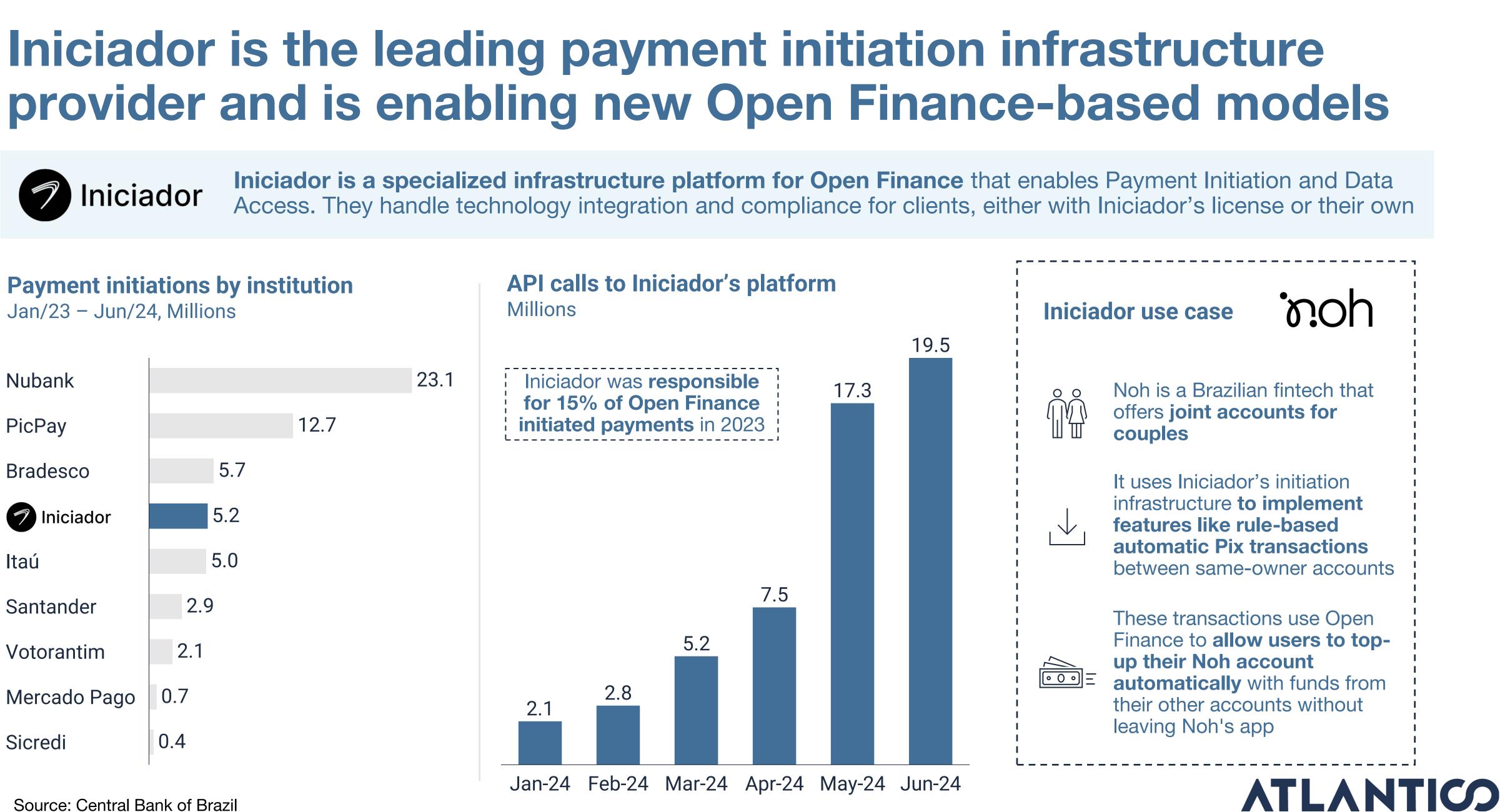
Perform **batch payments (4Q24)** with a single authorization, enabling users to get multiple cashouts efficiently

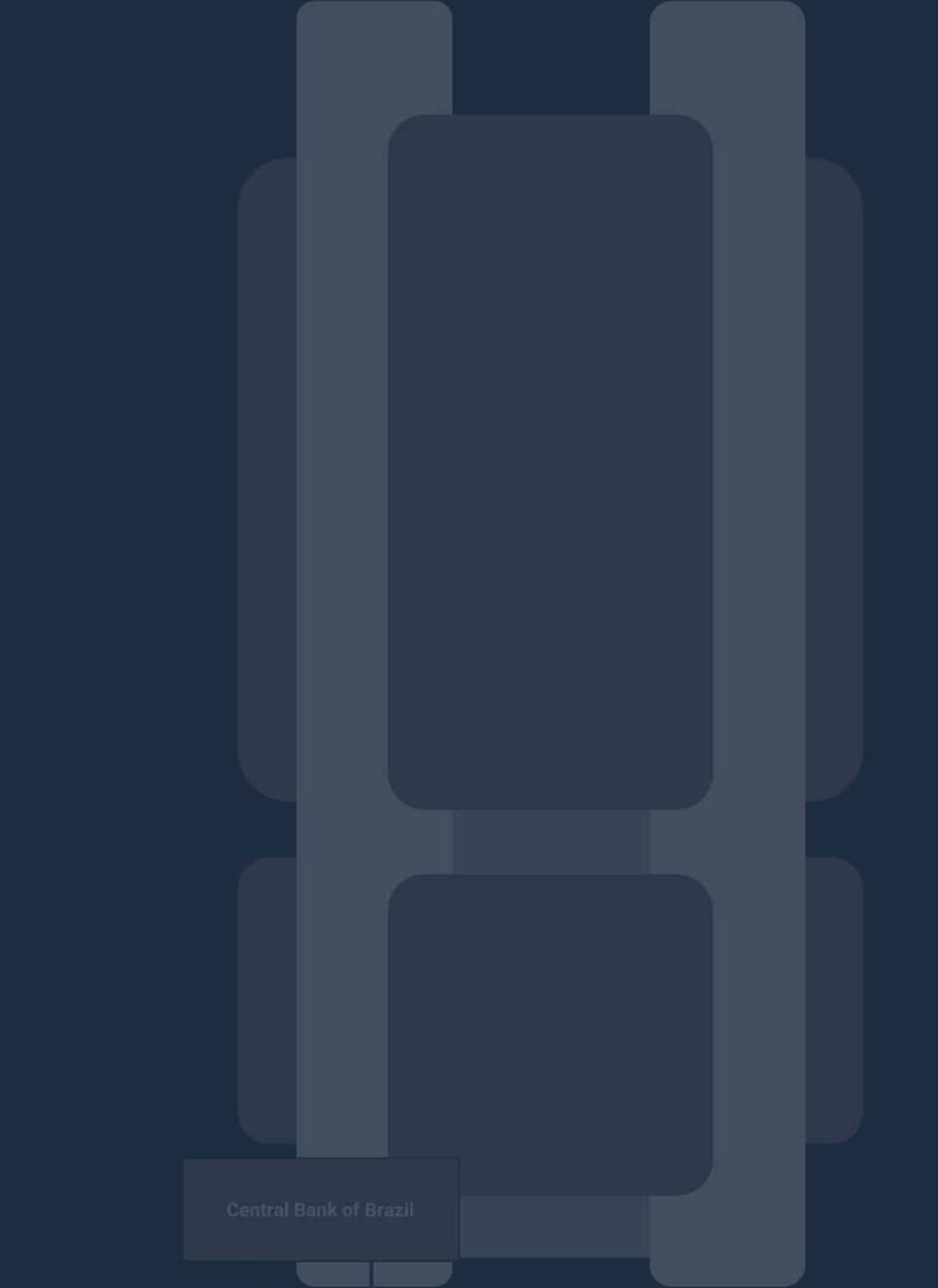
Enable users to perform a frictionless journey with real-time transfers (1Q25) that can be tap to pay and feature biometric authentication with specific rules and limits via a verification layer. Resolutions (BCB number 406 and 407) mandate the 13 largest banks to adopt this, enabling full integration













Drex

Brazil's Central Bank Digital Currency (CBDC) and tokenization of financial assets







Brazil's Drex initiative aims to tokenize the economy by bringing efficiency to wholesale financial products

WHAT IS DREX

Drex is the Central Bank's project for the tokenization of the economy: The creation of an institutional blockchain infrastructure to enable the tokenization of financial assets at a national and international level. It includes the creation of Brazil's Central Bank **Digital Currency** (CBDC)* for organizations and individuals to interact with this system in a seamless, secure and scalable way

DIFFERENT FROM OTHER CBDC'S

IN MISSION

Focus on wholesale versus retail

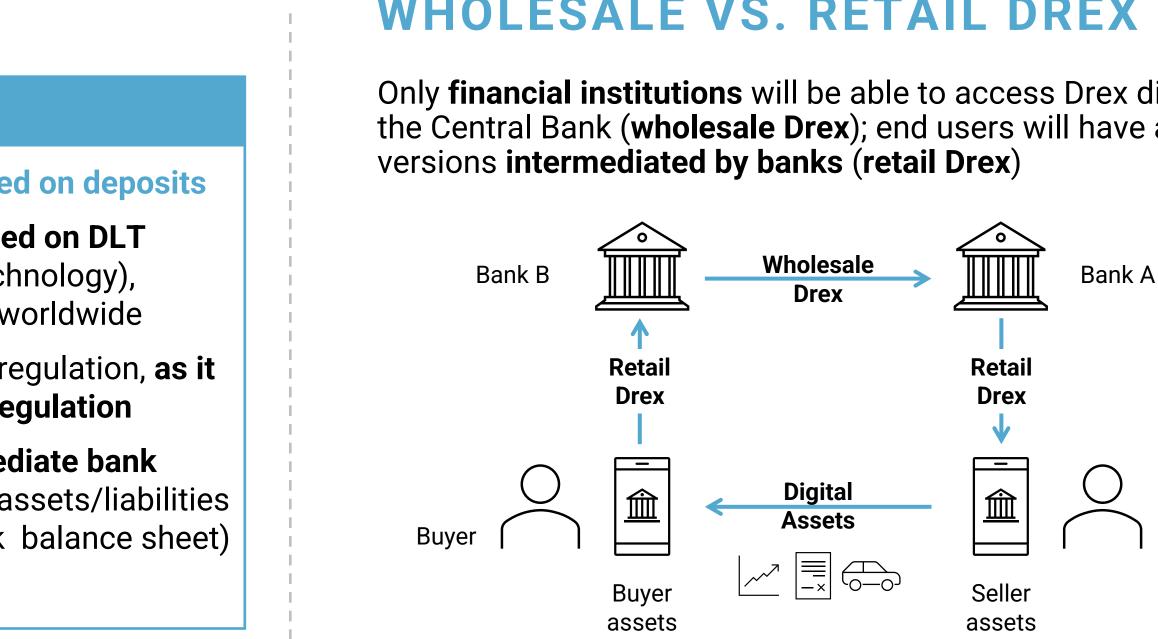
- Pix increased access to bank accounts and digital payments, serving as a retail payment system
- Drex aims to bring efficiency to other financial products, largely wholesale, including credit

IN TECHNOLGY

100% DLT** and based on deposits

- Solution **100% based on DLT** (Digital Ledger Technology), unique for CBDCs worldwide
- Doesn't need new regulation, as it inherits deposits regulation
- Doesn't **disintermediate bank** balances (no new assets/liabilities in the Central Bank balance sheet)

Notes: (*) "Central Bank Digital Currencies" - digital currencies issued, centrally managed, and fully regulated by Central Banks; (**) "Distributed Ledger Technology" is a technology that provides a platform for proposing, validating, and storing transactions in a distributed ledger, which is mirrored across a network formed by various independent devices, eliminating the need for a centralized trusted authority to maintain a "single" copy of the ledger Source: Central Bank of Brazil



WHOLESALE VS. RETAIL DREX

Only **financial institutions** will be able to access Drex directly via the Central Bank (wholesale Drex); end users will have access to





The extent to which real-world assets will be tokenized remains to be seen and will be determinant for Drex's impact

PREDICTED BENEFITS

Transparency and programmability

Compatibility with smart contracts, making "programmable money" and reducing risks; transparency to banks can also decrease spread

More liquid markets

Feasibility of tokenizing and fragmenting low-liquidity financial assets, also to use assets as collateral without the need for liquidation

Cost reduction

Instant, programmable, flexible, and transparent payment system allows for a leaner operation for financial institutions

User data strategies

The integration of new user data with the Open Banking system



"If you are planning to buy a car, you might be afraid that you will pay for the asset beforehand, but the seller will not transfer the vehicle's ownership. With Drex, it doesn't matter who makes the first move, because the contract will only be concluded when both occur. Thus, the money and the ownership of the car will be transferred simultaneously. If one of the parties fails to comply with their share of the transaction, both the paid amount and the car return to their respective owners" - Central Bank of Brazil

WHAT WILL BE TOKENIZED?

Currency

First to be tokenized, separated into retail and wholesale models

Financial assets

Next to be tokenized. The Central Bank (which regulates financial assets) is creating groups to study the tokenization of financial assets (e.g., bonds, stocks)



Real world assets

Will be tested in the 2nd phase of the pilot. More agents involved, complex custody rules, amongst other challenges (e.g., property, cars)





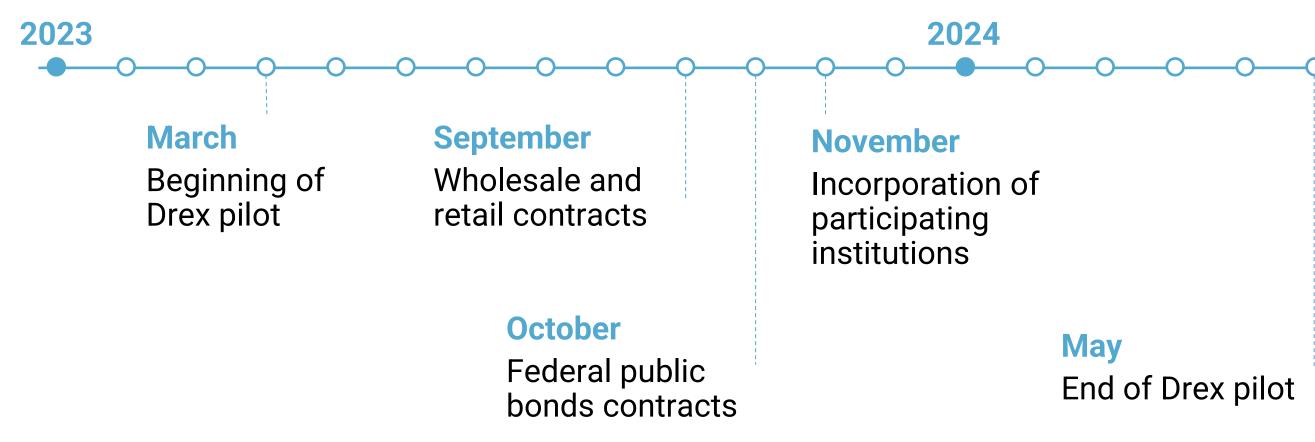
The Drex 2024 pilot is testing infrastructure and its privacy, using federal public bonds; launch is likely to come in 2025

PILOT

- It is still unclear how to conciliate scalability, decentralization, and privacy in this model
- The first phase of the pilot focused on the tokenization of **Federal Public Bonds**, where privacy is less relevant
- an outside solution which will be evaluated

If Drex is successfully launched, Brazil will have the first digital currency based 100% on Digital Ledger Technology

TIMELINE



• Pilots are still being conducted to evaluate the infrastructure and privacy of Drex transactions and tokenized deposits in a simulated environment.

• Three companies are working on solutions, but no decision has been made: Anonymous Zether, Starlight, and Parchain. Microsoft is also developing

The date for Drex's launch has not been set but it is unlikely to be before 2025

September/October

Pilot for other themes, mainly governance and smart contracts. The first tests with real-world assets, such as cars and real estate, will also be conducted

2025+

June **Pilot evaluation**





Opportunity Ahead: atop new regulation and infrastructure, innovation in financial services is set to go beyond inclusion



Credit

Following a rise in access to credit, fintechs are ready to expand to new product offerings and customer segments

After a decade-long effort to increase access to investments, fintechs now seek to disrupt the status quo



Wealth



Insurance

As new regulations emerge and consumers become savvier, insurtechs surf a new era of adoption and product innovation





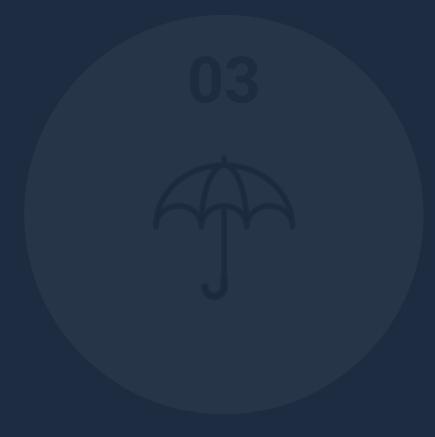




Credit

Following a rise in access to credit, fintechs are ready to expand to new product offerings and customer segments





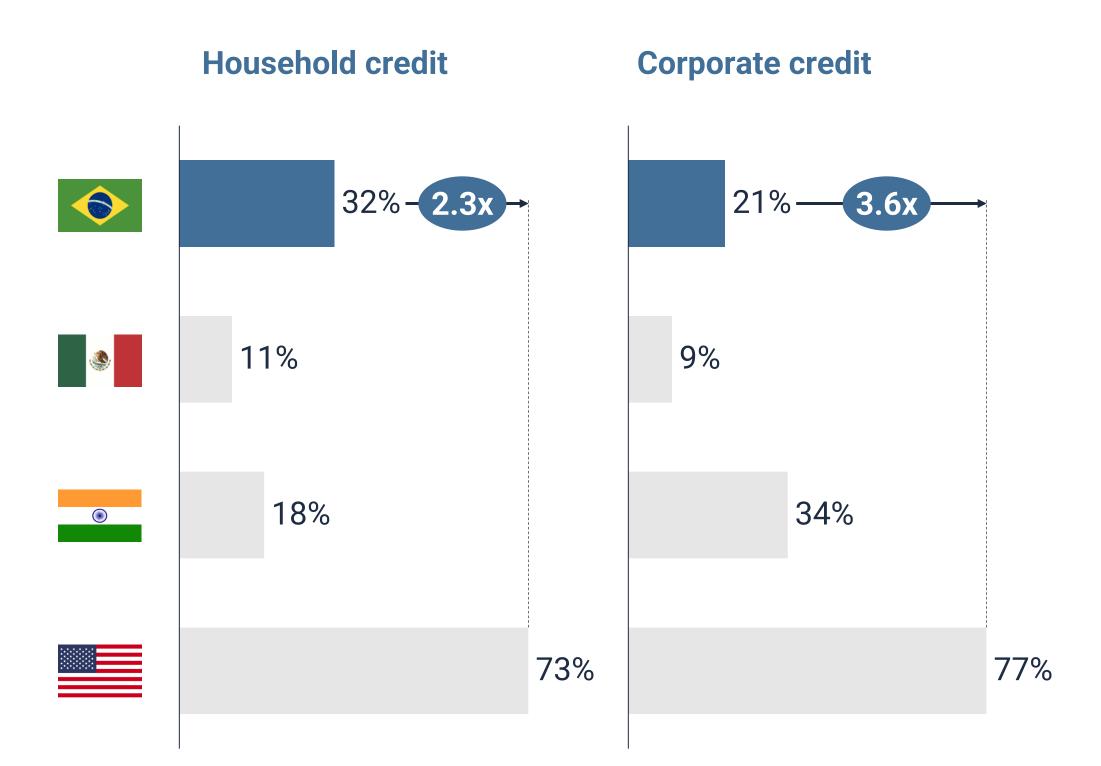






of the market and have plenty of room for expansion

Household and corporate credit penetration in Brazil¹ 2023, % of GDP

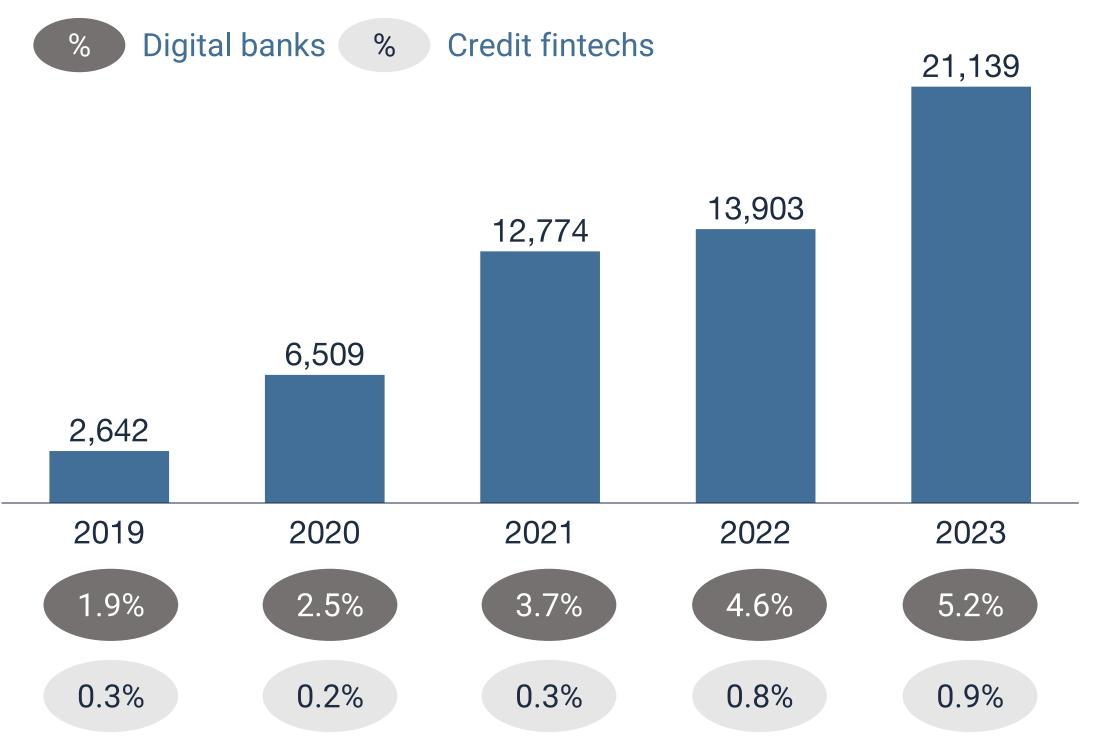


Notes: (*) Credit fintechs presented in the ABCD and PwC study encompass 40 digital credit companies in a mix of direct credit societies, payment institutions, societies of loans between people, and banking representatives Sources: (1) Central Bank of Brazil, Banco de Mexico, Reserve Bank of India, US Federal Reserve; (2) PwC "Digital Credit Fintechs Survey 2024" for ABCD; (3) Central Bank of Brazil "Banking economics report 2022";



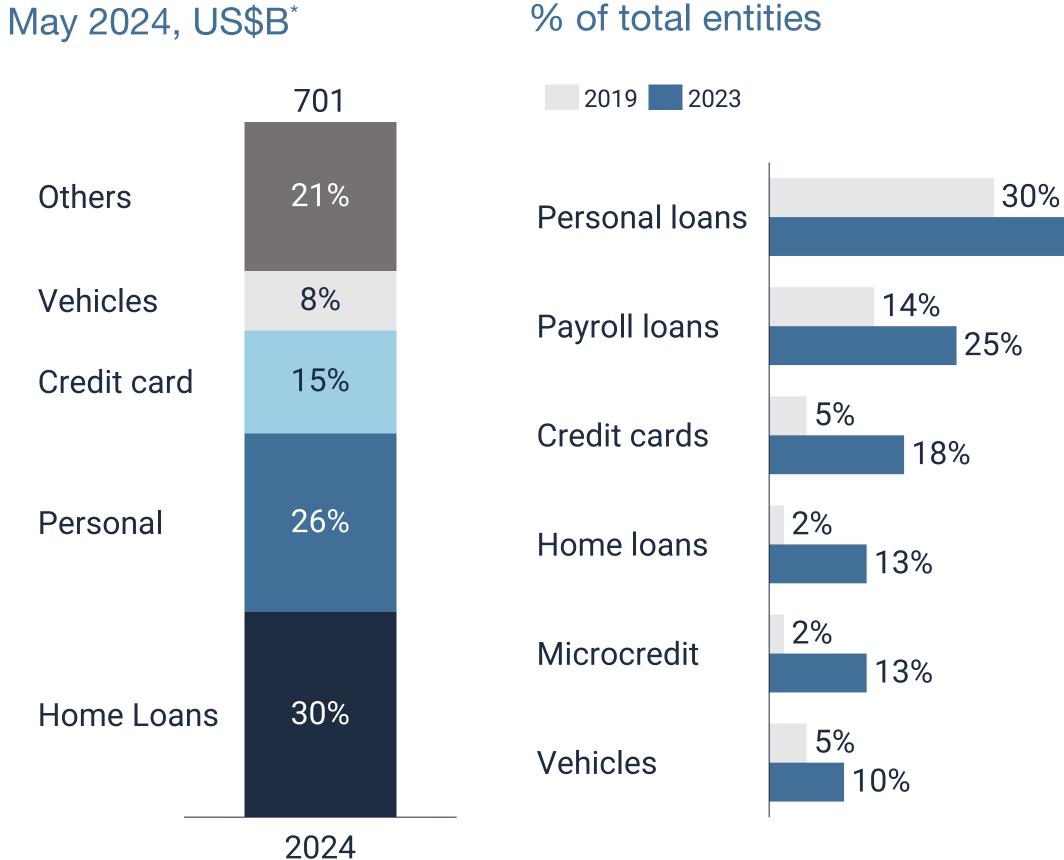
Total credit volume granted by credit fintechs^{*} in Brazil² R\$M

Share of total credit in Brazil³





Credit fintechs are expanding beyond their core offerings, all while reducing delinquencies across categories



Total credit by product¹

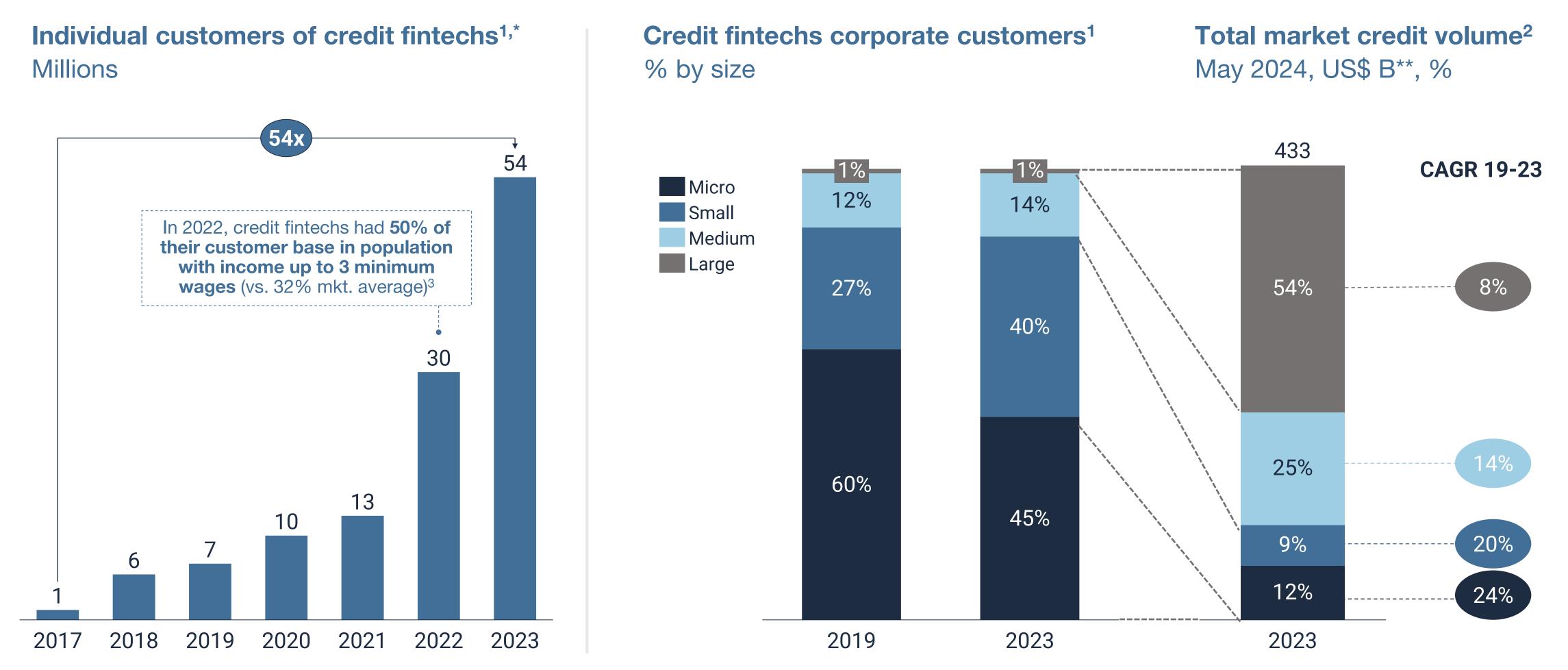
Notes: (*) BRL to USD FX rate of 5.25, as of May 31st, 2024; (**) Credit fintechs presented in the ABCD and PwC study encompass 40 digital credit companies in a mix of direct credit societies, payment institutions, societies of loans between people, and banking representatives Sources: (1) Banco Central do Brasil; (2) PwC "Digital Credit Fintechs Survey 2024" for ABCD, (3) PwC "Digital Credit Fintechs Survey 2024" for ABCD



Products offe % of total enti	ered by credit fintechs** in Brazil ² ties	Deliquency rates by product – credit fintechs ^{3,**}		
2019 2023		Duplicates and	5%	1%
Personal loans	30% 48%	receivables -	17%	
Payroll loans	14%	Credit card anticipation –		3%
Ore dit e erde	5%	Working capital	9%	2%
Credit cards	18%	(<1 year)	16%	12%
Home loans	2%	Working capital (>1 year)		
Microcredit	2% 13%	Overdraft	9%	5%
Vehicles	5% 10%	Acquisition of	15%	8%
		goods/services	2021	2023



Credit fintechs continue to diversify across segments, growing in presence in lower income and smaller businesses



Notes: (*) Credit fintechs presented in the ABCD and PwC study encompass 40 digital credit companies in a mix of direct credit societies, payment institutions, societies of loans between people, and banking representatives; (**) BRL to USD FX rate of 5.25, as of May 31st, 2024 Sources: (1) PwC "Digital Credit Fintechs Survey 2024" for ABCD; (2) Banco Central do Brasil





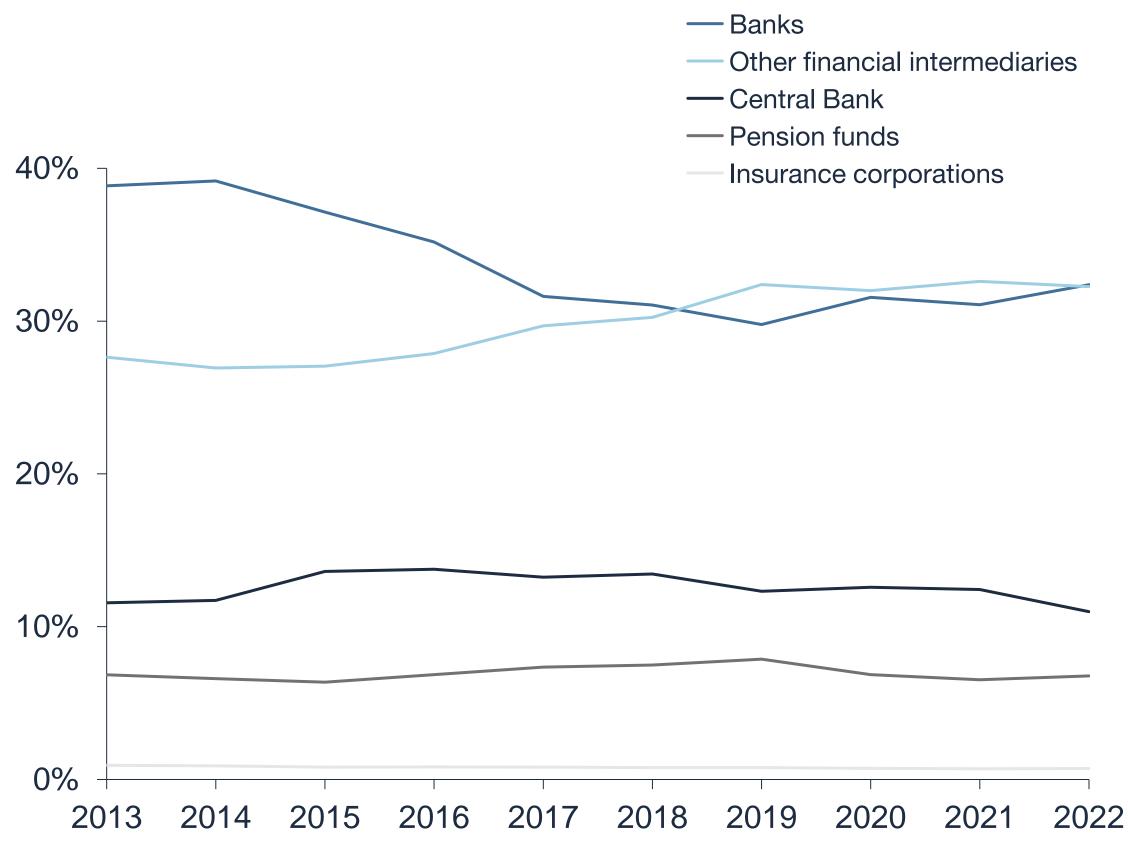






Brazil has seen a spike in financial assets growing outside banks' balance sheets, enabled by 3 key drivers

Share of total national financial assets by jurisdiction¹ % of total



Key factors driving the growth of other financial intermediaries

— ×	

Origination of assets: Credit origination is moving beyond banks, with fintechs, embedded finance, and non-bank institutions turning future cash flows into securitized financial assets



Supply of capital: Brazil has ample domestic capital, with savings and appetite for private credit. Asset managers, banks' private banking and asset management division, multi-family offices and even retail investors are fueling liquidity outside the banking



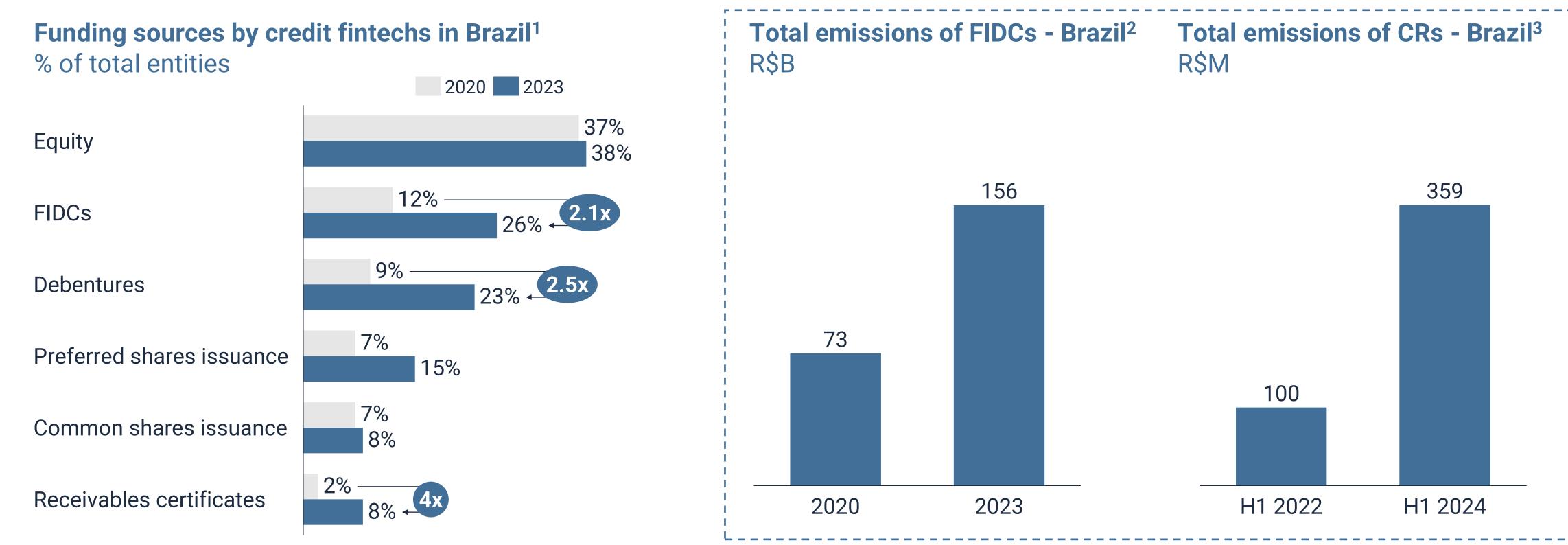
system Regulatory environment: Brazil benefits from regulators promoting innovation in technology, infrastructure, and regulation. This innovation push comes along with a robust, transparent, and safe framework **ATLANTICO**





Credit fintechs are using lending facilities for capital, reducing need for equity fundraising for financing

Two key credit vehicles in Brazil's funding ecosystem are FIDCs and CRs. FIDCs are funds that pool credit receivables from various sectors (e.g., commerce, finance). CRs, created in 2022, are securitized investments backed by receivables. Both offer direct exposure to the cash flows of these assets.



Notes: Credit fintechs presented in the ABCD and PwC study encompass 40 digital credit companies in a mix of direct credit societies, payment institutions, societies of loans between people, and banking representatives Sources: (1) PwC "Digital Credit Fintechs Survey 2023" for ABCD (Brazilian Association for Digital Credit; (2) Uqbar annual report 2023; (3) Anbima







Kanastra provides tech infrastructure for securitized assets, a key enabler of credit funds and fintechs



Kanastra provides tech-driven backoffice, combining all licenses and proprietary tech for private assets **management**. It offers software and fiduciary services, plus banking products for credit operations

Industry pain points



Fragmented business model

Low data quality and availability



Lack of proprietary technology

Kanastra's solution

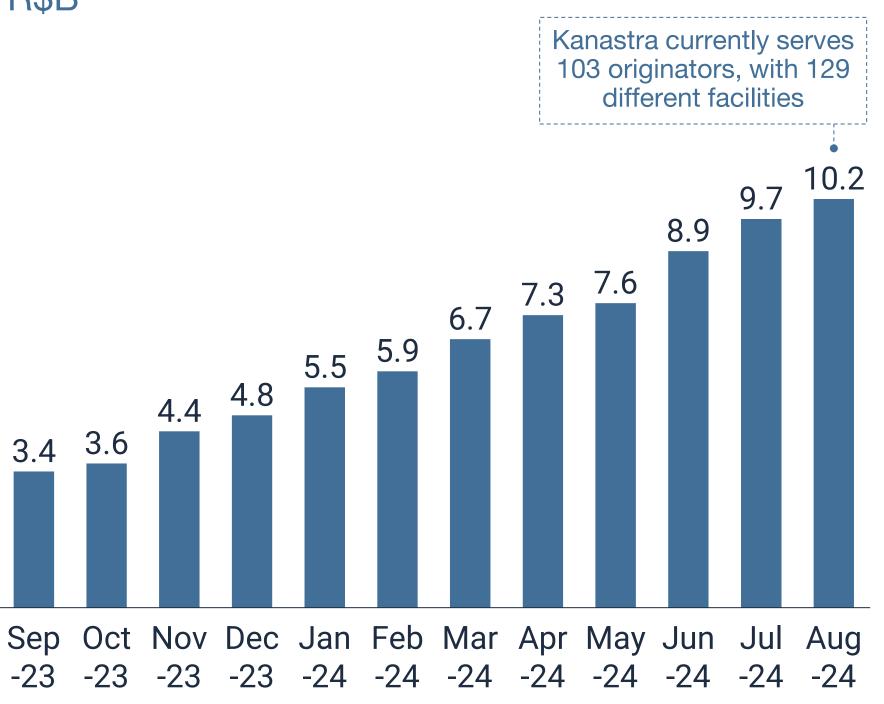


Focus on data and analytics



Proprietary software

Evolution of assets under serving R\$B







Kanastra's product offering



Fund services: fund management, administration, and custody (FIDCs, FIFs, FIPs)



Securitization services: issuance, bookkeeping, backup servicing (CRI, CRA, CR, debentures)

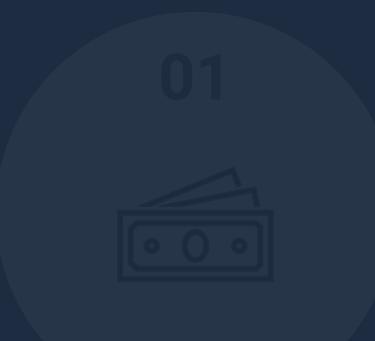


Banking services: CCB, commercial notes, escrow accounts, payments







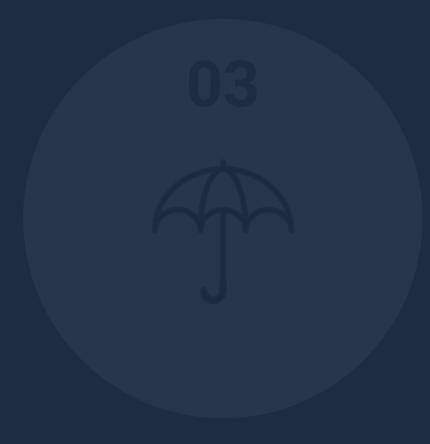




After a decade-long effort to increase access to investments, fintechs now seek to disrupt the status quo



Wealth

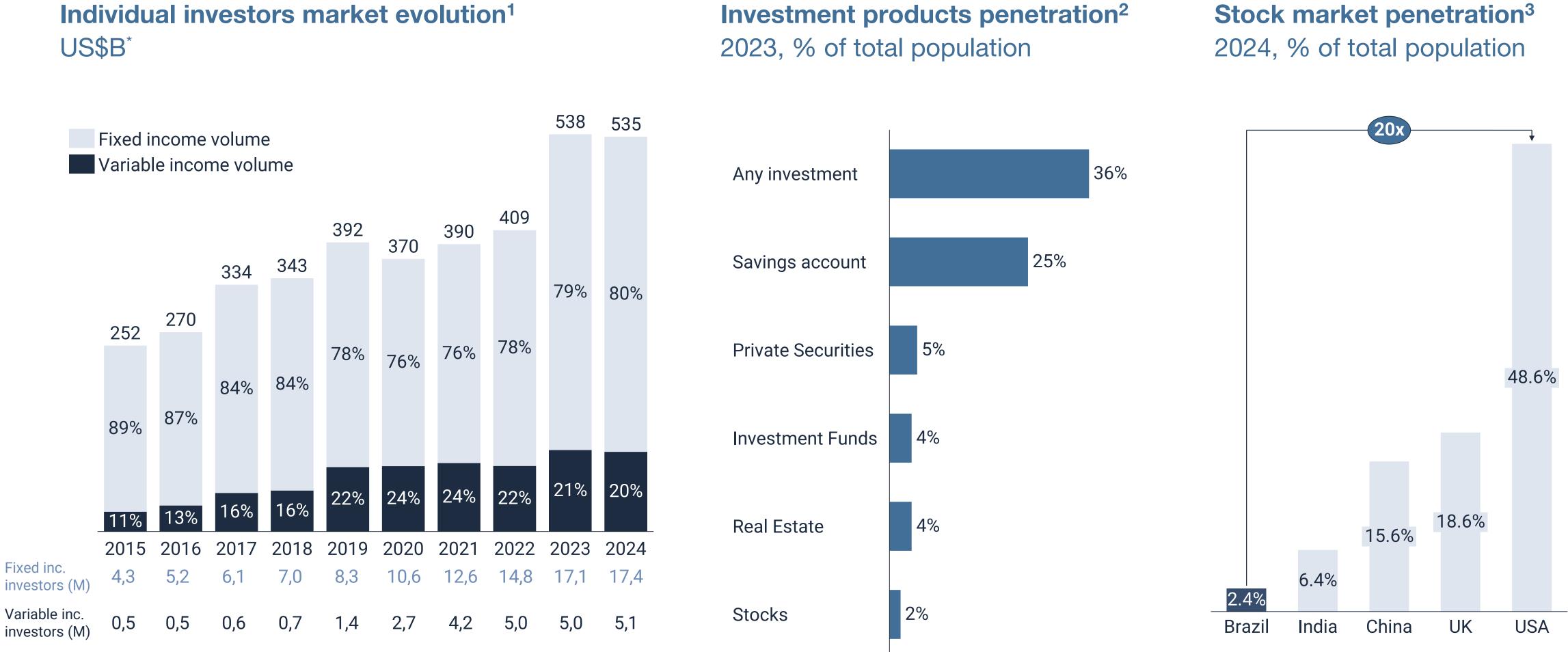








While the number of individual investors surged, overall penetration is low and there is still plenty of room for growth



Notes: (*) Calculated using the average exchange rate for each fiscal year Sources: (1) Anbima, B3; (2) Anbima; (3) B3, The Economist, CNN, Gallup, Finder

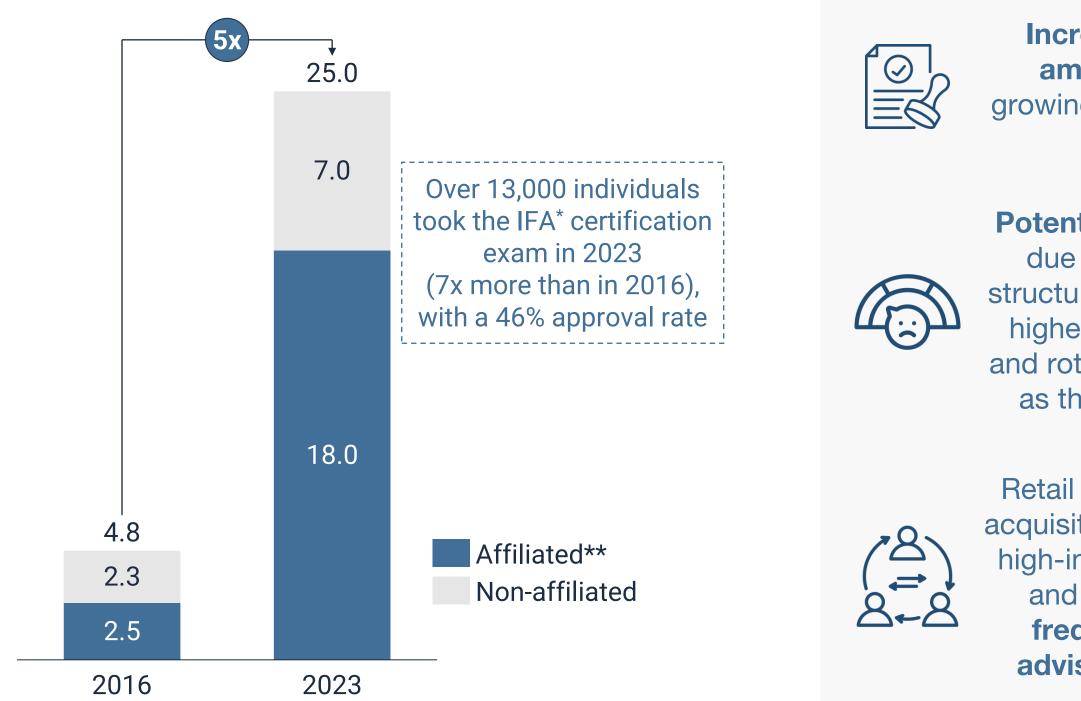






are still retaining most of Brazilian investors

Independent Financial Advisors' evolution¹ Thousands of certified IFAs* in Brazil



Notes: (*) Independent Financial Advisor; (**) Affiliated IFAs operate under a firm's brand, like a brokerage or advisory; (***) Assets under custody Sources: (1) Ancord; (2) Anbima



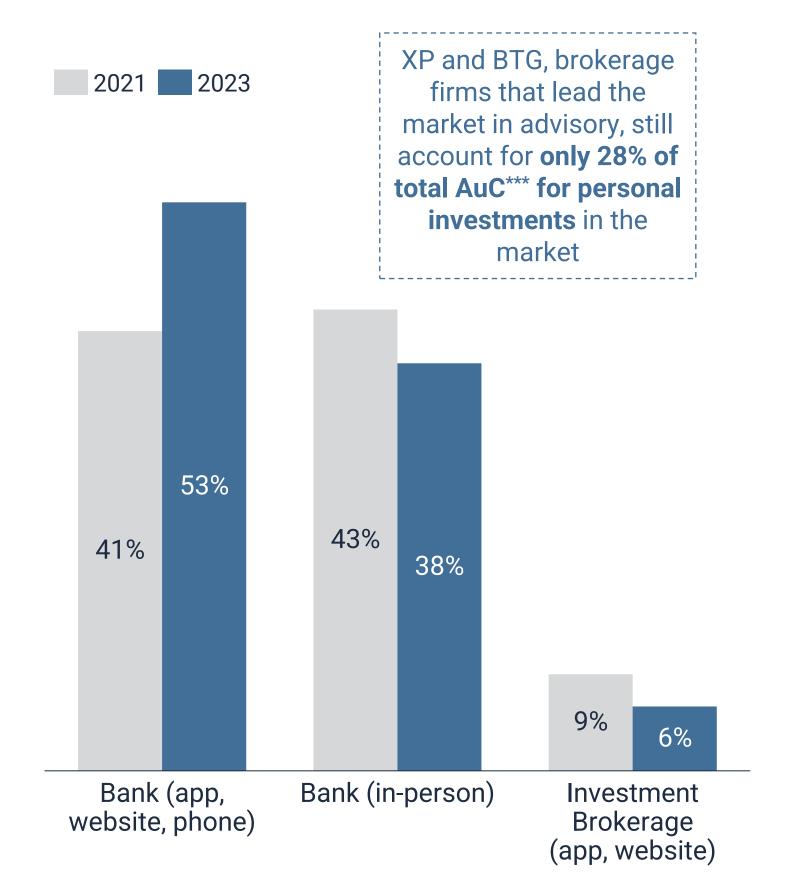
Challenges of the **Advisory Model**

Increasing competition among advisors, with growing test participation and approval rates

Potential client misalignment due to commission-based structure, as advisors may push higher-commission products and rotate portfolios more often as they earn on every trade

Retail advisors focus on client acquisition to rapidly advance to high-income/private segments and earn more, leading to frequent changes in the advisors supporting clients







Reinvent is empowering their investment advisors with AI, boosting productivity while delivering superior client support



Reinvent is an **AI-enabled investment advisory firm**. They use AI-supported human advisory to offer hyper-customized services, with a fixed fee model that better aligns incentives between advisors and clients

Reinvent's AI copilot captures and leverages market and client data to enhance human advisors' efficiency





Not only are advisors experiencing boosted productivity...

- 3.5 Hours saved per day,

...but clients are also enjoying enhanced satisfaction



95 Net Promoter Score



80% of clients feel closer due to frequent market communications



87% of clients feel peace of mind entrusting their investments to Reinvent

Despite excellent results of human + Al services, 67% of Reinvent investors say they **wouldn't feel comfortable** interacting solely with AI

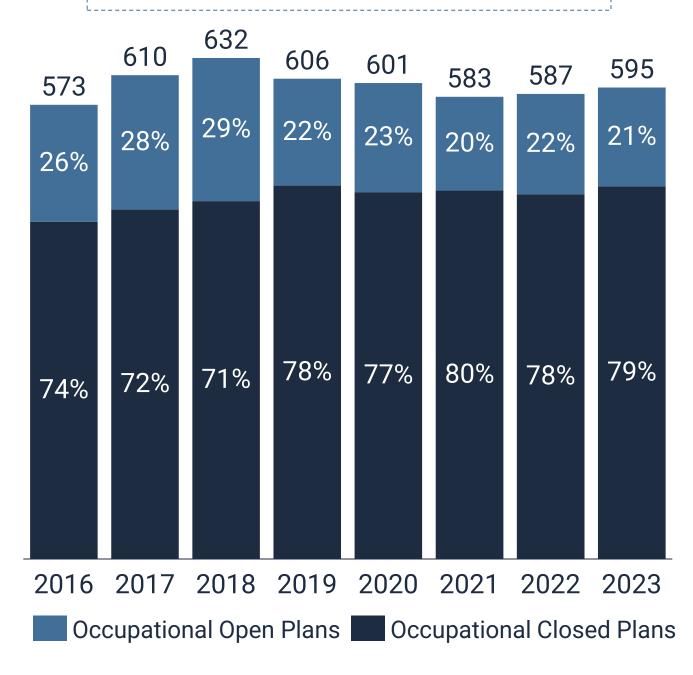




Despite stagnant private pension growth in recent years, structural tailwinds could trigger acceleration

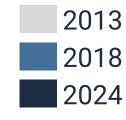
Real private pension plans evolution¹ Assets under Management (in 2023 prices)^{*}, R\$B

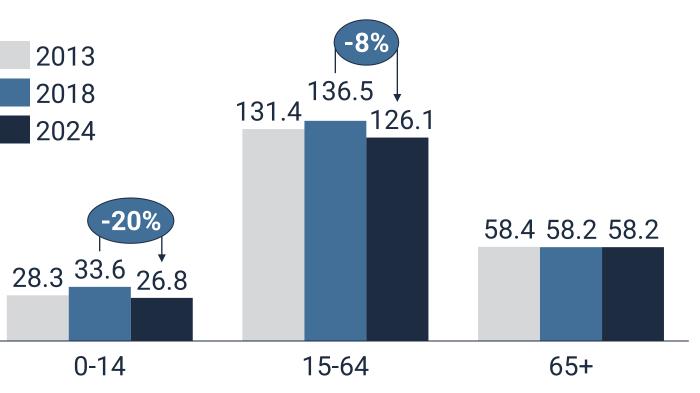
> With only 30% of Brazilians managing to save money in 2023² (33% in 2017), pension building has been facing a penetration challenge in recent years











Note: (*) All values were adjusted for inflation to 2023 Sources: (1) SUSEP, PREVIC; (2) ANBIMA (3) IBGE



The population is not only aging, but at a faster rate than previously expected³

Revision of IBGE 2060 population estimates²

As a major way to tackle the challenges of an aging population, Brazil's 2019 pension reform has the potential to **significantly boost** pension fund volumes by extending working years, increasing contributions, and encouraging higher long-term savings







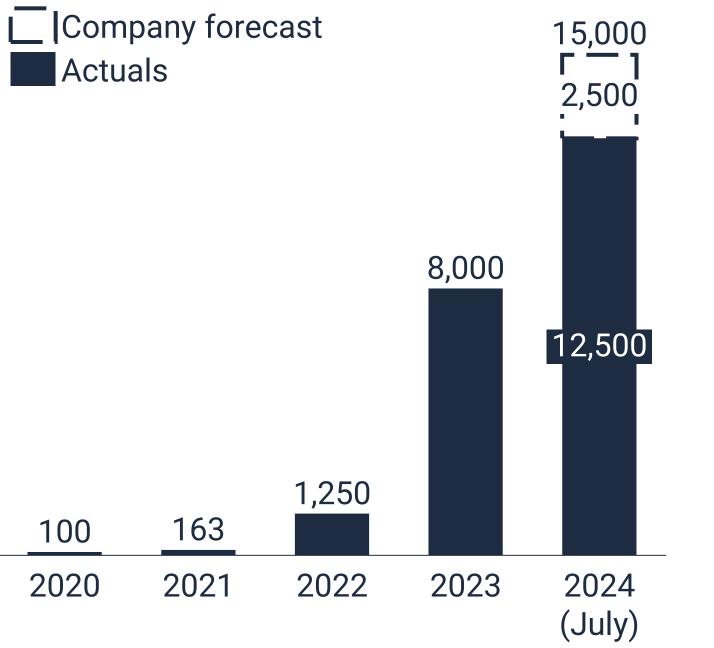
Onze unlocks demand for private corporate pension plans, increasing enrollment and satisfaction via a digital solution

Onze provides private pensions plans as a corporate benefit for mid to enterprise clients in Brazil. They integrate **O**nze their solution with HR and payroll systems, improving the experience for CFOs, HR managers and employees

Onze is targeting a massive market with historically very little innovation

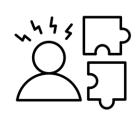
> **Over R\$1T in corporate pension AUM**, with room for higher penetration given benchmarks

Indexed 2020 = 100, cumulative YoY





Large incumbents hold more than 90% of the market but lack modern technology and innovation



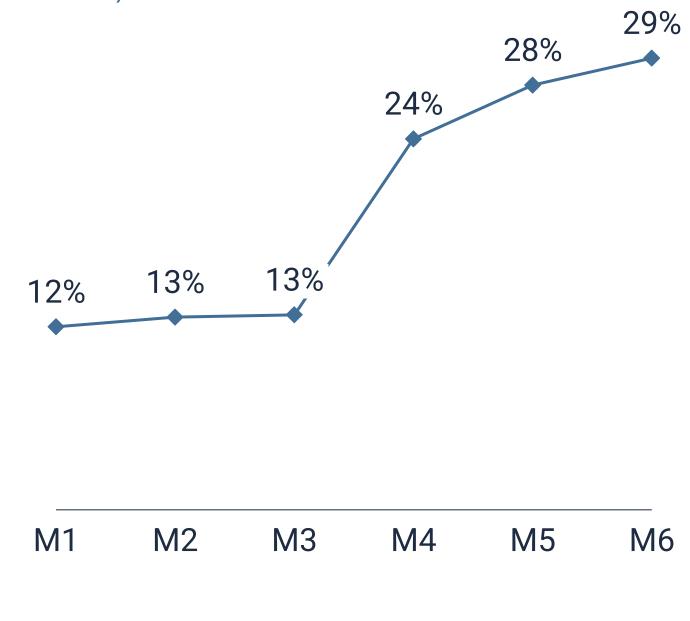
HR struggles to manage current solutions, and employees lack understanding and engagement

100	163
2020	2021

AUM growth since commercial launch

Growth in employee enrollments in companies after migrating to Onze

(increase in employee enrollment months after launch)













Insurance

As new regulations emerge and consumers become savvier, insurtechs surf a new era of adoption and product innovation







Positive structural changes increase total premiums sold while also strengthening the distribution ecosystem

Since 2019 Brazil's Insurance Regulator: SUSEP has adopted multiple measures¹ to:



Reduce bureaucracy: lowered state interference, simplified legal directives, implemented electronic systems, reduced document storage requirements



Lower barriers to entry: flexibilized reinsurance activities, reduced taxes, and allowed debt instruments to be issued based on reinsurance risk



Facilitate new types of insurance: allowed for insurance on-demand with flexible contract length and ability to activate/deactivate coverage in real-time

Including initiatives that encouraged startup progress:

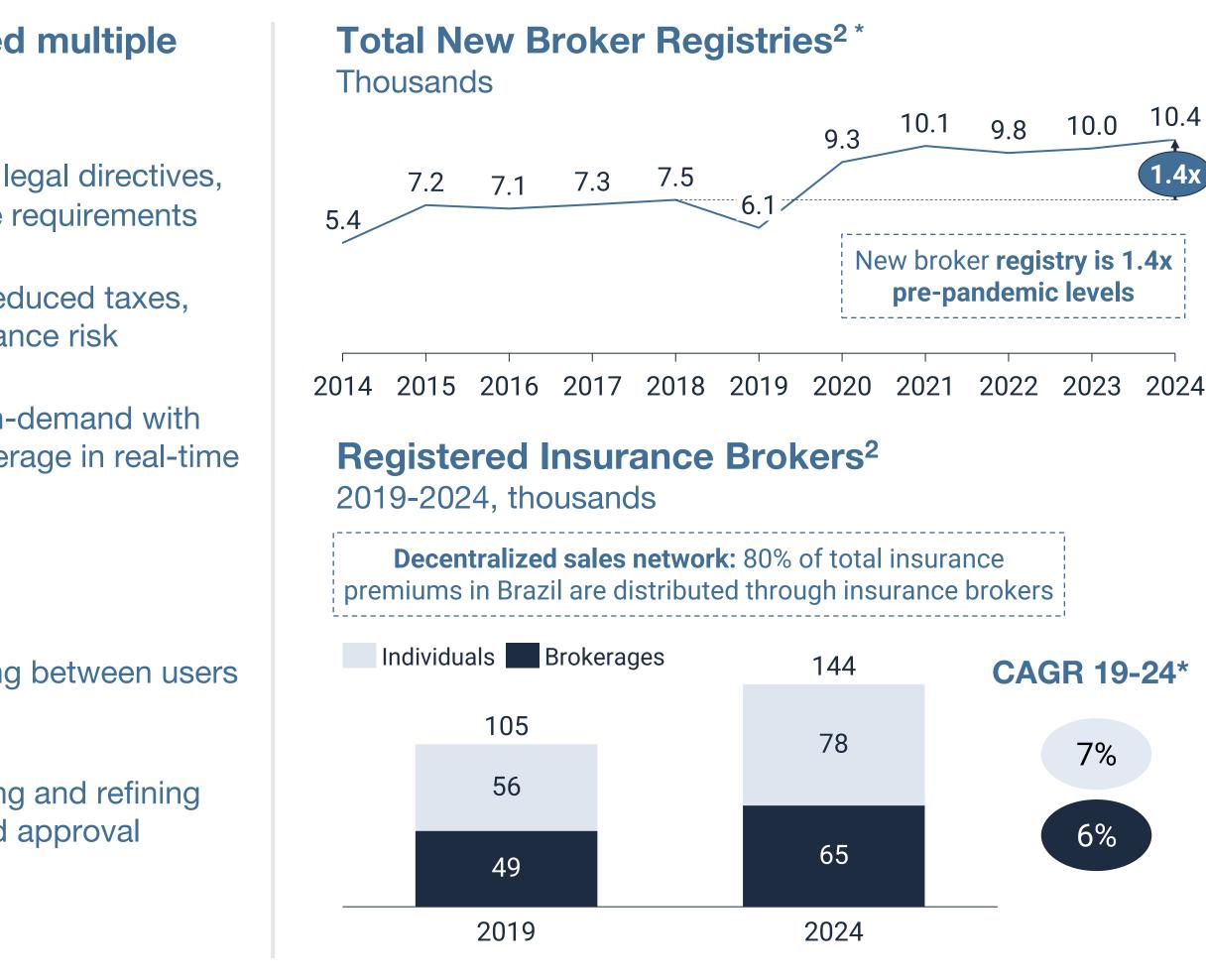


Open Insurance: Robust framework facilitating data-sharing between users and across multiple platforms or institutions



136

Regulatory Sandbox: Sponsored environment for prototyping and refining technological products in the insurance space with facilitated approval









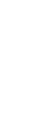




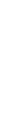


























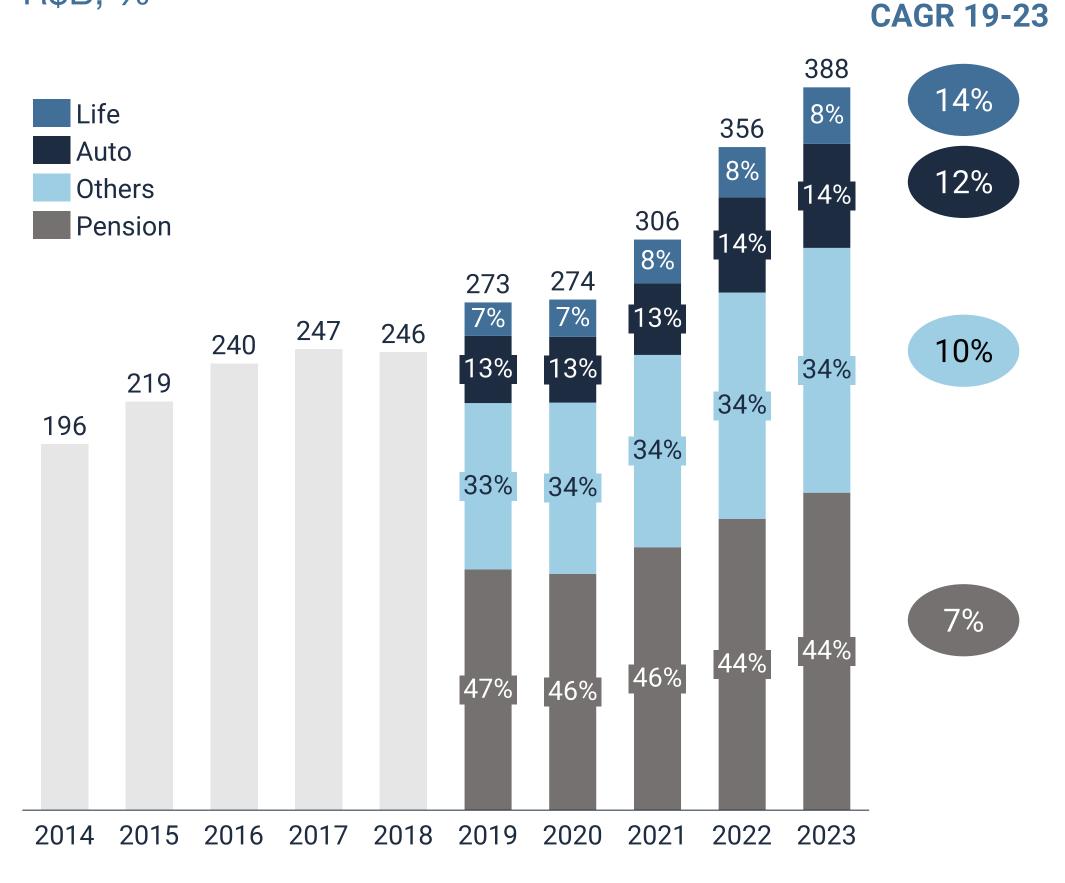






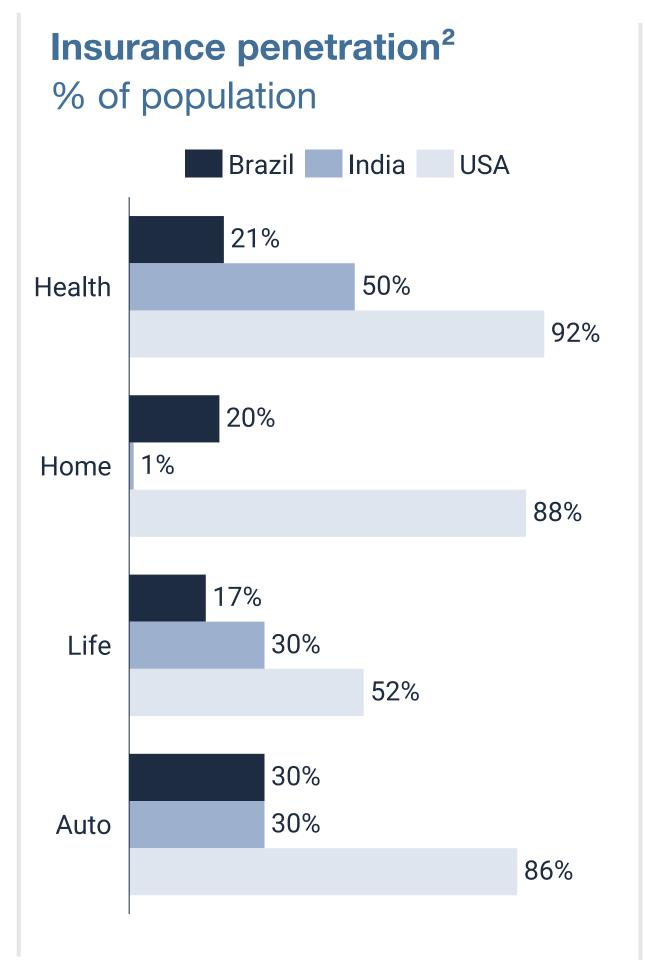


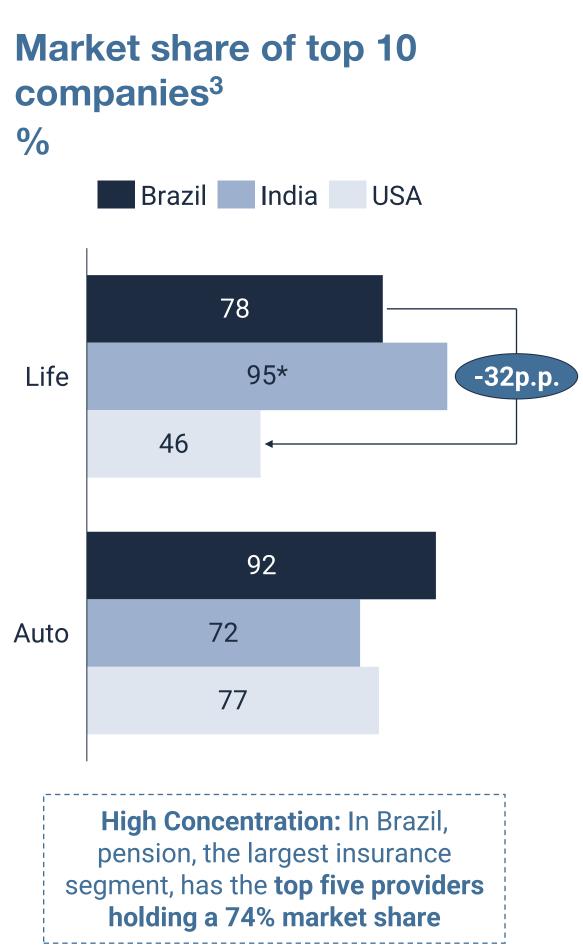
Total premium by insurance type¹ R\$B, %



Notes: (*) Life Insurance Corporation of India (State owned) accounts for 61% of the market Sources: (1) SUSEP; (2) LIMRA, InfoMoney, The Tribune; (3) SUSEP, Segmentwise Report 2023, Atlas Magazine, Marketwatch











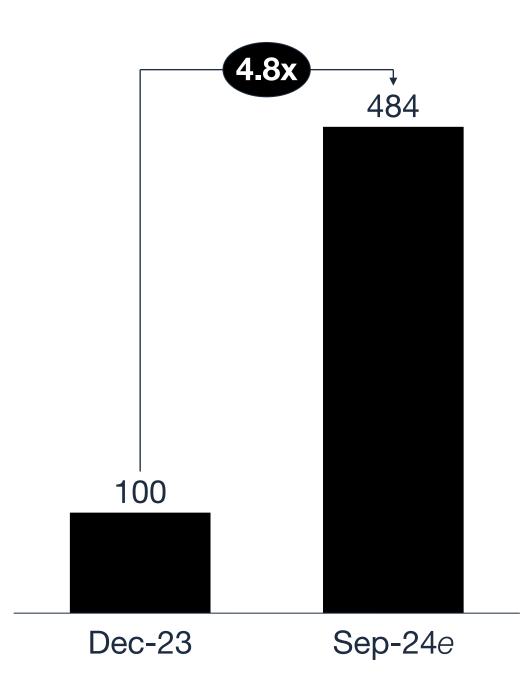
180 Insurance is working to close the insurance penetration gap by enabling broader and more efficient distribution



180 Insurance is a **full-stack insurance-as-a-service provider** in Brazil. They allow companies in multiple sectors to extend **customizable insurance products**, like extended warranties, residential insurance, and credit protections

180 Gross Written Premiums

Indexed Dec-23 = 100



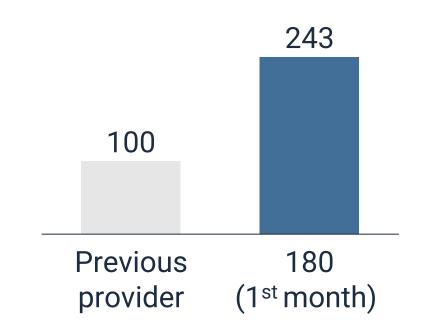
180 Case Studies

Open Co offers credit for individuals^{*} **and SMBs**

Loan insurance allows Open Co to improve experience while benefitting from better credit risk and profitability

Previous provider suffered from data inconsistency, high downtimes, and slow API responses, leading to loss of sales, higher costs, and a degraded customer experience

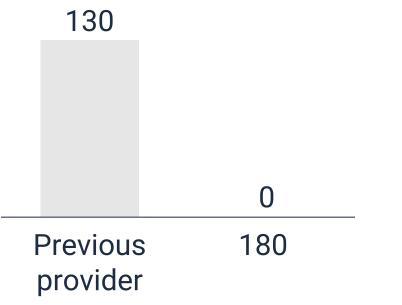
Insurance sales conversion uplift Indexed 100



Note: (*) Data refers to individual loan insurance Source: 180 Seguros internal data

3-month downtime

Total minutes





Insurance revenue

Indexed 100

growth after migration



CredPago facilitates rentals with no guarantor

Offering residencial insurance makes CredPago's sales more convenient while increasing revenue and retention

Incumbents offer restrictive, off-the-shelf products, plus poor analytics and reconciliation. This hindered CredPago's scaling efforts in the past, negatively impacting operations.

> **Insurance sales partner** growth since migration Total agencies, base 100





The New Face of Fraud

With great power comes great responsibility. The advent of digital payments and new technology have given fraud a new face.

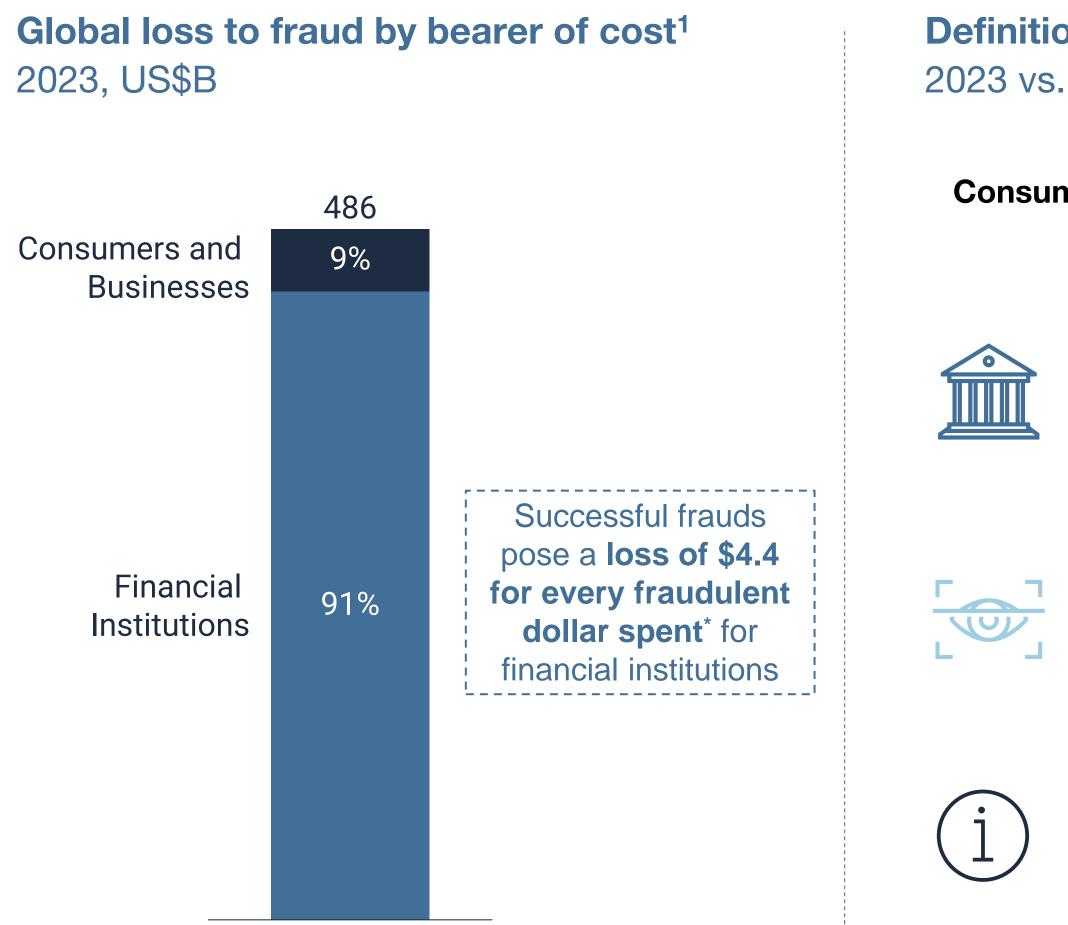
In Latin America, the problem is particularly striking, as companies grapple not only with loss of revenue but also heightened costs and regulatory scrutiny.

The urgency has spurred new and creative solutions, bound to change the way companies in the region approach compliance and fraud today.





As fraud volumes skyrocket globally, prevention becomes core to consumers, businesses, and financial institutions



Notes: (*) For every \$1 stolen through fraud, financial institutions face a total cost of \$4.40, covering the direct loss and related expenses like chargebacks, investigation, and recovery (**) Fraudulent practices that result in consumers experiencing financial or other losses Sources: (1) Nasdaq Verafin 2024 Global Financial Crime Report (2) TransUnion 2024 State of Omnichannel Fraud Report

Definition and growth of consumer fraud by fraud type² 2023 vs. 2019, Volume growth multiple

Consumer Fraud^{**} is especially relevant and happens in three core ways:

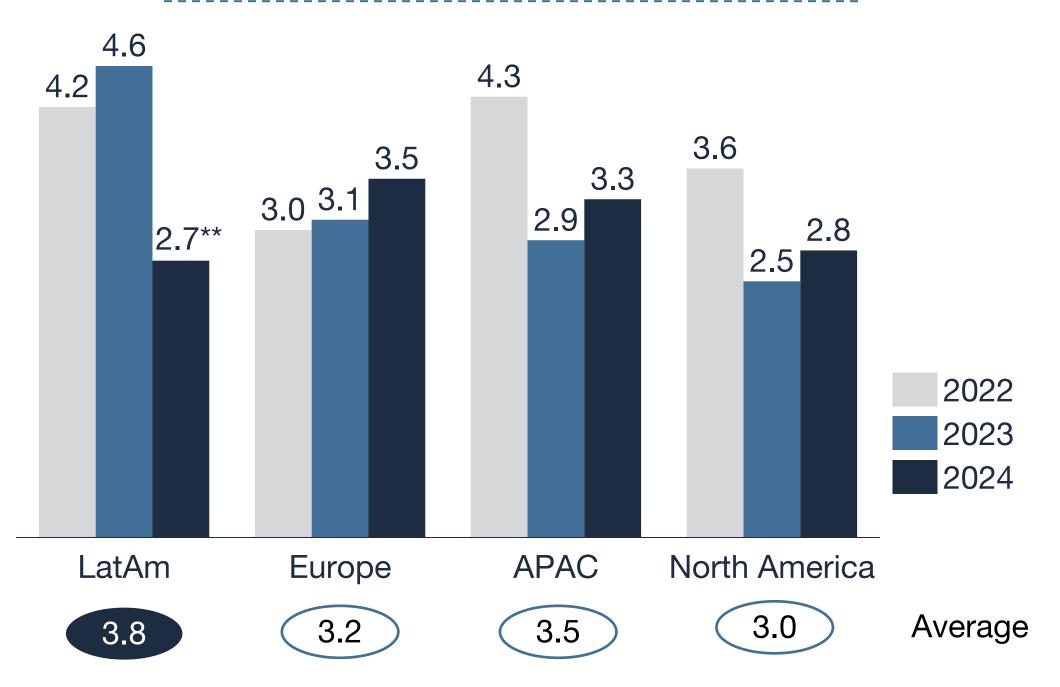
2.0x **Credit Card Payments and Financial Fraud** Stolen or cloned payment methods; Money laundering 2.5x ACH/Debit 2.1x Account Takeover **Identity Fraud:** Use of stolen/falsified documents; false claim of stolen identity 2.3x True Identity Theft **Information Fraud:** 2.8x Providing false information; Synthetic Identity concealing real information



The fraud problem in Latin America is particularly striking, as the region ranks highly in key fraud indicators

Lost e-commerce revenue from fraud¹ 2023, % of revenue lost to fraud by region

> LatAm companies spend **19% of e-commerce** revenue on fraud management*, almost 2x as much as North American companies at 10%

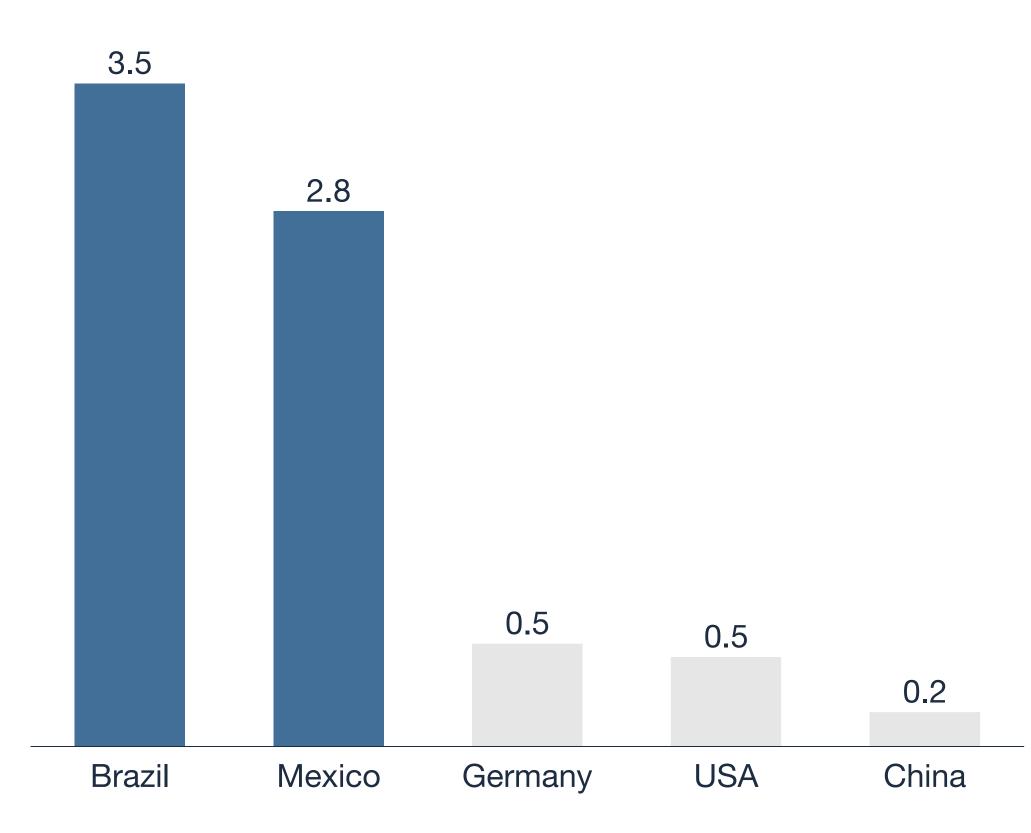


Notes: (*) Calculated as spending to manage payment fraud relative to annual e-commerce revenue (**) Significant variation may be due to the small base of companies in Latam 2024 dataset

Sources: (1) 2023 and 2024 Global Ecommerce Payments And Fraud Reports; (2) Clearly Payments - Chargeback Statistics in Credit Card Processing

Chargeback rate by country²

2023, % of transactions charged back by country



ATLANTICO



Tuna orchestrates payment flows and antifraud solutions to combat chargebacks and fraud while optimizing approvals

Tuna provides a high-quality portfolio of products that help companies achieve optimal performance in payments processing, reducing chargebacks and fraud while optimizing for approval rates, fraud costs and processing fees

Tuna's product suite

UNA



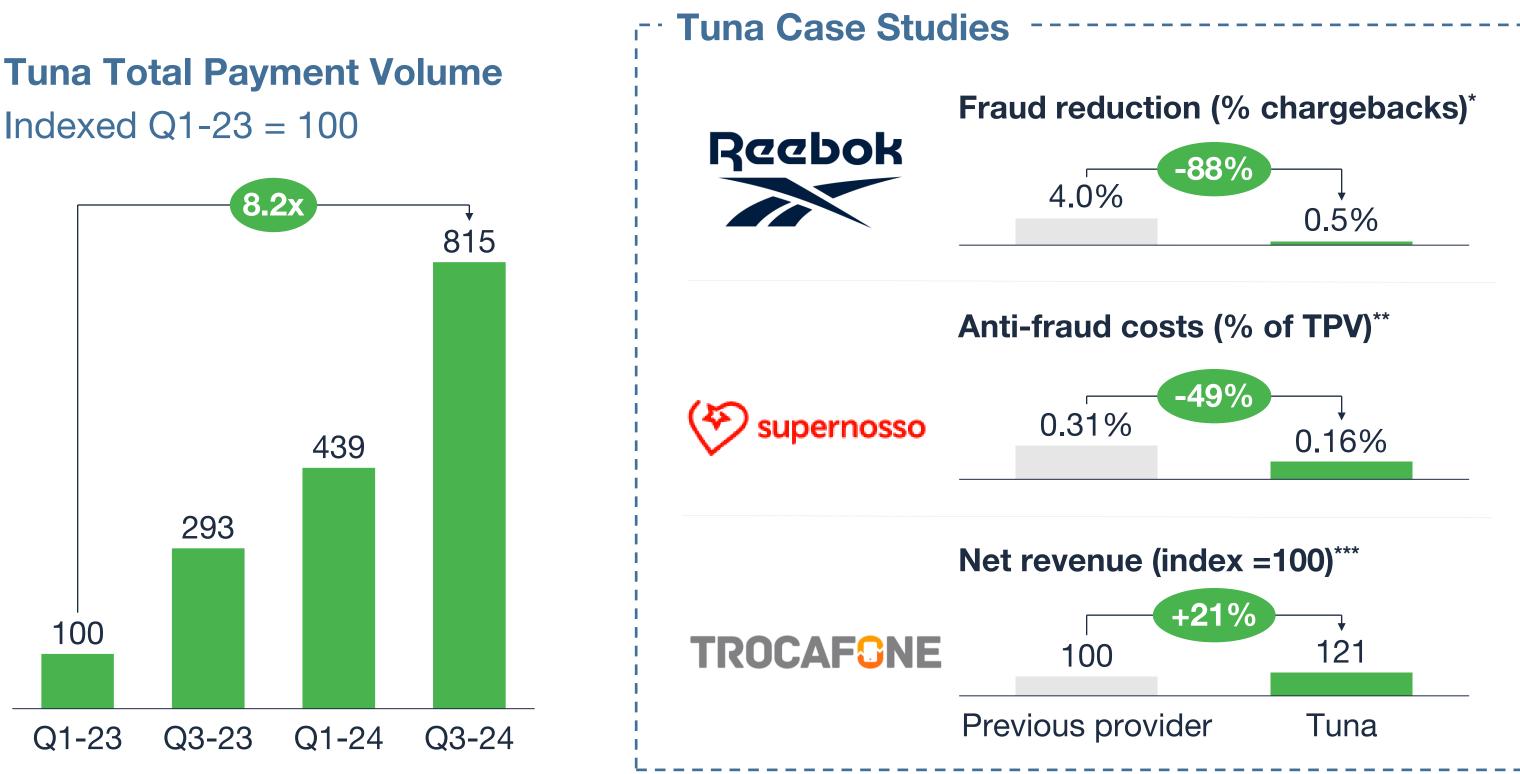
Payment gateway with advanced orchestration and integration with acquirers, payment facilitators and biometrics



Payment facilitator that supports all forms of payment and offers advanced marketplace functionality

Proprietary anti-fraud modules

and partnerships with major antifraud providers



Notes: (*) In partnership with Cybersource, Tuna redesigned the fraud journey; (**) Leveraging the same anti-fraud provider, ClearSale, Tuna redesigned the flow so recurring users would not run through ClearSale's antifraud solution; (***) In partnership with Unico, Tuna recovered false-positive anti-fraud declines using facial recognition and retries via acquirers

Source: Tuna internal data





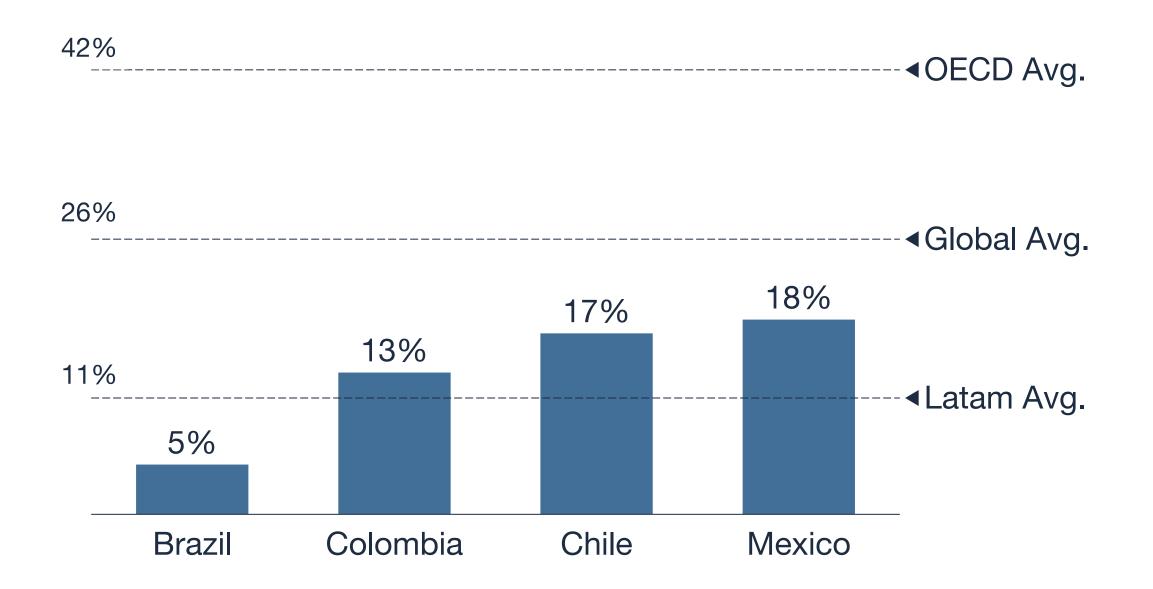


Despite a cultural lack of trust, Latin Americans believe in technology and are willing to adopt security measures

Generalized trust¹

2022, % answering most people can be trusted

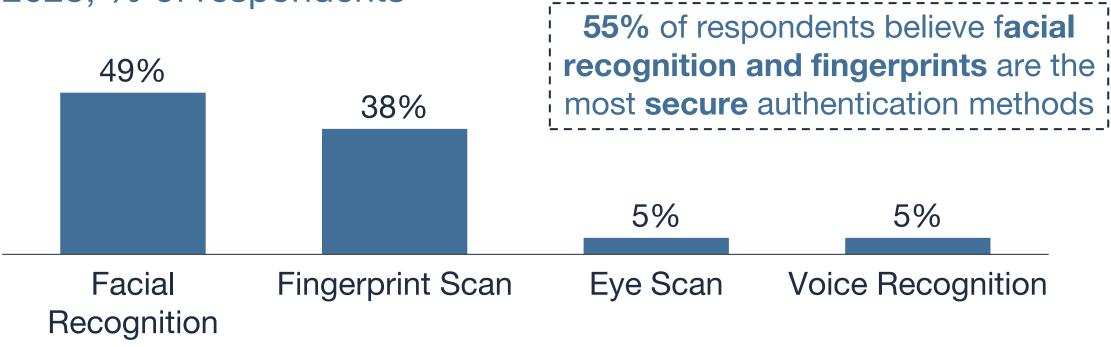
Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted, or that you need to be very careful in dealing with people?



"The benefits I obtain from using online services are greater than my concerns with data privacy"² 2024, % of respondents

Somewhat disagree Somewhat agree Completely agree Completely disagree 22% 19% 41% 18%

Main authentication methods used in own smartphone³ 2023, % of respondents





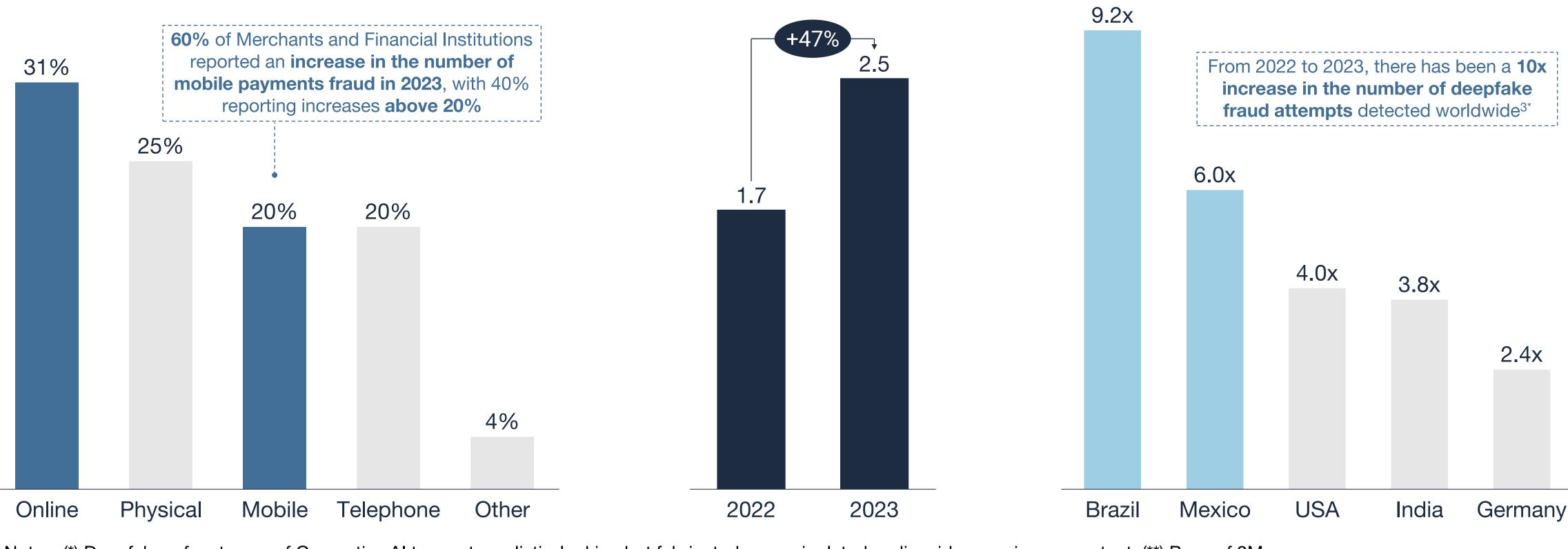




New technologies, including the rise of digital payments and breakthroughs in Gen Al, are changing the face of fraud

LatAm fraud losses by origination channel¹ 2023, % of fraud originated

Million requests



Notes: (*) Deepfake refers to use of Generative AI to create realistic-looking but fabricated or manipulated audio, videos, or image content, (**) Base of 2M total fraud attempts worldwide

Sources: (1) Lexis Nexis True Cost of Fraud in LatAm Study 2023; (2) Brazilian Central Bank Data; (3) SumSub Identity Fraud Report 2023

Fraud-related Pix refund requests in Brazil²

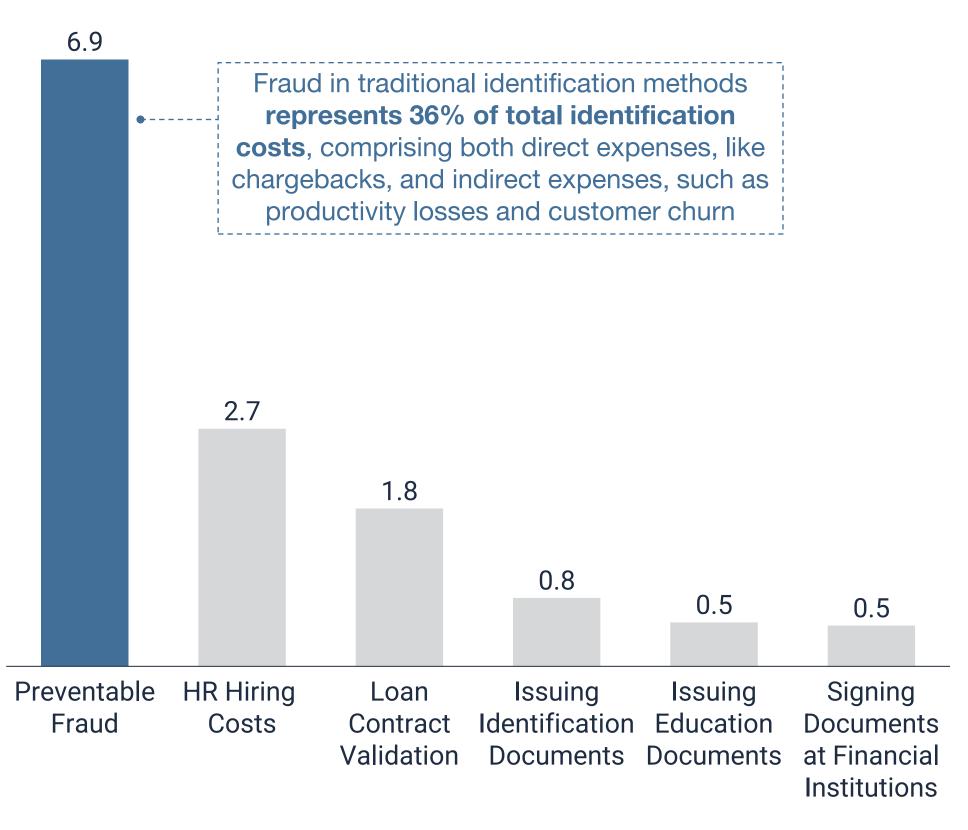
Change in deepfake^{*} fraud attempts¹ 2024 vs. 2023, Volume growth multiple

ATLANTICO



Manual identification processes cost billions in Brazil, but digitalization promises higher efficiency and security gains

Annual costs associated with traditional identification methods^{*} in Brazil¹ 2021, US\$B



Note: (*) Traditional identification methods include all analog or non-digital processes, such as physical document verification and in-person appointments Sources: (1) Unico and FGV Study; (2) McKinsey Digital

Digitalization of the identification process represents a major opportunity to reduce costs and enhance efficiency

1.6%

of Brazil's GDP can be potentially saved by digitalizing identification processes¹

Up to **68%**

of a minimum monthly wage is spent annually by each Brazilian with traditional identification¹

13%

of GDP increase expected in Brazil by 2030 with widespread digital ID adoption²

LatAm digital entities are already deploying the solutions

incode

Leverages AI, identity checks, and **deepfake** detection to provide solutions that detect and prevent sophisticated fraud attempts

Unico

Combines **biometrics** and digital identity verification to deliver scalable solutions that prevent fraud and streamline authentication

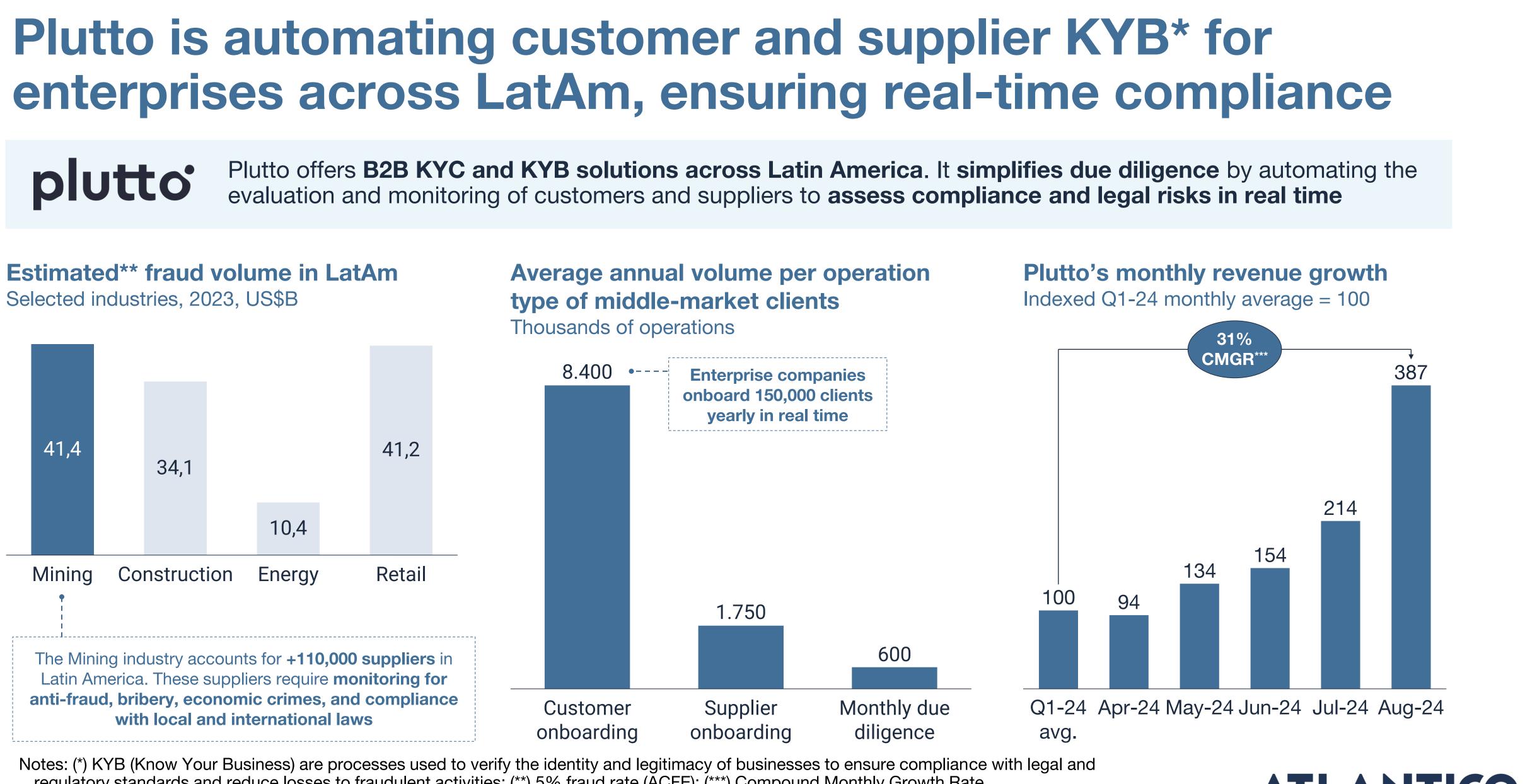


Provides an **all-in-one** digital identity platform that boosts security, reduces costs, and improves client conversions



Plutto is automating customer and supplier KYB* for

Plutto offers **B2B KYC and KYB solutions across Latin America**. It **simplifies due diligence** by automating the evaluation and monitoring of customers and suppliers to assess compliance and legal risks in real time



regulatory standards and reduce losses to fraudulent activities; (**) 5% fraud rate (ACFE); (***) Compound Monthly Growth Rate Sources: (1) Plutto Internal Data; (2) Occupational Fraud 2024, ACFE



05 A Green Powerhouse

The Amazon Forest | by NESst Amazonia





The Planet Ahead of Us

Latin America is uniquely positioned to lead the world as we race to solve the climate crisis.

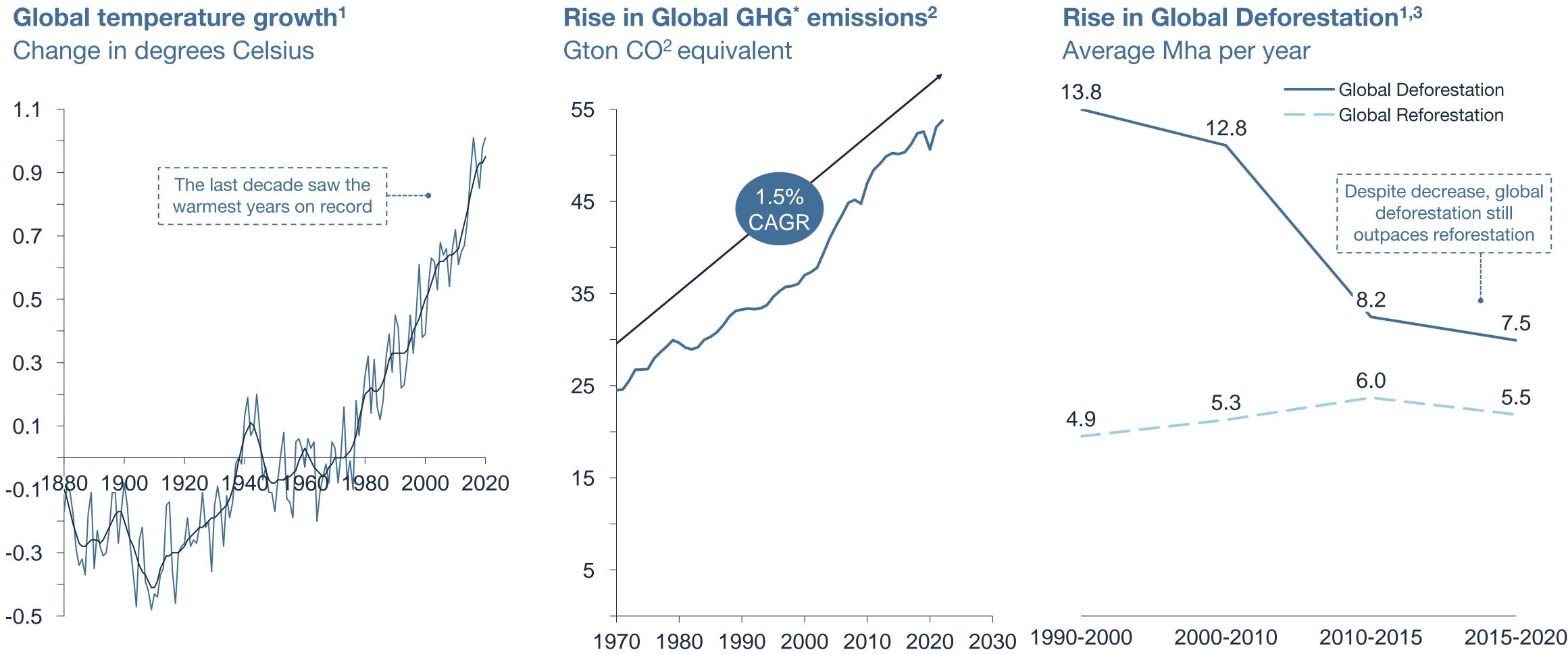
Blessed with dense rainforests, rich mines, sunlight and rivers, the region is bound to play a critical role in the clean energy transition.

Regulatory tailwinds and the rise of new technology across transportation, agriculture and offsetting can usher in a **golden age of innovation in energy,** that stands not only to generate immense value but also safeguard our planet.





Climate challenges continue to mount and represent an urgent theme to be addressed over the next decades



Note: (*) Greenhouse gases

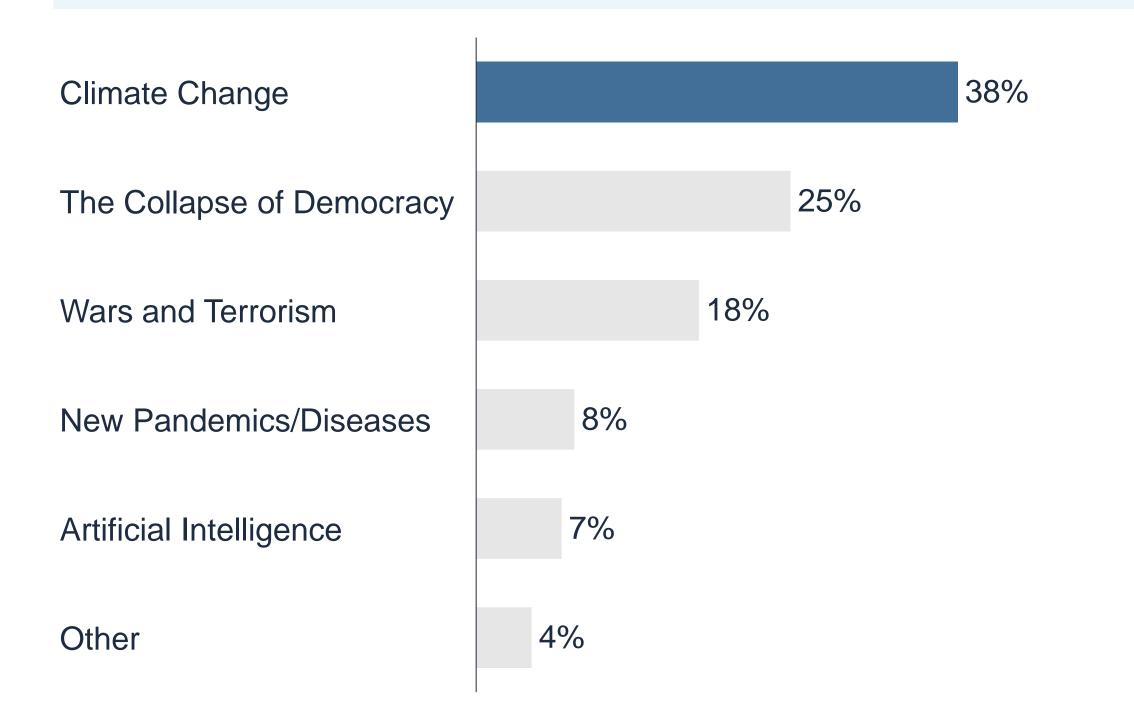
1970 1980 1990 2000 2010 2020 2030 1990-2000 Sources: (1) NASA Climate Database; (2) EDGAR Emissions Database for Global Atmospheric Research: GHG emissions of all world countries, 2023 ATLANTICO Report; (3) FAO Global Forrest Resources Assessment, 2020



Climate change is seen by Brazilians as the number one risk to the planet, ahead of any other societal threat

Perception about main risks for the planet¹ 2023, % of respondents in Brazil

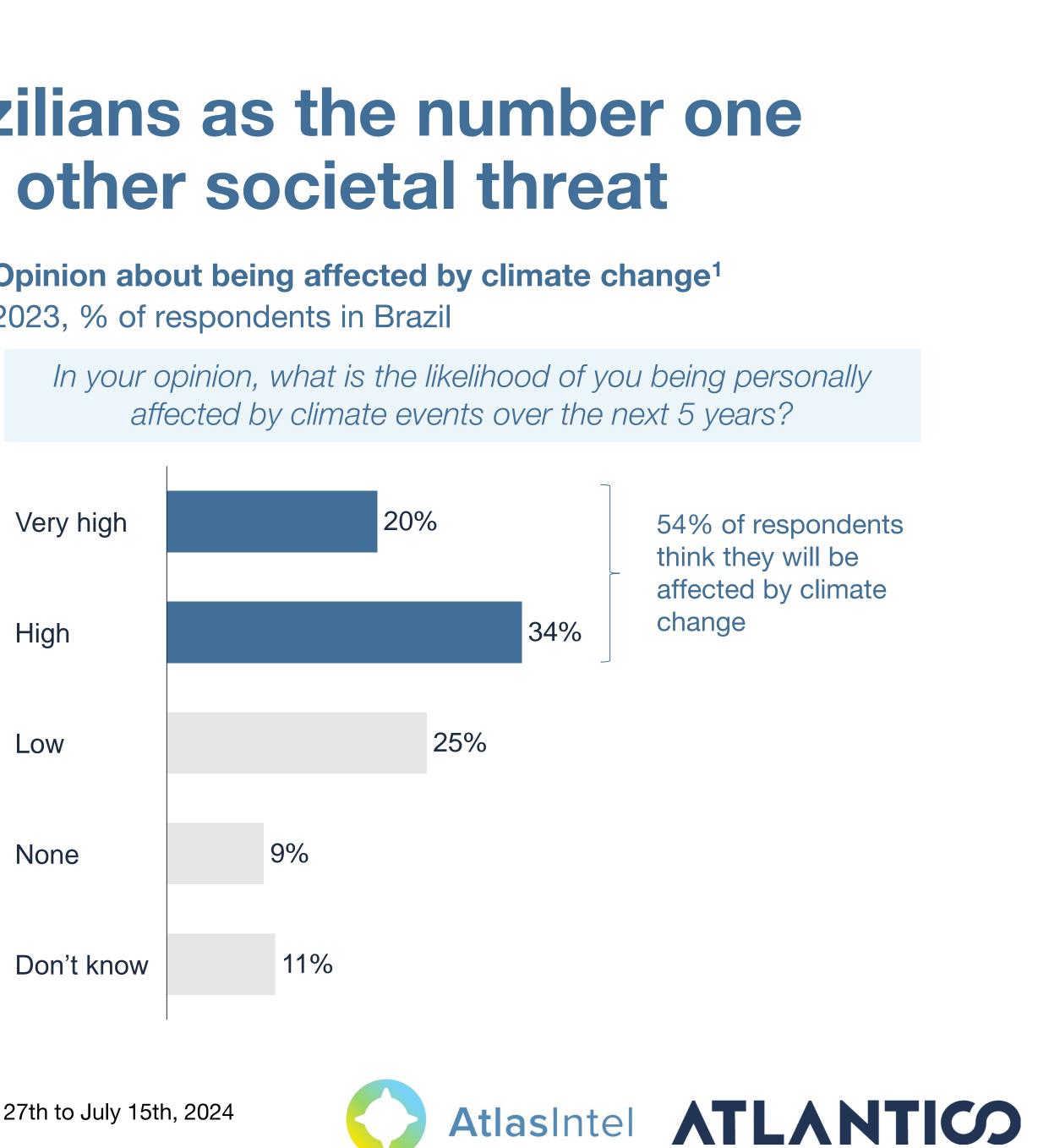
Thinking about the future, what is the greatest risk for our planet?



Note: Margin of Error: ± 2 percentage points; Confidence Level: 95% Data Collection Period: June 27th to July 15th, 2024 Source: (1) Atlantico and AtlasIntel Survey 2024 (n=1,619)

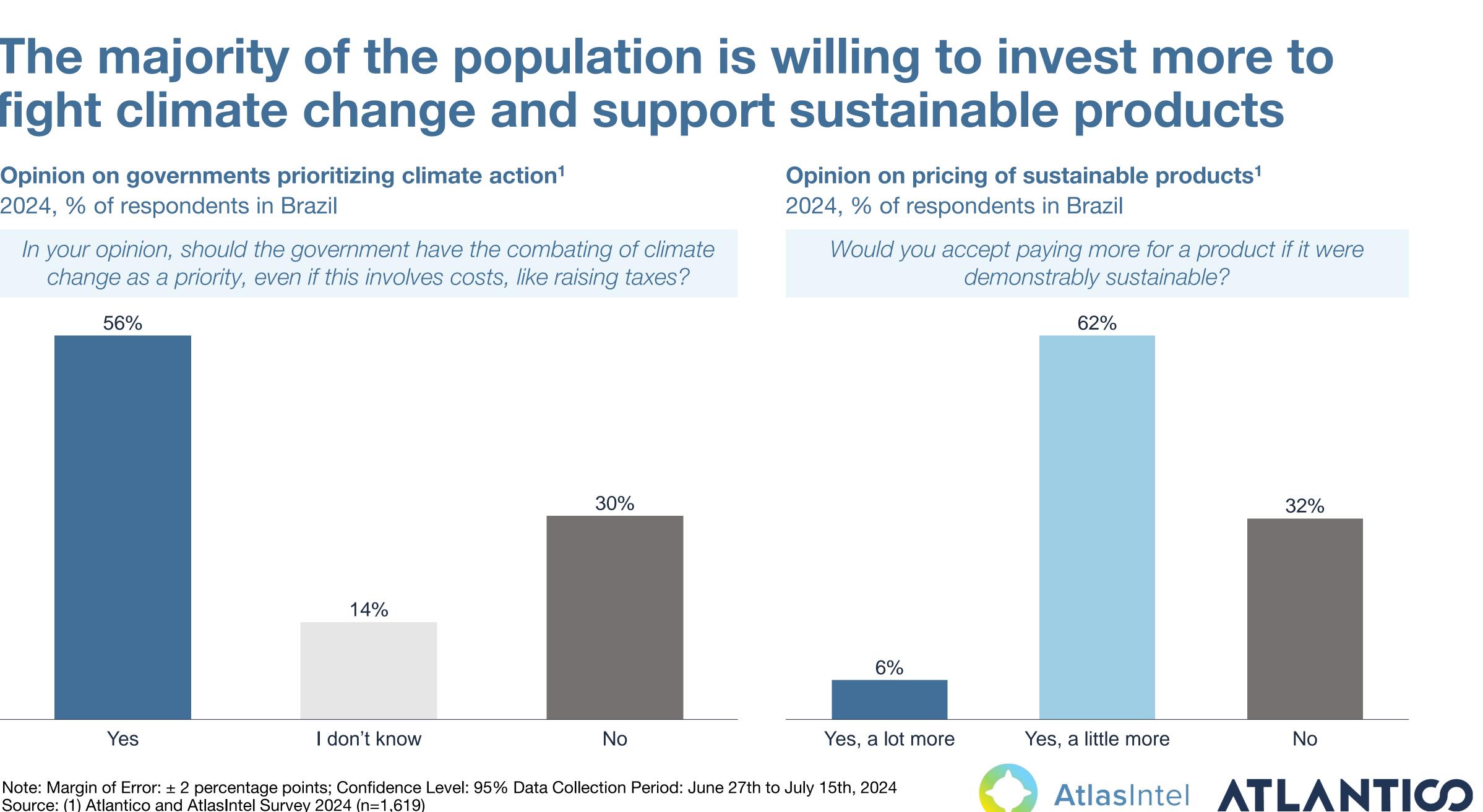
Opinion about being affected by climate change¹ 2023, % of respondents in Brazil

affected by climate events over the next 5 years?



The majority of the population is willing to invest more to fight climate change and support sustainable products

Opinion on governments prioritizing climate action¹ 2024, % of respondents in Brazil



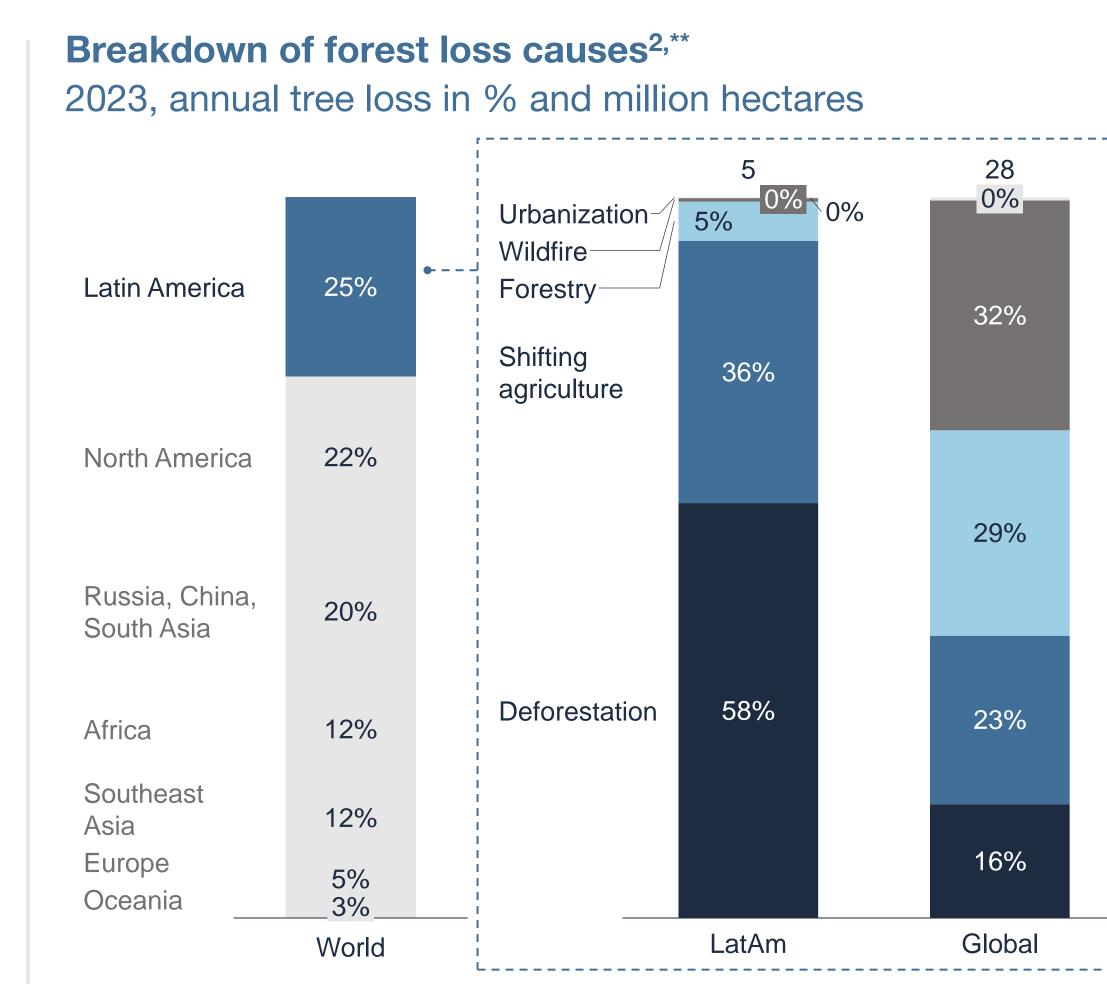
Source: (1) Atlantico and AtlasIntel Survey 2024 (n=1,619)

LatAm accounts for only 7% of all emissions, but suffers disproportionately from deforestation and agriculture

GHG^{*} emissions by region and sector¹ 2023, % of emissions

				4,024	49,553
			Other sectors	11%	10%
East Asia & Pacific	40%		Other energy Manufacturing/ Construction	10% 6%	14%
				0 /0	400/
			Electricity/Heat	13%	13%
Europe & Central Asia	16%		Transportation	14%	33%
North America South Asia	13%		Land-Use Change and Forestry	20%	
Middle East & \ North Africa	9%				16%
Latin America γ^{\setminus}	8%			070/	00/
Sub-Saharan _\ Africa	7%	•	Agriculture	27%	3%
Other	_2%				12%
World			 	LatAm	 World

Notes: (*) Greenhouse gases; (**) Deforestation: Large-scale deforestation linked to commercial agricultural expansion; Shifting agriculture: Deforestation due to small- and medium-scale agriculture; Forestry: Temporary loss from plantation and natural forest harvesting Sources: (1) Climate Watch; (2) Global Forest Watch

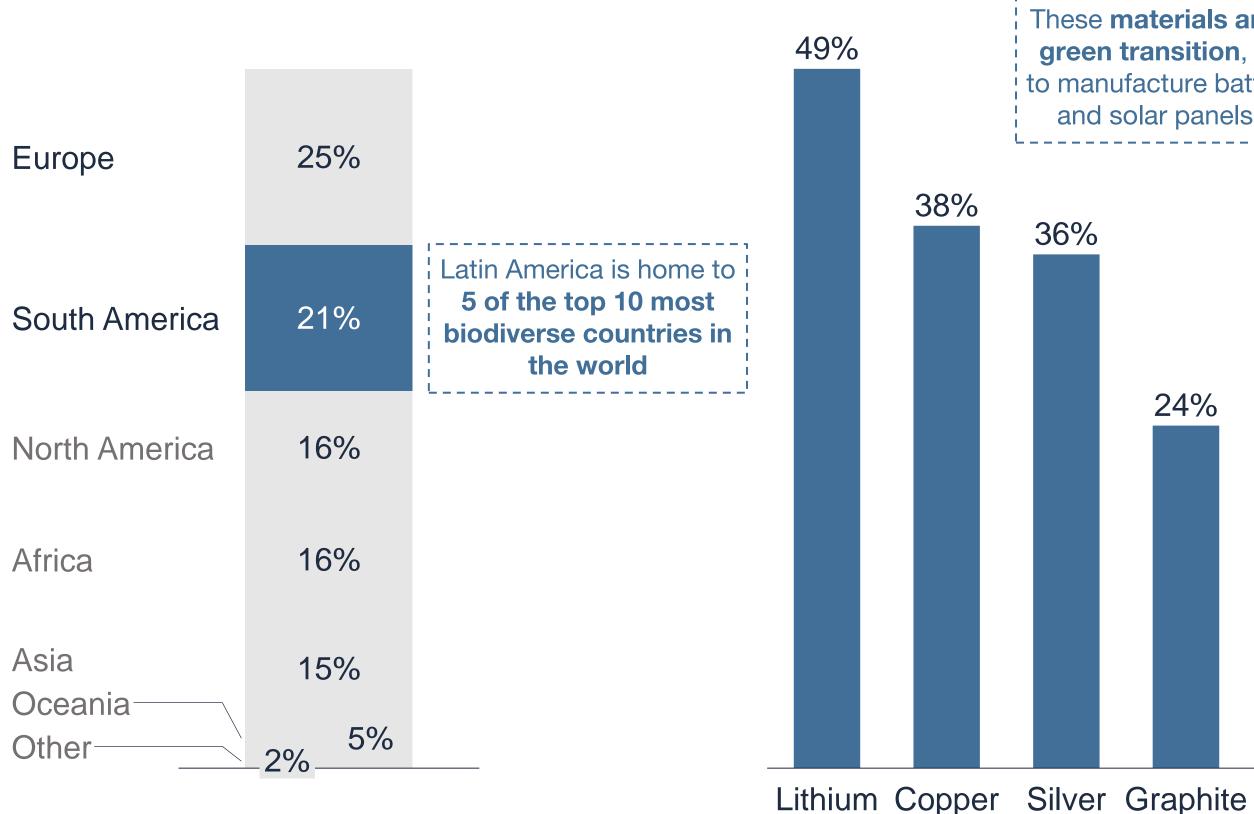




Latin America can play a critical role in solving the climate crisis, given its large share of key natural resources

Share of global forest area¹ 2020, %

LatAm share of mineral reserves^{2,3,4} 2023, % of total reserves



Sources: (1) UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO). Forest Resources Assessment; (2) USGS; (3) The Economist; (4) Atlantico Analysis; (5) AQUASTAT - FAO's Global Information System on Water and Agriculture

Total renewable water resources⁵ 2021, Billions of m³/year

These materials are critical for the 42,758 green transition, as they are used to manufacture batteries, EV motors, Readily available and solar panels, among others sustainable water Latin America and sources reduce the 32% carbon footprint of the Caribbean crucial activities like 36% food production Eastern and 20% South-Eastern Asia 24% 21% Europe 16% 16% Northern 13% America 19% Other Tin Nickel

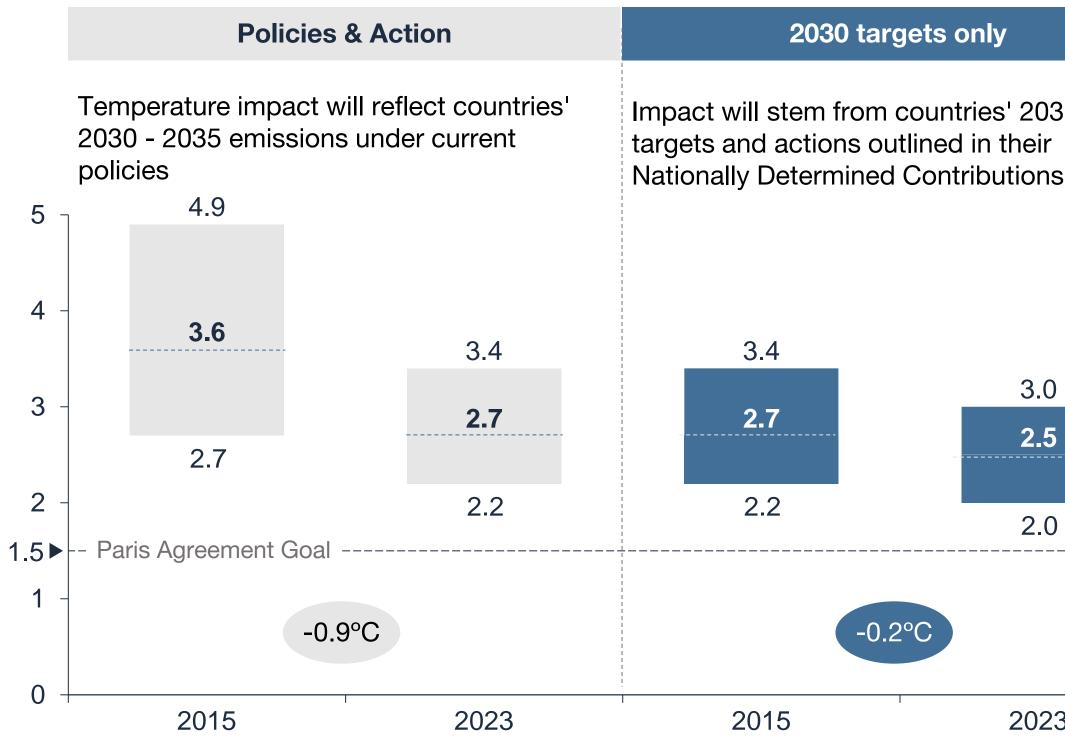




The Paris Agreement has set common goals, but achieving its targets requires commitments that remain unmet

The Paris Agreement is a treaty adopted in 2015 at the UN Climate Change Conference (COP21) in Paris - its primary goal is to limit global warming until 2100 below a 2°C increase, preferably to 1.5°C, comparable to pre-industrial levels

Expected temperature increase ranges for each implementation scenario¹ Incremental °C in 2100, initial 2015 vs. revised 2023 estimates



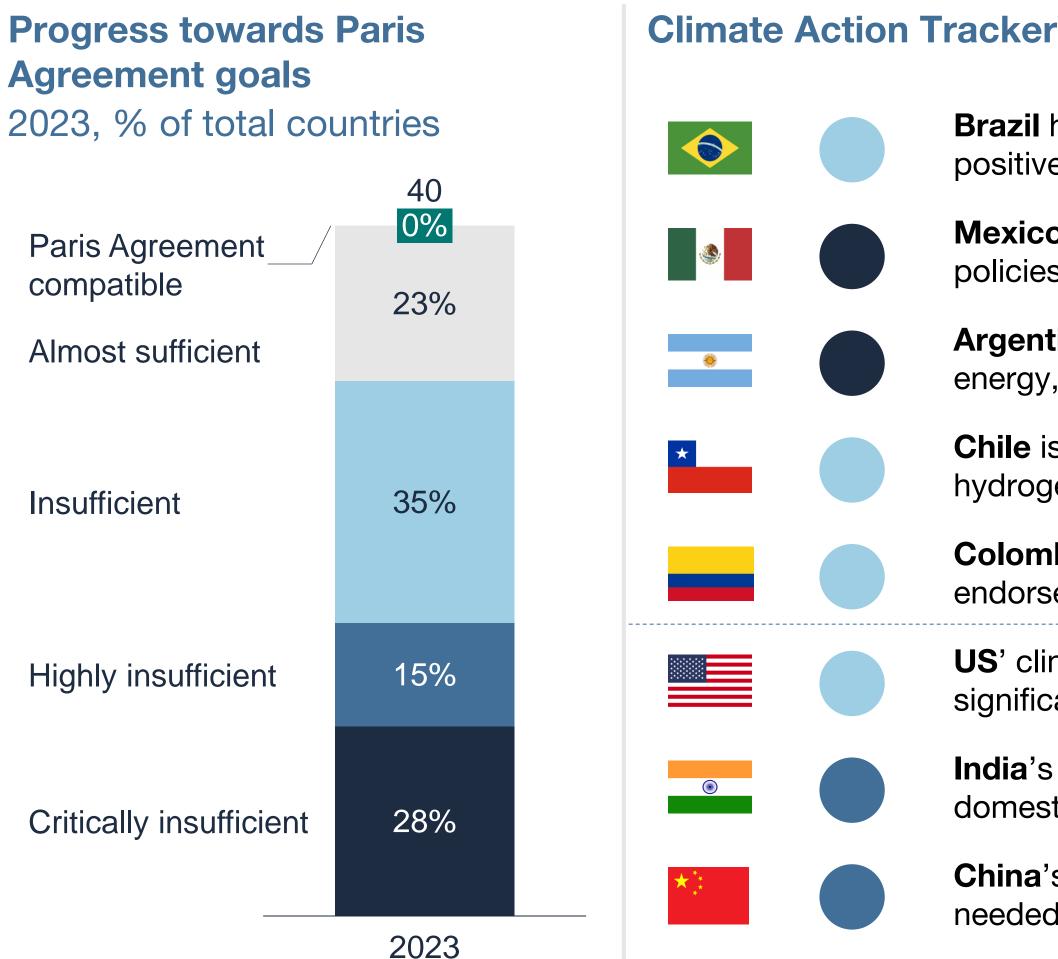
Difference between 2015 and 2023 estimates

	Pledges	& Targets	Optimisti	c Scenario
30 s (NDCs)	Impact considers 2030 net zero pledges forma domestic legislation or	ally adopted in	Impact considers all 2 range of net zero targe binding), adopted by c	ets (binding and non-
)	3.7 2.7	2.6	3.4 2.7	
)	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 1.8 1.5
	-0.6	°C 2023	-0. 2015	9°C





In LatAm, Mexico and Argentina are critically behind, while other countries are on global average (still insufficient)



Note: (*) The Climate Action Tracker n independent project that tracks government climate action under the Paris Agreement. It covers all the biggest emitters and a representative sample of smaller emitters covering about 85% of global emissions and approximately 70% of global population; (**) NDC: Nationally **Determined Contributions**

Source: Climate Action Tracker – Data from 40 sources

Climate Action Tracker^{*} status and overall progress by country

Brazil has cut deforestation rates at the beginning of this year but joining OPEC+ is not positive, as it might drive higher fossil fuel production instead of suppressing it

Mexico's climate policies are regressing, prioritizing fossil fuels, dismantling climate policies, and releasing a less ambitious 2022 NDC** update

Argentina is gradually developing climate policies, but still lacks strong initiatives for energy, agriculture, and livestock sectors

Chile is advancing in climate actions, unveiling its green hydrogen action plan and signing hydrogen development agreements at COP27

Colombia has joined the Power Past Coal and the Beyond Oil and Gas alliances, and endorsed the Fossil Fuel Non-Proliferation Treaty, yet it remains off track to meet its target

US' climate action shows promising signs after the Inflation Reduction Act, mobilizing significant investments in renewables and clean projects, and advancing decarbonization

India's reliance on coal power hinders ambition, with the government pushing for increased domestic coal production despite the country's expanding renewable energy sector

China's emissions are projected to peak by 2025, but current policies lack the strength needed to reduce emissions significantly before 2030









Energy Supply

Transportation





Offsetting

Agriculture & Land Use

"The good news is that the climate crisis offers us the opportunity to transform our world for the better"

- Al Gore





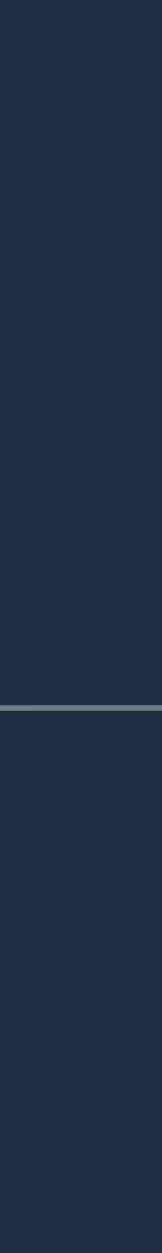




Energy Supply



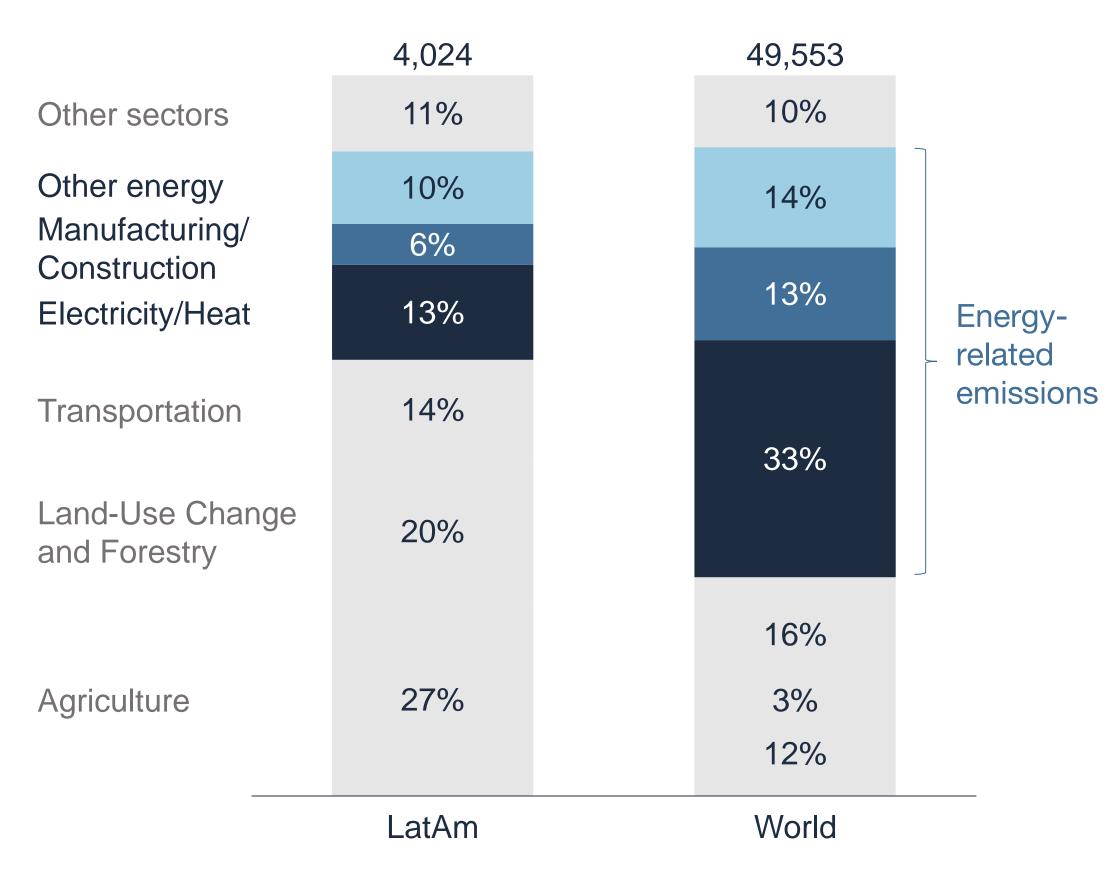




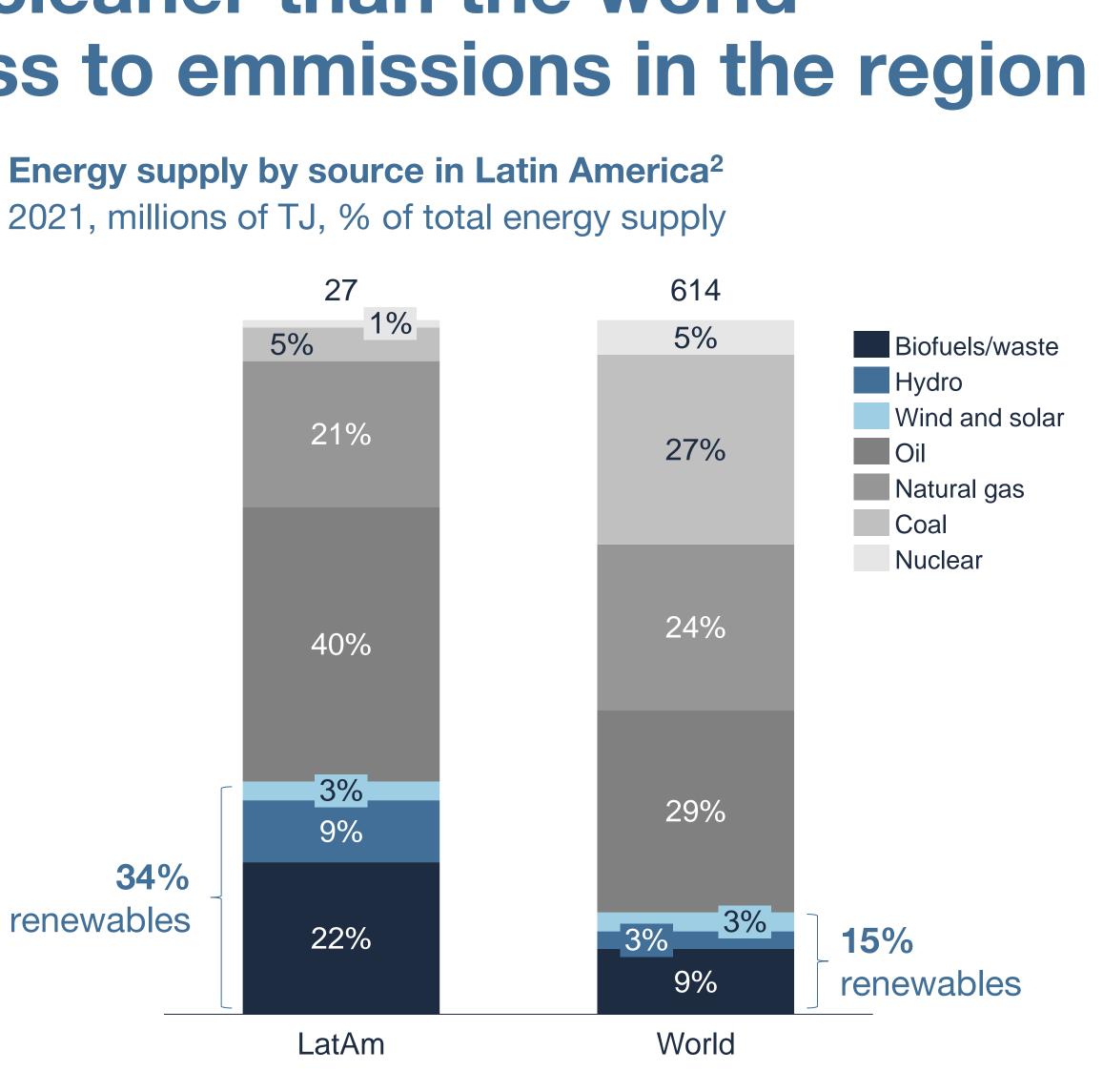


Latin America's energy mix is cleaner than the world average, contributing much less to emmissions in the region

GHG^{*} emissions by region and sector¹ 2021, %

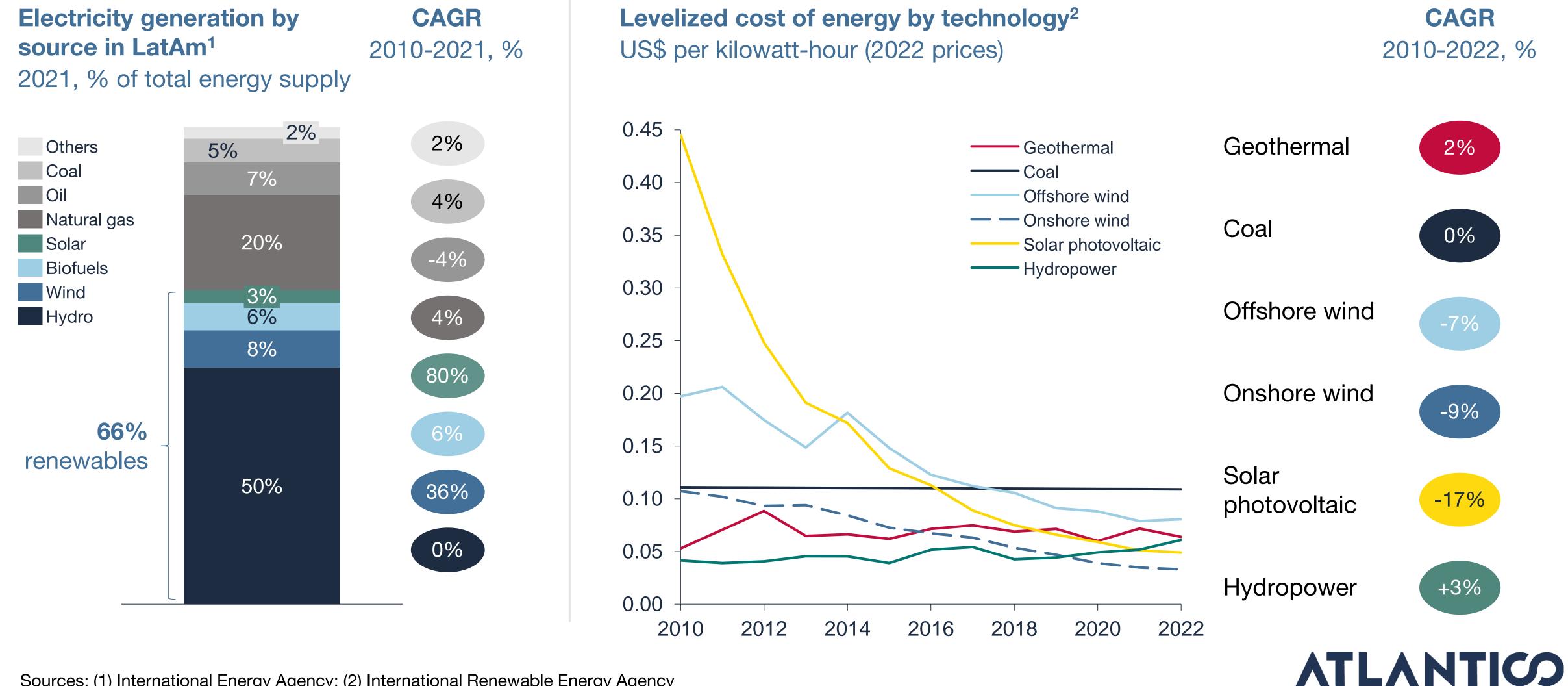


Sources: (1) Climate Watch; (2) International Energy Agency (IEA)

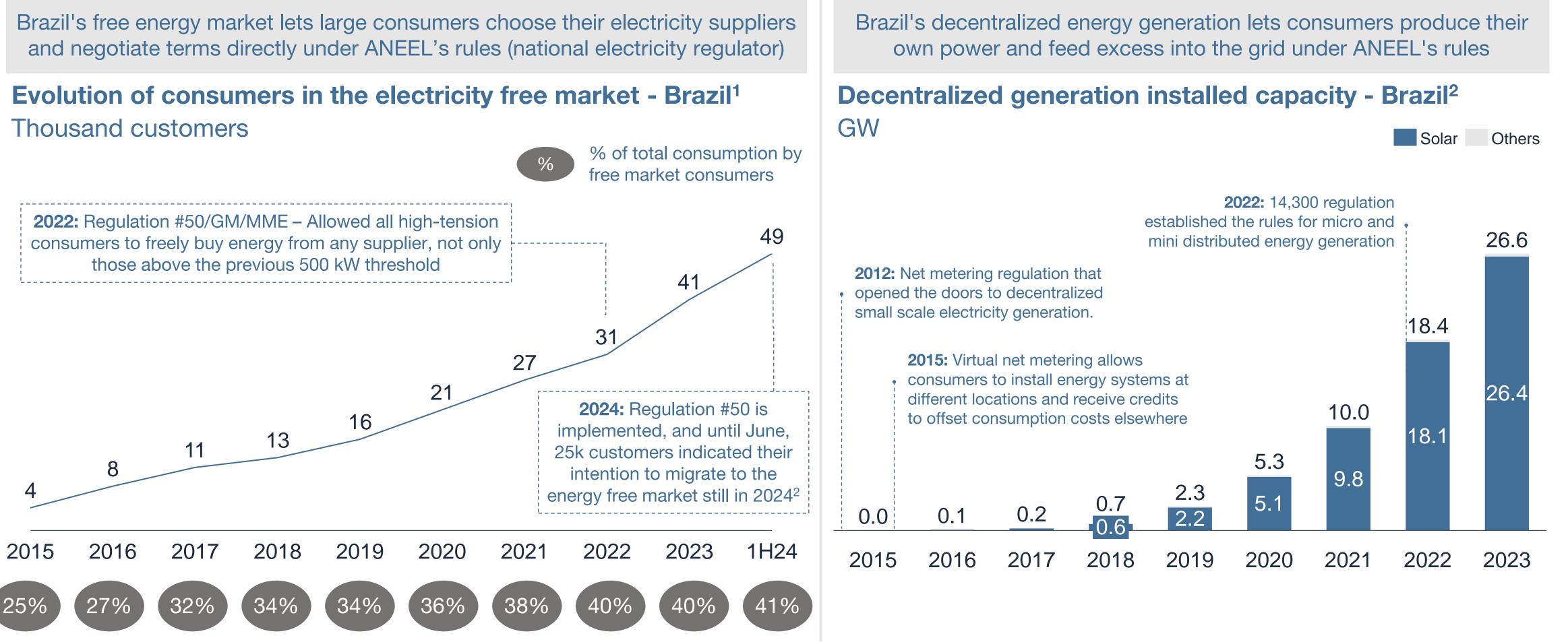


ATLANTICO

Hydro has led LatAm's clean electricity generation, despite stalled growth; falling costs are driving Solar and Wind up



In Brazil, regulation is pushing for decentralized electricity consumption and generation, powered by Solar

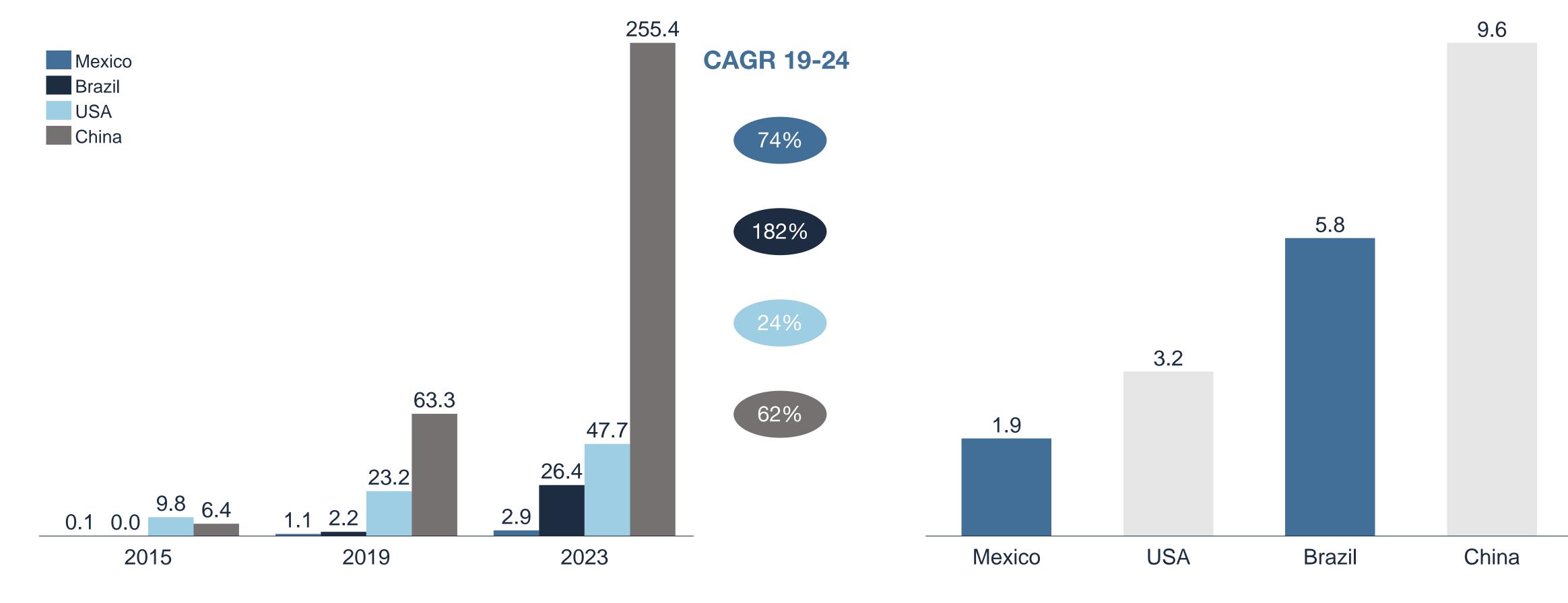






Brazil's accelerated growth in distributed generation capacity follows an economic need to lower user costs

Distributed photo voltaic systems¹ Generation Capacity, GW



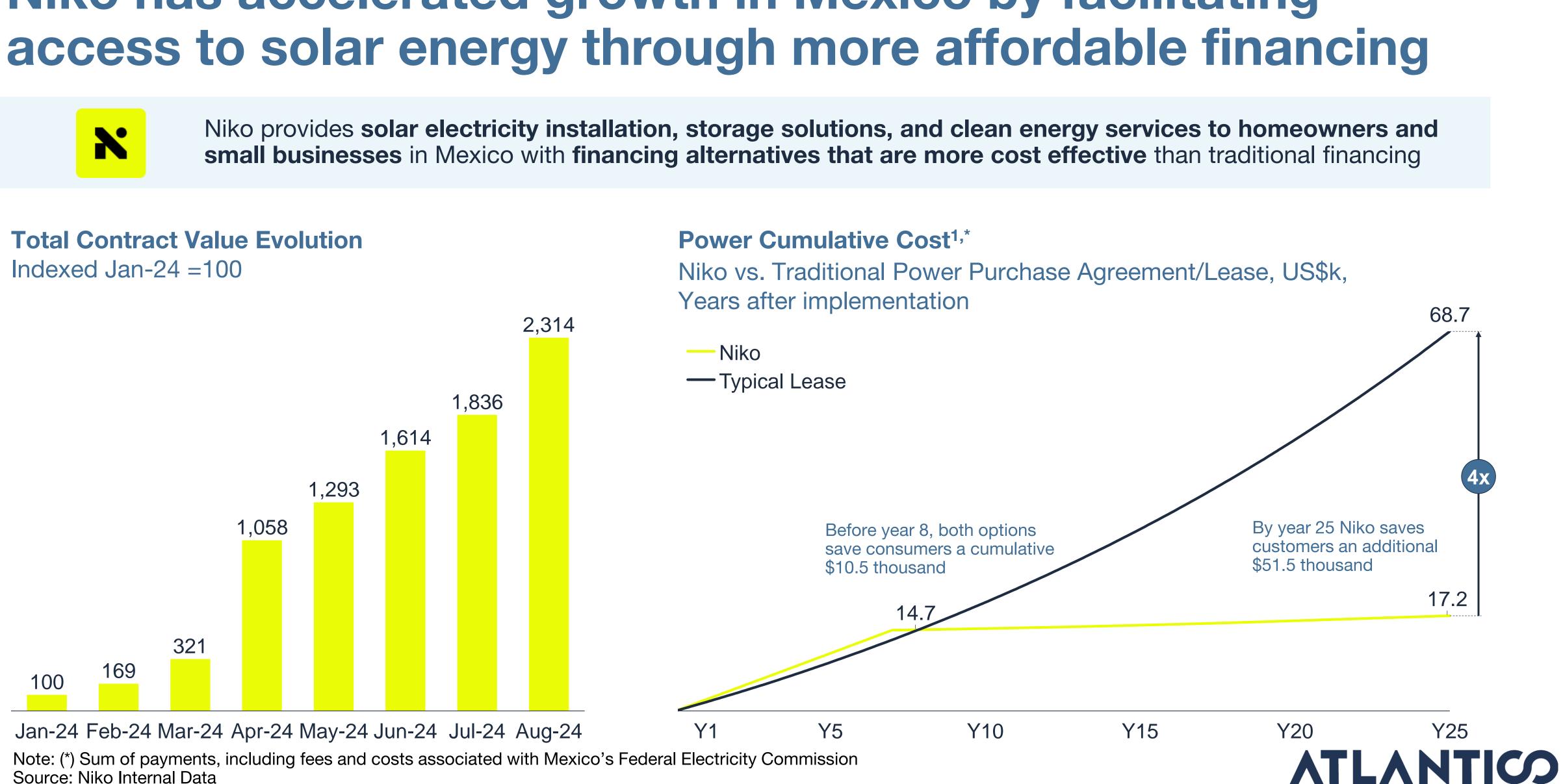
Note: (*) Calculated considering average consumption and electricity cost rates Sources: (1) ANEEL, US EIA, IEA; (2) Our World in Data, GPP, OECD, Chinese State Council, Statista Market Insights

Electricity spend^{*} as % of disposable income² 2023, % of per capita disposable income





Niko has accelerated growth in Mexico by facilitating



Source: Niko Internal Data

Looking ahead: Green hydrogen is key to decarbonizing heavy industries; LatAm is key to scale its global supply

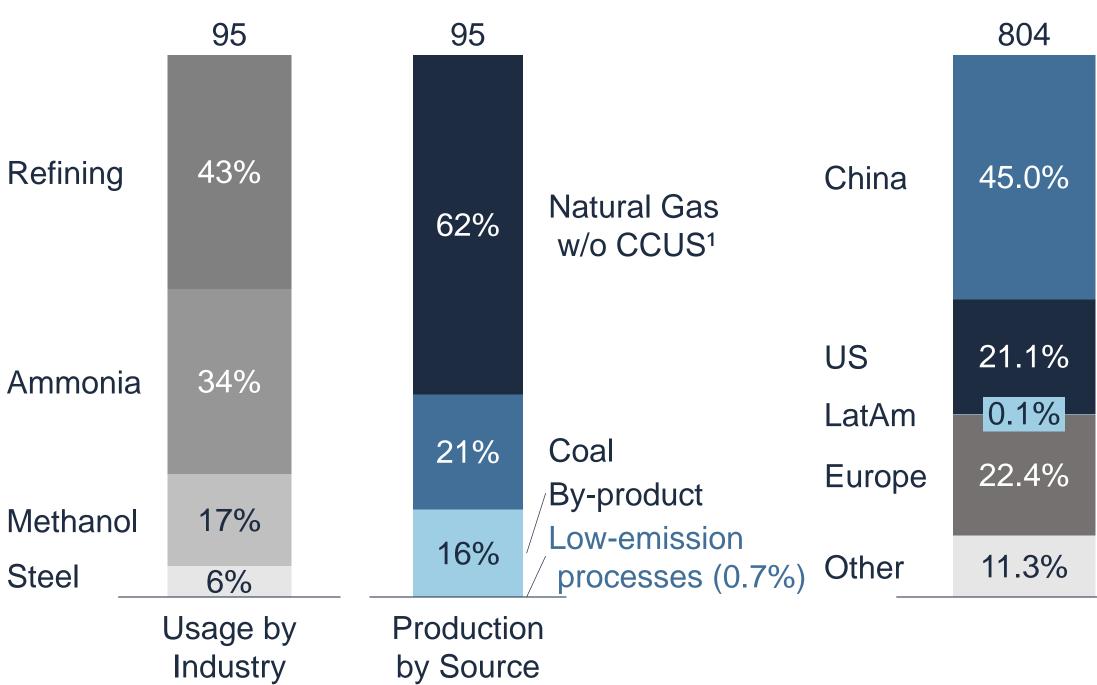
Green hydrogen outperforms other green alternatives by enabling the decarbonization of heavy industries, effectively meeting the high heat and energy density demands

Hydrogen production breakdown

2022, Mt

Despite being a global leader in renewable energy, LatAm holds only a minimal share of electrolyser capacity, the primary method for green hydrogen production

2023e, MW



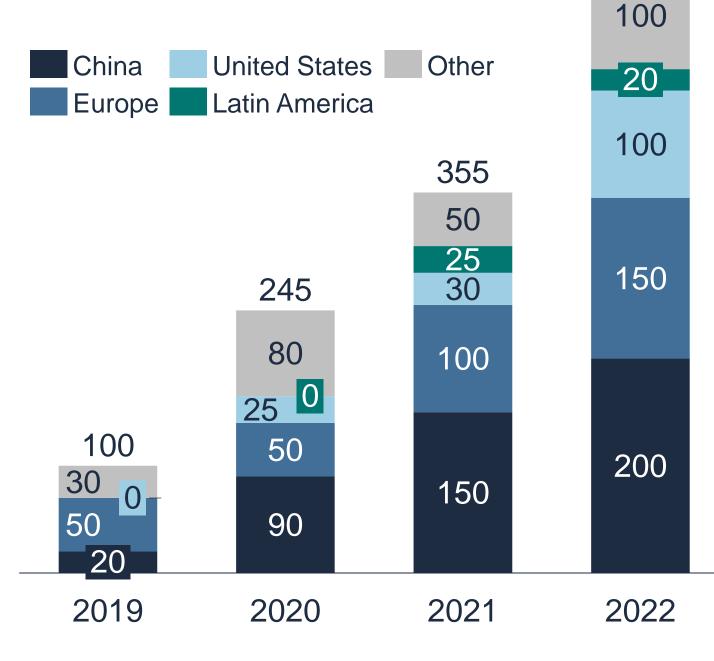
Notes: (1) Carbon Capture, Utilisation and Storage; (2) Accounts for operational and FID (final investment decision and under construction) projects in 2023 Sources: Global Hydrogen Review, IEA

Hydrogen electrolysis capacity by region

Investment in electrolyser installations by region 2022, US\$M

Chile led the region with a national hydrogen strategy in 2020, followed by Colombia, Uruguay, Brazil, and several other countries between 2021 and 2023 _____

LatAm could account for 20% of global production from electrolysis by 2030 based on announced projects. Chile has 45% of the announced projects, with Brazil and Argentina combining for 30%.



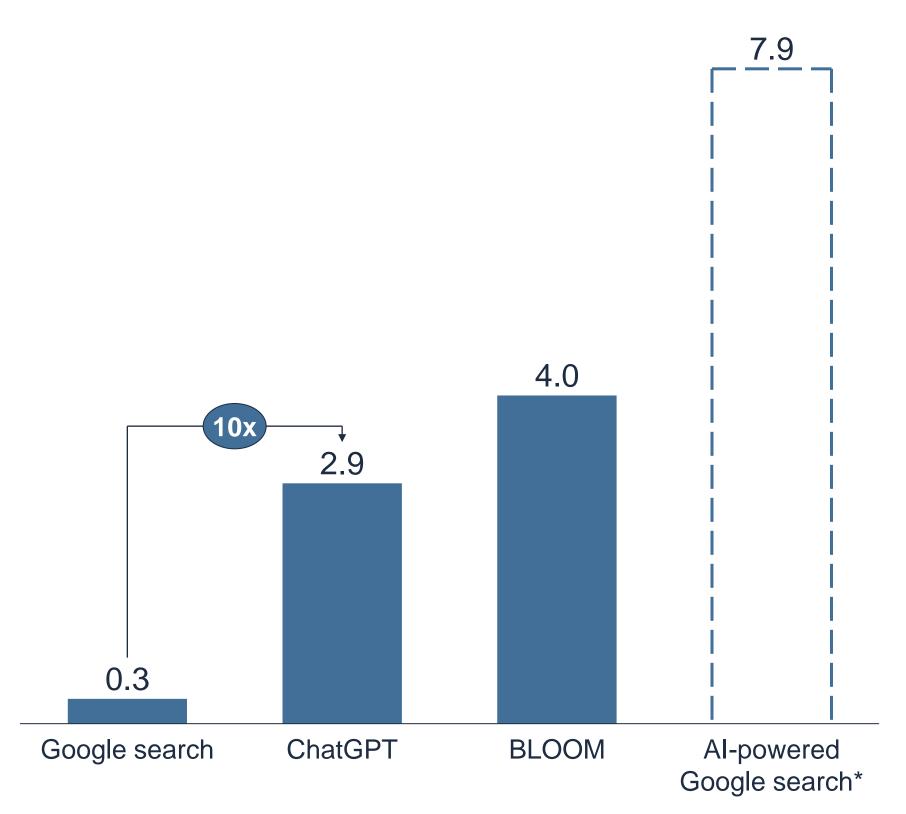


570

Looking ahead: The continued rise of Al is set to sharply increase energy demand, driven by data centers growth

Energy consumption from AI tools is significantly greater than previous alternative¹

2023, Wh per request



Note: (*) Average of estimates by New Street Research and SemiAnalysis; (**) The term required refers to the vast energy demands needed to support the increasingly large investments by AI-focused big tech companies; Source: (1) de Vries (2023) – The growing energy footprint of artificial intelligence

"I've done the calculation on the amount of energy required [to fuel the growing developments in AI], and we [...] do not have enough power to do this" - Eric Schmidt, former Google CEO



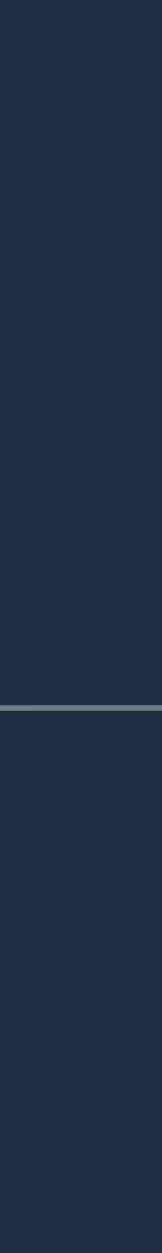




Transportation

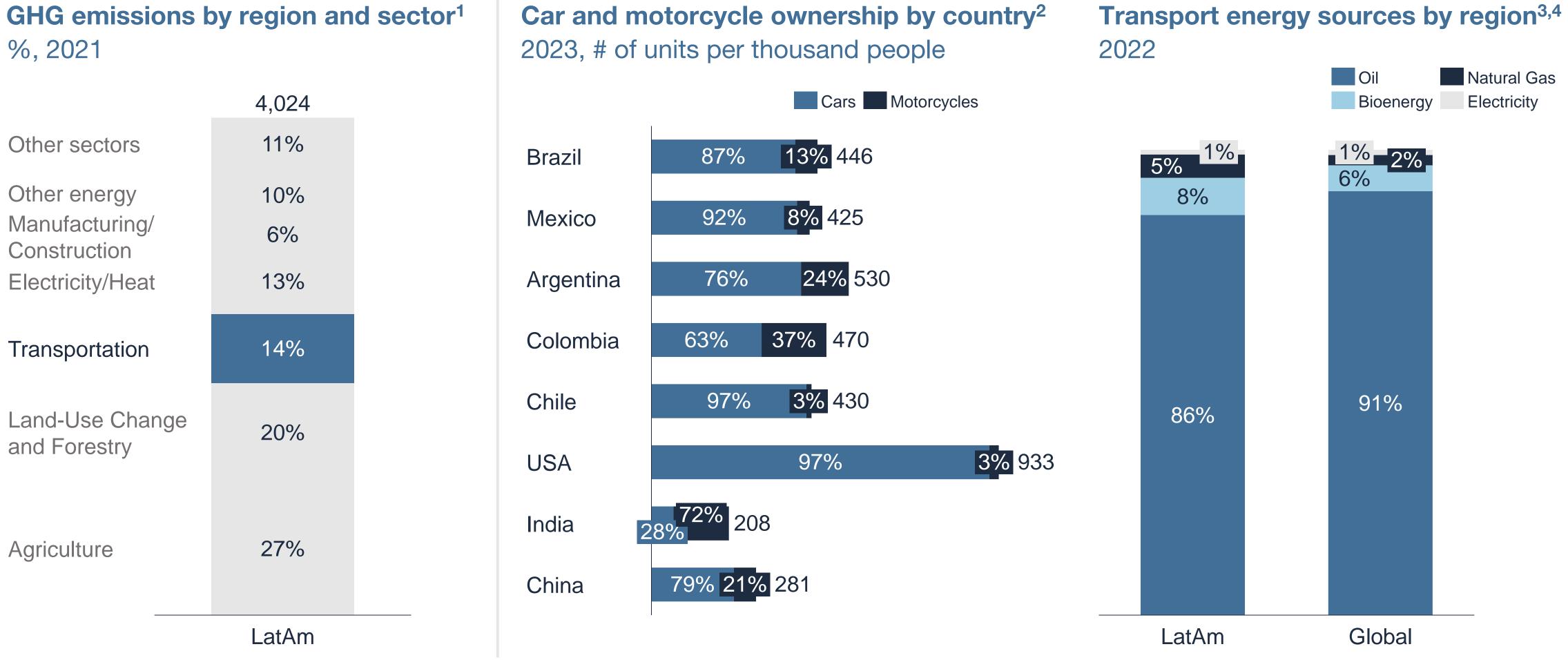








Transport emissions are relevant in Latin America, driven by high vehicle penetration and heavy oil dependence

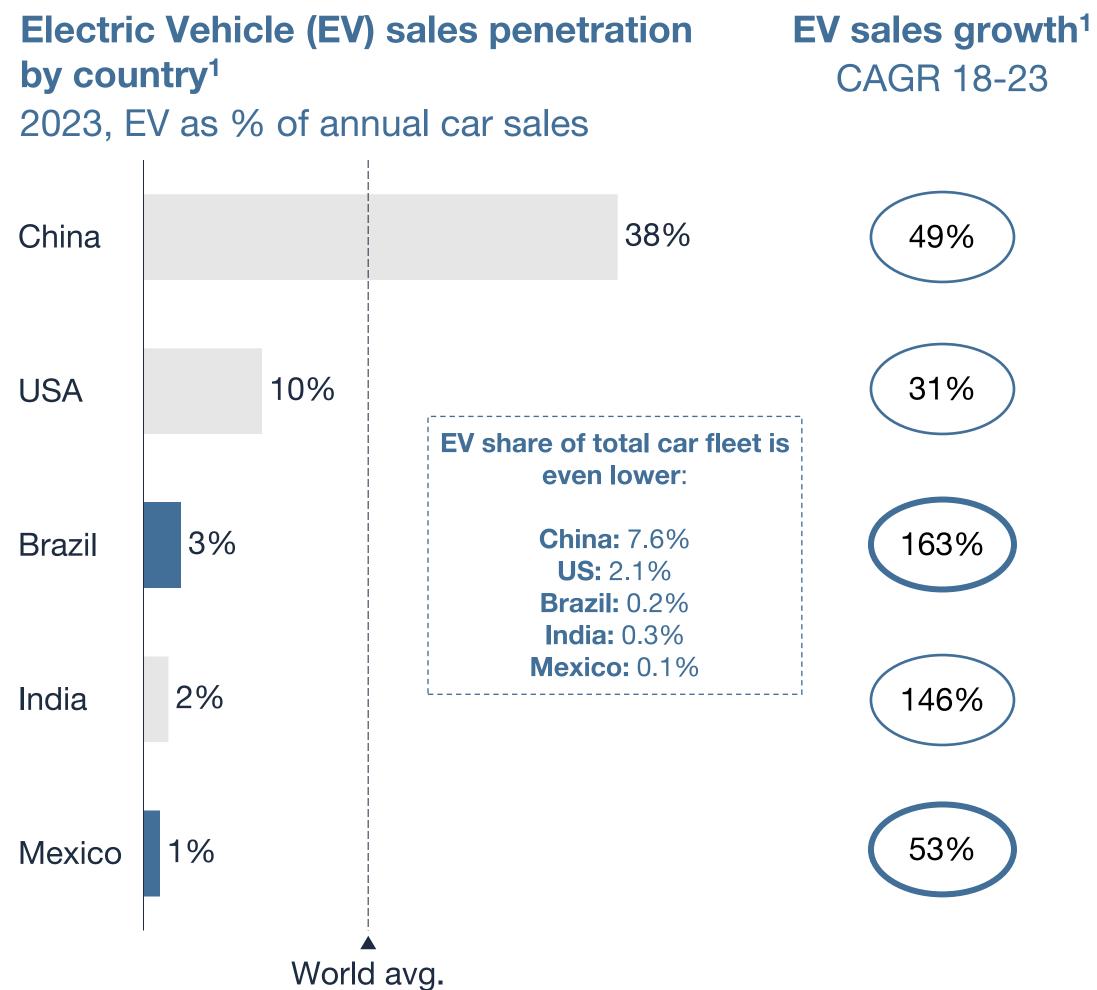


Sources: (1) ClimateWatch; (2) World Population Review; (3) International Energy Agency (IEA) Latin America Energy Outlook 2023; (4) International Energy Agency World Energy Outlook 2023

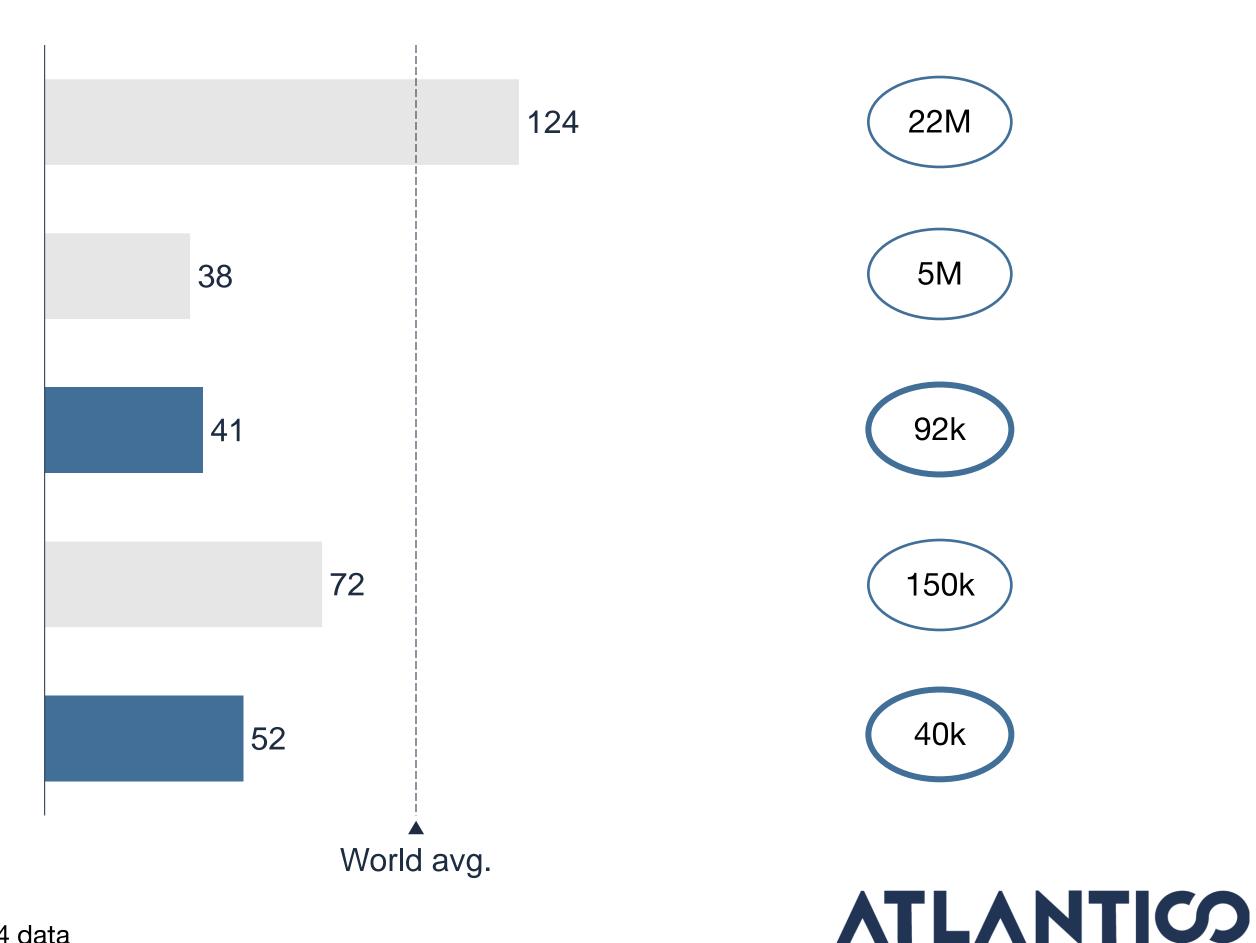




LatAm fleet electrification is still nascent, but accelerating; charging infrastructure will have to follow



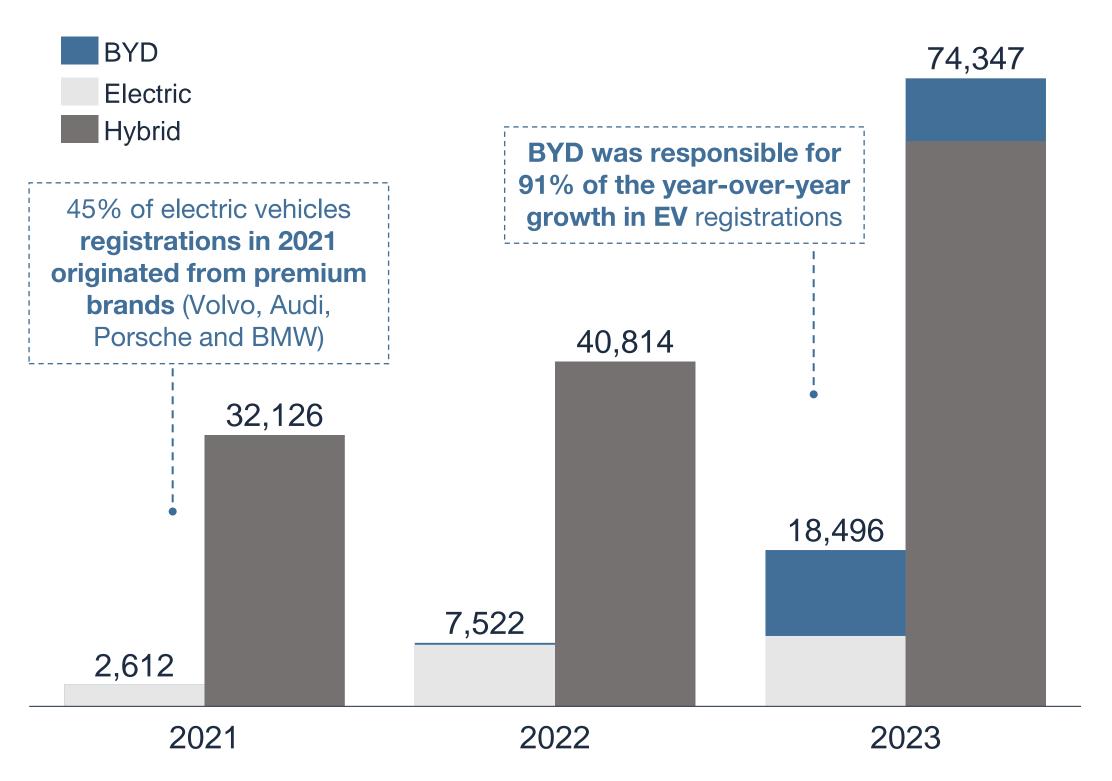
Infrastructure density^{1,2} 2023, charging points per 1,000 EVs Total charging points¹ 2023



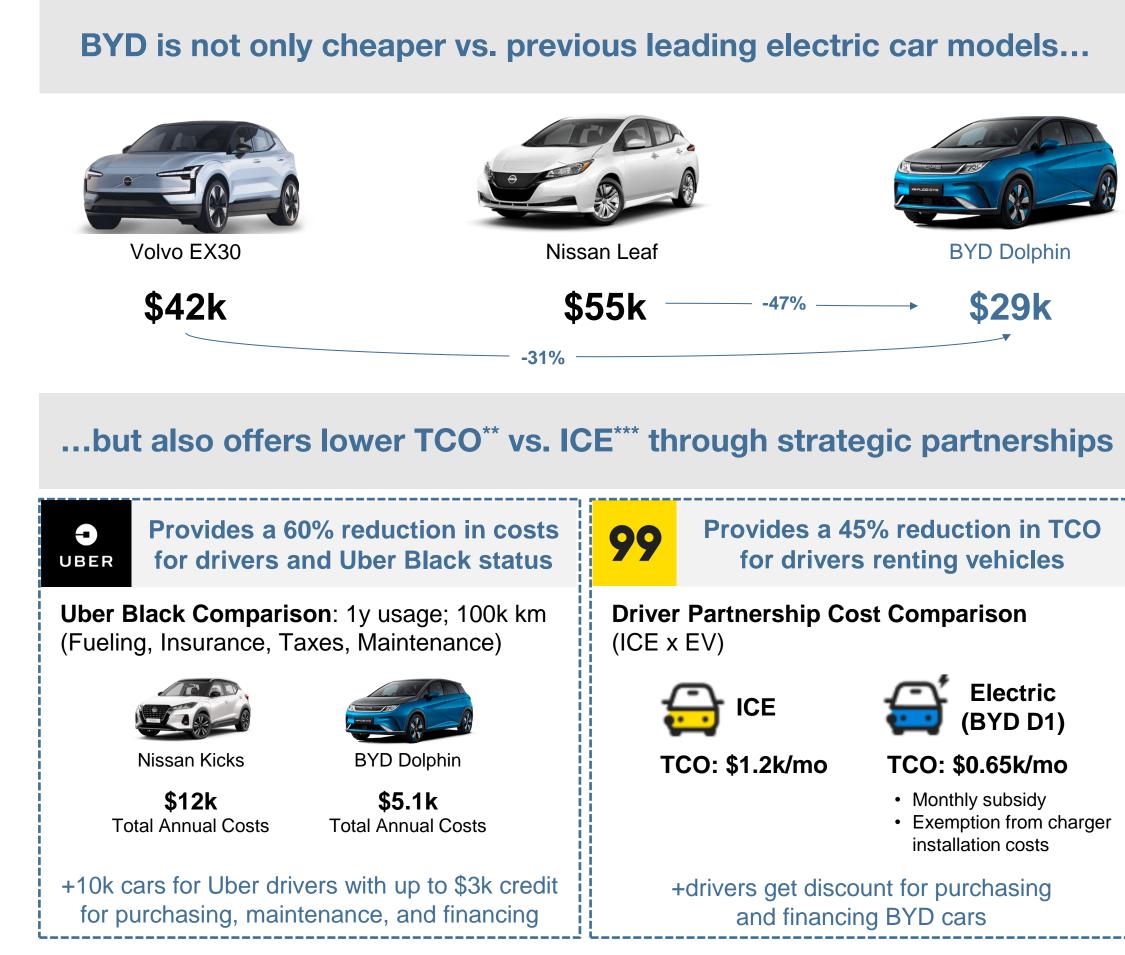


In Brazil, BYD launched and quickly captured the lead of the electric car market through cost competitiveness

Electric vehicle registrations in Brazil^{1,*} Vehicles sold

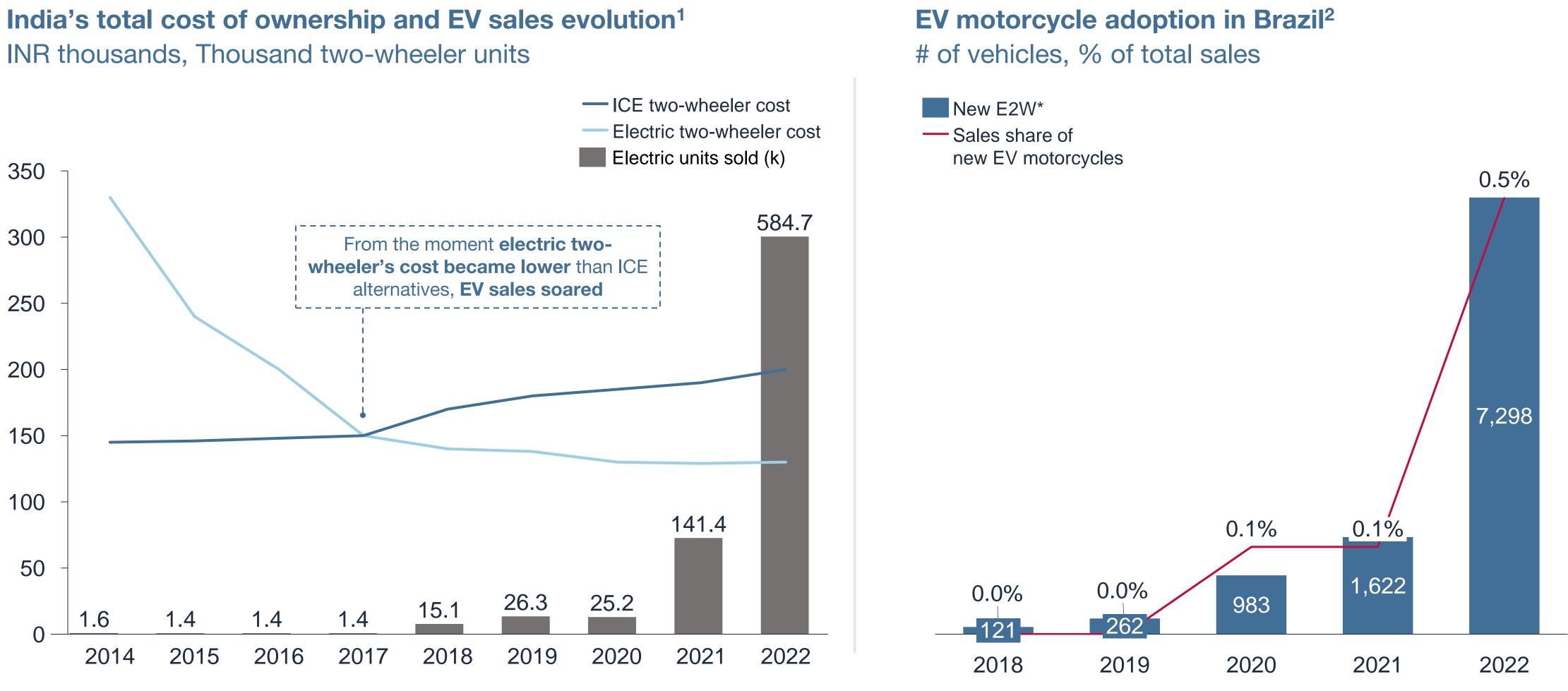


Notes: (*) A hybrid vehicle is powered by both an internal combustion engine (ICE) and an electric motor, with separate batteries for each. An electric vehicle uses only a battery and an electric motor to run.) (**) Total Cost of Ownership; (***) Internal Combustion Engine motorcycles Sources: (1) Fenabrave; Companies' releases





India's EV motorcycle sales were driven by cost parity; Brazil's shift suggests it's nearing a similar inflection

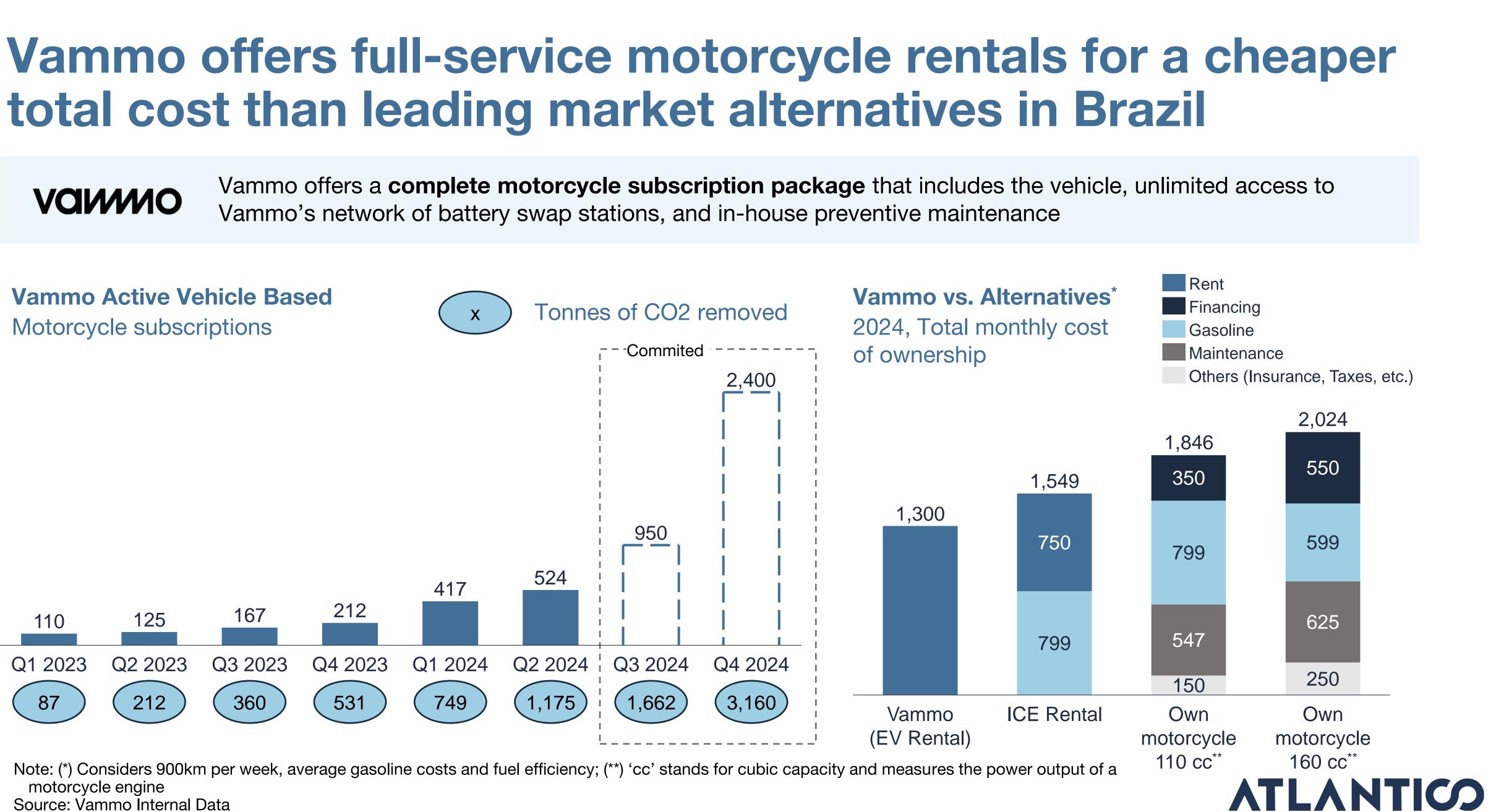


Note: (*) E2W = Electric 2-wheeler Sources: (1) Blume Ventures; (2) ABRACICLO





Vammo offers full-service motorcycle rentals for a cheaper



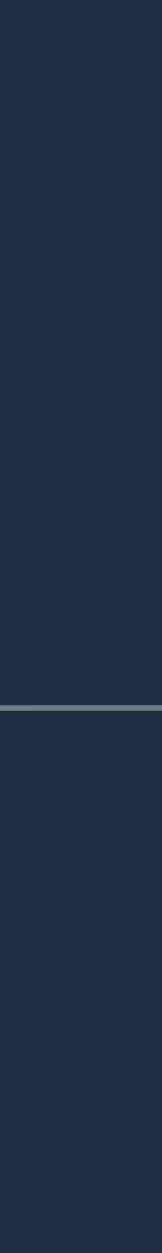
Source: Vammo Internal Data



Agriculture & Land Use







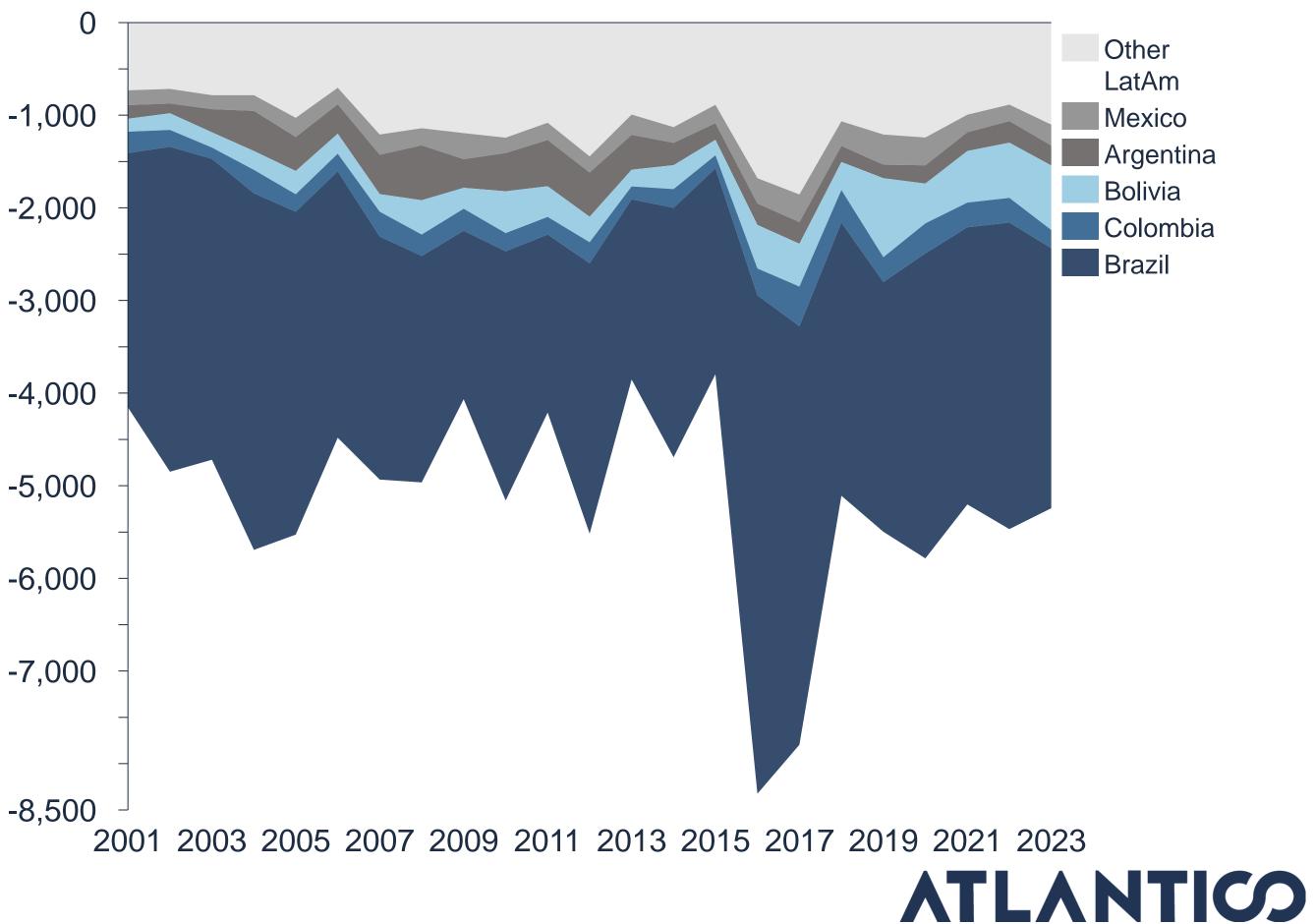


Land use accounts for 45% of LatAm's emissions, a large portion coming from deforestation to free up land

GHG emissions by region and sector ¹	
%, 2021	

	4,024	49,553
Other sectors	11%	10%
Other energy Manufacturing/	10%	14%
Construction	6%	13%
Electricity/Heat	13%	
Transportation	14%	000/
Land-Use Change and Forestry	20%	33%
		16%
Agriculture	27%	3%
		12%
	LatAm	World

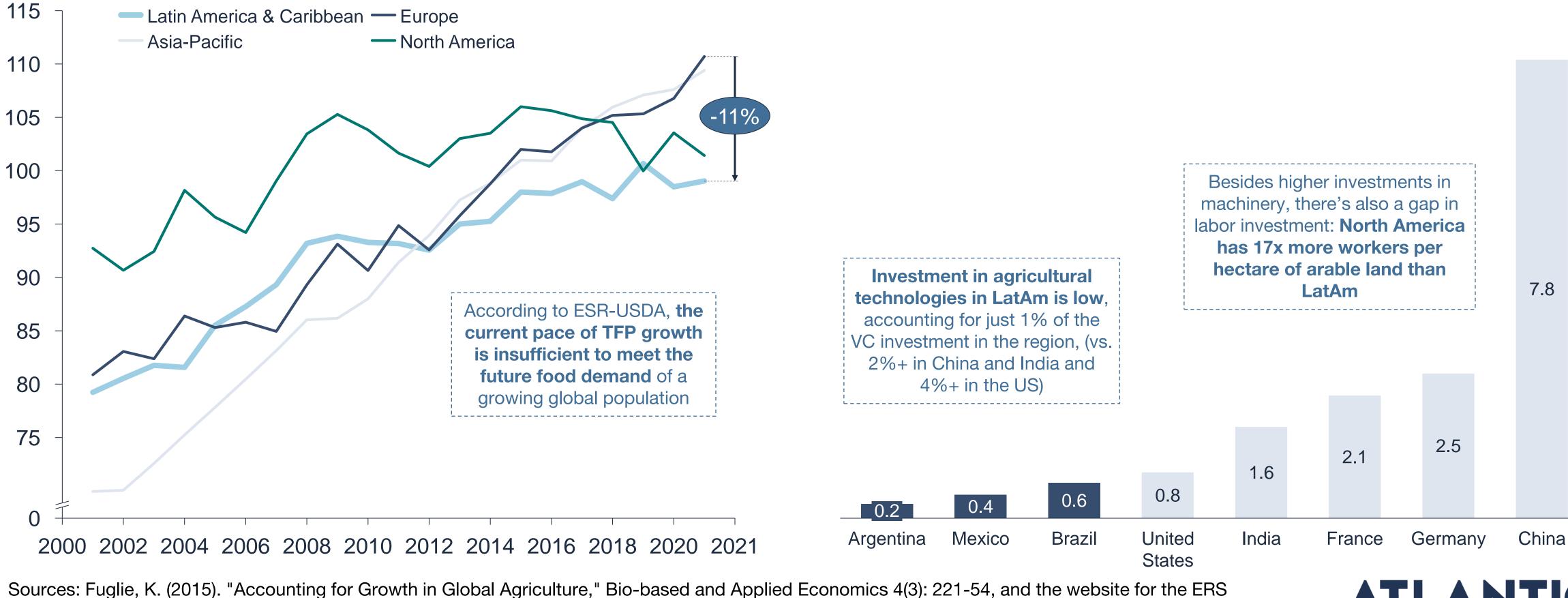
Deforestation in Latin America² Billions of hectares





Latin America still lags in agricultural productivity, despite the region's push to close the gap over recent decades

Agricultural total factor productivity (TFP) index



USDA data product, "International Agricultural Productivity."

Machinery usage in agriculture per country

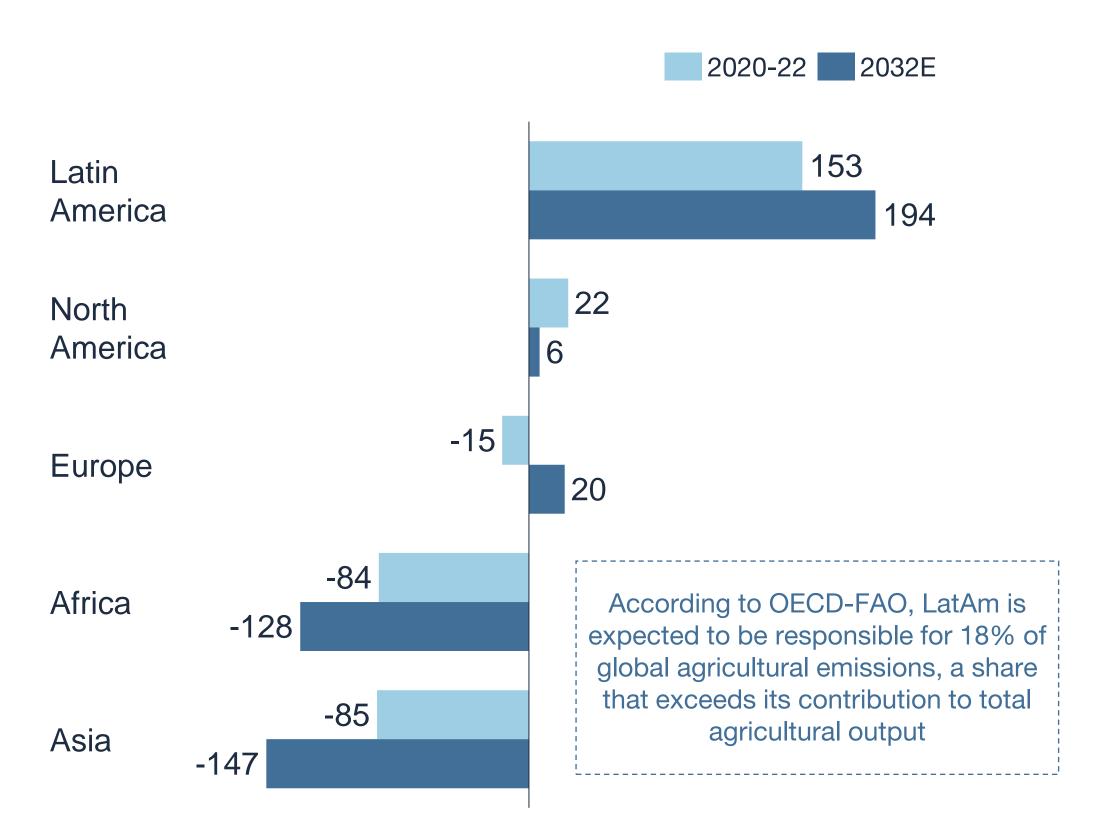
Ratio of farm machinery horsepower per 1,000 hectares of quality adjusted agricultural area, 2021



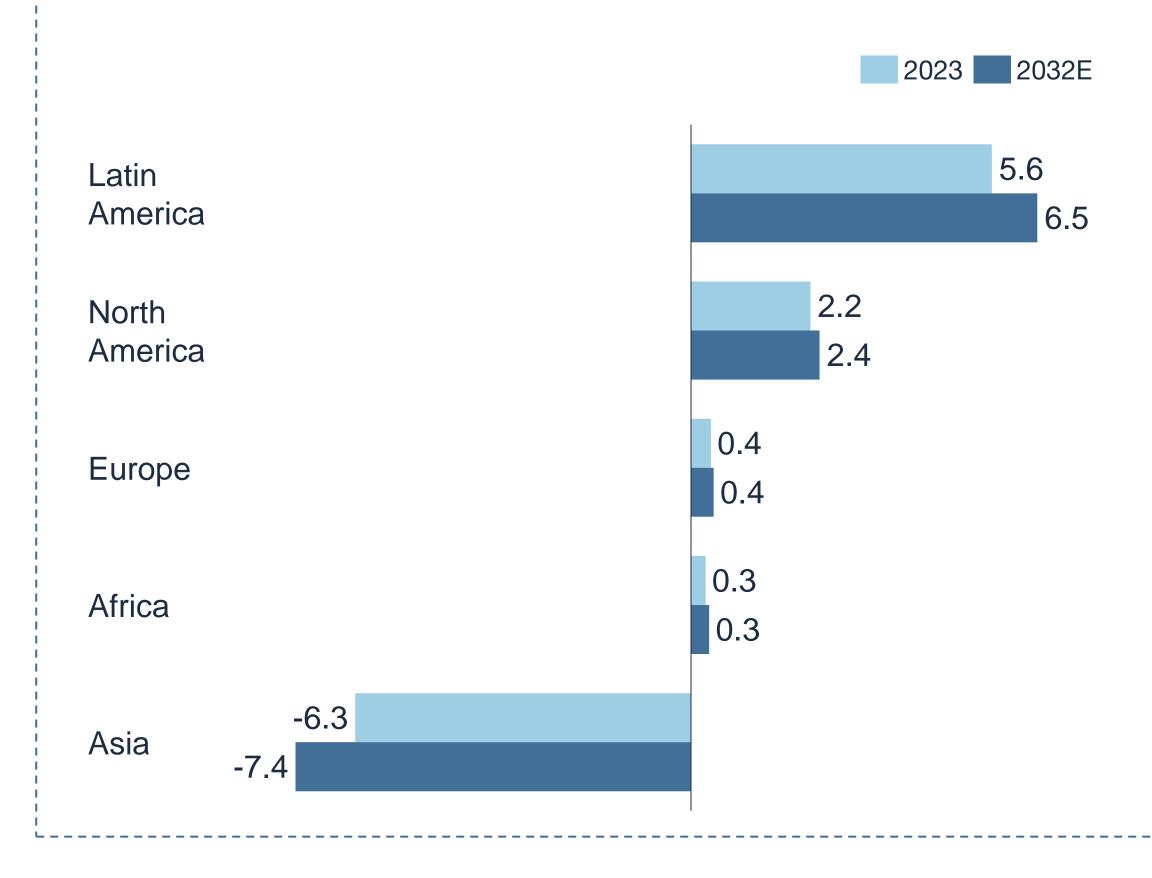
Latin America's global leadership in food supply should continue to put pressure on land use as demand expands

Agricultural trade balance per region^{1,2} 2020-2022; 2032E, US\$B in net trade*

174

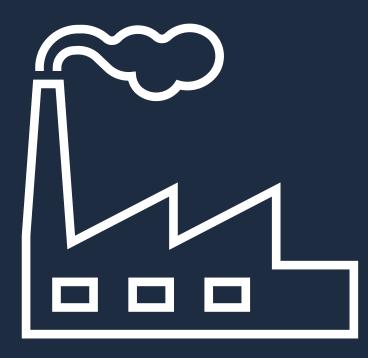


Animal protein trade balance per region³ 2023, 2032 forecast, Millions of tons in net trade*





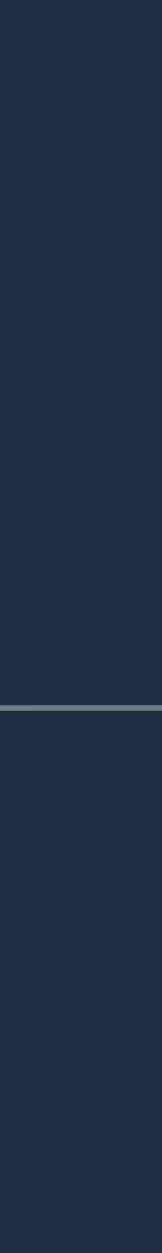




Offsetting







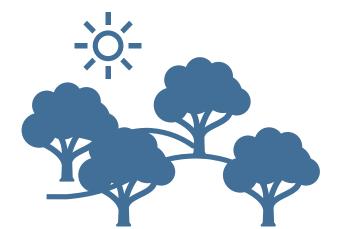


Carbon credits emerged to facilitate project financing and carbon offsetting; Demand is rising, but challenges exist

Carbon credit cycle¹ Emission case example



CO2 Sequestration or Carbon Avoidance



Foresters implement best forestry management practices to generate credits by reducing or removing carbon emissions from the atmosphere



Carbon Credit



Carbon Offset Certifications or **Carbon Credits are issued based** on the amount of GHG emissions reduced or avoided

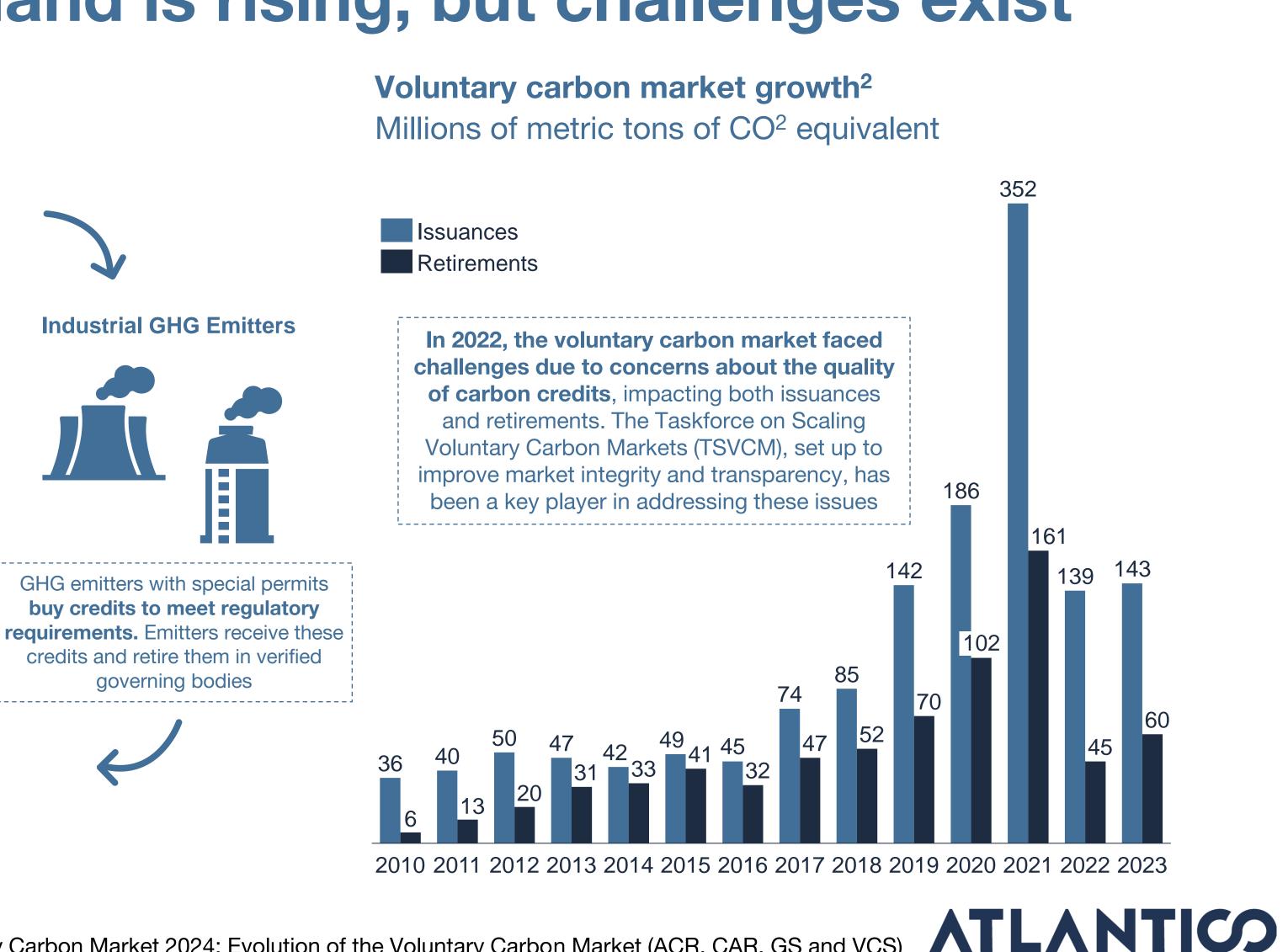








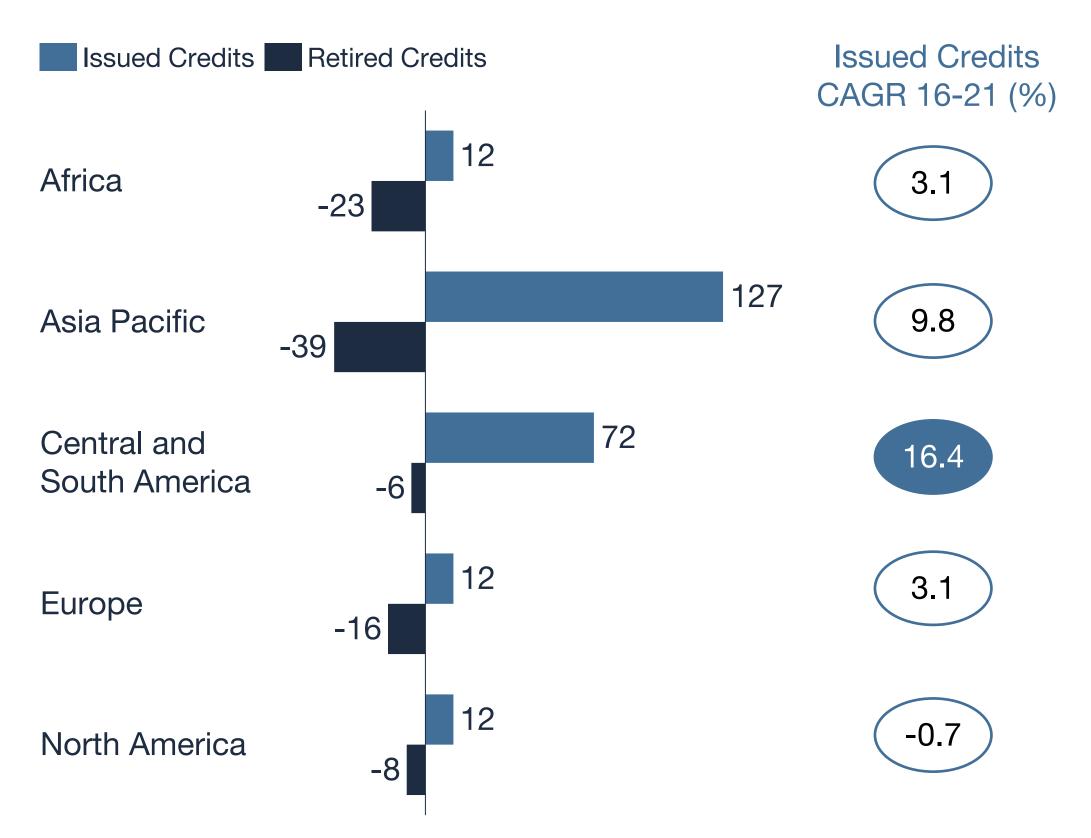
The money is used to fund certified projects that conserve and restore forests, generate clean energy, or increase energy efficiency, among other possibilities _____ Voluntary carbon market growth²



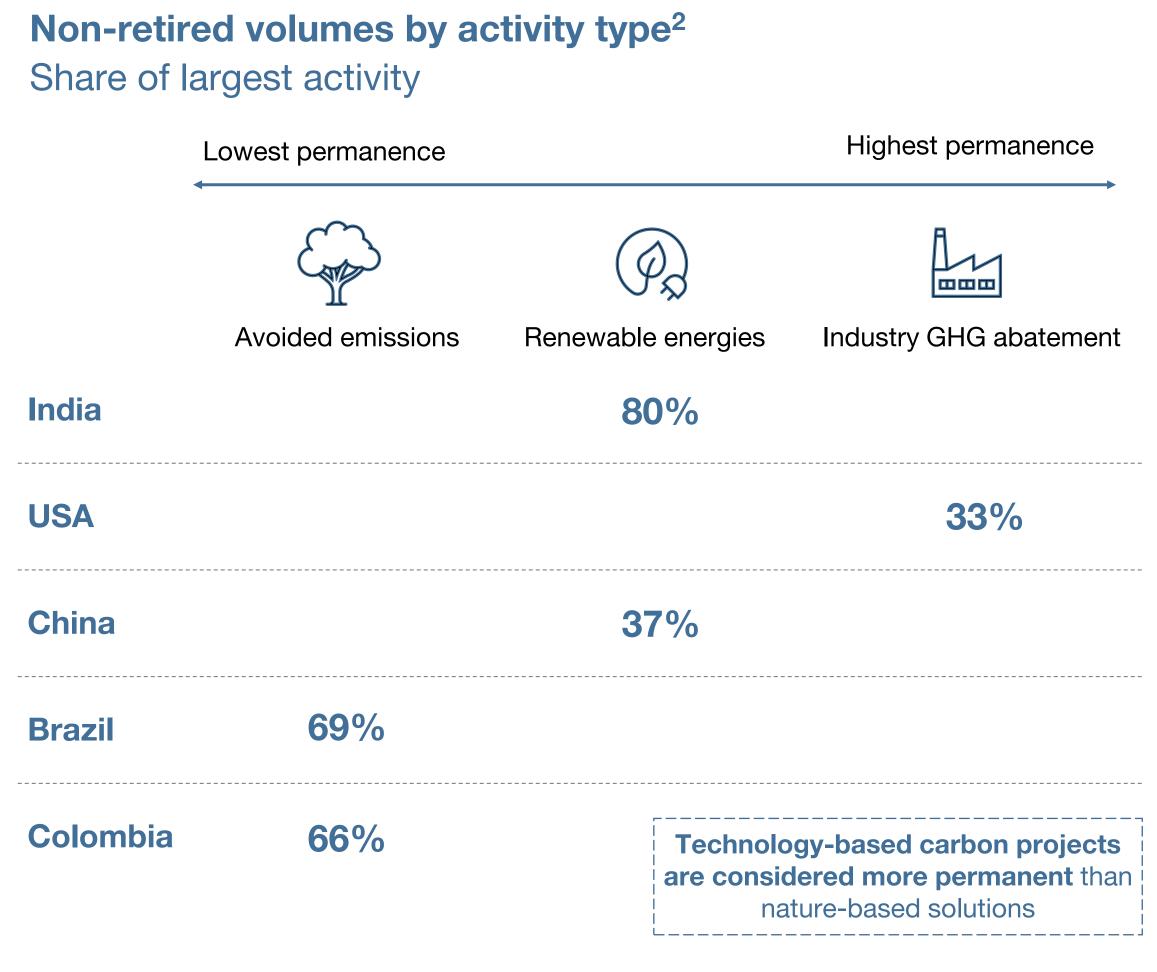


Latin America ranks second in carbon credit issuance; nonetheless, its projects rely on less permanent solutions

Discrete credits^{*} split by region¹ 2021, Millions of tons of CO² equivalent



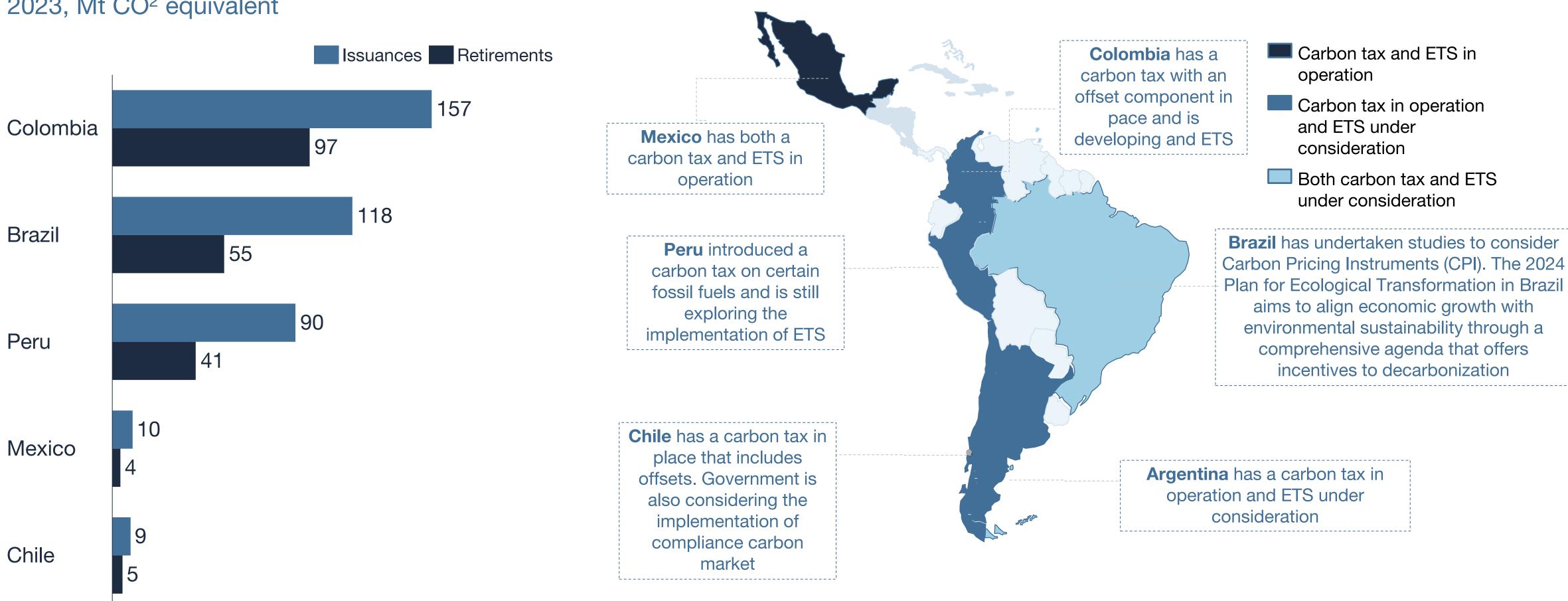
Notes: (*) Discrete carbon credits are specific, measurable reductions in emissions that can be traded to offset carbon footprints. Issued credits indicate these reductions, while retired credits are those that have been bought and permanently used for offsetting emissions Sources: (1) International Carbon Action Partnership; (2) Climate Focus Voluntary Carbon Market





Colombia leads the region in issuance and retirements, while Brazil ranks second despite limited regulatory actions

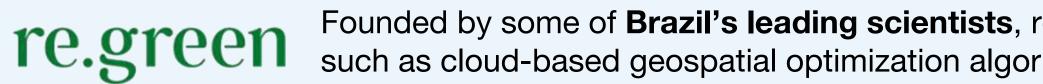
Retirements and issuances of credits in LatAm 2023, Mt CO² equivalent



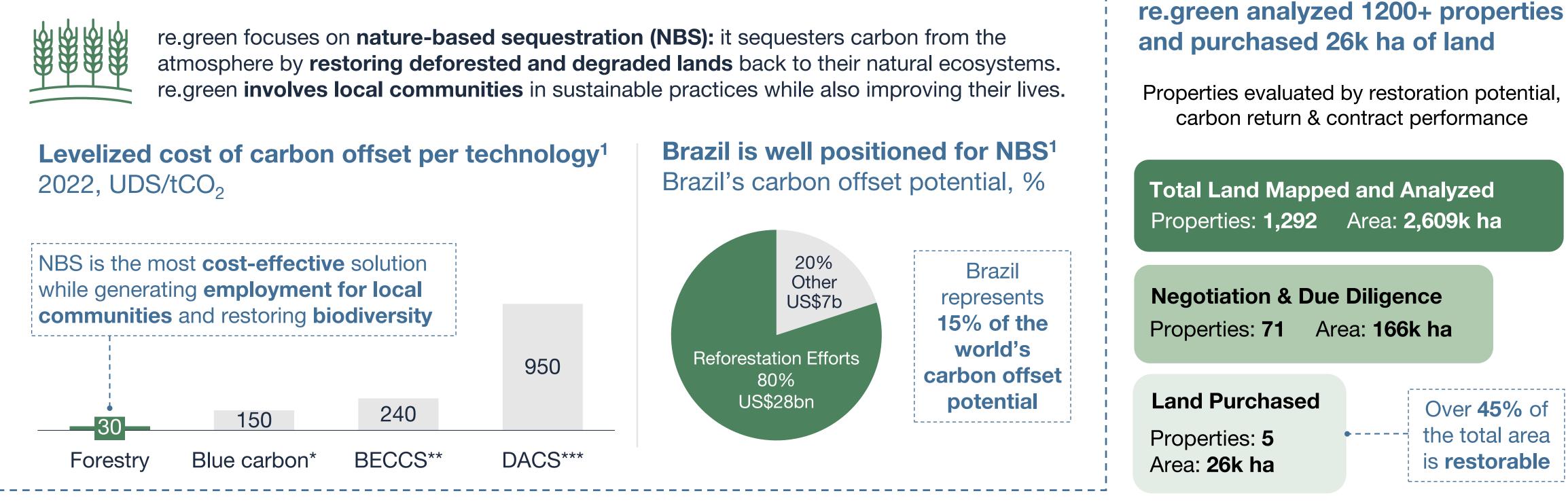




Re.green generates carbon offset by leveraging Brazil's strategic position for large-scale forest restoration







Notes: (*) Carbon captured and stored by coastal and marine ecosystems; (**) Bioenergy with Carbon Capture and Storage (BECCS) is a technology that combines bioenergy production with carbon capture; (***) Direct Air Carbon Capture and Storage (DACS) is a technology that captures CO2 directly from the atmosphere and stores it underground or in other long-term storage solutions. Source: re.green internal data

Founded by some of Brazil's leading scientists, re.green is an ecological restoration platform leveraging proprietary technology such as cloud-based geospatial optimization algorithms and multiple restoration models to sequester carbon and enhance biodiversity

ATLANTICO



@STF_oficial intima Elon Musk e X a indicarem representante legal em até 24 horas, sob pena de suspensão de atividades no Brasil 4 Translate post

> noticias.stf.jus.br STF intima Elon Musk e X a indicarem representante legal en Intimação assinada pelo ministro Alexandre de Moraes foi feita por meio do perfil oficial do STF na plataforma....

> > Uso constante t especialistas

OBO 100

Buscar

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Lookout: New Consumer Trends

to reel 'addicted' to phones than in other countries

SHARE & SAVE - f

More teens in Mexico feel 'addicted' to phones than in other countries

But in all countries, "one thing we've found in common is the number of parents and teens who say they wake up in the middle of the night and check their phones."



Elon Musk 🤣 🔟 @elonmusk · Aug 17

Due to demands by "Justice" @Alexandre in Brazil that would require us to break (in secret) Brazilian, Argentinian, American and international law, X has no choice but to close our local operations in Brazil.

He is an utter disgrace to justice.

Valor Business

Ozempic becomes hit in Brazil, generates R\$3.7bn in sales

Novo Nordisk wants to extend medicine patent in the country

Tecnologia

Economia / Tecnologia

Brasil é o terceiro país que mais consome redes sociais

Uso constante tem impactos econômicos e psicológicos, além de gerar riscos, dizem

Influenciadora é indiciada por divulgar "jogo do tigrinho"

A mulher chegou a movimentar aproximadamente R\$10,4 milhões e, se condenada, pode pegar até 40 anos de prisão

Julia Farias, da CNN* , Em São Paulo 16/09/2024 às 10:42 | Atualizado 16/09/2024 às 10:42



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Global Government Affairs 🧇 🛛 @GlobalAffairs

Last night, Alexandre de Moraes threatened our legal representative in Brazil with arrest if we do not comply with his censorship orders. He did so in a secret order, which we share here to expose his actions.

ECONOMIA

Brasileiros perdem R\$ 23,9 bilhões em 'bets' e vício atrapalha até no emprego

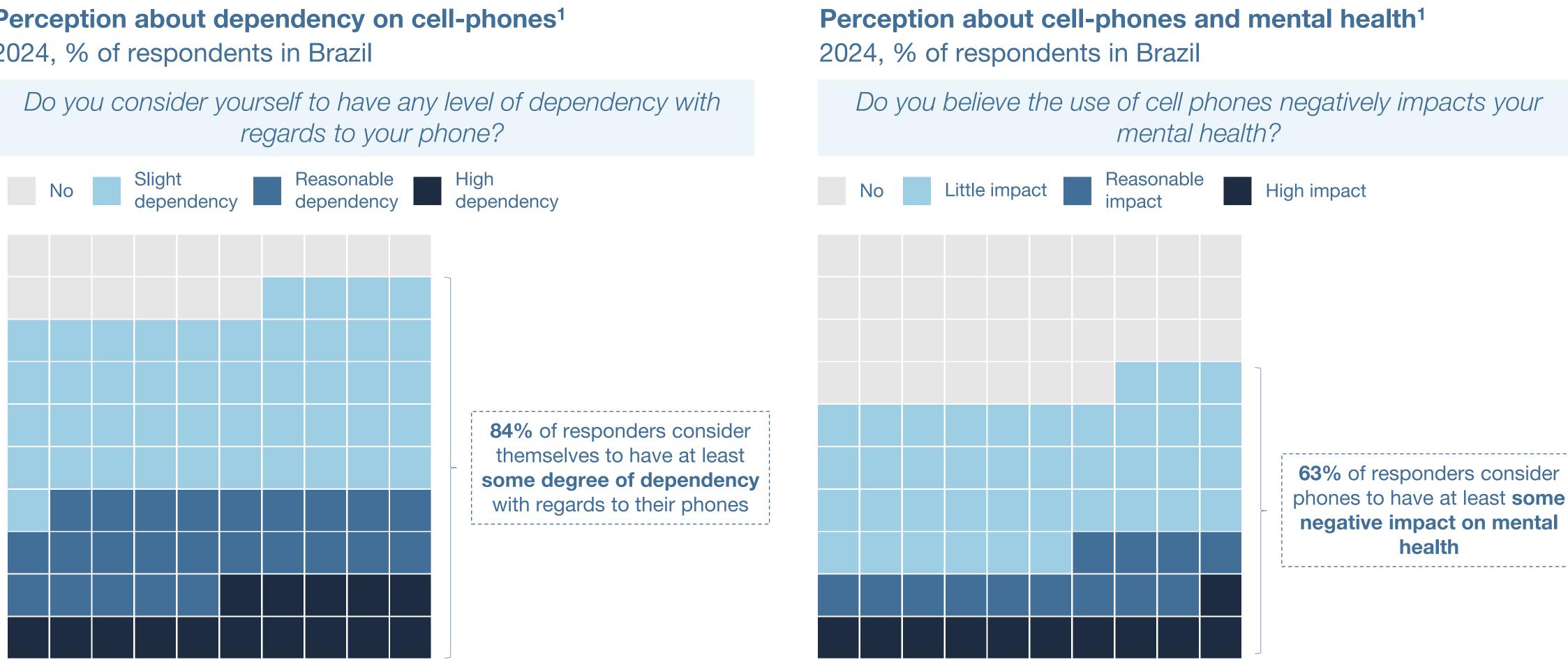
por Redação Tribuna do Norte



Most of the population perceives negative impacts from excessive cell-phone use and dependency

Perception about dependency on cell-phones¹ 2024, % of respondents in Brazil

regards to your phone?



Notes: Margin of Error: ± 2 percentage points; Confidence Level: 95% Data Collection Period: June 27th to July 15th, 2024 Source: Atlantico and AtlasIntel Survey 2024 (n=1,619)







SOCIAL MEDIA UNDER SCRUTINY

Big Techs face increasing government pressure worldwide, leading to tighter regulation of media platforms and content

Big Techs face growing U.S. scrutiny and regulatory threats¹

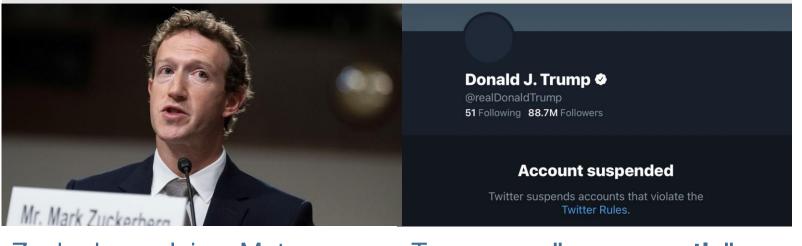
TikTok faces the **risk of a U.S. ban** as data privacy and security concerns grow amid U.S.-China tensions



1. Warnings

2. Resistance

Freedom of speech is another divisive issue, especially during election periods



Zuckerberg claims Meta was "pressured" to censor Covid **content** by Biden's admin.

Trump was "permanently' banned from Twitter in 2021 for incitement of violence

3. Sanctions Aug/2024

Notes: (*) Satellite internet network company owned by Elon Musk Sources: (1) The New York Times, CNN Business, BBC; (2) Reuters; (3) The New York Times, CNN, InfoMoney, The News

LatAm faces similar tensions: Brazilian Supreme Court versus X³

Since the Jan/2023 coup acts in Brazil, Alexandre de Moraes, justice of Brazil's Supreme Court, has investigated and ordered X to ban users – mostly from Brazil's rightwing - spreading misinformation and inciting attacks on democratic institutions



2024

2023-2024

Elon Musk refused to comply with the Brazilian Supreme Court's orders to remove content from the platform, further escalating tensions. Additionally, on August 19th, he closed X's operations in **Brazil** after Moraes threatened to arrest their legal representatives

iday, August 30, 2024

Brazil Blocks X After **Musk Ignores Court**

form will go dark in the of 200 million, the result of

The New Hork Time



On Aug 30th, **X was officially** taken offline in Brazil. In addition, the judge ordered the freezing of Starlink's* accounts in the country, despite its lack of direct involvement in X's operation

"He [Moraes] is a criminal playing dress-up as a judge." - Elon Musk on X

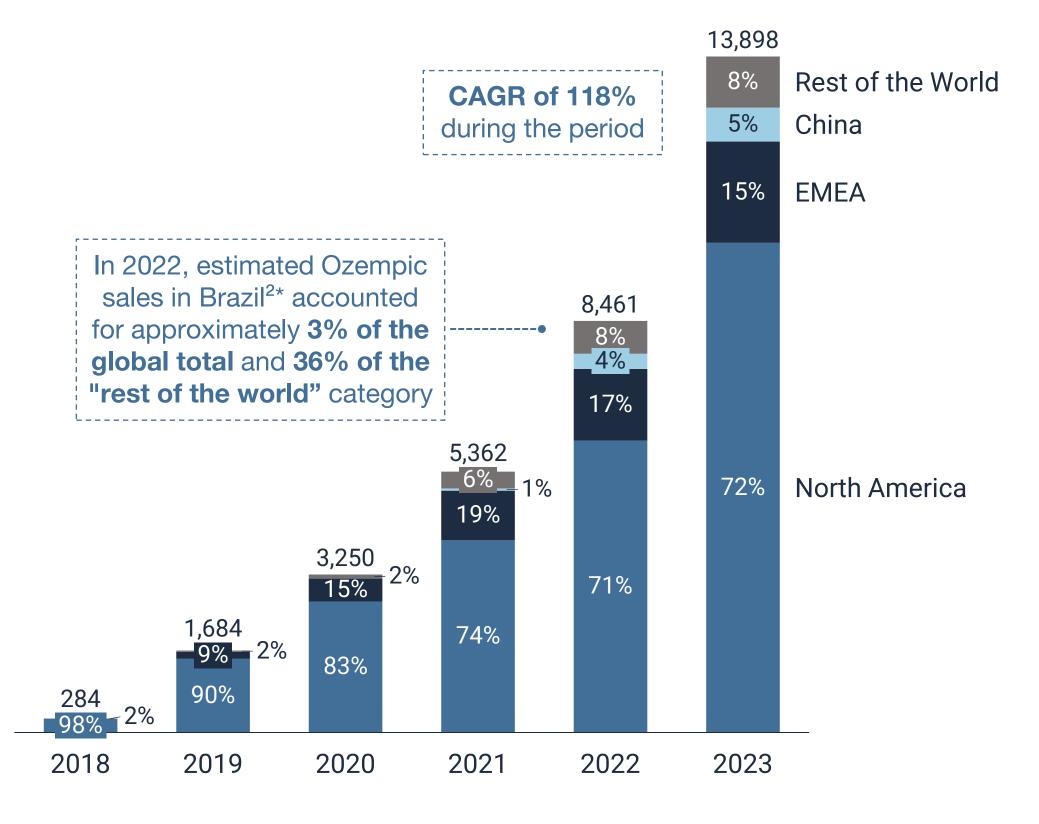




183

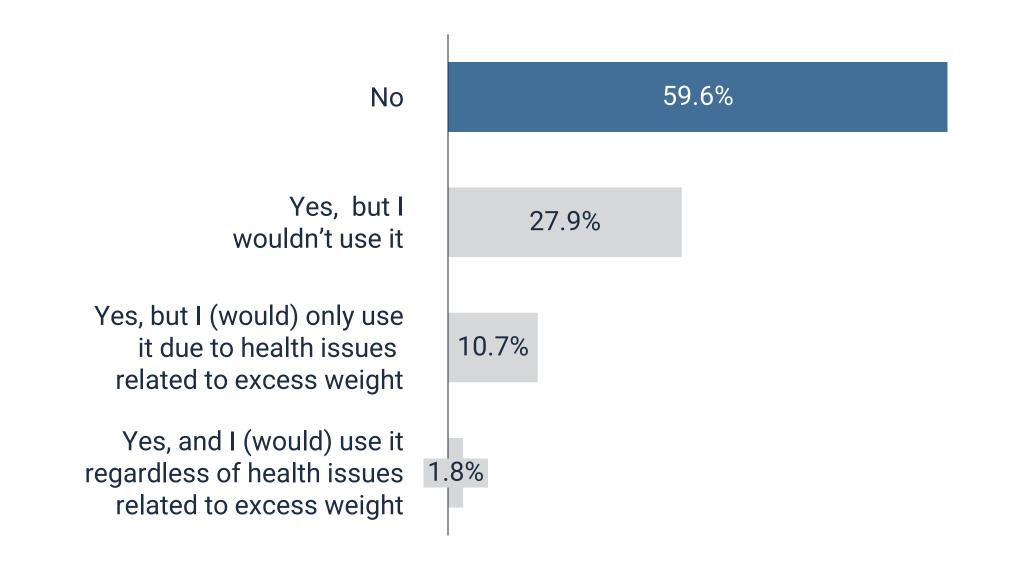
Ozempic sales have soared globally, with Brazil starting to follow the lead; still, most Brazilians don't approve usage

Most Brazilians still don't see Ozempic as a solution for **Ozempic's global sales have skyrocketed through expansion** weight loss³ into new markets, including Brazil¹ US\$, M 2024, % of respondents



Notes: (*) Estimate based on an interview with Novo Nordisk CEO Lars Jørgensen, maintaining the company's proportions of total Ozempic sales to total global sales;

Do you believe that medications like Ozempic are a good option for weight loss?



AtlasIntel ATLANTICO

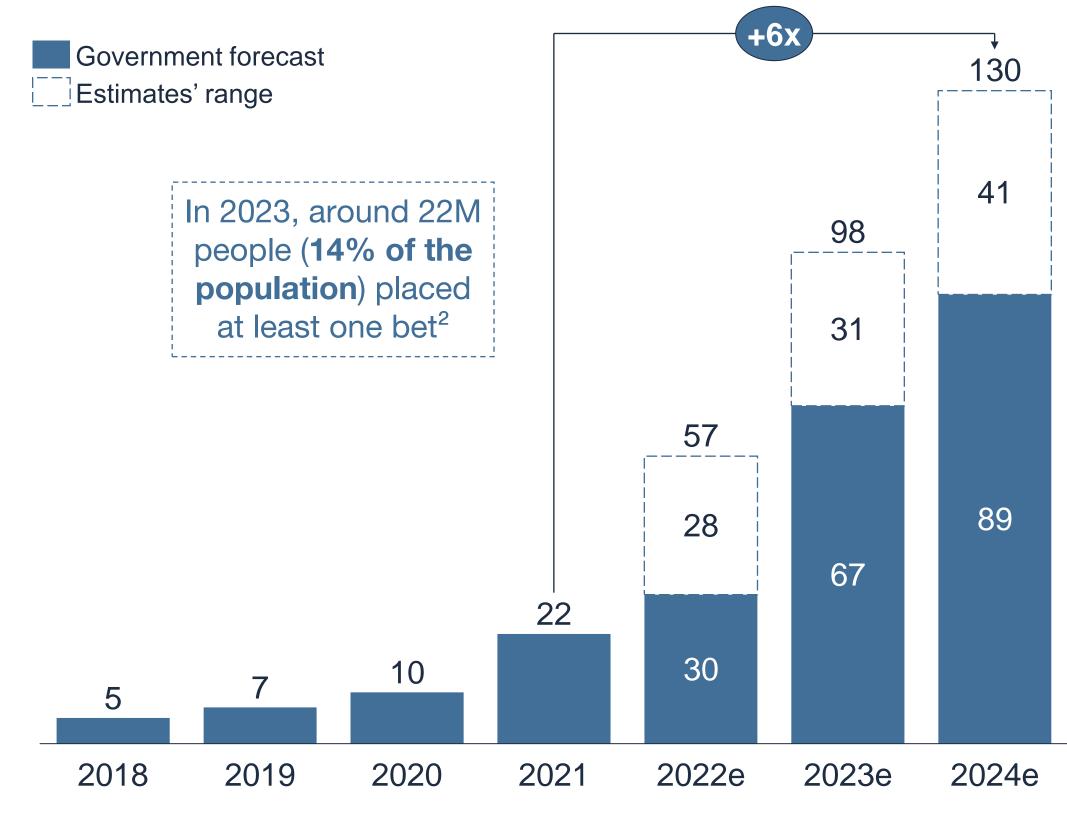


Brazil has surged to become one of the world's largest sports betting markets after years of regulatory 'limbo'

Regulation evolution in Brazil¹



Notes: (*) Turnover is the term for total value of bets placed Sources: (1) strategy& - The impact of sports betting on consumption; (2) ANBIMA Sports betting turnover^{*} evolution¹ R\$B in total value of bets placed



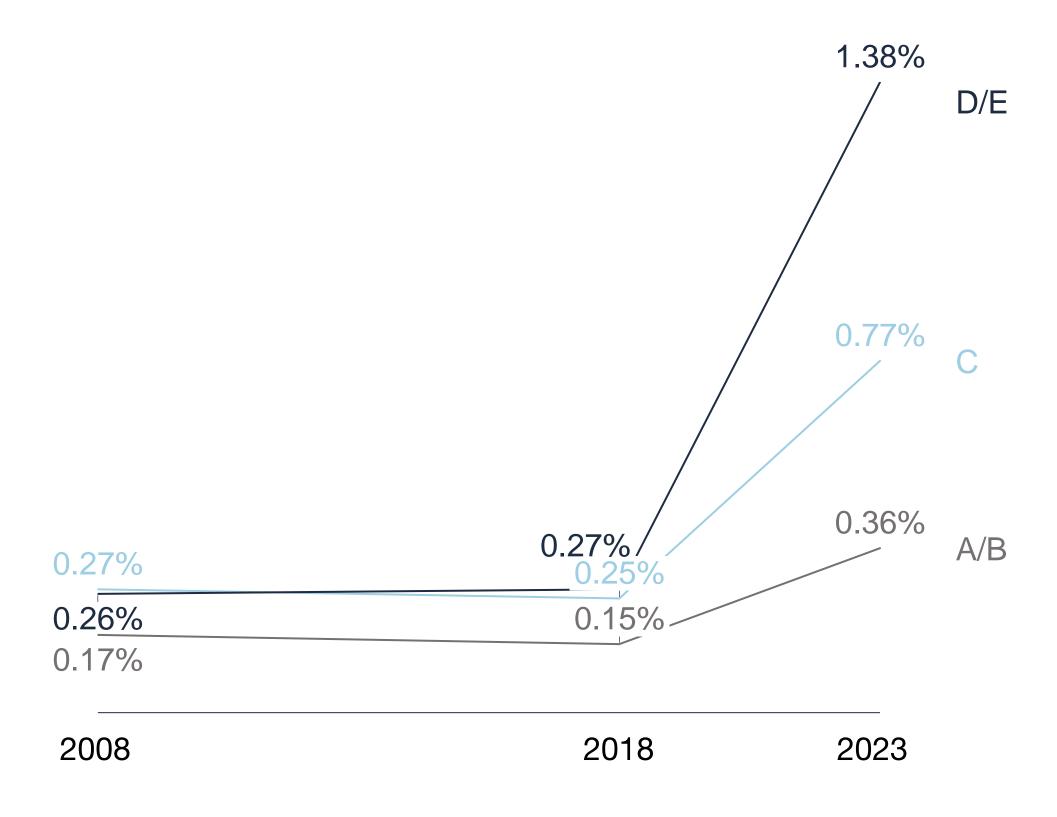




The most economically vulnerable population classes are hit the hardest by the negative impacts of sports betting

Bets are increasingly taking a larger share of household budgets¹

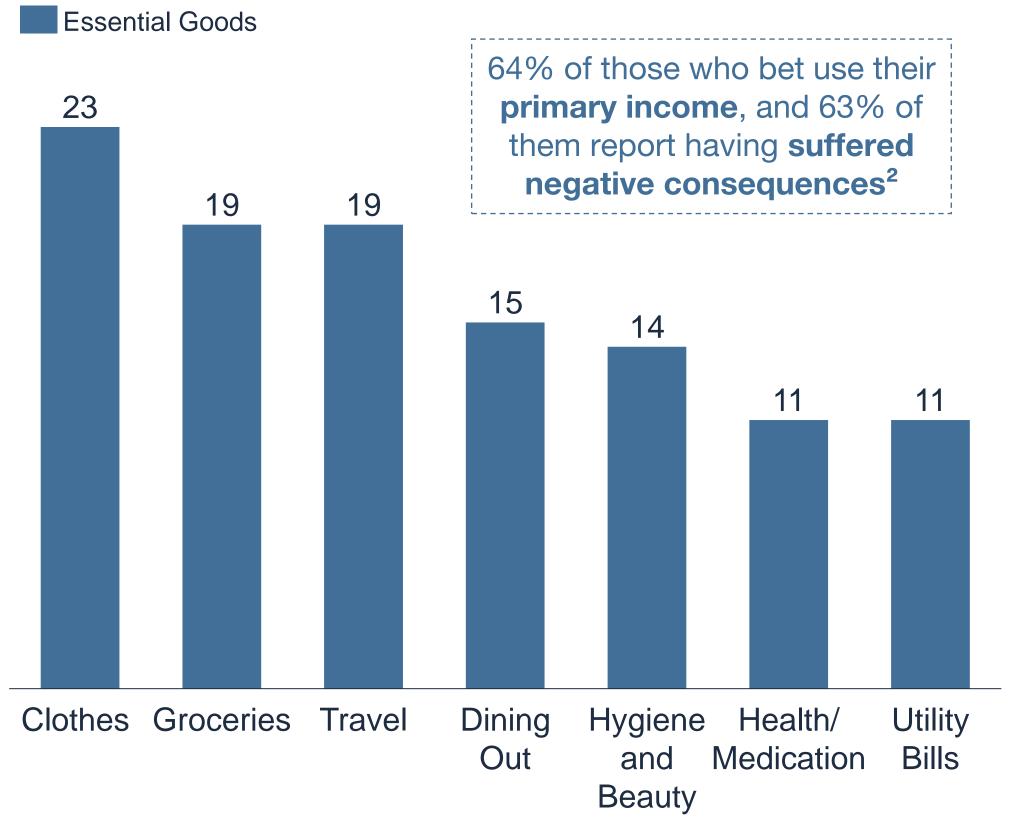
% of penetration in families' budget by income class



Note: (*) Respondents were asked which categories they stopped purchasing to use money for sports betting (more than one category could be mentioned) Sources: (1) strategy& - The impact of sports betting on consumption; (2) SBVC – Sociedade Brasileira de Varejo e Consumo

Spending is shifting not only from discretionary items but also from essential goods²

2024, % of mentions of categories skipped to spend on betting^{*}







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